

## Optimization Algorithms

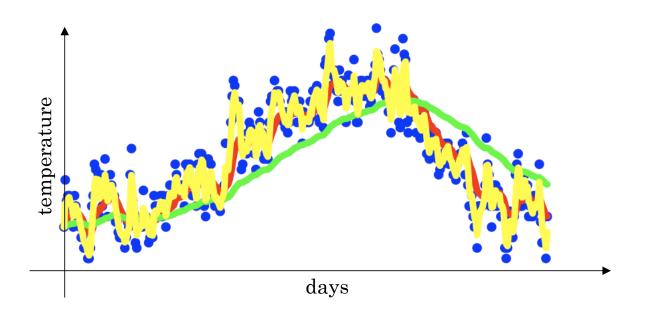
Understanding exponentially weighted averages

## Exponentially weighted averages

$$v_t = \beta v_{t-1} + (1-\beta)\theta_t$$

$$\beta = 0.9$$

$$6.99$$



## Exponentially weighted averages

$$v_{t} = \beta v_{t-1} + (1 - \beta)\theta_{t}$$

$$v_{100} = 0.9v_{99} + 0.1\theta_{100}$$

$$v_{99} = 0.9v_{98} + 0.1\theta_{99}$$

$$v_{98} = 0.9v_{97} + 0.1\theta_{98}$$
...
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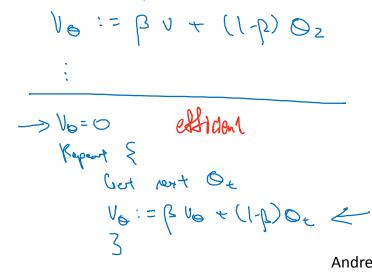
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 $\mathcal{E}=0.02 \Rightarrow 0.98 \stackrel{50}{=} 2$  Andrew Ng

## Implementing exponentially weighted averages

```
v_0 = 0
v_1 = \beta v_0 + (1 - \beta) \theta_1
v_2 = \beta v_1 + (1 - \beta) \theta_2
v_3 = \beta v_2 + (1 - \beta) \theta_3
```



No := B N + (1-B) 0,