

**Proposition 10.27.** *Given any  $r \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$ , the number  $\sqrt{r}$  is unique in the sense that, if  $x$  is a positive real number such that  $x^2 = r$ , then  $x = \sqrt{r}$ .*

*Proof.* Suppose  $u$  and  $v$  are such that  $u^2 = r$  and  $v^2 = r$ . Let  $w = \sup\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x^2 < r\}$ . We will show  $u = w = v$ . For any  $x \in A := \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x^2 < r\}$  we see that  $x^2 < u^2 = r$ . If  $x < 0$ , then clearly  $x < u$ . If  $x \geq 0$ , then proposition 10.5 ( $x < u$  if and only if  $x^2 < u^2$ ) ensures that  $x < u$ . Since  $w$  is the least upper bound of  $A$ , we conclude that  $w \leq u$ . But  $w^2 = r = u^2$ . By proposition 10.5 again it must be the case that  $w = u$ . Similarly,  $v = w$ .  $\square$