

Ejercicio 04-05-23

Leandro Jorge Fernández Vega DGIM

Problema Sea la matriz

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 & 3 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 4 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 6 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 4 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 5 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 4 & 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 5 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix},$$

y el vector

$$\vec{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Calcula $A\vec{v}$ y determina el radio espectral.

$$A\vec{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 27 \\ \vdots \\ 27 \end{pmatrix} = 27\vec{v} \Rightarrow \lambda = 27 \in \sigma(A)$$

$\|A\|_{\infty} = \max \{ F_{\vec{i}} \mid \vec{i} \in \{1, \dots, n=12\} \}$, donde

$$F_{\vec{i}} = \sum_{j=1}^n |a_{ij}|$$

$$\forall \vec{i} \in \{1, \dots, 12\}, F_{\vec{i}} = (A\vec{v})_{\vec{i}} = 27 \Rightarrow \|A\|_{\infty} = 27$$

Por ρ Radio Espectral sabemos

$$\rho(A) \leq \|A\| \quad \forall \|\cdot\| \text{ norma matricial} \Rightarrow \lambda = \rho(A) = 27$$