# **CSE 403**

Software Engineering Spring 2023

**#11: Software architecture** 

# Logistics

# Today

- Software architecture vs. software design
- Common software architecture patterns

# Software architecture vs. software design

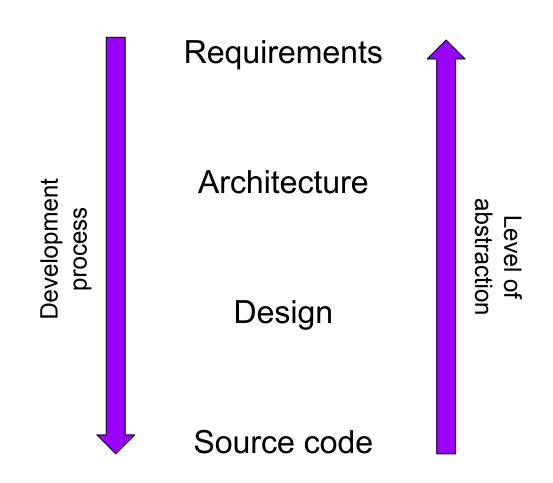
# Why software architecture and design?

"There are two ways of constructing a software design:

one way is to make it so **simple** that there are obviously no deficiencies;

the other is to make it so **complicated** that there are *no obvious deficiencies*." [Tony Hoare]

Goals: separation of concerns and modularity.



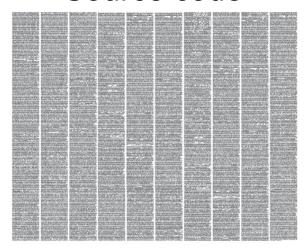
#### **Abstraction**

### Building an abstract representation of reality

- Ignoring (insignificant) details.
- Focusing on the most important properties.
- Level of abstraction depends on viewpoint and purpose:
  - Communication
  - Component interfaces
  - Verification and validation

### Different levels of abstraction

#### Source code

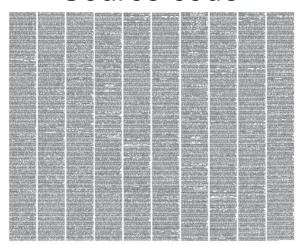


### **Example: Linux Kernel**

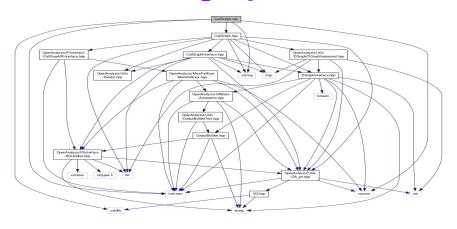
- 16 million Lines of Code!
- What does the code do?
- Are there dependencies?
- Are there different components?

### Different levels of abstraction

#### Source code



### Call graph

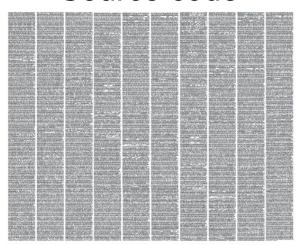


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#### Different levels of abstraction

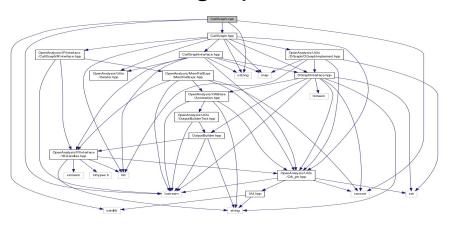
#### Source code



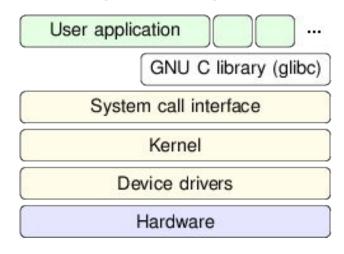
### **Example: Linux Kernel**

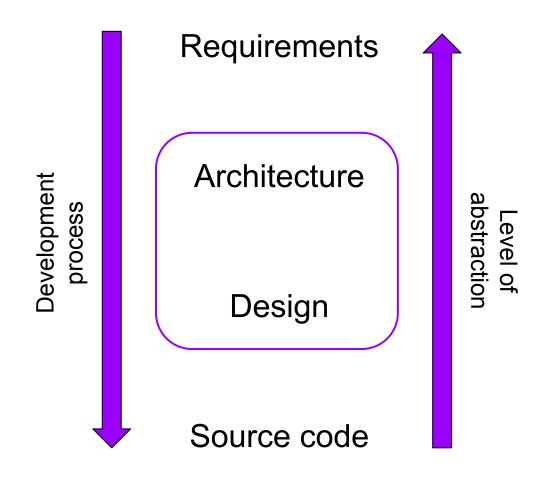
- 16 million Lines of Code!
- What does the code do?
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### Call graph



#### Layer diagram





What's the difference?

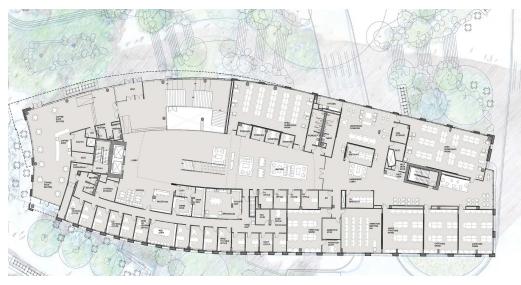
#### **Architecture (what components are needed?)**

- High-level view of the overall system:
  - What components do exist?
  - What are the protocols between components?
  - 0 ...

### Design (how are the components developed?)

- Considers individual components:
  - Data representation
  - Interfaces, Class hierarchy
  - 0 ...

#### **Architecture**



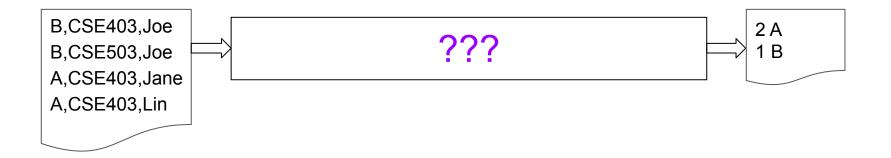
[Gates Center Architecture, LMN]

### Design



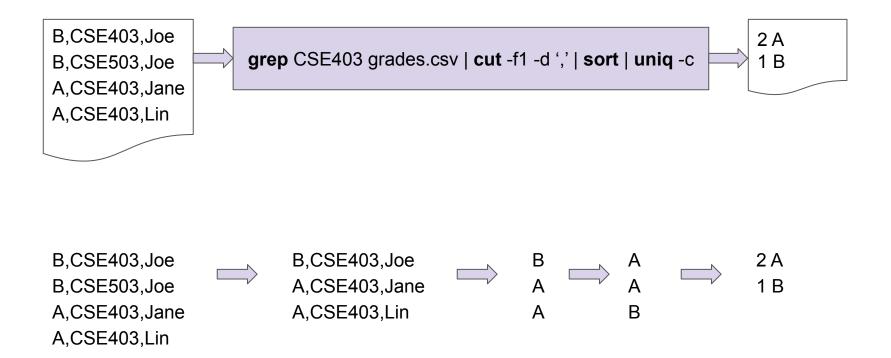
[Office design, New York Times]

### Provocation: How would you solve this problem?



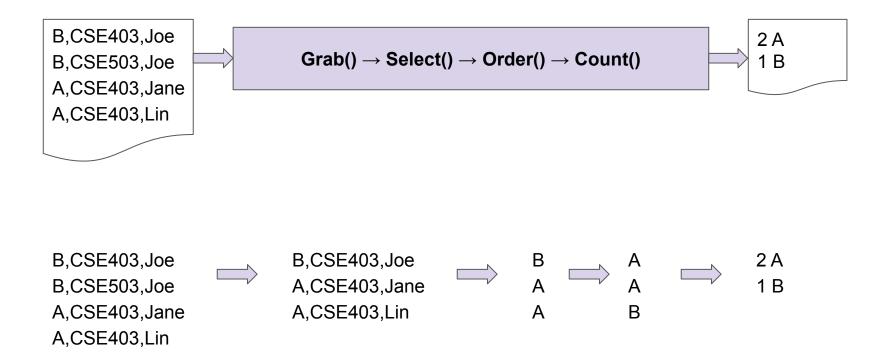
Goal: count CSE403 letter grades.

# Provocation: The "coding" way!



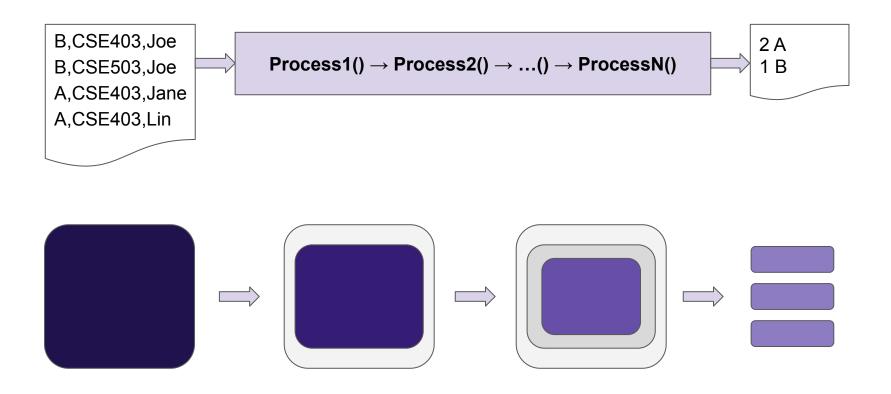
Lower level of abstraction: lang, code, run!

# Provocation: The "design" way



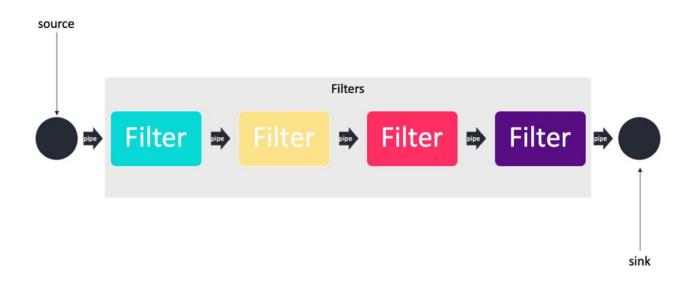
Mid-level of abstraction: component specification!

### Provocation: The "architecture" way



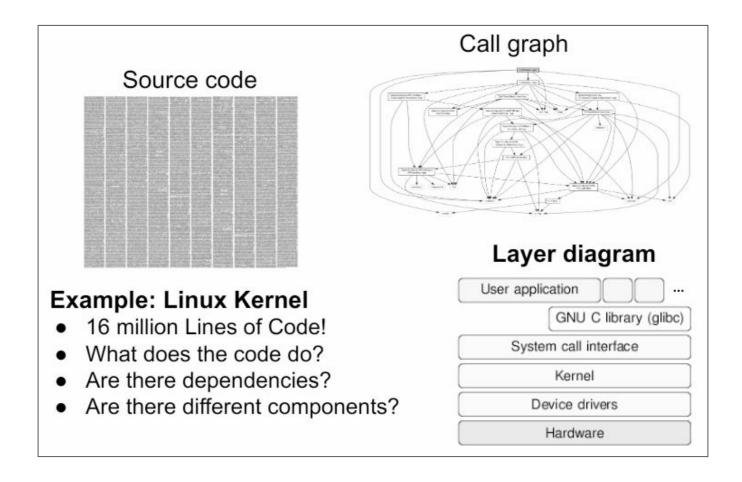
Higher level of abstraction: components concatenation!

# SW Architecture #1: Pipe and Filter



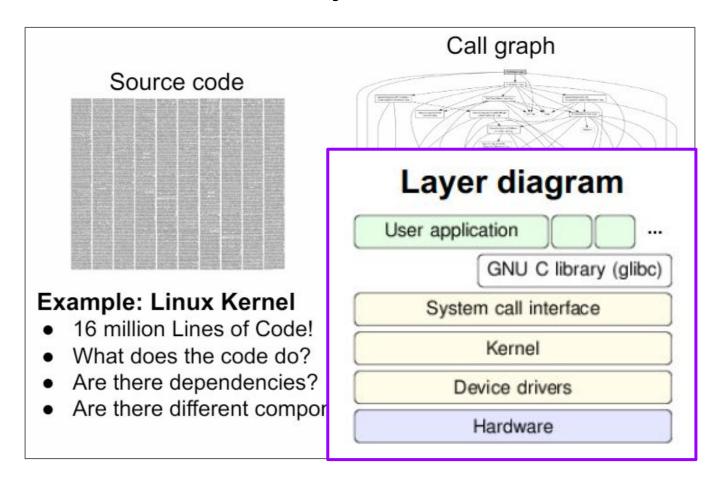
The pipe-and-filter **architecture** doesn't specify the **design** or **implementation** details of the individual components (the filters)!

### SW Architecture #2: ???

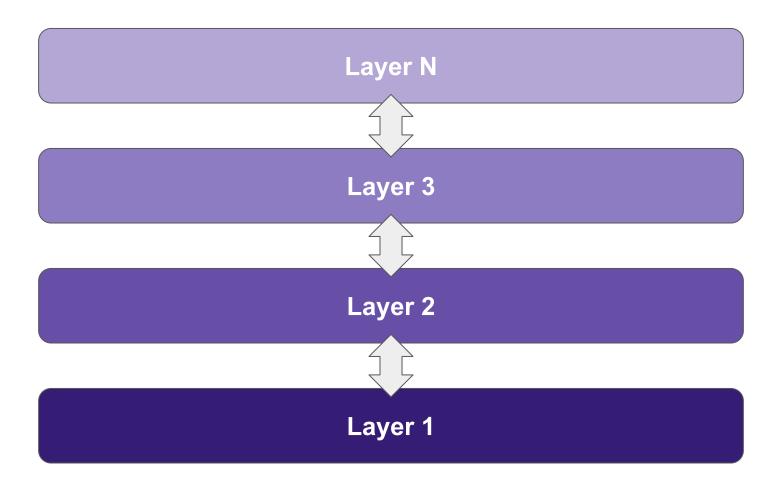


Which architectural model we have already talked about here?

# SW Architecture #2: Layered

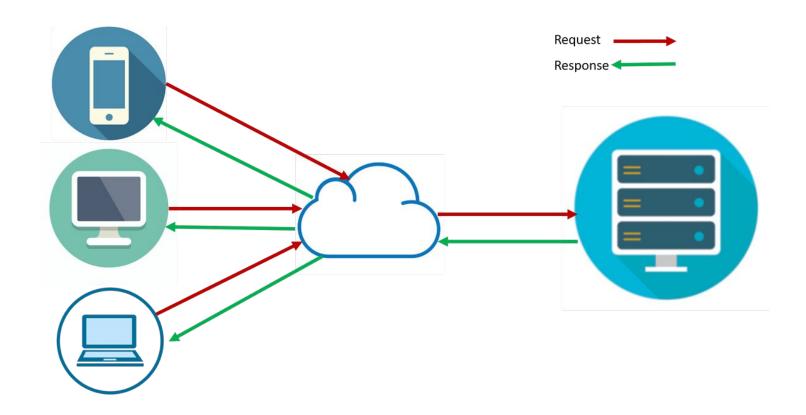


### SW Architecture #2: Layered



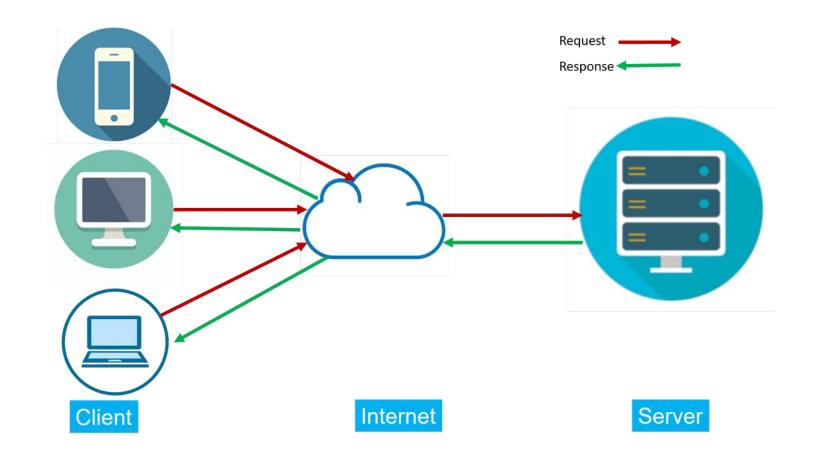
Each layer offers a service to the one on the top!

### SW Architecture #3: ???



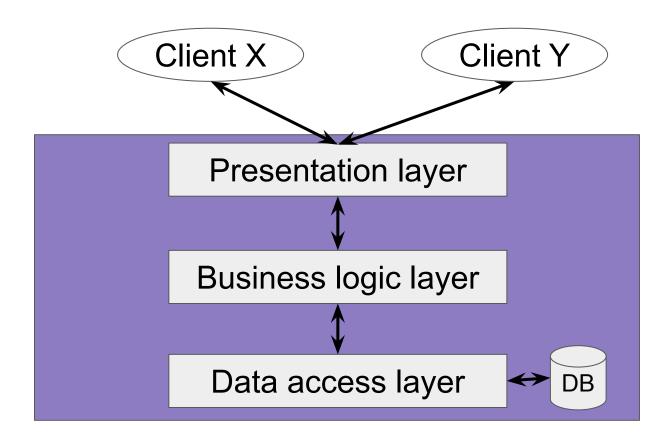
Pretty sure you know this one!

### SW Architecture #3: Client-Server



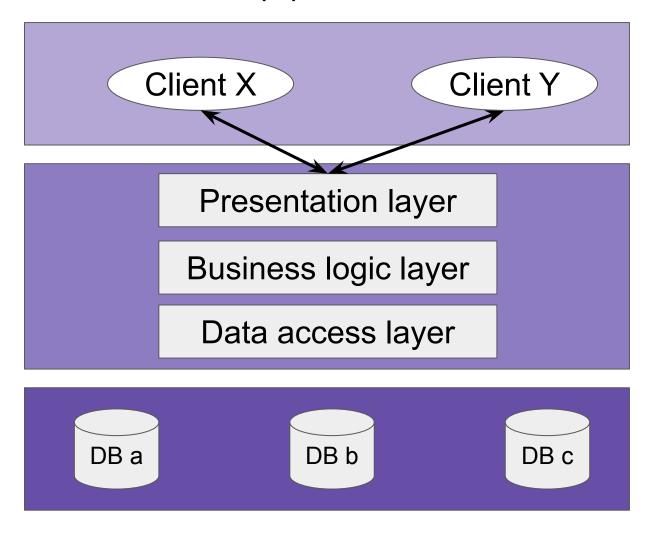
Breaks-up the whole problem into a server, clients, and communication medium!

### SW Architecture #3 ½: Client-Server + Layers



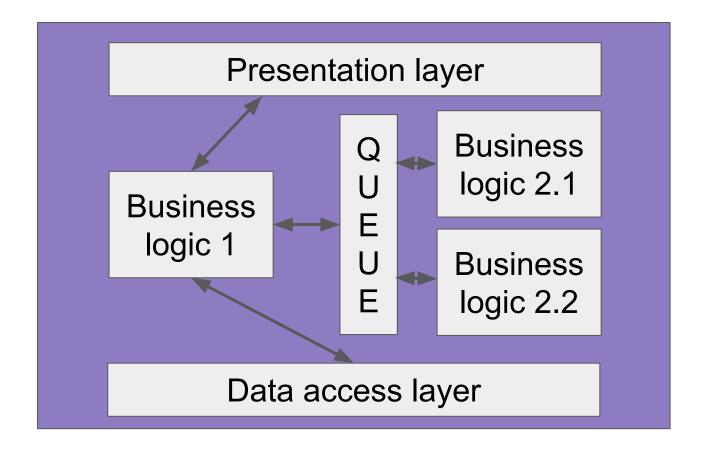
What if your focus is the server part?

# SW Architecture #4: (n)-tiered



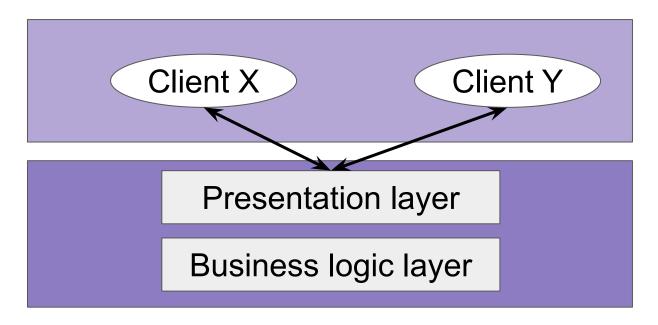
What if things in the server gets too complicated?

# SW Architecture #5: Message-Oriented



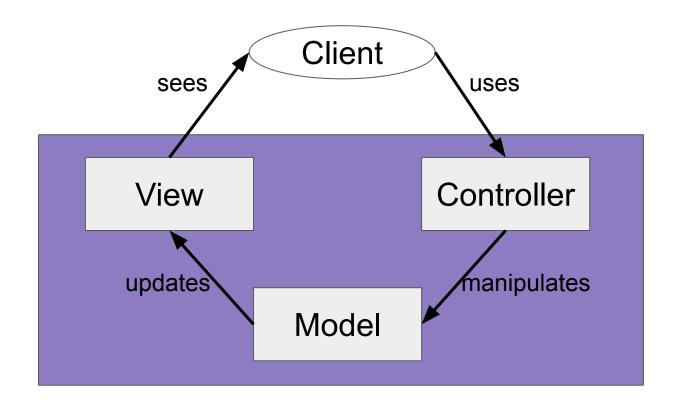
What if things in the server even more complicated and need help to process the load?

### SW Architecture #6: ???



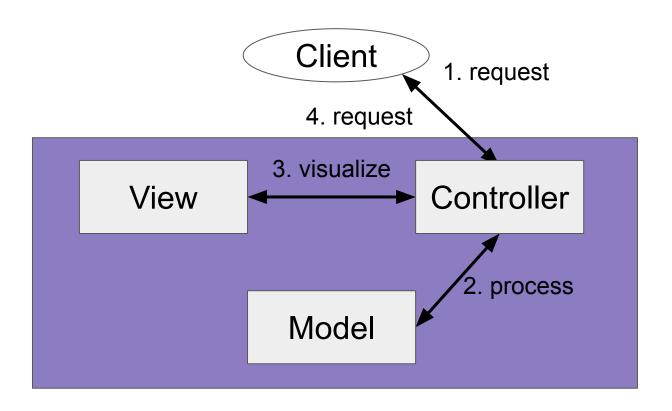
What if we want to focus on the Client and Server Interactions?

### SW Architecture #5: MVC (or one version of it)



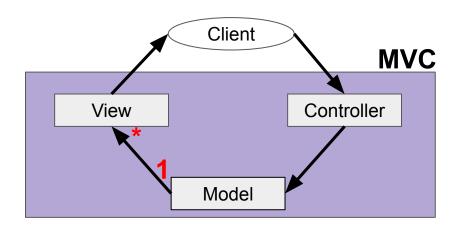
Separates data representation (Model), visualization (View), and client interaction (Controller)

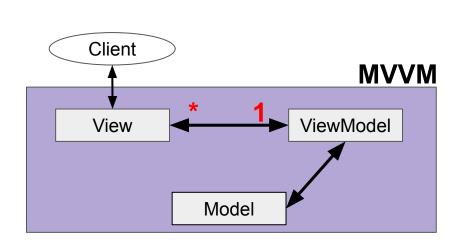
### SW Architecture #5: MVC (or another version of it)

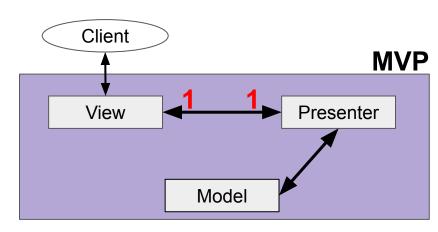


There are different variations out there!

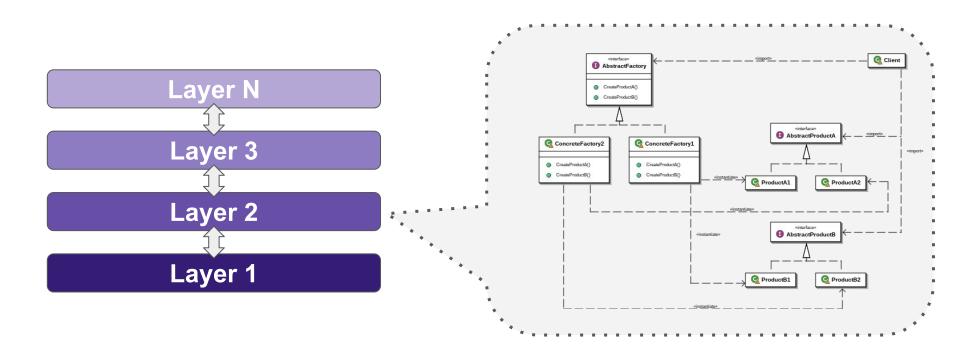
### SW Architecture #5.2: MVC vs. MVP vs. MVVM







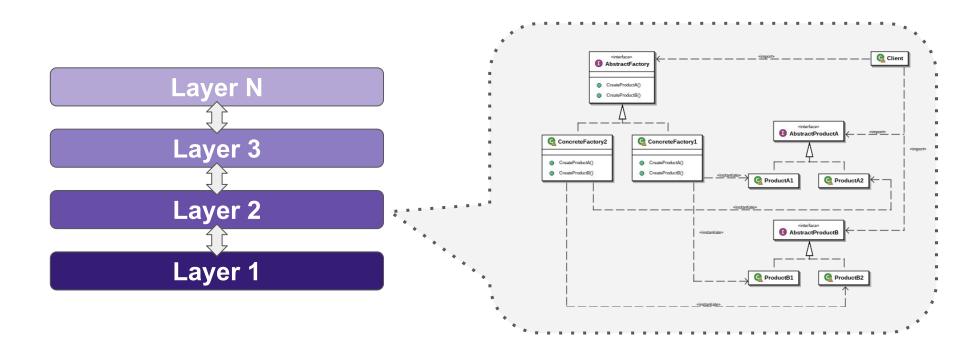
### Software architecture vs. design: summary



#### **Architecture and design**

- Components and interfaces: understand, communicate, reuse
- Manage complexity: modularity and separation of concerns
- Process: allow effort estimation and progress monitoring

# Software architecture vs. design: summary



Questions, please!