deeplearning.ai

Basics of Neural Network Programming

More vectorization examples

Neural network programming guideline

Whenever possible, avoid explicit for-loops.

$u = Av$

$u_i = \sum_j A_{ij} v_j$

```
u = np.zeros((n,1))
for i ...
    for j ...
        u[i] += A[i][j] * v[j]
```

```
u = np.dot(A,v)
```

Vectors and matrix valued functions

Say you need to apply the exponential operation on every element of a matrix/vector.

$$v = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ \vdots \\ v_n \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow u = \begin{bmatrix} e^{v_1} \\ e^{v_2} \\ \vdots \\ e^{v_n} \end{bmatrix}$$

```
u = np.zeros((n,1))
for i in range(n):
    u[i]=math.exp(v[i])
```

```
import numpy as np
u = np.exp(v)
```

```
np.log(v)
np.abs(v)
np.maximum(v,0)
v**2
1/v
```

Logistic regression derivatives

$J = 0$, ~~$dw_1 = 0$, $dw_2 = 0$~~, $db = 0$

$dw = np.zeros((n_x, 1))$

for $i = 1$ to n:

$z^{(i)} = w^T x^{(i)} + b$

$a^{(i)} = \sigma(z^{(i)})$

$J \mathrel{+}= -\left[y^{(i)} \log \hat{y}^{(i)} + (1 - y^{(i)}) \log(1 - \hat{y}^{(i)})\right]$

$dz^{(i)} = a^{(i)}(1 - a^{(i)})$

for $j = 1 \ldots n_x$:

~~$dw_1 \mathrel{+}= x_1^{(i)} dz^{(i)}$~~

~~$dw_2 \mathrel{+}= x_2^{(i)} dz^{(i)}$~~

$n_x = 2$

$dw \mathrel{+}= x^{(i)} dz^{(i)}$

$db \mathrel{+}= dz^{(i)}$

$J = J/m$, ~~$dw_1 = dw_1/m$, $dw_2 = dw_2/m$~~, $db = db/m$

$dw /= m$.