



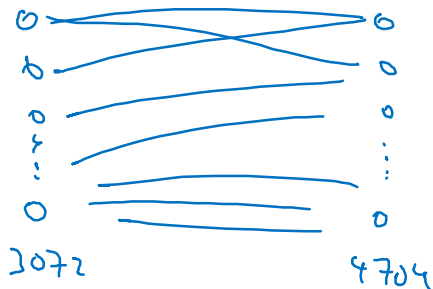
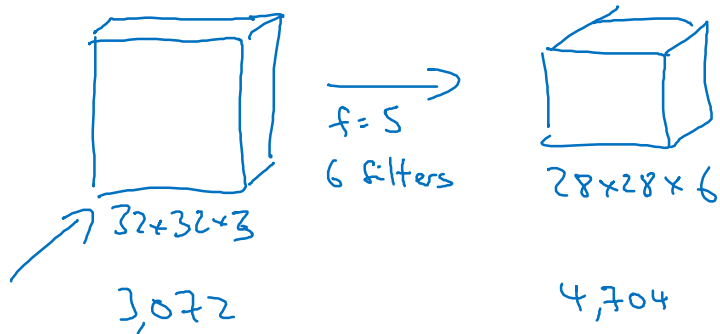
deeplearning.ai

# Convolutional Neural Networks

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## Why convolutions?

# Why convolutions



$$\cancel{5 \times 5} = \cancel{25}$$

$$\cancel{26}$$

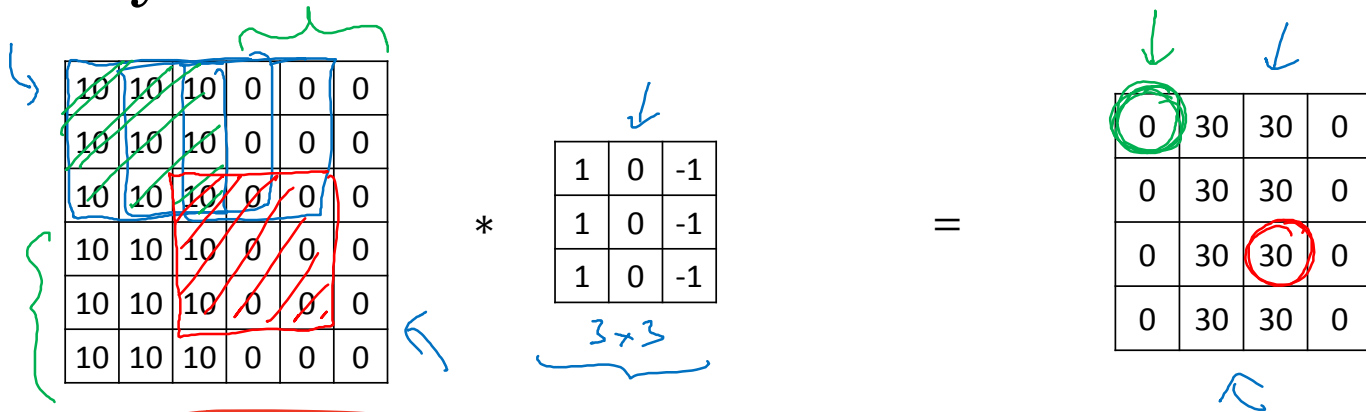
$$\cancel{6 \times 26} = \cancel{156} \text{ parameters}$$

$$(5 \times 5 \times 3 + 1) \times 6 = 456$$

$$3,072 \times 4,704 \approx \underline{14M}$$

# Why convolutions

translation invariance 平移不变性

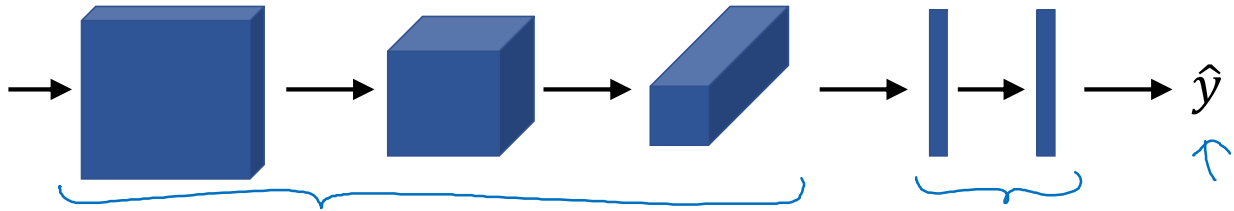


**Parameter sharing:** A feature detector (such as a vertical edge detector) that's useful in one part of the image is probably useful in another part of the image.

→ **Sparsity of connections:** In each layer, each output value depends only on a small number of inputs.

# Putting it together

Training set  $(x^{(1)}, y^{(1)}) \dots (x^{(m)}, y^{(m)})$ .



$$\text{Cost } J = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \mathcal{L}(\hat{y}^{(i)}, y^{(i)})$$

Use gradient descent to optimize parameters to reduce  $J$