

Lab - 9

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0.1 Minimal Formal Grammar

$$\begin{aligned}\langle Expr \rangle &:= \langle Sentiment \rangle + "\backslash n" + \langle Keyword \rangle + "\backslash n" + \langle Line \rangle^+ \\ \langle Keyword \rangle &:= \langle word \rangle^* \\ \langle Sentiment \rangle &:= \langle word \rangle \\ &\quad | \epsilon \\ \langle Line \rangle &:= \langle word \rangle^+ + "\backslash n" \\ \langle word \rangle &:= \langle letter \rangle^+ \in \{\text{CMU Pronunciation Dictionary}\} \\ \langle Letter \rangle &:= \{a \dots z\}\end{aligned}$$

0.2 Minimal Semantics

Syntax	Abstract Syntax	Type	Prec./Assoc	Meaning
Word	word of string	string	N\A	Word is a primitive that represents a string of alpha characters that is contained in the CMU Pronunciation Dictionary
Line	Line of word list	string list	N\A	Line is a list of words that represents a line of a song that will be converted to new words each word is independent of each other
Keyword	Keywords of word list	string list	N\A	Keywords is a field that takes in a list of words and saves them as keywords to be added into the newly transformed song
Sentiment	string	string	N\A	Sentiment is a field that takes in a word and adds words to priority words list according to a given sentiment
Letter	char	char	N\A	Letter is a primitive. We represent chars using unicode character values F# data type
Line + \n + Line	Sequential lines of line list	string list list	first changed first	We parse each line in order when we transform them into new lines
CMU_dict	dict of records list	record list	N\A	This is the dict we query to do our word conversions, it stores an entry for each word and its emphasis and rhyme. It is an internal resource, and it returns the word FAIL if it cannot find a match