

HOW TO USE THE SKYDEL RINEX OBSERVATION GENERATOR TOOL?

Topic raised by SKYDEL users :

Rinex Observation file is an ASCII file of Pseudo-range data conforming to the RINEX standard. The time system is GPS Time, and the scalar data is reference frame independent using by used by GNSS receivers or applications such as RTK to analyze data.



SKYDEL SOLUTION

Orolia provides a specific Tool Kit, including an easy to use Python Script to generate GLONASS Rinex Observation from Skydel raw data.

This Technical note describes how to easily use the tool kit to “fill the gaps of GLONASS Rinex files”.

PROCESS

Download the Tool kit

The Skydel Rinex Observation Generator Tool Kit is available on OROLIA web site from the following <https://github.com/learn-orolia>.

Follow the installation recommendation

1. Python installation:

Make sure you have a python from version 3.7 or download the latest python version from <https://www.python.org/downloads/>.

2. Open a terminal and check your python version:

```
$ python -version
```

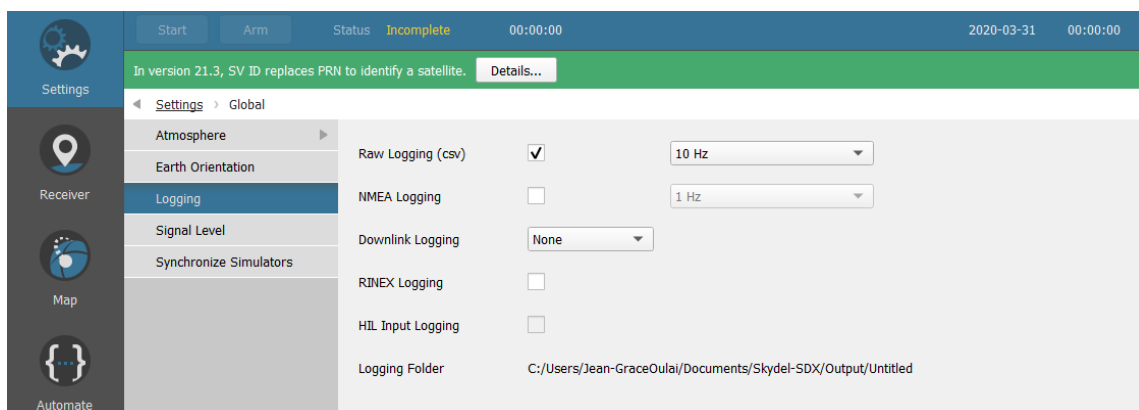
3. Packages installation:

```
$ pip install -r requirements.txt
```








4. Navigate to the directory in which the tool kit was installed on the system.

Generate pseudo-range data from Skydel

To get the pseudo-range data from Skydel, go to **Settings** → **Global** → **Logging** and check Raw Logging (csv).



The generated files will be saved in the output data of Skydel:

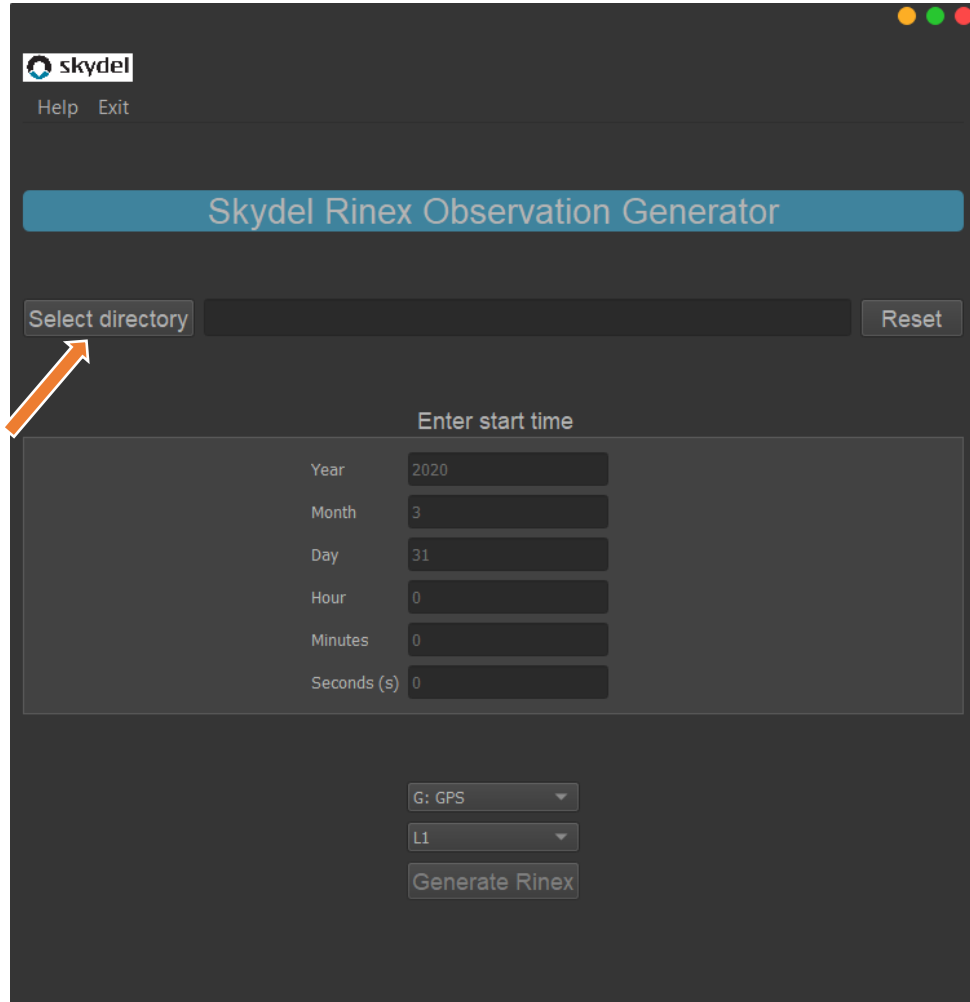
-  L1CA 02.csv
-  L1CA 03.csv
-  L1CA 06.csv
-  L1CA 12.csv
-  L1CA 17.csv
-  L1CA 19.csv
-  L1CA 24.csv

Run and operate with the script

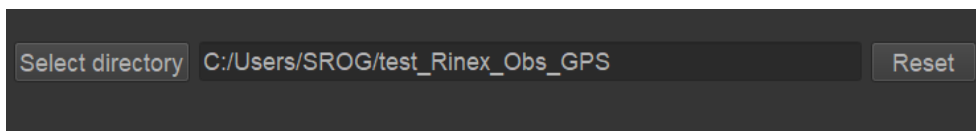
1. Run the Skydel Rinex Observation Generator tool:

```
$ python main.py
```

The following window opens:



2. Click the button "Select directory" to load your generated Skydel raw data.



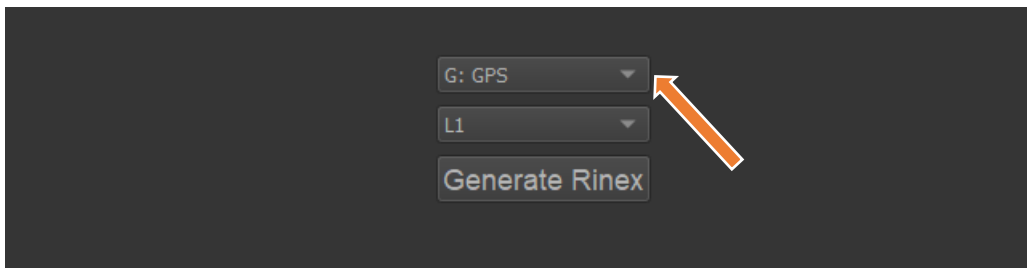
When the directory is loaded, the tool takes a few seconds to read and analyze the data.

3. Enter the start time of your simulation using the edit text section.

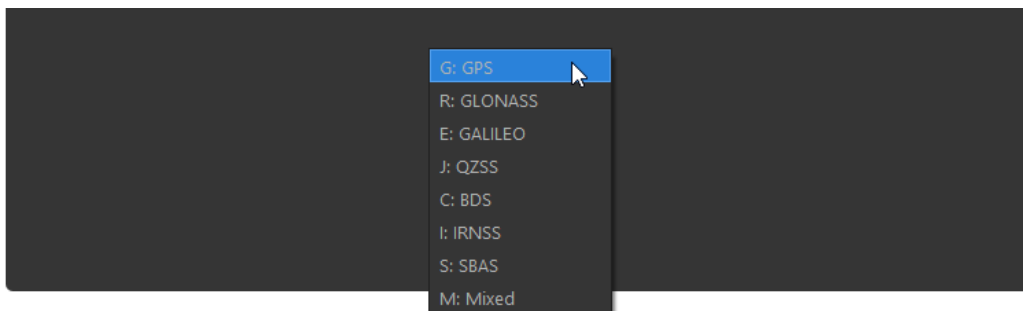


4. Select your type of GNSS constellation.

Click on the **G: GPS** button.

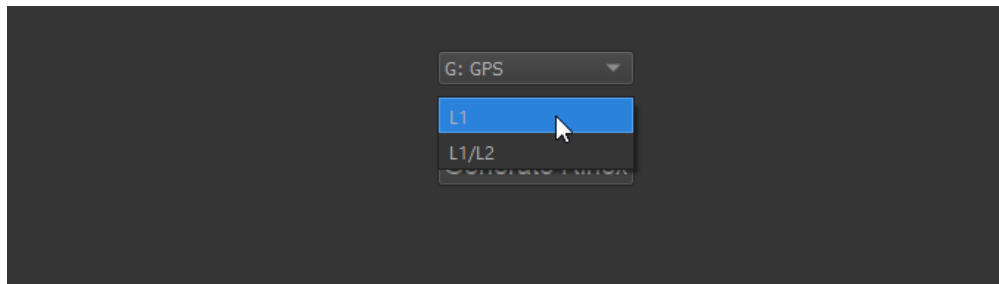


Click on the arrow to expand the drop-down list and select your GNSS constellation.

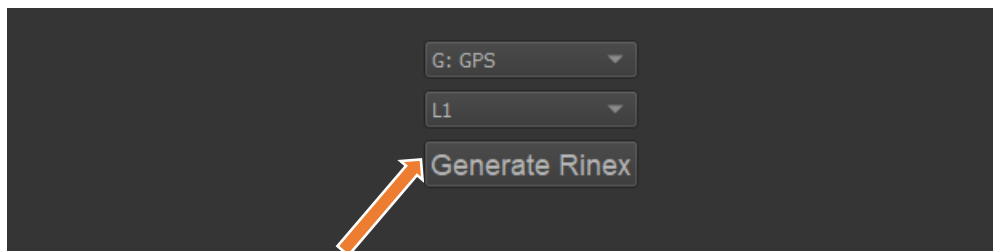


If your skydel raw data contains files from several GNSS constellations (for example GPS and GLONASS), selected M: Mixed.

Click on the second combobox and expand it to select your GNSS band:



5. To start, click on the button Generate Rinex



A dialog window will open to help you choose the location and name of the Observation file you want to generate.

Then go to the path where you saved your observation file. You should have a file like this:

```

      3.04          OBSERVATION DATA      E          RINEX VERSION / TYPE
sbf2rin-13.4.5    20200813 185642 UTC PGM / RUN BY / DATE
SEPT              Unknown                 MARKER NAME
Unknown           Unknown                 MARKER NUMBER
Unknown           SEPT POLARX5            OBSERVER / AGENCY
3013296           Unknown                 REC # / TYPE / VERS
Unknown           Unknown                 ANT # / TYPE
      1320816.1902 -4320195.0015 4487349.8252 APPROX POSITION XYZ
      0.0000      0.0000      0.0000 ANTENNA: DELTA H/E/N
E    2 C1C L1C    SYS / # / OBS TYPES
      2020      3    31      0      0      0.00000000 GPS TIME OF FIRST OBS
                                          END OF HEADER

> 2020 03 31 00 00 0.50000000 0 06
E11 24403367.371 7 128240538.42850
E12 21672928.448 7 113891991.51480
E24 22901335.042 7 120347307.20620
E25 25419921.934 7 133582567.35640
E31 27542279.960 7 144735614.38950
E33 26397525.146 7 138719900.76420
> 2020 03 31 00 00 0.60000000 0 06
E11 24403335.082 7 128240368.75350
E12 21672938.226 7 113892042.89880
E24 22901371.198 7 120347497.20820
E25 25419903.690 7 133582471.48380
E31 27542341.973 7 144735940.27200
E33 26397566.882 7 138720120.08720
> 2020 03 31 00 00 0.70000000 0 06
E11 24403302.795 7 128240199.08010
E12 21672948.004 7 113892094.28470

```