4. 9 m sinon: A= (2 + \square + \square - \alpha) = (2 \ \square - \alpha \) = (2 \ \quare - \quare - \alpha \) = (2 \ \quare - ท. จิ้าถักจือม ผ่าม อม A $^{\circ} A = \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{1+\alpha}} + \sqrt{1-\alpha} \right) \overset{\circ}{\circ} \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{1-\alpha^2}} + 1 \right) = \left(\frac{2 + \sqrt{1-\alpha^2}}{\sqrt{1+\alpha}} \right) \overset{\circ}{\circ} \left(\frac{2 + \sqrt{1-\alpha^2}}{\sqrt{1-\alpha^2}} \right)$ $A = \left(\frac{2 + \sqrt{1 - \alpha^2}}{\sqrt{1 + \alpha}}\right) \times \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \alpha^2}}{2 + \sqrt{1 - \alpha^2}}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{1 - \alpha^2}}{\sqrt{1 + \alpha}} = \frac{(\sqrt{1 - \alpha})(\sqrt{1 + \alpha})}{\sqrt{1 + \alpha}}$ A = Ji-a 2.5980786129812020 A $61870 = \frac{22}{49}$ $A = \sqrt{1 - \frac{2u}{49}} = \sqrt{\frac{u_9 - 2u}{49}} = \sqrt{\frac{25}{49}} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{5}{7}\right)^2}$ 6/2 A = 5 ถื. จิ๋งคิดไล่คาลๆ a เพื่อใช้เฮเมอม A=2 (2) (3)2 คิวอุดภายาลาลๆ x, y, Z g ว่า ปx-y+z = Jx - Jy + Jz 20810:20 1x-y+2 = 5x - Jgg+JZ Vx-y+z + Jy = Jx +Jz なかがありをかりなりなりないり (232) $9x - y + z + y + 2\sqrt{(x - y + z)}y = x + z + 2\sqrt{xz}$ $(x-y+z)y = xz \leftrightarrow xy-y^2+yz = xz$ $(x-y+z)y = xz \leftrightarrow xy-y^2+yz = xz$ (y-x)(y-z)=0 (y-x)(y-z)=03. $9\sqrt{3}$ a un: $9 = 9\sqrt{3} =$ 20012121 f(-2) = asin (-2)° + bc-27 (65 c-1)° + 4 f(-2) = -a Sinczo - 26 65 (03) + 4 = - (a Sinczo + 26 65(2)) + 4
f(-2) = - (-1) + 4 = 5 m f(-2)=5

