COMPUTER GRAPHICS 21/22 SAMPLE EXAM QUESTIONS

Question 1. Command glColor3f(1,0,0); sets

- a) green
- **-** b) red
 - c) blue

color.

Question 2. If you want to draw a rectangle you can use

- —a) GL_QUADS
 - b) GL_RECTANGLE toesn't exist
- →c) GL_POLYGON

Question 3. Command glRotatef(2,0,1,2); rotates

- a) by 2 degrees around vector (2,0,1)
- b) by 2 degrees around vector (0, 1, 2)
 - c) by 2 radians around vector (2,0,1)

Question 4. Which is true:

- a) in raster graphics scaling doesn't change the quaity of an image,
- -b) in vector graphics the file stores mathematical information about an image,
- c) in raster graphics image is divided into rectangular pixels.

Question 5. Assume R represents the matrix of rotation (by nonzero angle) and T represent the matrix of translation (by nonzero vector). Then, in general,

- a) RT = TR,
- -b) $RT \neq TR$,
- c) it is possible that for some choices of R and T, RT = TR. Only when the angle is a constant of the translation of the

Question 6. Which is true:

- -a) using orthographic projection a square can become a line segment,
- b) using perspective projection a square can become a line segment,
 - c) using orthographic projection object which are further after projection are smaller.

Question 7. Which is true:

- -a) there are three types of light in OpenGL: ambient, diffuse and specular,
- b) ambient light has no source,
 - c) specular light has its source and direction. These't have direction, depends on the viewer.

Question 8. A cube can be represented by

- a) 12 triangles,
- b) 8 vertices,
 - c) 10 edges. 12 edges

Question 9. Z-buffer algorithm

- -a) works with image precision,
 - b) works with object precision,
 - c) stores information about colors of faces. Only the color of the closect face to each pixel