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Decision Statements

- Statement vs Expression
- Relational Operators
- Logical Operators
- If statement and its variants
- Nesting of statements

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Statement vs Expression

- **Expression** is something that evaluates to a value
- **Statement** is any line of code that can be executed by the python interpreter.
- Since expressions evaluate to value, so they can appear on the **rhs** of an **assignment** operator (**=**).

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Relational Operators

- These operators return **True** or **False** depending on truth or false value of the relation

Operators:

>, <, >=, <=, ==, !=

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Logical Operators

- These operators evaluate **Truth** and **False** values and return **True** or **False** depending logic of the operator

3 logical Operators:

and, or, not

- **and** and **or** are *binary* operator, whereas **not** is a *unary* operator

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Truth Table: and, or, not

X	Y	X and Y
False	False	False
False	True	False
True	False	False
True	True	True

X	Y	X or Y
False	False	False
False	True	True
True	False	True
True	True	True

X	not X
False	True
True	False

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Test

- x = 2
y = x>1 and x < 100
print(y)
- x = -100
y = x>1 and x < 100
print(y)
- x = 2
y = x>1 or x < 100
print(y)
- x = -10
y = x>1 or x < 100
print(y)
- x = 2
y = x>1
print(y)
y = not y
print(y)

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Simple If Statement

- `if condition_1:`
 `statement_block_1` # notice the indentation (spacing) before the block
- The code referred to as `statement_block_1` gets executed only if the condition evaluates to true else gets skipped.
- WAP to print absolute value of a number

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Simple If-else Statement

- `if condition_1:`
 `statement_block_1`
`else:`
 `statement_block_2`
- The code referred to as **`statement_block_1`** gets executed only ***if*** the condition evaluates to true ***else*** **`statement_block_2`** gets executed.
- WAP to input 2 number and print the larger one
- WAP to print whether number is even or odd
- WAP to check if a string is **palindrome** or not (**naman** is palindrome, **gaurav** is not)

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if-elif-else Statement

- if *condition_1*:
 statement_block_1
elif *condition_2*:
 statement_block_2
 ...
 ...
else: # optional
 statement_block_n
- WAP to check if no is positive, negative or zero.
- WAP to create a 4 function calculator. (also update to use functions)

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if-elif-else Statement

- WAP to input age and print the respective text depending on the age ranges as present in the table.

Age	Text To display
0-12	Child
13-17	Teen
18-50	Adult
51-100	Senior Citizen
age > 100	All the Best

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Nested if-else statements

- `if condition_1:`
 - `if condition_2:`
 - `block_1`
 - `else:`
 - `block_2`
- `elif ...`
- `...`
- `...`
- When a **if** block appears within another if block (can be inside **elif** or **else** or both), the inner block is said to be nested inside the outer block.

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Test

- WAP to input 2 numbers. And do operation depending on the following:
 1. if any of the numbers is negative:
 - a. if both are odd, add them
 - b. otherwise, subtract them
 2. otherwise:
 - a. if both are odd, multiply
 - b. if one of them is odd, divide
 - c. otherwise, find remainder
- WAP to input 2 numbers and check whether the first is divisible by the second and print true or false depending on the divisibility.
- WAP to print the value of the largest of 3 numbers taken as input from the user.

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