

ClusteringDefenders

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Clustering Defenders

The goal of this project is to profile defenders of the English Championship through clustering. We will perform clustering on player stats of Season 22/23 scraped from FBref (<https://fbref.com/en/comps/10/stats/Championship-Stats>) with the `worldfootballR` package (<https://github.com/JaseZiv/worldfootballR>). The data has already been downloaded and saved, see the Markdown document named 'Download Player Stats' for more information (also on the metrics).

We load the tibble with the player stats:

```
library(tidyverse)
load(paste0(getwd(), "/data/Championship22_23_playerStats.RData"))
NL22_all

## # A tibble: 733 x 110
##       Rk Player Nation Pos   Squad Age   Born `MP_Playing Ti~` `Starts_Playin~`
##   <int> <chr>   <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <int>           <int>           <int>
## 1     1   Max A~ eng E~ DF   Norw~ 23-1~ 2000             43             42
## 2     2   Thelo~ no NOR FW,MF Wiga~ 20-3~ 2002             39             11
## 3     3   Nelso~ eng E~ DF   Read~ 19-2~ 2003              3              0
## 4     4   Kelvi~ <NA>   DF,MF Read~ <NA>   NA              7              0
## 5     5   Finla~ eng E~ FW,MF Pres~ 18-1~ 2005              4              0
## 6     6   Elija~ eng E~ FW   Luto~ 25-1~ 1998             41             38
## 7     7   Toby ~ eng E~ MF,FW Watf~ 18-0~ 2005              4              0
## 8     8   Alber~ gh GHA FW,MF QPR   35-1~ 1987             36             10
## 9     9   Micha~ eng E~ FW   Watf~ 17-2~ 2005              1              0
## 10    10   Benik~ cd COD FW   Mill~ 30-0~ 1993             19              8
## # ... with 723 more rows, and 101 more variables: `Min_Playing Time` <dbl>,
## # `Mins_Per_90_Playing Time` <dbl>, Gls <int>, Ast <int>, `G+A` <int>,
## # G_minus_PK <int>, PK <int>, PKatt <int>, xG_Expected <dbl>,
## # npG_Expected <dbl>, xAG_Expected <dbl>, `npG+xAG_Expected` <dbl>,
## # PrgC_Progression <int>, PrgP_Progression <int>, PrgR_Progression <int>,
## # `Gls_Per 90 Minutes` <dbl>, `Ast_Per 90 Minutes` <dbl>,
## # `G+A_Per 90 Minutes` <dbl>, `G_minus_PK_Per 90 Minutes` <dbl>, ...
```

We filter all players that have a defending position:

```
NL22_all$Pos %>% table()

## .
##      DF DF,FW DF,MF      FW FW,DF FW,MF      GK      MF MF,DF MF,FW
##    201     32     29    109     16     80     52    134     16     64
NL22_defenders <- NL22_all %>% filter(Pos %in% c("DF", "DF,FW", "DF,MF"))
dim(NL22_defenders)
```

```
## [1] 262 110
```

Some players have changed teams during the season, so we sum up the total play time for them.

```
NL22_defenders <- NL22_defenders %>% group_by(Player) %>%  
  mutate(MinsPer90_total = sum(Mins_Per_90, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%  
  ungroup()
```

Now we can filter those defenders with at least 180 minutes played in total during the season 22/23.

```
NL22_defenders <- NL22_defenders %>% filter(MinsPer90_total >= 2)
```

For those who changed teams, we compute the weighted mean for each metric, where the weights are chosen as minutes played within teams, divided by minutes played in total. These are the players that appear multiple times in the data, with a selection of variables.

```
NL22_defenders %>%  
  filter(Player %in% NL22_defenders[duplicated(NL22_defenders$Player), ]$Player) %>%  
  select(Player, Squad, Mins_Per_90, Tkl_Tackles, TklW_Tackles)
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 5  
##   Player           Squad      Mins_Per_90 Tkl_Tackles TklW_Tackles  
##   <chr>           <chr>         <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>  
## 1 Rarmani Edmonds-Green Wigan Athletic      2.7        2.59        1.48  
## 2 Rarmani Edmonds-Green Huddersfield        8.5        1.88        1.18  
## 3 Dominic Hyam        Blackburn       34.1        1.44        0.762  
## 4 Dominic Hyam        Coventry City        2          2          1  
## 5 Martin Kelly        West Brom         4.1        0.976        0.976  
## 6 Martin Kelly        Wigan Athletic      0.8          0          0  
## 7 Luke McNally        Burnley            0          NaN          NaN  
## 8 Luke McNally        Coventry City       17          2.47        1.47  
## 9 Curtis Nelson       Cardiff City        5.3        1.13        0.377  
## 10 Curtis Nelson      Blackpool          15          1          0.533  
## 11 Bailey Wright      Rotherham Utd       4.5        0.667        0.444  
## 12 Bailey Wright      Sunderland         7.6        1.18        0.526
```

Now 'the new value for Rarmani Edmonds-Greens Tkl_Tackles statistics should be

$$(2.5926 \cdot 2.7 + 8.5 \cdot 1.8824) / (2.7 + 8.5).$$

The following function does that.

```
weighted_avg_duplicates <- function(df) {  
  
  duplicated_ids <- df[duplicated(df$Player), ]$Player  
  
  df_duplicates <- df %>% filter(Player %in% duplicated_ids)  
  
  df_not_duplicated <- df %>% filter(!(Player %in% duplicated_ids))  
  
  df_nest <- df_duplicates %>% group_by(Player, Born, Nation) %>% nest()  
  
  weighted_avg <- function(weights, values) {  
    sum(weights*values, na.rm = TRUE)/sum(weights, na.rm = TRUE)  
  }  
  paste_chr_info <- function(vec) {  
  
    if(vec[1] == vec[2]) {
```

```

    return(vec[1])
  }
  else {
    paste(vec, collapse = ",")
  }
}

df_duplicates <- df_nest %>%
  mutate(data = purrr::map(data, ~ {

    mins.tmp <- .x$Mins_Per_90
    x_no_avg <- .x %>% select(Rk, Pos, Squad, Age)

    x_no_avg <- x_no_avg %>% summarise(across(where(is.character), paste_chr_info))
    summarise_vars <- colnames(.x)
    summarise_vars <- summarise_vars[!(summarise_vars %in% c("Rk", "Pos", "Squad", "Age"))]

    xnew <- .x %>% summarise_at(summarise_vars,
      ~ weighted_avg(weights = mins.tmp, values = .x))

    xnew <- x_no_avg %>% bind_cols(xnew)
    xnew$Rk <- .x$Rk[1]
    xnew
  }) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  unnest(cols = data)

df_not_duplicated %>% bind_rows(df_duplicates)
}

```

```
NL22_defenders <- weighted_avg_duplicates(NL22_defenders)
```

Choosing relevant defending metrics

Not all available metrics are important for measuring the quality of a defender. We therefore define several metrics that we consider to be of central importance for defenders. First of all, we add some further metrics (Cards Per 90, Fouls per Tackle, Tackles Won).

```

NL22_defenders <- NL22_defenders %>%
  mutate(CardsPer90 = CrdY + CrdR, FoulsPerTackle = Fls/Tkl_Tackles,
    TacklesWonPercent = TklW_Tackles/Tkl_Tackles)

```

We have metrics of central importance, then some additional ones, and some measuring player aggressiveness:

```

metrics_central <- c("Blocks_Blocks", "Sh_Blocks", "Clr", "Int",
  "Won_Aerial_Duels", "TacklesWonPercent",
  "Tkl_percent_Challenges", "Cmp_percent_Total",
  "Lost_Challenges", "Err", "Mins_Per_90")

metrics_add <- c("Carries_Carries", "PrgC_Carries", "Mis_Carries",
  "Dis_Carries", "PrgDist_Carries",
  "CrsPA", "Cmp_percent_Long", "Cmp_percent_Short",
  "Cmp_percent_Medium", "PKcon", "OG")

```

```
metrics_agg <- c("Fls", "Tkl_Tackles", "CardsPer90", "FoulsPerTackle")

metrics <- c(metrics_central, metrics_add, metrics_agg)
```

Cluster analysis

Now we are ready for the cluster analysis. Our new tibble of centre backs only consists of the chosen metrics and the Player's name and minutes played:

```
cbs_ana <- NL22_defenders[ , c("Player", "Mins_Per_90", metrics)]
cbs_ana
```

```
## # A tibble: 226 x 28
##   Player      Mins_Per_90 Blocks_Blocks Sh_Blocks   Clr   Int `Won_Aerial Du~`
##   <chr>          <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1 Max Aarons      40.8        0.833      0.392  1.79  1.15      0.441
## 2 Anel Ahmedh~    29.8        0.940      0.403  3.19  1.85      2.05
## 3 Semi Ajayi     13.2        0.833      0.379  2.95  1.36      3.11
## 4 Ajibola Ale~   15.6        1.47       0.513  3.78  1.86      2.18
## 5 Ryan Andrews    3.4        0.588      0       2.35  2.35      2.06
## 6 Robert Atki~   23.8        0.924      0.462  3.91  1.51      5.46
## 7 Daniel Ayala    22         1.09       0.727  4.73  1.64      3.09
## 8 George Bald~   29.4        1.19       0.272  1.60  0.782     1.12
## 9 Daniel Ball~   17.9        1.28       0.838  5.03  1.62      3.69
## 10 Leon Balogun  13.7        1.17       0.511  5.26  2.12      3.80
## # ... with 216 more rows, and 21 more variables: TacklesWonPercent <dbl>,
## #   Tkl_percent_Challenges <dbl>, Cmp_percent_Total <dbl>,
## #   Lost_Challenges <dbl>, Err <dbl>, Mins_Per_90 <dbl>, Carries_Carries <dbl>,
## #   PrgC_Carries <dbl>, Mis_Carries <dbl>, Dis_Carries <dbl>,
## #   PrgDist_Carries <dbl>, CrsPA <dbl>, Cmp_percent_Long <dbl>,
## #   Cmp_percent_Short <dbl>, Cmp_percent_Medium <dbl>, PKcon <dbl>, OG <dbl>,
## #   Fls <dbl>, Tkl_Tackles <dbl>, CardsPer90 <dbl>, FoulsPerTackle <dbl>
```

```
cbs_ana <- cbs_ana[complete.cases(cbs_ana), ]
```

Since these are still many metrics, we perform a principal component analysis in order to reduce dimension.

```
pca <- prcomp(cbs_ana[ , metrics], scale. = TRUE)
summary(pca)
```

```
## Importance of components:
##              PC1      PC2      PC3      PC4      PC5      PC6      PC7
## Standard deviation  2.5079 1.9958 1.56837 1.26772 1.1827 1.12630 1.07669
## Proportion of Variance 0.2419 0.1532 0.09461 0.06181 0.0538 0.04879 0.04459
## Cumulative Proportion 0.2419 0.3951 0.48972 0.55153 0.6053 0.65412 0.69871
##              PC8      PC9      PC10     PC11     PC12     PC13     PC14
## Standard deviation  1.01354 0.95571 0.91143 0.8470 0.83281 0.7750 0.75440
## Proportion of Variance 0.03951 0.03513 0.03195 0.0276 0.02668 0.0231 0.02189
## Cumulative Proportion 0.73822 0.77335 0.80530 0.8329 0.85957 0.8827 0.90456
##              PC15     PC16     PC17     PC18     PC19     PC20     PC21
## Standard deviation  0.69746 0.66531 0.54640 0.5073 0.46437 0.43889 0.41464
## Proportion of Variance 0.01871 0.01702 0.01148 0.0099 0.00829 0.00741 0.00661
## Cumulative Proportion 0.92327 0.94030 0.95178 0.9617 0.96997 0.97738 0.98399
##              PC22     PC23     PC24     PC25     PC26
## Standard deviation  0.37063 0.33173 0.27078 0.25072 0.18049
```

```
## Proportion of Variance 0.00528 0.00423 0.00282 0.00242 0.00125
## Cumulative Proportion 0.98928 0.99351 0.99633 0.99875 1.00000
```

We see that the first 10 Principal Components explain approx 80% of variance.

We assemble a tibble with the principal component scores of the first 10 PCs for all players.

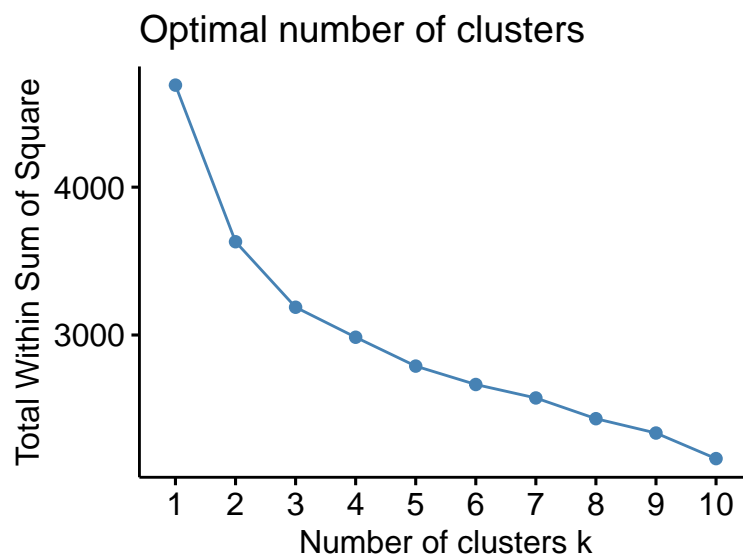
```
rownames(pca$x) <- cbs_ana$Player
n_pcs <- 10
df_pca <- as_tibble(reshape2::melt(pca$x[, 1:n_pcs]))
df_pca <- df_pca %>% rename("Player" = Var1) %>%
  left_join(cbs_ana %>% select(Player), by = "Player")
df_pca
```

```
## # A tibble: 2,250 x 3
##   Player      Var2  value
##   <chr>      <fct> <dbl>
## 1 Max Aarons  PC1    1.68
## 2 Anel Ahmedhodzic PC1    0.610
## 3 Semi Ajayi  PC1   -2.40
## 4 Ajibola Alese  PC1   -0.259
## 5 Ryan Andrews  PC1    1.31
## 6 Robert Atkinson PC1   -1.14
## 7 Daniel Ayala  PC1   -3.89
## 8 George Baldock PC1    2.11
## 9 Daniel Ballard PC1   -2.45
## 10 Leon Balogun  PC1   -1.55
## # ... with 2,240 more rows
```

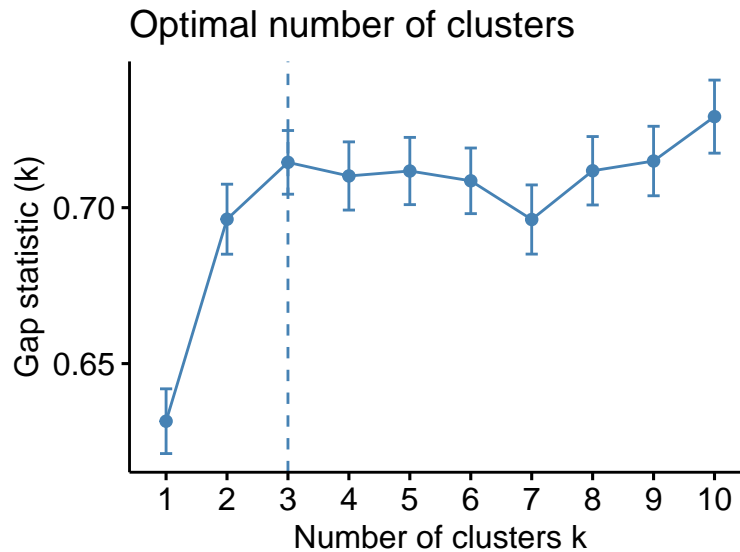
K-Means clustering

Since here, we have numeric metrics only and we want to find several clusters with similar player types, represented by an ‘average’ playing style, it makes sense to use *k*-means clustering. First, we look at the gap statistic and the elbow plot to find a suitable number of clusters.

```
set.seed(1)
factoextra::fviz_nbclust(pca$x[, 1:n_pcs], kmeans, method = "wss")
```



```
factoextra::fviz_nbclust(pca$x[, 1:n_pcs], kmeans, method = "gap_stat")
```



The gap statistic suggests that $k = 3$ is the optimal number of clusters, so we'll perform the clustering with 3 clusters next.

```
set.seed(2)
km_clust <- kmeans(pca$x[, 1:n_pcs], centers = 3, iter.max = 50, nstart = 20)
table(km_clust$cluster)
```

```
##
##  1  2  3
## 80 92 53
```

There are 80 members in cluster 1, 92 in cluster 2 and 53 in cluster 3.

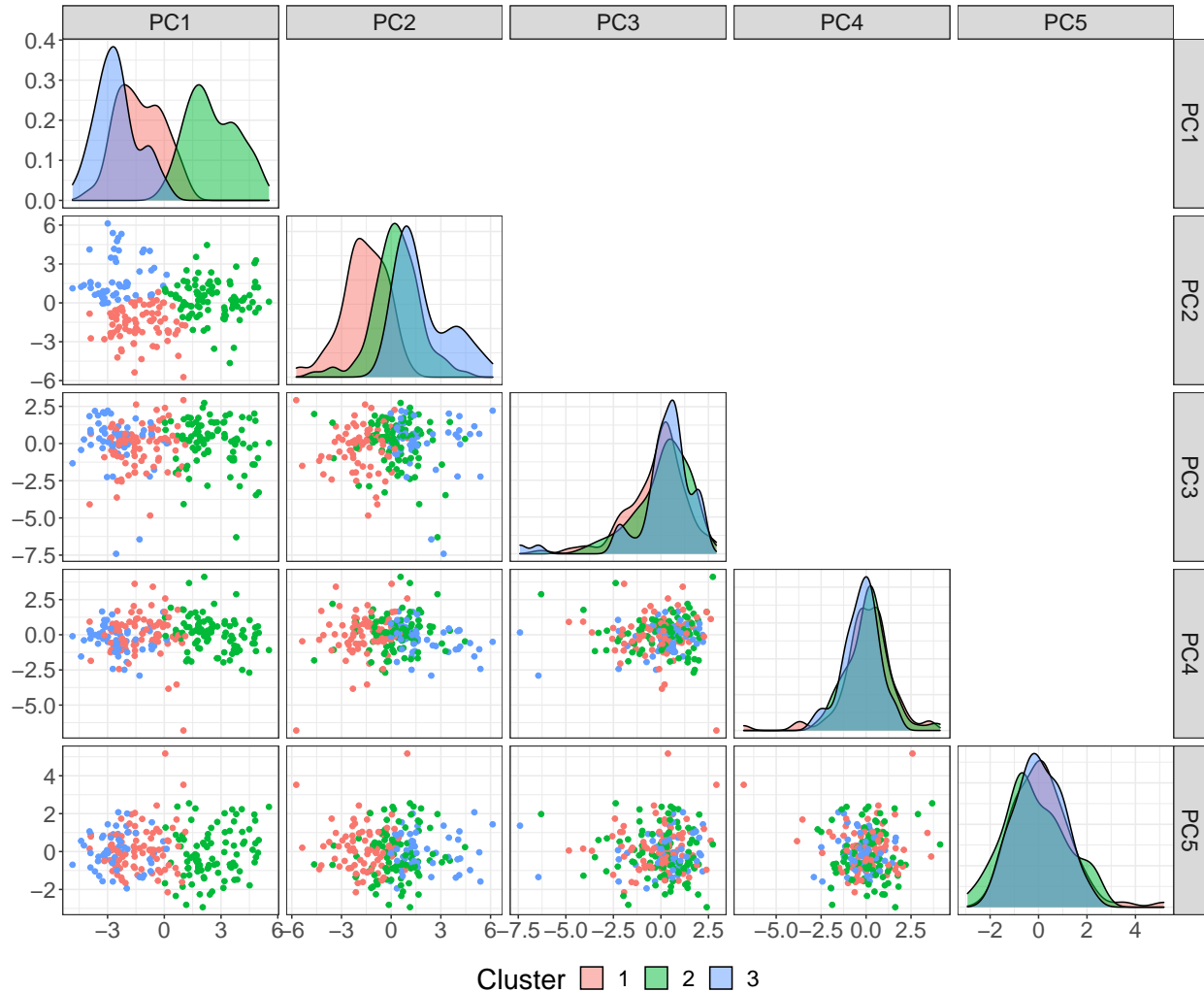
We can make pairwise scatterplots of the principal component (PC) scores, with the colour indicating cluster membership. The distributions of PC scores within the clusters are plotted on the diagonal.

```
tib_clusters <- tibble(cluster = km_clust$cluster) %>% mutate(Player = names(km_clust$cluster))
df_pca <- df_pca %>% left_join(tib_clusters)
```

```
## Joining, by = "Player"
```

```
df_pca %>% pivot_wider(names_from = Var2, values_from = value) %>%
  GGally::ggpairs(columns = 3:7, aes(colour = as.factor(cluster)), upper = "blank",
    diag = list(continuous = GGally::wrap("densityDiag", alpha = 0.5)),
    legend = c(1,1))+
  labs(fill = "Cluster")+
  theme_bw() + theme(text = element_text(size = 20), legend.position = "bottom")
```

```
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'GGally':
##   method from
##   +.gg      ggplot2
```



The distributions of principal component scores are well separated between clusters (at least for the first two principal components). We can now try to interpret what the clusters actually represent. For this, we take a look at the cluster centers and at the matrix of loadings.

```

clust_centers <- km_clust$centers
loadings <- as_tibble(pca$rotation[ , 1:n_pcs]) %>%
  mutate_all( ~ { ifelse(abs(.x)> 0.1, round(.x,2), "") }) %>%
  mutate(metric = rownames(pca$rotation))

knitr::kable(loadings[, c(n_pcs+1, 1:n_pcs)])

```

metric	PC1	PC2	PC3	PC4	PC5	PC6	PC7	PC8	PC9	PC10
Blocks_Blocks		-0.17		-0.34	0.2	-0.43	0.28	-0.26	-0.22	0.15
Sh_Blocks	-0.26	-0.19		-0.26		-0.18	0.12	-0.13	-0.21	
Clr	-0.29	-0.2	-0.12		0.11					
Int		-0.13			0.44	0.26	0.26	0.13	0.25	0.45
Won_Aerial Duels	-0.27	-0.21			0.1				-0.11	
TacklesWonPercent				0.12	0.14	-0.6	-0.43	-0.12		-0.15
Tkl_percent_Challenges			0.14	0.56	0.35		0.22		-0.17	-0.22
Cmp_percent_Total	-0.23	0.37						-0.18		
Lost_Challenges	0.25			-0.47			-0.14	-0.18	0.27	

metric	PC1	PC2	PC3	PC4	PC5	PC6	PC7	PC8	PC9	PC10
Err				-0.37	0.22			0.53	-0.28	-0.26
Mins_Per_90			0.16		-0.3	-0.26	0.55			0.16
Carries_Carries	-0.12	0.42			0.12			0.14	-0.11	
PrgC_Carries	0.29	0.21					0.1	0.28	-0.11	0.15
Mis_Carries	0.32				0.12					-0.13
Dis_Carries	0.31	0.13								-0.28
PrgDist_Carries		0.41						0.28	-0.14	0.16
CrsPA	0.28		0.11			-0.21		0.26		0.15
Cmp_percent_Long	-0.25	0.2		-0.2	0.12					-0.17
Cmp_percent_Short		0.4				-0.11		-0.22		
Cmp_percent_Medium	-0.29	0.26						-0.13		
PKcon			-0.26	0.17	0.15	-0.38	-0.17	0.22	0.4	0.34
OG				-0.12	-0.18	-0.19	0.37	0.32	0.58	-0.45
Fls	0.11		-0.49		0.18		0.26	-0.13		-0.17
Tkl_Tackles	0.24		0.18		0.48			-0.16	0.16	-0.17
CardsPer90			-0.47		0.2			-0.12		
FoulsPerTackle			-0.56		-0.18				-0.19	

Interpretation

Principal Component Scores

- first PC
 - high negative loads on Shots blocked, Clearances, Won Aerial Duels, completed pass percentage (also long + medium completed pass perc.)
 - moderately negative load on carries
 - high positive loads on lost challenges, Progressive carries, failed carries, dispossessed carries, Crosses into penalty area, Number of tackles
 - moderately positive load on Fouls
 - ⇒ high negative scores on PC1 can be interpreted as having good positioning and defendings skills (able to clear, block shots, win aerial duels) while not taking too many risks (few tackles, fouls; safe passes, few failed or dispossessed carries)
 - confident and safe playing style
 - contarily, high scores on PC1 are related to rather bad positioning and
 - having to tackle/foul more, less safe playing style, taking more risks (also for making progression)
- second PC
 - has moderately high negative loads on Blocks in total, shots blocked, clearances, intercepts and aerial duels,
 - high positive loads on pass completion percentage (all distance categories), carries, progressive carries, progressive distance carried
 - balances classic defending skills and ball playing qualities,
 - high scores on PC2 related to great ball playing qualities,
 - low scores to great defending skills and less good ball playing ability.
- third PC
 - loadings suggest that PC3 measures ‘intelligent’/good tackling skills or experience/routine
 - positive loadings on Tkl_percent_challenges, Mins_Per_90, Total Tackles
 - negative loadings on conceded penalties, Fouls, CardsPer90, FoulsPerTackle
 - having low scores on PC3 is rather unpleasant.

Cluster Interpretation


```
clust_centers[ , 1:3]
```

```
##          PC1          PC2          PC3
## 1 -1.278721 -1.6315890 -0.17056936
## 2  2.559165  0.3172104  0.07503058
## 3 -2.512178  1.9121464  0.12722141
```

- first PC: separates cluster 2 and 3 quite well, cluster 1 overlaps more with cluster 3
 - Cluster 3 (low scores): good positioning and defending skills, safe playing style
 - Cluster 1 (balanced, skewed to low scores): also good positioning and defending skills, safe playing style
 - Cluster 2 (high scores): tendency towards more tackles and fouls, more (perhaps unsuccessful) carries, likes to cross into Penalty Area
- second PC separates cluster 1 and 3 quite well, cluster two overlaps mostly with cluster 3
 - Cluster 1 (low scores): great defending skills, fewer ball playing ability
 - Cluster 2 (moderately high scores): good ball playing/carrying abilities
 - Cluster 3 (high scores): great ball playing/carrying abilities

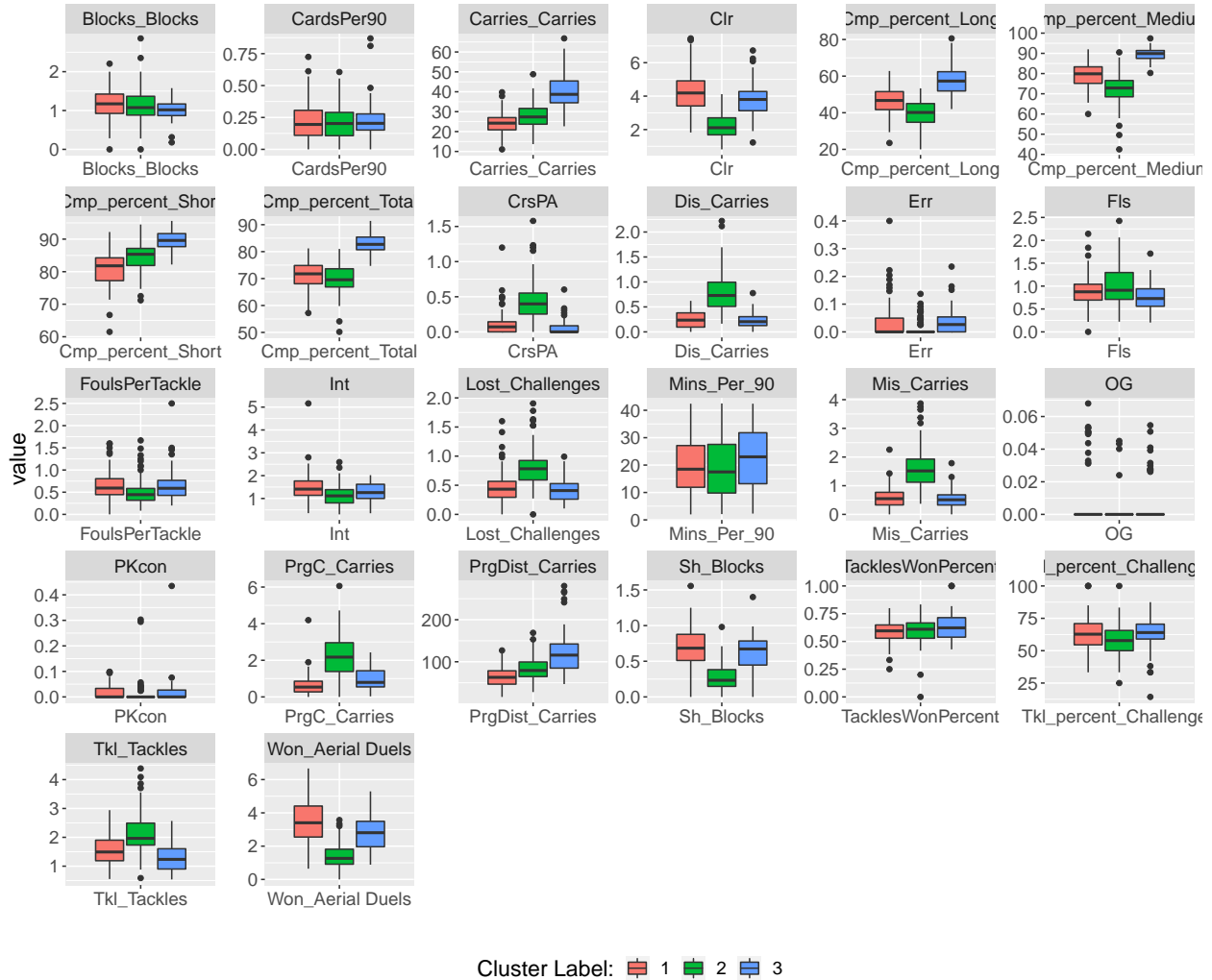
Overall, Cluster 1 is more of a ‘classical’ defender with great defending skills, good positioning and a safe playing style, without making too many progression with the ball or taking a lot of risk. Cluster 2 contains defenders that have good ball playing/carrying abilities but also tend to foul and tackle a lot, tendency to crosses into Penalty Area (in total, more willing to take a risk). Cluster three contains defenders that have a great balance between classical defending skills and ball playing abilities, without taking too many risks. The have great passing accuracy and positioning.

Groupwise boxplots of original stats

```
cbs_ana <- cbs_ana %>% select(-"Mins_Per_90") %>% left_join(tib_clusters)
```

```
## Joining, by = "Player"
```

```
cbs_ana %>% pivot_longer(cols = Blocks.Blocks:FoulsPerTackle) %>%
  ggplot(aes( x = name, y = value, fill = as.factor(cluster)))+
  geom_boxplot()+
  facet_wrap(~name, scales = "free")+
  labs(fill = "Cluster Label:", x = "")+
  theme(legend.position = "bottom", text = element_text(size = 16))
```



Finally, we get a list of players assigned to clusters.

```
cluster_list <- df_pca %>% select(Player, cluster) %>% unique() %>%
  group_by(cluster) %>%
  nest() %>%
  mutate(playerlist = purrr::map_chr(data, ~ paste(unlist(.x), collapse = ", "))) %>%
  select(-data) %>% ungroup() %>%
  arrange(cluster)

knitr::kable(cluster_list, col.names = c("Group", "Player"), align = c("l", "c"))
```

Group	Player
1	Ajibola Alese, Robert Atkinson, Leon Balogun, Kyle Bartley, Chris Basham, Tyler Blackett, Will Boyle, Sonny Bradley, Reece Burke, Steven Caulker, Ciaran Clark, Matthew Clarke, Jake Clarke-Salter, Jamilu Collins, Callum Connolly, Jake Cooper, Charlie Cresswell, Greg Cunningham, Harlee Dean, Bambo Diaby, Callum Doyle, Jimmy Dunne, John Egan, Marvin Ekpiteta, Callum Elder, Aden Flint, Morgan Fox, George Friend, Jacob Greaves, Grant Hall, Wes Harding, Kortney Hause, Michal Helik, Tom Holmes, Andrew Hughes, Charlie Hughes, Cameron Humphreys, James Husband, Sam Hutchinson, Shaun Hutchinson, Jason Kerr, Cédric Kipré, Timm Klose, Tom Lees, Liam Lindsay, Tom Lockyer, Kevin Long, Matthew Lowton, Amadou Mbengue, Jamie McCart, Kyle McFadzean, Mark McGuinness, Tom McIntyre, Kal Naismith, Yuta Nakayama, Gabriel Osho, Matty Pearson, Lee Peltier, Ryan Porteous, Dan Potts, Marc Roberts, Jack Robinson, Michael Rose, Josh Ruffels, Dion Sanderson, Mouhamadou-Naby Sarr, Jack Simpson, Harry Souttar, Jordan Storey, Dominic Thompson, Jordan Thorniley, Curtis Tilt, Auston Trusty, Oliver Turton, Rhys Williams, Richard Wood, Rarmani Edmonds-Green, Luke McNally, Curtis Nelson, Bailey Wright
2	Max Aarons, Anel Ahmedhodzic, Ryan Andrews, George Baldock, Amari'i Bell, Jake Bidwell, Jayden Bogle, Cohen Bramall, James Bree, Callum Brittain, Jack Burroughs, Sam Byram, Cyrus Christie, Dennis Cirkin, Harry Clarke, Maxime Colin, Lewie Coyle, Fankaty Dabo, Tendayi Darikwa, Jay Dasilva, Anfernee Dijksteel, Alfie Doughty, Cody Drameh, Aaron Drewe, Tayo Edun, Álvaro Fernández, João Ferreira, Tariqe Fosu, Leo Fuhr Hjelde, Darnell Furlong, Jordan Gabriel, Luke Garbutt, Mario Gaspar, Dimitris Giannoulis, Brodie Gilmore, Lynden Gooch, Dan Gosling, Jordan Graham, NESTA Guinness-Walker, Jaheim Headley, Ki-Jana Hoever, Junior Hoilett, Ryan John Giles, Isaiah Jones, Osman Kakay, Hassane Kamara, Todd Kane, Kaine Kessler, Peter Kioso, Ethan Laird, Emmanuel Longelo, Max Lowe, Andy Lyons, Ian Maatsen, Scott Malone, Ryan Manning, Sam McCallum, James McClean, Dan McNamara, Clinton Mola, James Morris, Jeremy Ngakia, Niels Nkounkou, Rhys Norrington-Davies, Brooke Norton-Cuffy, Ryan Nyambe, Callum O'Dowda, Armstrong Okoflex, Fred Onyedinma, Kenneth Paal, Tom Pearce, Harry Pickering, Brad Potts, Cameron Pring, Przemyslaw Placheta, Baba Rahman, Joe Rankin-Costello, Mahlon Romeo, Thomas Sang, Matthew Sorinola, Dujon Sterling, Enda Stevens, Mark Sykes, Jakob Sørensen, George Tanner, Conor Townsend, Josh Tymon, Vitinho, Murray Wallace, Josh Williams, Josh Wilson-Esbrand, Andy Yiadom
3	Semi Ajayi, Daniel Ayala, Daniel Ballard, Danny Batth, Joe Bennett, Jordan Beyer, Marc Bola, Ben Cabango, Hayden Carter, Craig Cathcart, Ameen Al Dakhil, Scott Dann, Harry Darling, Robert Dickie, Hjalmar Ekdal, Tobias Figueiredo, Dael Fry, Ben Gibson, Grant Hanley, Taylor Harwood-Bellis, Wesley Hoedt, Trai Hume, Phil Jagielka, Alfie Jones, Christian Kabasele, Tomáš Kalas, Joël Latibeaudière, Darragh Lenihan, Luke Mbeti-Tatu, Sean McLoughlin, Paddy McNair, Kyle Naughton, Perry Ng, Luke O'Nien, Dara O'Shea, Andrew Omobamidele, Jonathan Panzo, Ashley Phillips, Erik Pieters, Omar Rekik, Connor Roberts, Francisco Sierralta, Tommy Smith, Charlie Taylor, William Troost-Ekong, Axel Tuanzebe, Zak Vyner, Scott Wharton, Jack Whatmough, Ben Wilmot, Nathan Wood-Gordon, Dominic Hyam, Martin Kelly