HOMEWORK 11

LEANDRO RIBEIRO

Proposition. $\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{i}$ diverges.

Proof. Suppose that the harmonic series converges with sum S. Then

$$S = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{8} + \dots$$

$$= \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{8}\right) + \dots$$

$$> \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8}\right) + \dots$$

$$= 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{8} + \dots$$

$$= S$$

Thus, S > S, which is absurd.

Sources.

http://scipp.ucsc.edu/ haber/archives/physics116A10/harmapa.pdf

Date: May 9, 2017.