

1. WAF: reverse_list() that takes a list as argument and reverses the elements of the list in place (use indexing operations, not any function or slicing)

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Logic: if I = [1,2,3,4,5]; result = [5,4,3,2,1]
1 2 3 4 5  # string
0 1 2 3 4  # indexes

start index = 0, end index = 4; swap the elements at index 0,4
[5,2,3,4,1]

start index = 1, end index = 3; swap the elements at index 1,3
[5,4,3,2,1]

Index start index 2 is not less than end index 2. Hence no need to go forward
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- 2. WAF: count_even_odd() that counts and returns how many numbers are even and how many are odd in a list of numbers passed as argument.
- 3. WAF: maximum() to return the largest number in a list of numbers (do not use max function). Function takes a list or tuple of numbers as argument.
- 4. WAF: *second_maximum()* Create a new version of above code to return the second largest number.
- 5. WAF: mean() that returns the mean of list of numbers passed to the function as argument.
- 6. WAF: find_in_range() that takes a three arguments:

a list of numbers, start, end

The function returns a list of numbers from the original list, which lie between start and end.

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Ex: find_in_range([3,10, 5, 8, 2, 7], 5, 9)

List of numbers = [3,10, 5, 8, 2, 7]

start = 5

end = 9

list returned should be [5, 8, 7]
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