

VBW - Integrated Chinese Part 1 Level 1 ENTIRE Vocabulary Index (Simplified)

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Terms in this set (471)

北京	Běijīng – [pn] Beijing [Lesson 1]
不	bù – [adv] not; no [Lesson 1]
德国	Déguó – [pn] Germany [Lesson 1]
法国	Fǎguó – [pn] France [Lesson 1]
贵	guì – [adj] honorable; expensive [Lesson 1]
韩国	Hánguó – [pn] South Korea [Lesson 1]
好	hǎo – [adj] fine; good; nice; O.K.; it's settled [Lesson 1]
加拿大	Jiā'nádà – [pn] Canada [Lesson 1]
叫	jiào – [v] to be called; to call [Lesson 1]
加州	Jiāzhōu – [pn] California [Lesson 1]

老师	lǎoshī – [n] teacher [Lesson 1]
李友	Lǐ Yǒu – [pn] (a personal name) [Lesson 1]
吗	"ma " – [qp] " (question particle)" [Lesson 1]
美国	Měiguó – [pn] America [Lesson 1]
名字	míngzi – [n] name [Lesson 1]
墨西哥	Mòxīgē – [pn] Mexico [Lesson 1]
呢	"ne " – [qp] (question particle) [Lesson 1]
你	nǐ – [pr] you [Lesson 1]
纽约	Niǚyuē – [pn] New York [Lesson 1]
请	qǐng – [v] please (polite form of request); to treat or to invite (somebody) [Lesson 1]
人	rén – [n] people; person [Lesson 1]
日本	Rìběn – [pn] Japan [Lesson 1]
上海	Shànghǎi – [pn] Shanghai [Lesson 1]
什么	shénme – [qpr] what [Lesson 1]
是	shì – [v] to be [Lesson 1]
王朋	Wáng Péng – [pn] (a personal name) [Lesson 1]
问	wèn – [v] to ask (a question) [Lesson 1]
我	wǒ – [pr] I; me [Lesson 1]
先生	xiānsheng – [n] Mr.; husband; teacher [Lesson 1]

小姐	xiǎojiě – [n] Miss; young lady [Lesson 1]
夏威夷	Xiàwēiyí – [pn] Hawaii [Lesson 1]
姓	xìng – [v/n] (one's) surname is...; to be surnamed; surname [Lesson 1]
学生	xuésheng – [n] student [Lesson 1]
也	yě – [adv] too; also [Lesson 1]
印度	Yìndù – [pn] India [Lesson 1]
越南	Yuènnán – [pn] Vietnam [Lesson 1]
中国	Zhōngguó – [pn] China [Lesson 1]
爸爸	bàba – [n] father, dad [Lesson 2]
白英爱	Bái Yīng'ài – [pn] (a personal name) [Lesson 2]
大哥	dàgē – [n] eldest brother [Lesson 2]
大姐	dàjiě – [n] eldest sister [Lesson 2]
大学生	dàxuéshēng – [n] college student [Lesson 2]
的	de – [p] (a possessive or descriptive particle) [Lesson 2]
弟弟	dìdi – [n] younger brother [Lesson 2]
都	dōu – [adv] both; all [Lesson 2]
二姐	èrjiě – [n] second oldest sister [Lesson 2]
二姐	èrjiě – [n] second oldest sister [Lesson 2]
儿子	érzi – [n] son [Lesson 2]

高文中	Gāo Wénzhōng – [pn] (a personal name) [Lesson 2]
个	gè/ge – [m] (a measure word for many common everyday objects) [Lesson 2]
哥哥	gēge – [n] older brother [Lesson 2]
工程师	gōngchéngshī – [n] engineer [Lesson 2]
工人	gōngrén – [n] worker [Lesson 2]
工作	gōngzuò – [n/v] job; to work [Lesson 2]
孩子	háizi – [n] child [Lesson 2]
和	hé – [conj] and [Lesson 2]
护士	hùshi – [n] nurse [Lesson 2]
护士	hùshi – [n] nurse [Lesson 2]
几	jǐ – [nu] how many; some; a few [Lesson 2]
家	jiā – [n] family; home [Lesson 2]
教授	jiàoshòu – [n] professor [Lesson 2]
姐姐	jiějie – [n] older sister [Lesson 2]
经理	jīnglǐ – [n] manager [Lesson 2]
军人	jūnrén – [n] soldier; military officer [Lesson 2]
军人	jūnrén – [n] soldier; military officer [Lesson 2]
口	kǒu – [m] (measure word for number of family members) [Lesson 2]
两	liǎng – [nu] two; a couple of [Lesson 2]

律师	lǚshī – [n] lawyer [Lesson 2]
律师	lǚshī – [n] lawyer [Lesson 2]
妈妈	māmā – [n] mother, mom [Lesson 2]
没	méi – [adv] not [Lesson 2]
妹妹	mèimei – [n] younger sister [Lesson 2]
那	nà – [pr] that [Lesson 2]
男	nán – [adj] male [Lesson 2]
农民	nóngmín – [n] farmer; peasant [Lesson 2]
女	nǚ – [adj] female [Lesson 2]
女儿	nǚ'ér – [n] daughter [Lesson 2]
女儿	nǚ'ér – [n] daughter [Lesson 2]
商人	shāngrén – [n] merchant; businessperson [Lesson 2]
谁	shéi – [qpr] who [Lesson 2]
他	tā – [pr] he; him [Lesson 2]
她	tā – [pr] she; her [Lesson 2]
英文	Yīngwén – [pn] English (language) [Lesson 2]
医生	yīshēng – [n] doctor; physician [Lesson 2]
有	yǒu – [v] to have; to exist [Lesson 2]
照片	zhàopiàn – [n] picture; photo [Lesson 2]

这	zhè – [pr] this [Lesson 2]
做	zuò – [v] to do [Lesson 2]
半	bàn – [nu] half; half an hour [Lesson 3]
菜	cài – [n] dishes, cuisine [Lesson 3]
吃	chī – [v] to eat [Lesson 3]
大	dà – [adj] big; old [Lesson 3]
点	diǎn – [m] o'clock (lit. dot, point, thus "points on the clock") [Lesson 3]
多	duō – [adv] how many/much; to what extent [Lesson 3]
饭	fàn – [n] meal; (cooked) rice [Lesson 3]
父亲节	Fùqīnjié – [pn] Father's Day [Lesson 3]
感恩节	Gǎn'ēnjié – [pn] Thanksgiving [Lesson 3]
还	hái – [adv] also; too; as well [Lesson 3]
还是	háishi – [conj] or [Lesson 3]
号	hào – [m] (measure word for number in a series; day of the month) [Lesson 3]
很	hěn – [adv] very [Lesson 3]
见	jiàn – [v] to see [Lesson 3]
今年	jīnnián – [t] this year [Lesson 3]
今天	jīntiān – [t] today [Lesson 3]
九月	jiǔyuè – [n] September [Lesson 3]

刻	kè – [m] quarter (of an hour) [Lesson 3]
可是	kěshì – [conj] but [Lesson 3]
忙	máng – [adj] busy [Lesson 3]
明天	míngtiān – [t] tomorrow [Lesson 3]
母亲节	Mǔqīnjié – [pn] Mother's Day [Lesson 3]
母亲节	Mǔqīnjié – [pn] Mother's Day [Lesson 3]
朋友	péngyou – [n] friend [Lesson 3]
情人节	Qíng rén jié – [pn] Valentine's Day [Lesson 3]
认识	rènshi – [v] to be acquainted with; recognize [Lesson 3]
生日	shēng rì – [n] birthday [Lesson 3]
事(儿)	shì(r) – [n] matter; affair; event [Lesson 3]
十二	shí'èr – [nu] twelve [Lesson 3]
十八	shí bā – [nu] eighteen [Lesson 3]
岁	sui – [n] year (of age) [Lesson 3]
太...了	"tài...le " – [] " too; extremely" [Lesson 3]
天	tiān – [n] day [Lesson 3]
同学	tóngxué – [n] classmate [Lesson 3]
晚饭	wǎn fàn – [n] dinner; supper [Lesson 3]
晚上	wǎnshang – [t/n] evening; night [Lesson 3]

为什么	wèishénme – [qpr] why [Lesson 3]
我们	wǒmen – [pr] we [Lesson 3]
现在	xiànzài – [t] now [Lesson 3]
谢谢	xièxie – [v] to thank [Lesson 3]
喜欢	xǐhuan – [v] to like [Lesson 3]
星期	xīngqī – [n] week [Lesson 3]
星期四	xīngqīsì – [n] Thursday [Lesson 3]
英国	Yīngguó – [pn] Britain; England [Lesson 3]
因为	yīnwèi – [conj] because [Lesson 3]
月	yuè – [n] month [Lesson 3]
再见	zàijiàn – [v] goodbye; see you again [Lesson 3]
怎么样	zěnmeyàng – [qpr] Is it O.K.? How is that? How does that sound? [Lesson 3]
别人	biérén – [n] other people; another person [Lesson 4]
不错	búcuò – [adj] pretty good [Lesson 4]
唱歌(儿)	chàng gē(r) – [vo] to sing (a song) [Lesson 4]
常常	chángcháng – [adv] often [Lesson 4]
打球	dǎ qiú – [vo] to play ball [Lesson 4]
电视	diànshì – [n] television [Lesson 4]
电影	diànyǐng – [n] movie [Lesson 4]

对	duì – [adj] right; correct [Lesson 4]
逛街	guàng jiē – [vo] to windowshop [Lesson 4]
好久	hǎo jiǔ – [] a long time [Lesson 4]
画画儿	huà huàr – [vo] to draw; to paint [Lesson 4]
觉得	juéde – [v] to feel; to think [Lesson 4]
看	kàn – [v] to watch; to look; to read [Lesson 4]
那	nà – [conj] in that case; then [Lesson 4]
请客	qǐng kè – [vo] to invite someone (to dinner, coffee, etc.); to play the host [Lesson 4]
去	qù – [v] to go [Lesson 4]
时候	shíhou – [n] (a point in) time; moment; (a duration of) time [Lesson 4]
书	shū – [n] book [Lesson 4]
睡觉	shuì jiào – [vo] to sleep [Lesson 4]
算了	"suàn le " – [] forget it; never mind [Lesson 4]
所以	suǒyǐ – [conj] so [Lesson 4]
所以	suǒyǐ – [conj] so [Lesson 4]
跳舞	tiào wǔ – [vo] to dance [Lesson 4]
听	tīng – [v] to listen [Lesson 4]
外国	wàiguó – [n] foreign country [Lesson 4]
玩游戏机	wán yóuxìjī – [vo] to play videogames [Lesson 4]

下棋	xià qí – [vo] to play chess [Lesson 4]
想	xiǎng – [mv] to want to; would like to; to think [Lesson 4]
小	xiǎo – [adj] small; little [Lesson 4]
音乐	yīnyuè – [n] music [Lesson 4]
有意思	yǒu yìsi – [adj] interesting [Lesson 4]
有的	yǒude – [pr] some [Lesson 4]
找	zhǎo – [v] "to look for " [Lesson 4]
只	zhǐ – [adv] only [Lesson 4]
周末	zhōumò – [n] weekend [Lesson 4]
昨天	zuótiān – [t] yesterday [Lesson 4]
吧	ba – [p] (a sentence-final particle) [Lesson 5]
百事可乐	Bǎishìkělè – [pn] Pepsi-Cola [Lesson 5]
杯	bēi – [m] (measure word for cup and glass) [Lesson 5]
才	cái – [adv] not until, only then [Lesson 5]
茶	chá – [n] tea [Lesson 5]
点(儿)	diǎn(r) – [m] a little, a bit; some [Lesson 5]
对不起	duìbuqǐ – [v] sorry [Lesson 5]
高小音	Gāo Xiǎoyīn – [pn] (a personal name) [Lesson 5]
高兴	gāoxìng – [adj] happy, pleased [Lesson 5]

给	gěi – [v] to give [Lesson 5]
果汁	guǒzhī – [n] fruit juice [Lesson 5]
果汁	guǒzhī – [n] fruit juice [Lesson 5]
喝	hē – [v] to drink [Lesson 5]
回家	huí jiā – [vo] to go home [Lesson 5]
介绍	jièshào – [v] to introduce [Lesson 5]
进	jìn – [v] to enter [Lesson 5]
进来	jìn lai – [vc] to come in [Lesson 5]
咖啡	kāfēi – [n] coffee [Lesson 5]
可口可乐	Kěkǒukělè – [pn] Coca-Cola [Lesson 5]
可乐	kělè – [n] [Coke or Pepsi] cola [Lesson 5]
可以	kěyǐ – [mv] can; may [Lesson 5]
快	kuài – [adv/adj] quickly; fast, quick [Lesson 5]
矿泉水	kuàngquánshuǐ – [n] mineral water [Lesson 5]
矿泉水	kuàngquánshuǐ – [n] mineral water [Lesson 5]
来	lái – [v] to come [Lesson 5]
了	le – [p] (a dynamic particle) [Lesson 5]
聊天(儿)	liáo tiān(r) – [vo] to chat [Lesson 5]
哪儿	nǎr – [qpr] where [Lesson 5]

漂亮	piàoliang – [adj] pretty [Lesson 5]
瓶	píng – [m/n] (measure word for bottles); bottle [Lesson 5]
汽水(儿)	qìshuǐ(r) – [n] soft drink; soda pop [Lesson 5]
水	shuǐ – [n] water [Lesson 5]
图书馆	túshūguǎn – [n] library [Lesson 5]
图书馆	túshūguǎn – [n] library [Lesson 5]
玩(儿)	wán(r) – [v] to have fun; to play [Lesson 5]
雪碧	Xuěbì – [pn] Sprite [Lesson 5]
雪碧	Xuěbì – [pn] Sprite [Lesson 5]
学校	xuéxiào – [n] school [Lesson 5]
呀	ya – [p] (interjectory particle used to soften a question) [Lesson 5]
要	yào – [v] to want [Lesson 5]
一下	yí xià – [n+m] once; a bit [Lesson 5]
一起	yìqǐ – [adv] together [Lesson 5]
在	zài – [prep] at; in; on [Lesson 5]
坐	zuò – [v] to sit [Lesson 5]
啊	a – [p] (a sentence-final particle) [Lesson 6]
帮	bāng – [v] to help [Lesson 6]
办公室	bàngōngshì – [n] office [Lesson 6]

别	bié – [adv] don't [Lesson 6]
常老师	Cháng lǎoshī – [pn] Teacher Chang [Lesson 6]
打电话	dǎ diànhuà – [vo] to make a phone call [Lesson 6]
但是	dànshì – [conj] but [Lesson 6]
到	dào – [v] to go to; to arrive [Lesson 6]
得	děi – [mv] must; to have to [Lesson 6]
等	děng – [v] to wait; to wait for [Lesson 6]
德文	Déwén – [pn] the German language [Lesson 6]
俄文	Éwén – [pn] the Russian language [Lesson 6]
方便	fāngbiàn – [adj] convenient [Lesson 6]
法文	Fǎwén – [pn] the French language [Lesson 6]
给	gěi – [prep] to; for [Lesson 6]
跟	gēn – [prep] with [Lesson 6]
韩文	Hánwén – [pn] the Korean language [Lesson 6]
回来	huí lai – [vc] to come back [Lesson 6]
见面	jiàn miàn – [vo] to meet up; to meet with [Lesson 6]
节	jié – [m] (measure word for class periods) [Lesson 6]
就	jiù – [adv] precisely; exactly [Lesson 6]
开会	kāi huì – [vo] to have a meeting [Lesson 6]

考试	kǎo shì – [vo/n] to give or take a test; test [Lesson 6]
课	kè – [n] class; course; lesson [Lesson 6]
客气	kèqi – [adj] polite [Lesson 6]
空(儿)	kòng(r) – [n] free time [Lesson 6]
拉丁文	Lādīngwén – [pn] the Latin language [Lesson 6]
练习	liànxí – [v] to practice [Lesson 6]
哪	nǎ/něi – [qpr] which [Lesson 6]
年级	niánjí – [n] grade in school [Lesson 6]
您	nín – [pr] you (honorific for 你) [Lesson 6]
葡萄牙文	Pútáoyáwén – [pn] the Portuguese language [Lesson 6]
葡萄牙文	Pútáoyáwén – [pn] the Portuguese language [Lesson 6]
日文	Rìwén – [pn] the Japanese language [Lesson 6]
上午	shàngwǔ – [t] morning [Lesson 6]
时间	shíjiān – [n] time [Lesson 6]
说	shuō – [v] to say; to speak [Lesson 6]
位	wèi – [m] (polite measure word for people) [Lesson 6]
喂	"wéi/wèi " – [interj] (on telephone) Hello!; Hey! [Lesson 6]
问题	wèntí – [n] question; problem [Lesson 6]
下个	"xià ge " – [] next one [Lesson 6]

下午	xiàwǔ – [t] afternoon [Lesson 6]
西班牙文	Xībānyáywén – [pn] the Spanish language [Lesson 6]
希腊文	Xīlàwén – [pn] the Greek language [Lesson 6]
行	xíng – [v] all right; O.K. [Lesson 6]
要	yào – [mv] will, to be going to; to want to, to have a desire to [Lesson 6]
要是	yàoshi – [conj] if [Lesson 6]
意大利文	Yìdàlìwén – [pn] the Italian language [Lesson 6]
以后	yǐhòu – [t] after [Lesson 6]
在	zài – [v] to be present; to be at (a place) [Lesson 6]
中文	Zhōngwén – [pn] Chinese (language) [Lesson 6]
准备	zhǔnbèi – [v] to prepare [Lesson 6]
本子	běnzǐ – [n] notebook [Lesson 7]
笔	bǐ – [n] pen [Lesson 7]
大家	dàjiā – [pr] everybody [Lesson 7]
得	de – [p] (a structural particle) [Lesson 7]
第	dì – [prefix] (prefix for ordinal numbers) [Lesson 7]
懂	dǒng – [v] to understand [Lesson 7]
多	duō – [adj] many; much [Lesson 7]
复习	fùxí – [v] to review [Lesson 7]

复习	fùxí – [v] to review [Lesson 7]
钢笔	gāngbǐ – [n] fountain pen [Lesson 7]
功课	gōngkè – [n] homework; schoolwork [Lesson 7]
汉字	Hànzì – [n] Chinese characters [Lesson 7]
教	jiāo – [v] to teach [Lesson 7]
开始	kāishǐ – [v/n] to begin, to start; beginning [Lesson 7]
课本	kèběn – [n] textbook [Lesson 7]
课文	kèwén – [n] text of a lesson [Lesson 7]
酷	kù – [adj] cool [Lesson 7]
练习本	liànxíběn – [n] exercise book [Lesson 7]
录音	lùyīn – [n/vo] sound recording; to record [Lesson 7]
慢	màn – [adj] slow [Lesson 7]
毛笔	máobǐ – [n] writing brush [Lesson 7]
哪里	nǎli – [pr] where [Lesson 7]
难	nán – [adj] difficult [Lesson 7]
念	niàn – [v] to read aloud [Lesson 7]
平常	píngcháng – [adv] usually [Lesson 7]
铅笔	qiānbǐ – [n] pencil [Lesson 7]
容易	róngyì – [adj] easy [Lesson 7]

上个	"shàng ge " – [] the previous one [Lesson 7]
上课	shàng kè – [vo] to go to a class; to start a class; to be in class [Lesson 7]
生词	shēngcí – [n] new words; vocabulary [Lesson 7]
帅	shuài – [adj] handsome [Lesson 7]
说话	shuō huà – [vo] to talk [Lesson 7]
晚	wǎn – [adj] late [Lesson 7]
写	xiě – [v] to write [Lesson 7]
学	xué – [v] to study; to learn [Lesson 7]
学习	xuéxí – [v] to study; to learn [Lesson 7]
圆珠笔	yuánzhūbǐ – [n] ballpoint pen [Lesson 7]
语法	yǔfǎ – [n] grammar [Lesson 7]
预习	yùxí – [v] to preview [Lesson 7]
早	zǎo – [adj] early [Lesson 7]
早上	zǎoshang – [t] morning [Lesson 7]
怎么	zěnmē – [qpr] how; how come [Lesson 7]
张	zhāng – [m] (measure word for flat objects, paper, pictures, etc.) [Lesson 7]
这么	zhème – [pr] so; such [Lesson 7]
真	zhēn – [adv] really [Lesson 7]
纸	zhǐ – [n] paper [Lesson 7]

枝	zhī – [m] (measure word for long, thin, inflexible objects, pens, rifles, etc.) [Lesson 7]
字	zì – [n] character [Lesson 7]
字典	zìdiǎn – [n] dictionary [Lesson 7]
餐厅	cāntīng – [n] dining room, cafeteria [Lesson 8]
"除了... 以外 "	chúle...yǐwài – [conj] in addition to; besides [Lesson 8]
电脑	diànnǎo – [n] computer [Lesson 8]
发音	fāyīn – [n] pronunciation [Lesson 8]
封	fēng – [m] (measure word for letters) [Lesson 8]
告诉	gàosu – [v] to tell [Lesson 8]
工商管理	gōngshāng guǎnlǐ – [n] business management [Lesson 8]
后来	hòulái – [t] later [Lesson 8]
化学	huàxué – [n] chemistry [Lesson 8]
会	huì – [mv] can; know how to [Lesson 8]
教室	jiàoshì – [n] classroom [Lesson 8]
经济	jīngjì – [n] economics [Lesson 8]
累	lèi – [adj] tired [Lesson 8]
历史	lìshǐ – [n] history [Lesson 8]
那儿	nàr – [pr] there [Lesson 8]
能	néng – [mv] can; to be able to [Lesson 8]

篇	piān – [m] (measure word for essays, articles, etc.) [Lesson 8]
起床	qǐ chuáng – [vo] to get up [Lesson 8]
日记	rìjì – [n] diary [Lesson 8]
上网	shàng wǎng – [vo] to go online; to surf the internet [Lesson 8]
数学	shùxué – [n] mathematics [Lesson 8]
宿舍	sùshè – [n] dormitory [Lesson 8]
午饭	wǔfàn – [n] lunch, midday meal [Lesson 8]
物理	wùlǐ – [n] physics [Lesson 8]
物理	wùlǐ – [n] physics [Lesson 8]
洗澡	xǐ zǎo – [vo] to take a bath/shower [Lesson 8]
笑	xiào – [v] to laugh at; to laugh; to smile [Lesson 8]
信	xìn – [n] letter (correspondence) [Lesson 8]
新	xīn – [adj] new [Lesson 8]
希望	xīwàng – [v/n] to hope; hope [Lesson 8]
学期	xuéqī – [n] school term; semester/quarter [Lesson 8]
亚洲研究	Yàzhōu yánjiū – [n] Asian studies [Lesson 8]
一边	yíbiān – [adv] simultaneously; at the same time [Lesson 8]
已经	yǐjīng – [adv] already [Lesson 8]
音乐会	yīnyuèhuì – [n] concert [Lesson 8]

以前	yǐqián – [t] before [Lesson 8]
用	yòng – [v] to use [Lesson 8]
语言学	yǔyánxué – [n] linguistics [Lesson 8]
早饭	zǎofàn – [n] breakfast [Lesson 8]
正在	zhèngzài – [adv] in the middle of (doing something) [Lesson 8]
知道	zhīdao – [v] to know [Lesson 8]
中午	zhōngwǔ – [n] noon [Lesson 8]
祝	zhù – [v] to wish (well) [Lesson 8]
专业	zhuānyè – [n] major (in college); specialty [Lesson 8]
最近	zuìjìn – [t] recently [Lesson 8]
找钱	(qián) – [v(o)] to give change [Lesson 9]
百	bǎi – [nu] hundred [Lesson 9]
不过	búguò – [conj] however; but [Lesson 9]
不用	"búyòng" – [] need not [Lesson 9]
长短	chángduǎn – [n] length [Lesson 9]
衬衫	chènshān – [n] shirt [Lesson 9]
穿	chuān – [v] to wear; to put on [Lesson 9]
穿	chuān – [v] to wear; to put on [Lesson 9]
大小	dàxiǎo – [n] size [Lesson 9]

大衣	dà yī – [n] overcoat [Lesson 9]
东西	dōng xī – [n] things; objects [Lesson 9]
多少	duō shǎo – [qpr] how much/many [Lesson 9]
多少	duō shǎo – [qpr] how much/many [Lesson 9]
分	fēn – [m] (measure word for 1/100 of a kuai, cent) [Lesson 9]
粉红色	fēn hóng sè – [n] pink [Lesson 9]
付钱	fù qián – [vo] to pay money [Lesson 9]
号	hào – [n] size [Lesson 9]
黑	hēi – [adj] black [Lesson 9]
合适	hé shì – [adj] suitable [Lesson 9]
红	hóng – [adj] red [Lesson 9]
换	huàn – [v] to exchange; to change [Lesson 9]
黄	huáng – [adj] yellow [Lesson 9]
灰色	huī sè – [n] gray [Lesson 9]
夹克	jiá kè – [n] jacket [Lesson 9]
件	jiàn – [m] (measure word for shirts, dresses, jackets, coats, etc.) [Lesson 9]
橘红色	jú hóng sè – [n] orange (color) [Lesson 9]
咖啡色	kā fēi sè – [n] brown; coffee color [Lesson 9]
块	kuài – [m] (measure word for the basic Chinese monetary unit) [Lesson 9]

裤子	kùzi – [n] pants [Lesson 9]
买	mǎi – [v] to buy [Lesson 9]
毛	máo – [m] (measure word for 1/10 of a kuai, dime (for US money)) [Lesson 9]
毛衣	máoyī – [n] woolen sweater [Lesson 9]
帽子	màozǐ – [n] hat; cap [Lesson 9]
便宜	piányi – [adj] cheap; inexpensive [Lesson 9]
钱	qián – [n] money [Lesson 9]
裙子	qúnzi – [n] skirt [Lesson 9]
裙子	qúnzi – [n] skirt [Lesson 9]
如果…的话	rúguǒ... de huà – [conj] if [Lesson 9]
如果…的话	rúguǒ... de huà – [conj] if [Lesson 9]
商店	shāngdiàn – [n] store; shop [Lesson 9]
上衣	shàngyī – [n] upper garment [Lesson 9]
试	shì – [v] to try [Lesson 9]
收	shōu – [v] to receive; to accept [Lesson 9]
售货员	shòuhuòyuán – [n] shop assistant; salesclerk [Lesson 9]
刷卡	shuā kǎ – [vo] to pay with a credit card [Lesson 9]
双	shuāng – [m] (measure word for a pair) [Lesson 9]
虽然	suīrán – [conj] although [Lesson 9]

它	tā – [pr] it [Lesson 9]
条	tiáo – [m] (measure word for pants and long, thin objects) [Lesson 9]
挺	tǐng – [adv] very; rather [Lesson 9]
T恤衫	T-xùshān – [n] T-shirt [Lesson 9]
外套	wàitào – [n] outer garment; coat; jacket [Lesson 9]
袜子	wàzi – [n] socks [Lesson 9]
鞋	xié – [n] "shoes " [Lesson 9]
信用卡	xìnyòngkǎ – [n] credit card [Lesson 9]
西装	xīzhuāng – [n] (western-style) suit [Lesson 9]
样子	yàngzi – [n] style [Lesson 9]
颜色	yánsè – [n] color [Lesson 9]
衣服	yīfu – [n] clothes [Lesson 9]
一共	yígòng – [adv] altogether [Lesson 9]
一样	yíyàng – [adj] same; alike [Lesson 9]
再	zài – [adv] again [Lesson 9]
这儿	zhèr – [pr] here [Lesson 9]
种	zhǒng – [m] (measure word for kinds, sorts, types) [Lesson 9]
中	zhōng – [adj] medium; middle [Lesson 9]
紫色	zǐsè – [n] purple [Lesson 9]

飞机场	(fēi)jīchǎng – [n] airport [Lesson 10]
不好意思	bù hǎoyìsi – [] to feel embarrassed [Lesson 10]
城市	chéngshì – [n] city [Lesson 10]
出租汽車	chūzū qìchē – [n] taxi [Lesson 10]
打车	dǎ chē – [vo] to take a taxi [Lesson 10]
电子邮件	diànzǐ yóujiàn – [n] email [Lesson 10]
地铁	dìtiě – [n] subway [Lesson 10]
发短信	fā duǎnxìn – [vo] to send a text message; (lit.) to send a short message [Lesson 10]
飞机	fēijī – [n] airplane [Lesson 10]
高速公路	gāosù gōnglù – [n] highway [Lesson 10]
公共汽车	gōnggòng qìchē – [n] bus [Lesson 10]
寒假	hánjià – [n] winter vacation [Lesson 10]
花	huā – [v] to spend [Lesson 10]
或者	huòzhě – [conj] or [Lesson 10]
紧张	jǐnzhāng – [adj] nervous, anxious [Lesson 10]
开车	kāi chē – [vo] to drive a car [Lesson 10]
快乐	kuàilè – [adj] happy [Lesson 10]
蓝	lán – [adj] blue [Lesson 10]
绿	lǜ – [adj] green [Lesson 10]

麻烦	máfan – [adj] troublesome [Lesson 10]
每	měi – [pr] every; each [Lesson 10]
票	piào – [n] ticket [Lesson 10]
骑摩托车	qí mótuōchē – [vo] to ride a motorcycle [Lesson 10]
骑自行车	qí zìxíngchē – [vo] to ride a bicycle [Lesson 10]
让	ràng – [v] to allow or cause (somebody to do something) [Lesson 10]
然后	ránhòu – [adv] then [Lesson 10]
手机	shǒujī – [n] cell phone [Lesson 10]
送	sòng – [v] to see off or out; to take (someone somewhere) [Lesson 10]
特别	tèbié – [adv] especially [Lesson 10]
下车	xià chē – [vo] to get off (a bus, train, etc.) [Lesson 10]
线	xiàn – [n] line [Lesson 10]
先	xiān – [adv] first [Lesson 10]
新年	xīnnián – [n] new year [Lesson 10]
站	zhàn – [m] (measure word for stops of bus, train, etc.) [Lesson 10]
自己	zìjǐ – [pr] oneself [Lesson 10]
走	zǒu – [v] to go by way of; to walk [Lesson 10]
走路	zǒu lù – [vo] to walk [Lesson 10]
最后	"zuìhòu " – [] final; last [Lesson 10]

坐	zuò – [v] to travel by [Lesson 10]
坐船	zuò chuán – [vo] to travel by ship; to take a boat [Lesson 10]
坐电车	zuò diàncā – [vo] to take a cable car, trolley bus, or tram [Lesson 10]
坐火车	zuò huǒchē – [vo] to travel by train [Lesson 10]
坐计程车	zuò jìchéngchē – [vo] to take a taxi (in Taiwan) [Lesson 10]