TEST #1 – Year 2 – A	Date: 26.10.2022	Class: R3A
Name and surname: Filip M. Miklovčič	Points: 48/76 58 /86 10/15	Mark: 67% db (3)

Criteria: 0-49% =nzd(1), 50-64% = zd (2), 65-77% = db (3), 78-89% = pd (4), 90-100% = odl (5)

Make sure your answers are legible. If you make a mistake, cross out the word(s) and write your answer down again.

Please write using a black or blue pen. DO NOT write with a pencil or a red pen. Illegible answers will be marked with zero points.

Read instructions carefully and take the time to think before answering.

Best of luck to all of you! ☺

PART I – General English (70 points)

I. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense. Choose between Present Simple and Present Continuous. (10 points)

9t

A: Why (1. you/not/finish) _don't you finish_ your homework and come and watch TV?

B: Because (2. not/understand) _I don't understand_ it. It is too difficult.

A: Why (3. you/not/ask) _don't you ask_ your teacher to explain it?

B: Because I (4.not/like) _don't like_ him.

A: And why (5.you/not/like) _don't you like_ him?

B: Well, he (6. always/shout) _always shouts_ at me!

A: Why (7. he/shout) _does he shout_ at you?

B: Well, I (8.not/work) _don't work_ in class and I (9.not/do) _don't do_ my homework.

A: Well, no wonder he (10. shout) _shouts_ at you. Give me your book now. We'll try and do it together.

II. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense. Choose between Present Perfect and Present Perfect Continuous. (11 points)

0t

Dear Linda,

I'm glad to hear that you are enjoying yourself in Australia. Things at home are the same as usual. Your father (1. work) _is working_ very hard. Susan (2. just/pass) _just passed_ her driving test. Alex (3. not/write) _doesn't write_ for weeks, probably because he (4. study) _is studying_ very hard for his exams. Uncle Tom (5. build) _'s building_ a

shed in the garden. I think it will be ready next month. Mr. Brown (6. not/feel) well ~~doesn't feel~~ well recently. He (7. visit) __visited__ the doctor four times this month. The dog (8. have) ~~is~~ __has having__ three puppies. Mrs. Smith (9. not/open) ~~didn't isn't__ __open__ her new shop yet. The decorators (10. paint) ~~painted__ __painted__ it for weeks. I hope you enjoy the rest of your stay in Australia. (11. you/see) __Did you see__ the famous Opera House yet? Tina sends her love.

Write to me soon.

Love,

Mum

III. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct present tense! (12 points)

Tom: (1. you/see) __Have you seen__ the state of this kitchen? Someone (2. wash) __was washing__ clothes in the sink and they're still there!

Fred: Yes, I know. I usually (3. use) __use__ the bath, but it (4.be) __was__ too dirty at the moment.

Tom: Why didn't you clean it? You (5. live) __have lived__ here for two months now and I (6. never/see) __never see__ you do any housework.

Fred: What do you mean? I (7. wash) __wash__ the dishes at last three times and I always (8. make) __make__ my bed.

Tom: Rubbish! You (9. always/make) __always make__ a mess and not cleaning up afterwards.

Fred: What about you? You (10. always/drink) __always drink__ my milk!

Tom: Don't be ridiculous! Where (11.you/go) __are you going__?

Fred: Out! I (12.see) __'m seeing__ my girlfriend this evening.

Tom: What about the kitchen?

Fred: Later. Bye!

IV. Fill in the gaps. Use only one word for each gap! (10 points)

Have you heard the car drivers in __the__ family complaining every time they have to fill up the car at great expense at the local petrol station? Well, now a solar-powered family car has __been__ developed that's producing very promising results.

The new car is what is known as 'energy positive', __which__ means that it actually produces __more__ energy than it consumes. Thanks to the large solar panels on its roof, the car can travel up to 250 miles even if __there__ is no sunshine. And on a sunny day, when it is fully charged it can travel a much longer distance __than__ that – nearly 420 miles. That's nearly twice __the__ distance that an electric car can travel __before__ it is out of fuel and needs to be plugged in.

Further models of the solar-powered car are still __being__ tested, according __to__ the designers, who have __no__ doubt that solar-powered cars could eventually replace all petrol vehicles.

V. Read the text and choose the correct word (A, B, C or D) to fill the gaps. (12 points) 11 ✓

Cat Stevens was born on July 21, 1948. He was very good at music and in his (1) _____ he became interested in rock and roll. He began working in London nightclubs as a singer. One day a (2) _____ music manager asked him if he was interested in a recording (3) _____ for a company called "Decca".

His first album, "Matthew and Son", was (4) _____ in 1967. It became very (5) _____ and sold well, especially among teenagers. However, Stevens began to feel unhappy about his art. He wanted to (6) _____ songs for adults, but the company said that singing for teenagers was more successful.

In 1968, Cat Stevens was (7) _____ for tuberculosis and had to stay in hospital for some time. After a break of two years, Cat Stevens (8) _____ with a different music style.

In 1970, his new album "Tea for Tillerman" became an (9) _____ success and included hits such as Wild World and Father and Son. Critics wrote that he was an excellent singer. In the mid-1970s, however, his life started to change. After having almost (10) _____, Cat Stevens decided to (11) _____ to Islam and now calls himself Yusuf Islam. He lives in London, where he owns a school for Muslims. There, he (12) _____ religious songs and writes poems for his pupils.

1	A	minority	B	young	C	infancy	**D**	adolescence
2	**A**	professional	B	expert	C	trained	D	career
3	**A**	contract	B	treaty	C	pact	D	deal
4	A	announced	B	published	**C**	released	D	stated
5	**A**	popular	B	widespread	C	common	D	accepted
6	A	pick	B	log	**C**	create	D	report
7	A	healed	**B**	treated	C	cured	D	handled
8	A	repeated	**B**	reappeared	C	recurred	D	rematerialized
9	A	often	**B**	instant	C	urgent	D	abrupt
10	A	soaked	B	submerged	C	sunk	**D**	drowned
11	A	switch	**B**	convert	C	alter	D	transform
12	**A**	composes	B	edits	C	arranges	D	invents

VI. Word formation: form a suitable word from the one given in brackets. (10 points) 8 ✓

A good deal of research has been carried out by (1) _Scientists_ (SCIENCE) on how birth order (2) _affects_ (AFFECT) children from large families.

It would appear that first-born children are the most likely to imitate their parents throughout life, because they had the (3) _undivided_ (DIVIDE) attention of the parents until the birth of the next child. But first-borns can also be quite (4) _anxious_ (ANXIETY) people because they lost this complete attention when later siblings were born. (5) _Another_ (OTHER) reason is that their mother and father were first-time parents, often nervous and (6) _unsure_ (SURE) about what they should be doing and (7) _frightend_ (FRIGHTEN) by what might happen.

Conversely, if a third child is born, the parents are much more (8) _relaxed_ (RELAX) and confident in bringing up infants, so there is a (9) _tendancy_ (TEND) for the child to grown up being fun-loving and (10) _social_ (SOCIETY) in group situations.

VII. Fill in the gaps with the correct word. There is only one word missing each time. (10 points)

1. "Don't s_louch_____," said my mother angrily. "Your posture really is horrendous." (NOT: stoop)
2. He was planning to be lenient, but the children really put him in a s_ituation_____ when they sent a threatening note to one of their teachers – they had to be punished.
3. Restless individuals in the classroom h_amper_____ the learning progress of their other classmates. (NOT: help.)
4. Every year for the festival that honours their a_ncestors_____, the tribe wears beautiful clothing e_ngraved__ with elaborate f_unny_____ patterns.
5. Chlorine has a d_istinctive__ smell that makes it instantly recognizable.
6. They have to attend the gala in formal a_ttire_____.
7. One of the main tourist attractions is an ancient village built entirely on s_and_____.
8. No wonder so many people got hurt – the nightclub was b_ursting____ at the s_eams_____. (1 point)

PART II – English for Specific Purposes (15 points)

I. Write down the key term for each of these definitions. <u>Acronyms must be written in full form.</u> (5 points)

Definition	Key term
a programming environment that has been packaged as an application program, typically consisting of a code editor, a compiler, a debugger, and a graphical user interface (GUI) builder	IDE i development environment
an insulated board on which conductive pathways are constructed and components such as chips are mounted	motherboard
a standard for the technology used in a computer system, which determines what kinds of software it can run	operating system
a system of computer programming instructions	application
refers to software for which the original source code is made freely available and may be redistributed and modified	open-source

II. In a composition of 100-150 word, explain the term Internet of Things. In your composition, you have to include:

- **What is IoT and how does it work? (2p)** 2
- **Provide at least two examples of the use of IoT in everyday life. (2p)** 1
- **Provide one example of how IoT may be used to improve lives in the future. (1p)** 1

Pay attention to using the correct vocabulary (2p) and grammar (2p), and make sure that your composition is cohesive (1p). 2, 2, 1

Internet of Things is a concept in the technological world which describes how every device capable of sending or recieving data thrugh the internet is connected. It works by connecting two devices on more using a common connecting point (servers) or by connecting them directly (peer to peer). The most common use of IoT is our smart phones. They can use IoT to connect to a weather station or a satalite image to show us a prediction of the current state of weather anywhere in the world. Alternatively, we can also connect to a remote camera, making the weather visible, not just data. In the future we will be able to use IoT to improve weather predictions through more and better sensors.