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Comparing to human-
level performance

Understanding
human-level
performance

Human-level error as a proxy for Bayes error

Medical image classification example:

Suppose:

(a) Typical human 3 % error

→ (b) Typical doctor 1 % error

(c) Experienced doctor 0.7 % error

→ (d) Team of experienced doctors .. 0.5 % error ←

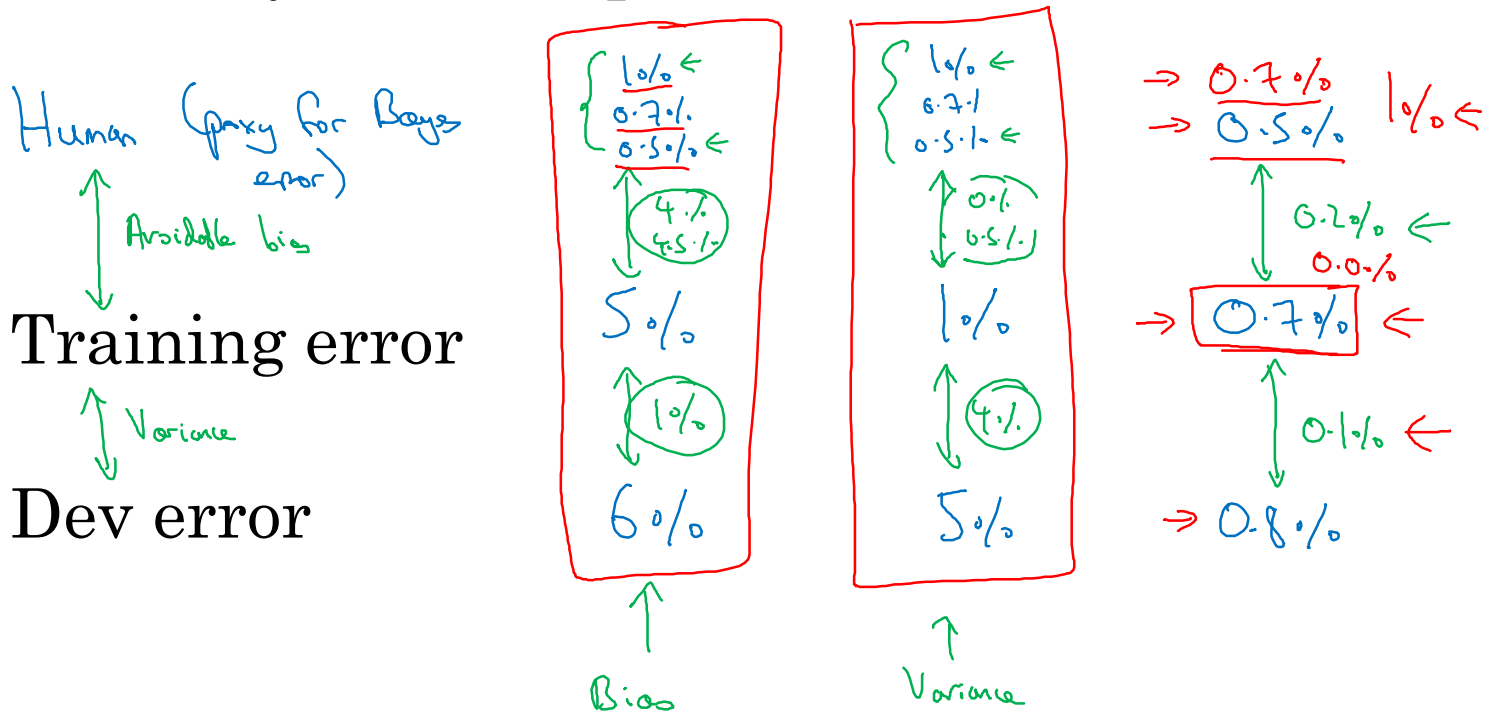
Bayes error \leq 0.5 %

What is “human-level” error?

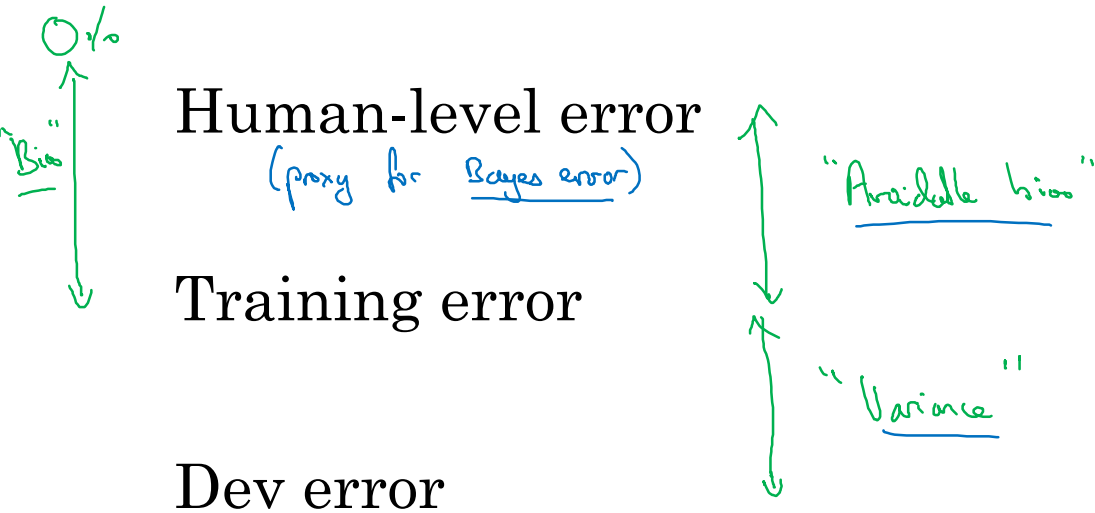
how to define



Error analysis example



Summary of bias/variance with human-level performance



Understanding human-level performance

Human-level error gives an estimate of Bayes error.

Example 1: Medical image classification

This is an example of a medical image classification in which the input is a radiology image and the output is a diagnosis classification decision.

	Classification error (%)
Typical human	3.0
Typical doctor	1.0
Experienced doctor	0.7
Team of experienced doctors	0.5

The definition of human-level error depends on the purpose of the analysis, in this case, by definition the Bayes error is lower or equal to 0.5%.

Example 2: Error analysis

	Classification error (%)		
	Scenario A	Scenario B	Scenario C
Human (proxy for Bayes error)	1	1	0.5
	0.7	0.7	
	0.5	0.5	
Training error	5	1	0.7
Development error	6	5	0.8

Scenario A

In this case, the choice of human-level performance doesn't have an impact. The avoidable bias is between 4%-4.5% and the variance is 1%. Therefore, the focus should be on bias reduction technique.

Scenario B

In this case, the choice of human-level performance doesn't have an impact. The avoidable bias is between 0%-0.5% and the variance is 4%. Therefore, the focus should be on variance reduction technique.

Scenario C

In this case, the estimate for Bayes error has to be 0.5% since you can't go lower than the human-level performance otherwise the training set is overfitting. Also, the avoidable bias is 0.2% and the variance is 0.1%. Therefore, the focus should be on bias reduction technique.

Summary of bias/variance with human-level performance

- Human - level error – proxy for Bayes error
- If the difference between human-level error and the training error is bigger than the difference between the training error and the development error. The focus should be on bias reduction technique
- If the difference between training error and the development error is bigger than the difference between the human-level error and the training error. The focus should be on variance reduction technique