

**10**

O pronome oblíquo átono está colocado de acordo com a norma-padrão da língua portuguesa em:

- (A) **Me** surpreende a história de vida de Braille.  
(B) Seu método não trouxe-**Ihe** reconhecimento em vida.  
(C) O menino cego aos cinco anos tornar-**se**-ia um herói nacional na França.  
(D) Quantos impressionaram-**nos** como Braille?  
(E) Braille recebia os alunos e sempre auxiliava-**os** com o método criado.

RASCUNHO

## LÍNGUA INGLESA

### Fed's Jefferson says inflation is U.S. central bank's most worrisome problem

- 1 Inflation is the most serious problem facing the Federal Reserve and "may take some time" to address, Fed Governor Philip Jefferson said on Tuesday in his first public remarks since joining the U.S. central bank's governing body.
- 2 "Restoring price stability may take some time and will likely result in a period of below-trend growth," Jefferson told a conference in Atlanta, joining the current Fed consensus for continued interest rate increases to battle price pressures.
- 3 "I want to assure you that my colleagues and I are resolute that we will bring inflation back down to 2% ... We are committed to taking the further steps necessary."
- 4 Monetary policy that stabilizes inflation "can produce long-term, noninflationary economic expansions ... that economic history suggests is an ideal framework or environment for inclusive growth," Jefferson said. "So, it is important that we get back to that kind of economy. And that is what I think the intent of the Fed is."
- 5 Fed Chair Jerome Powell has admitted that the central bank's intent to slow economic growth will cause economic "pain" and likely increased unemployment, but that the worst outcome would be to let inflation take root.
- 6 In his remarks, Jefferson said there are reasons to think rigid conditions in the labor market are already easing. Indeed new data on Tuesday showed a severe decrease in job openings in August that began to bring the number of workers sought by companies more in line with the numbers of unemployed.
- 7 That could help reduce salary growth, Jefferson said, and there were indications as well that "supply bottlenecks have, finally, begun to resolve," and could also help slow down price increases.
- 8 But it remains uncertain how that will work, and in the meantime "inflation remains elevated, and this is the problem that concerns me most," Jefferson said. "Inflation creates economic burdens for households and businesses, and everyone feels its effects."

Available at: <https://www.reuters.com/markets/us/feds-jefferson-first-remarks-calls-inflation-most-concerning-problem-2022-10-04/>. Retrieved on: Oct 4, 2022. Adapted.

**11**

The main purpose of the text is to

- (A) argue that slowing the economic growth will definitely cause inflation to take root.
- (B) indicate that inflation is a serious problem, and it needs to be adequately dealt with.
- (C) suggest that restoring price stability will certainly increase inflation.
- (D) show that controlling inflation is a minor concern, compared to unemployment.
- (E) inform that the U.S. central bank's monetary policy has already decreased inflation to 2%.

**12**

In the segment of 5<sup>th</sup> paragraph “the worst outcome **would be** to let inflation take root”, the words **would be** signal

- (A) a certain future
- (B) a definite past
- (C) a hypothetical possibility
- (D) an indefinite present
- (E) an inevitable destiny

**13**

In the fragment of 5<sup>th</sup> paragraph “the worst outcome would be to let inflation **take root**”, the expression **take root** could be replaced, with no change in meaning, by

- (A) be extinguished.
- (B) become inactive.
- (C) come to an agreement.
- (D) be disregarded.
- (E) become established.

**14**

In the section of last paragraph “it remains uncertain how that will work, and **in the meantime** inflation remains elevated”, the expression **in the meantime** is synonymous with

- (A) in the past
- (B) sometimes
- (C) in the future
- (D) always
- (E) for now

**15**

The fragment of last paragraph “Inflation creates economic burdens for households and businesses” means that inflation

- (A) alleviates families and jobs.
- (B) oppresses families and companies.
- (C) stimulates institutions and commerce.
- (D) supports institutions and jobs.
- (E) promotes savings and investments.

**MATEMÁTICA****16**

As 2023 assertivas a seguir estão escritas em um caderno.

- 1) Só 1 assertiva é falsa neste caderno.
- 2) Só 2 assertivas são falsas neste caderno.
- 3) Só 3 assertivas são falsas neste caderno.
- .
- .
- n) Só n assertivas são falsas neste caderno.
- .
- .
- 2022) Só 2022 assertivas são falsas neste caderno.
- 2023) Só 2023 assertivas são falsas neste caderno.

Considerando-se essas 2023 assertivas, o número de assertivas verdadeiras é

- (A) 2023
- (B) 2022
- (C) 1011
- (D) 1
- (E) 0

**17**

J convenceu o diretor de um curso preparatório a abrir uma turma especialmente para o concurso em que ele pretende se inscrever, e comprometeu-se a trazer mais alunos para formar essa turma. O diretor do curso estabeleceu a seguinte condição:

— Uma sala com 70 lugares, ou seja, com capacidade para até 70 estudantes, será disponibilizada para a turma, desde que cada estudante, incluindo você, J, pague mensalmente R\$ 660,00, mais R\$ 30,00 por cada lugar vago.

Considerando-se a condição estabelecida pelo diretor, para que o curso tenha arrecadação mensal máxima com essa turma, ela deverá ter exatamente x estudantes.

Dividindo-se x por 5, obtém-se resto igual a

- (A) 0
- (B) 1
- (C) 2
- (D) 3
- (E) 4

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