Solution to Problem Set #4: Question 3 (if it was a Cournot market)

$$Q_a=21-2P_a+P_b$$
, therefore  $P_a=rac{21+P_b-Q_a}{2}$   $Q_b=21+P_a-2P_b$ , therefore  $P_b=rac{21+P_a-Q_b}{2}$ 

Plugging  $P_b$  into  $P_a$ 

$$P_{a} = \frac{21 + \left(\frac{21 + P_{a} - Q_{b}}{2}\right) - Q_{a}}{2}$$

$$P_{a} = \frac{63 - Q_{b} - 2Q_{a}}{3}$$

$$\pi_{a} = \left(\frac{63 - Q_{b} - 2Q_{a}}{3}\right)Q_{a}$$

$$\frac{\partial \pi}{\partial A_{a}} = \frac{63 - Q_{b} - 4Q_{a}}{3} = 0$$

Since the market is symmetric, we know that  $Q_a = Q_b$ 

Therefore, 
$$\frac{63-Q_a-4Q_a}{3}=0$$

$$Q_a = 12.6$$