## Step 1: Install R

Step 1b: Mac users also need to install XQuartz. (https://www.xquartz.org/releases/XQuartz-2.7.7.html)

Step 2: Open R

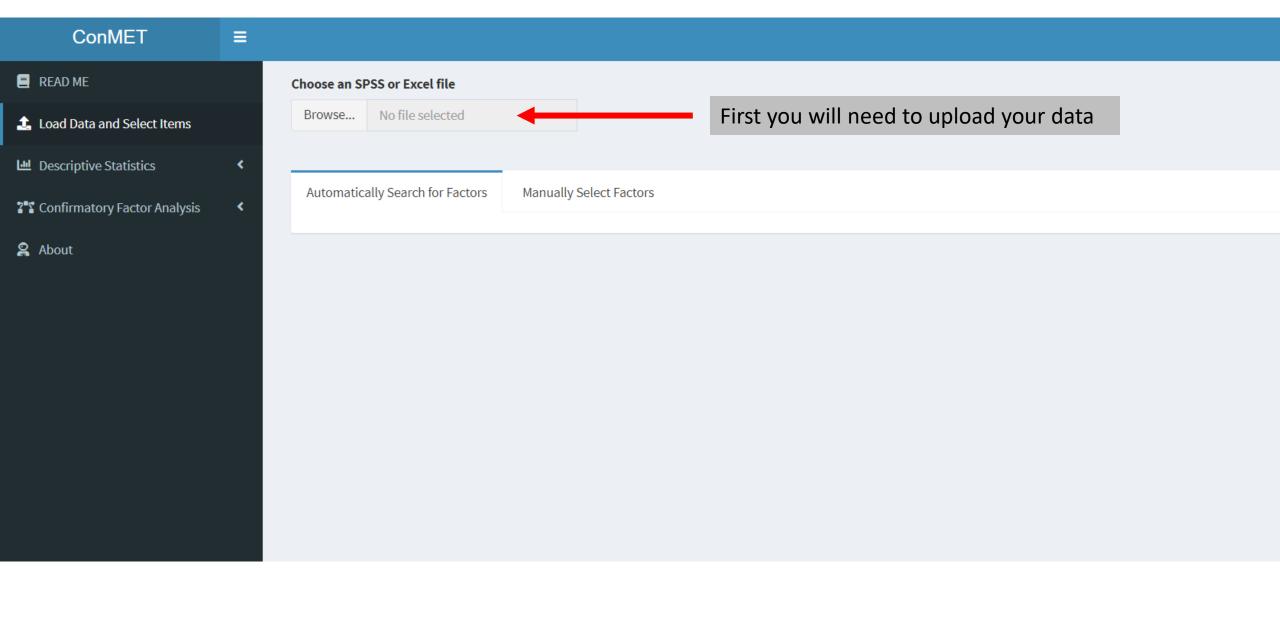
### **Step 3:** Run this code:

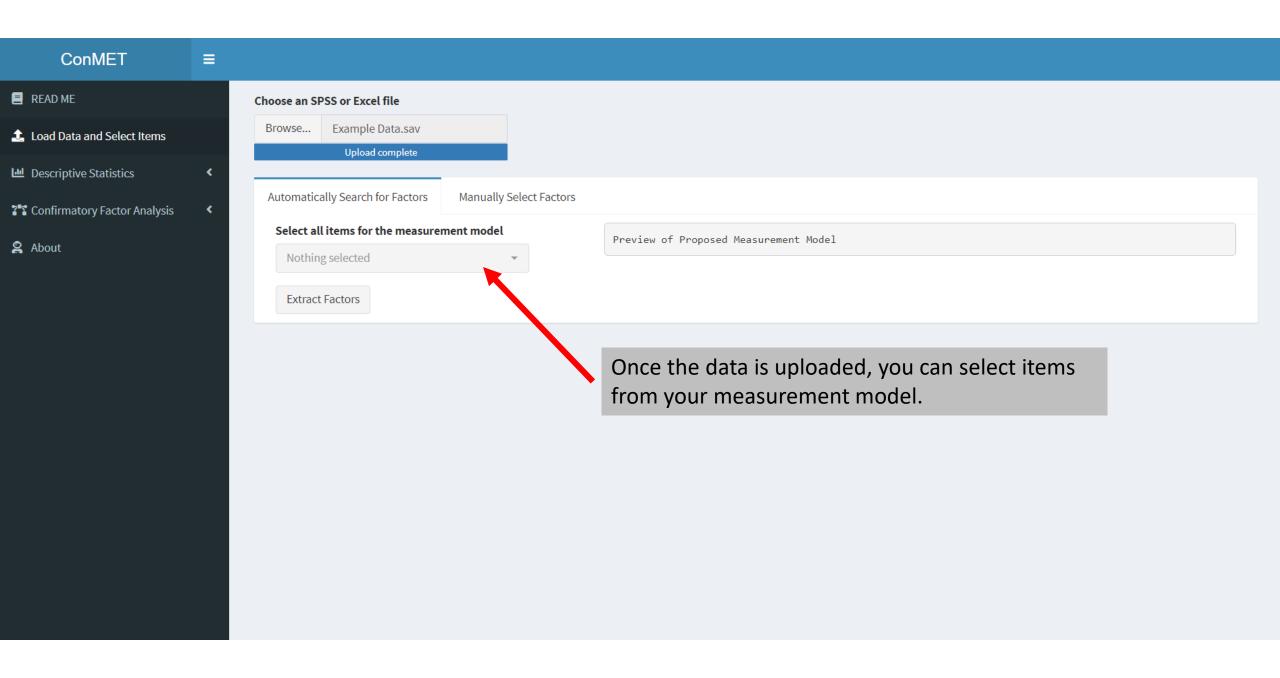
```
install.packages("lavaan") #Even if you already installed lavaan, you will need to update it.
install.packages("shiny")
library(shiny)
runGitHub("conmet", "leander-ds")
```

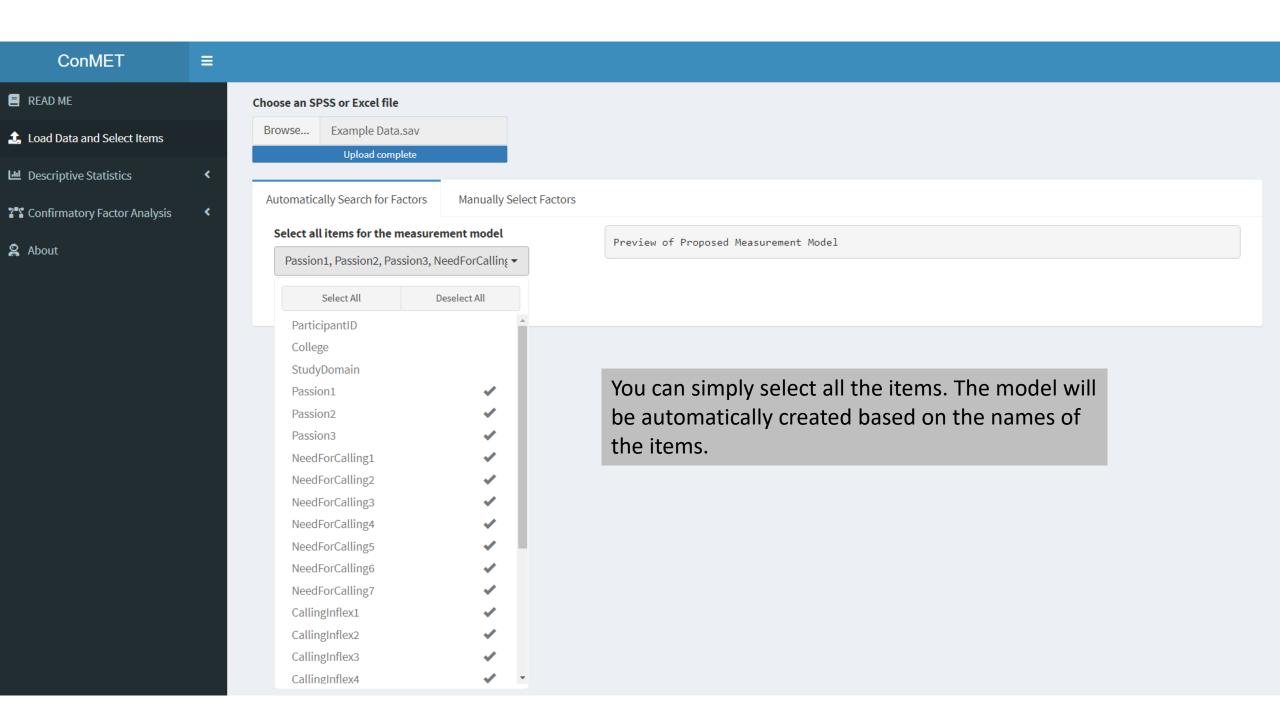
**Step 4:** Wait until application opens. R will first install all packages necessary for the app to launch. Next time you run the app R will not need to install all the packages, so it will start up faster.

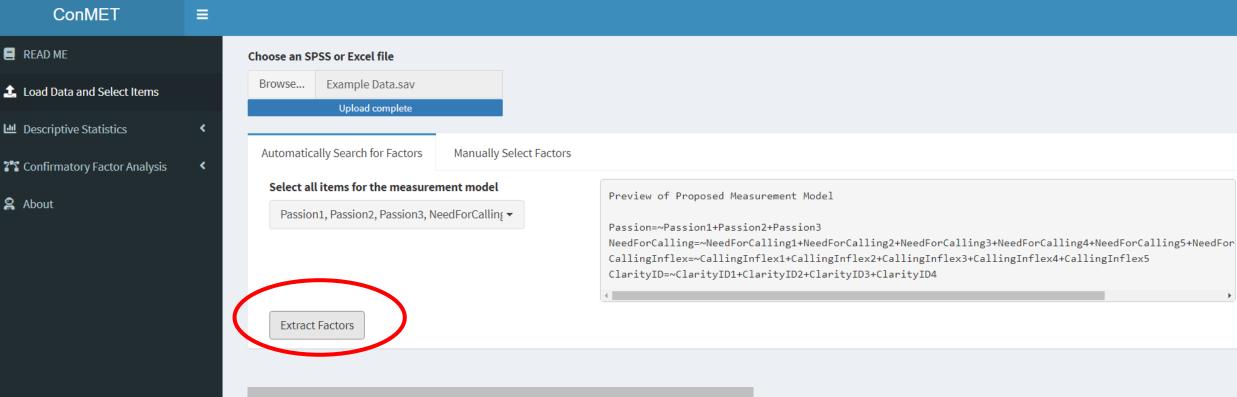
# **Step 5:** To open the app again in the future, you can just run these two lines:

```
library(shiny)
runGitHub("conmet", "leander-ds")
```



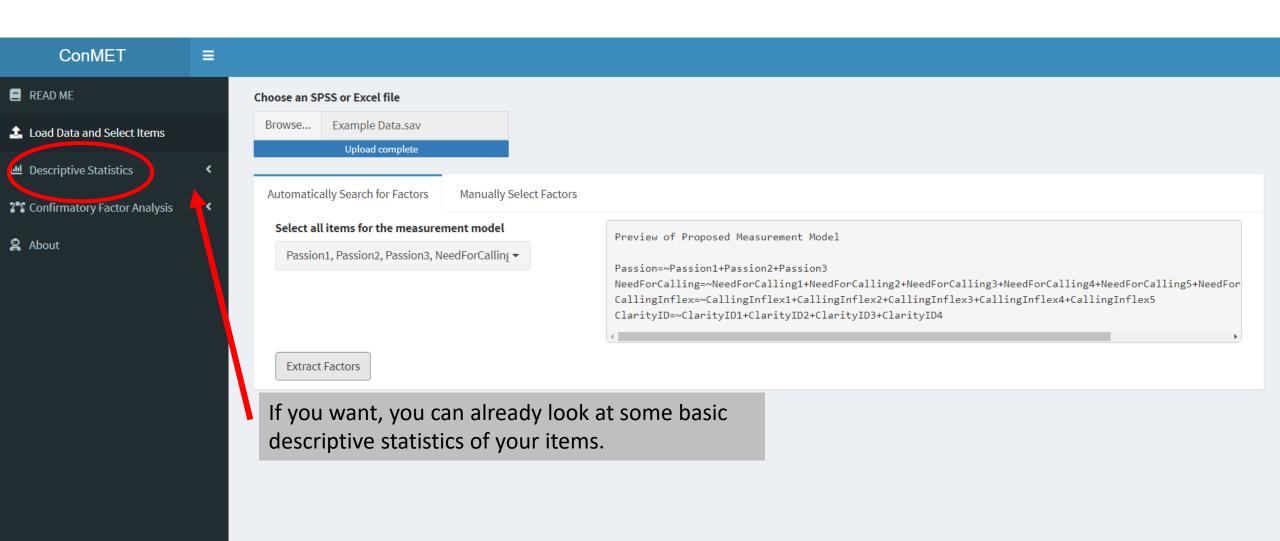


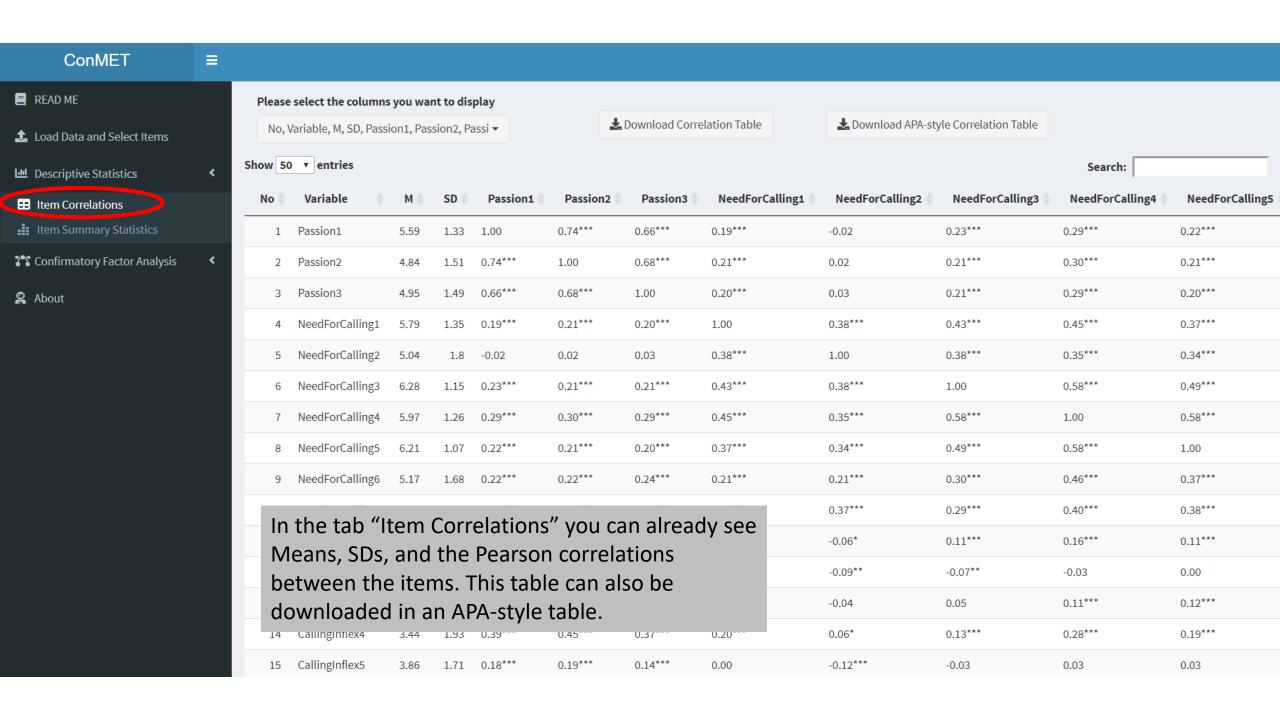




Once you have selected your items, you need to click on "Extract Factors". A preview of the proposed measurement model is displayed in the grey box on the right.

You can also create factors manually in the "Manually Select Factors" tab.





READ	ME
ועבאט	IALL

▲ Load Data and Select Items

■ Descriptive Statistics

**Ⅲ** Item Correlations

Item Summary Statistics

Confirmatory Factor Analysis

About

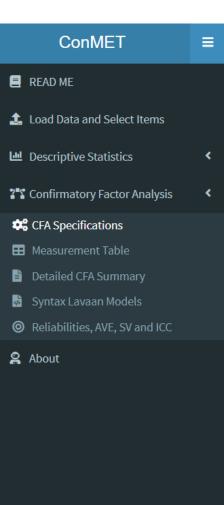
No	Variable	Label	Stats / Values	Freqs (% of Valid)	Graph	Missing
1	Passion1 [numeric]	I am passionate about what I am studying	Mean (SD): 5.59 (1.331)  Min < Med < Max <: 1 < 6 < 7  IQR (CV): 2 (0.238)	1: 11 ( 0.8%) 2: 22 ( 1.7%) 3: 70 ( 5.4%) 4: 145 (11.1%) 5: 291 (22.3%) 6: 366 (28.1%) 7: 399 (30.6%)		392 (23.1%)
2	Passion2 [numeric]	I enjoy what I study more than anything else	Mean (SD): 4.835 (1.513)  Min < Med < Max <: 1 < 5 < 7  IQR (CV): 2 (0.313)	1: 30 ( 2.3%) 2: 75 ( 5.7%) 3: 155 (11.9%) 4: 227 (17.4%) 5: 326 (25.0%) 6: 317 (24.3%) 7: 175 (13.4%)		391 (23.1%)
3	Passion3 [numeric]	This line of studies gives me immense personal satisfaction	Mean (SD): 4.952 (1.488)  Min < Med < Max <: 1 < 5 < 7  IQR (CV): 2 (0.301)	1: 22 ( 1.7%) 2: 73 ( 5.6%) 3: 125 ( 9.6%) 4: 237 (18.2%) 5: 316 (24.3%) 6: 325 (25.0%) 7: 203 (15.6%)		395 (23.3%)

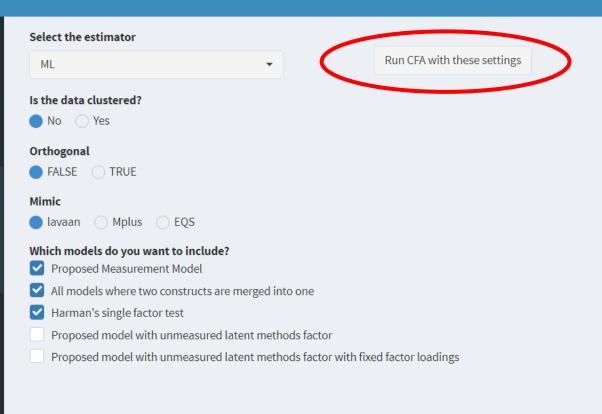
In the 'Item Summary
Statistics' tab you can
find additional
information at the item
level. This can be
helpful in deciding
whether you should
consider the nonnormality of the items.



- READ ME
- ▲ Load Data and Select Items
- Descriptive Statistics
- Item Correlations
- item Summary Statistics
- ?"\Confirmatory Factor Analysis
- About

No	Variable	Label	Stats / Values	Freqs (% of Valid)	Graph	Missing
1		can start the CFA by king on this tab.	Mean (SD): 5.59 (1.331) Min < Med < Max <:  0.238)	1: 11 ( 0.8%) 2: 22 ( 1.7%) 3: 70 ( 5.4%) 4: 145 (11.1%) 5: 291 (22.3%) 6: 366 (28.1%) 7: 399 (30.6%)		392 (23.1%)
2	Passion2 [numeric]	I enjoy what I study more than anything else	Mean (SD): 4.835 (1.513)  Min < Med < Max <: 1 < 5 < 7  IQR (CV): 2 (0.313)	1: 30 ( 2.3%) 2: 75 ( 5.7%) 3: 155 (11.9%) 4: 227 (17.4%) 5: 326 (25.0%) 6: 317 (24.3%) 7: 175 (13.4%)		391 (23.1%)
3	Passion3 [numeric]	This line of studies gives me immense personal satisfaction	Mean (SD): 4.952 (1.488)  Min < Med < Max <: 1 < 5 < 7  IQR (CV): 2 (0.301)	1: 22 ( 1.7%) 2: 73 ( 5.6%) 3: 125 ( 9.6%) 4: 237 (18.2%) 5: 316 (24.3%) 6: 325 (25.0%) 7: 203 (15.6%)		395 (23.3%)





The CFA Specification tab allows you to specify the settings of the models you want to run.

Here you can decide which estimator to use, whether to run a clustered CFA, and which models to include in the table.

Once you have made your decisions, you can click on "Run CFA with these settings".

55%

Running CFA models...

A loading screen will then appear while the app runs all your models and places them in a table.

This is often done within a few seconds



Please select the columns you want to display		<b>1</b> D	l I M					
chisq, df, cfi, rmsea, srmr, chisqBydf, Chisq.Di ▼		<b>Z</b> Down	load Measure	ement Table				
Show 50 v entries						Search:		
	chisq 🔷	df 🌲	cfi 🌲	rmsea 🔷	srmr 🔷	chisqBydf 🌲	Chisq.Diff	
ProposedModel	1093.708	146	0.918	0.078	0.07	7.491		
Passion_and_NeedForCalling	2564.182	149	0.792	0.123	0.107	17.209	1470.474***	
Passion_and_CallingInflex	2110.387	149	0.831	0.111	0.085	14.164	1016.679***	
Passion_and_ClarityID	2754.365	149	0.775	0.128	0.121	18.486	1660.657***	
NeedForCalling_and_CallingInflex	2994.58	149	0.754	0.133	0.137	20.098	1900.872***	
NeedForCalling_and_ClarityID	2955.874	149	0.758	0.133	0.137	19.838	1862.166***	

0.779

0.504

CallingInflex\_and\_ClarityID

Harmans\_OneFactor

showing In this table common indices of the proposed and nested measurement models are reported. All models are also compared to the proposed measurement model (i.e. Chisq.Diff).

0.127

0.188

0.116

0.173

1616.082\*\*\*

4810.242\*\*\*

38.842

For example, "Passion\_and\_NeedForCalling" refers to the CFA model in which all items of 'Passion' and 'NeedForCalling' are indicators of the same factor. In the table we can see that this did not improve the fit.

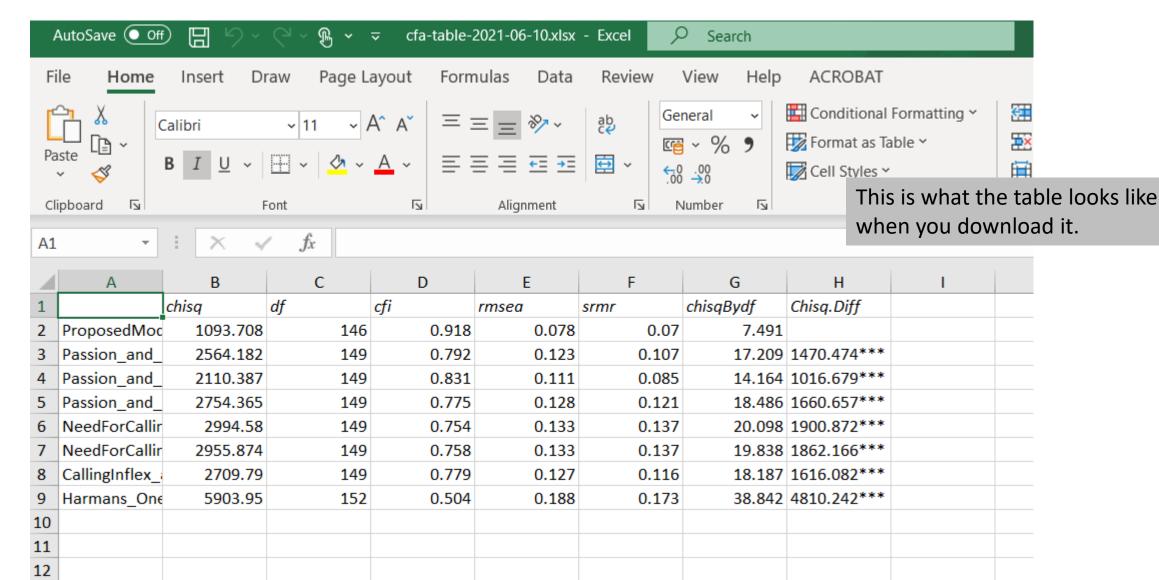
You can add more indices using the column selector at the top.

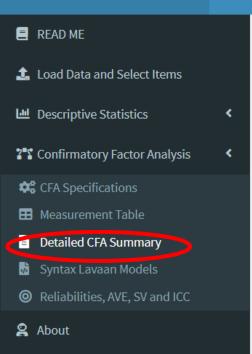
2709.79

5903.95

149

152





# Please select a measurement model

ProposedModel

▲ Download summary output of all models

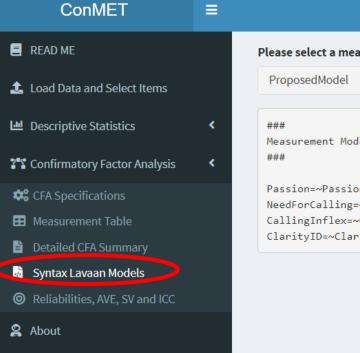
Порозеаточег		
###		
Measurement Model: ProposedModel		
###		
lavaan 0.6-8 ended normally after	52 iterations	
Estimator	ML	
Optimization method	NLMINB	
Number of model parameters	63	
	Used	Total
Number of observations	1073	1696
Model Test User Model:		
Houel Test oser Houel.		
Test statistic	1093.708	
Degrees of freedom	146	
P-value (Chi-square)	0.000	
Model Test Baseline Model:		
Test statistic	11759.579	
Degrees of freedom	171	
P-value	0.000	
User Model versus Baseline Model:		
Comparative Fit Index (CFI)	0.918	
Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)	0.904	
, ,		
Loglikelihood and Information Crit	eria:	

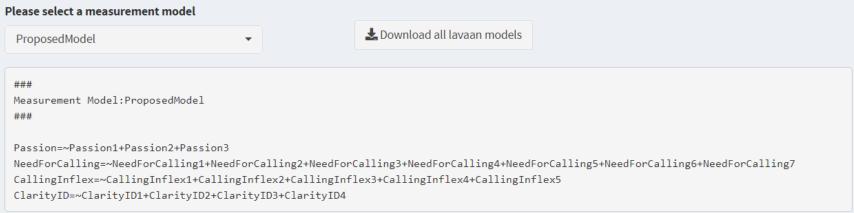
Here we can look at the detailed CFA output. This is the output you would get if you ran the CFA in R using the lavaan package (Rosseel, 2012). ConMet also uses the lavaan package.

You can choose which measurement model you want to look at.

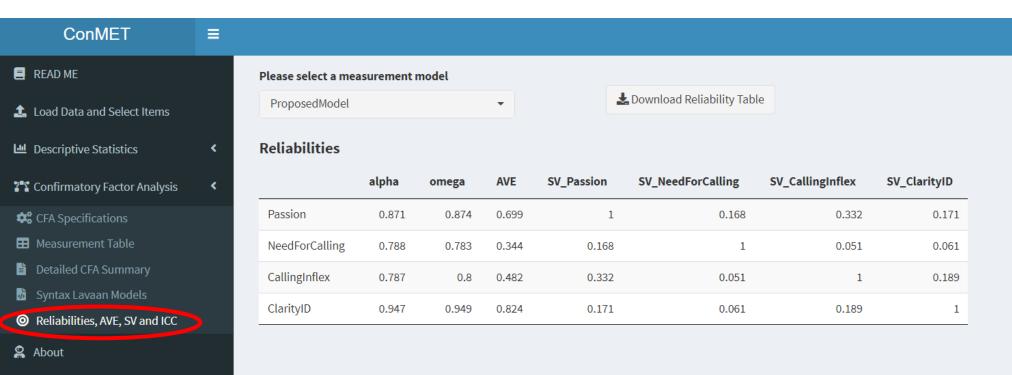
In this output you can also look at all the factor loadings and correlations between latent factors.

The output can be downloaded in a .txt-file.





You can also download the lavaanmodel code that was used to create the models. This is helpful if you want to reproduce the results in R.



You can also check the reliabilities (Cronbach's Alpha and McDonald Omega), the Average Variance Extracted (e.g., how much variance of the latent construct does the average item explain) and the Shared Variance between the constructs.

This is helpful if you want to look at other indices of convergent and discriminant validity.





- ♣ Load Data and Select Items
- Descriptive Statistics
- **25** Confirmatory Factor Analysis
- CFA Specifications
- Measurement Table
- Detailed CFA Summary
- 🖟 Syntax Lavaan Models
- Reliabilities, AVE, SV and ICC
- 2 About

#### Please select a measurement model

ProposedModel •



♣ Download ICC Table

SV\_ClarityID

0.171

0.061

SV\_CallingInflex

0.332

0.051

### Reliabilities

	alpha	omega	AVE	SV_Passion	SV_NeedForCalling
Passion	0.871	0.874	0.699	1	0.168
NeedForCalling	0.788	0.783	0.344	0.168	1
CallingInflex	0.787	8.0	0.482	0.332	0.051
ClarityID	0.947	0.949	0.824	0.171	0.061

### Intraclass correlations

	Passion	NeedForCalling	CallingInflex	ClarityID
ICC1	0.106	0.059	0.062	0.091
ICC2	0.825	0.712	0.724	0.799

When the data is clustered, the output also shows the amount of variance explained by group membership (ICC1) and the reliability of the group means (ICC2).