# Learning Lantern

Web Based Learning Management System Project

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Faculty of Computer and Information Assiut University 22/6/2022

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# Chapter 1 Introduction

1.1.	What we will create
1.2.	Project Objective
1.3.	Project Overview
1.4.	Services of Site
1.5.	Technology used
1.6.	Advantages of Site
1	6.1. Just for Learning (not general purpose).
1	6.2. On demand Services
1	6.3. Lectures

#### 1.1. What we will Create:

We will create a group of integrated services that enhance the E-learning experience and offers simplicity of use and convenience of Usage

# 1.2. Project Objective:

Building a set of services to help educational institutions moving to online learning

# 1.3. Project Overview:

- 1. This Project is about helping universities & educational institutions moving to Online Learning easily by providing a set of useful services that are essential in the online learning process.
- 2. The universities & educational institutions can subscribe to one of more of the provided services according to their needs.

#### 1.4. Services:

#### 1. virtual classroom:

This is the core of the project and the most important service, this service enables instructors and students to:

- Interact through live lectures
- Assign Projects
- Take in Lecture Quizzes
- Take Attendance
- Calculate Participation of Each student
- instant chat (audio, video, text, share screen)

#### 2. online text editor:

This service allows Instructors to:

- Create online courses (ex. W3schools)
- The ability to use text, images, tables, charts, inline Quizzes
- The course pages should track if the student has visited and completed each lesson. (ex. Udemy courses)

#### 3. video hosting

This service allows instructors to:

- Host recorded lessons.
- Create in video quizzes at a given timestamp.

#### 4. Calendar & To-do List

These are two services that are highly related that they are considered as ,

- 1) This service allows instructors to:
  - Schedule lectures, quizzes & exams, these schedule . should be added automatically to students' calendar.
  - Automatically search for common available times for all students before scheduling any activity.
- 2) This service allows students to:

- Create personal to-do Lists to organize their works.
- Create collaborative to do Lists to organize teams works.
- Create pre-defined to-do lists

# 1.5. Technology:

#### Frontend:

- 1) Html5, css3, JavaScript.
- 2) Angular.
- 3) VedioJS.
- 4) TinyMCE.

#### Backend:

- 1) ASP.Net core
- 2) Entity framework
- 3) SQL Server
- 4) Microsoft Azure

# 1.6. Advantages of Site:

#### 1.6.1. Just for Learning (not general purpose):

Our System focuses only on the e-learning process more than the communications.

#### 1.6.2. On demand Services:

Each university can only pay for the services it needs.

#### 1.6.3. Lectures:

- We record all live lectures so they will be accessible all time.
- The lectures can have quizzes at a given timestamp.

# Chapter 2 Database Design & Implementation

<u>2.1.</u> Database De	esign
2.2. Database Im	plementation

# 2.1. Database Design:

#### - We follow a standard step to design the database:

- 1) Build a conceptual model.
- 2) Build a logical model.
- 3) Build a physical model.
- 4) Identify the primary keys.
- 5) Identify the Foreign keys.
- 6) Normalize the database:

Our database is normalized in the 3rd normal form.

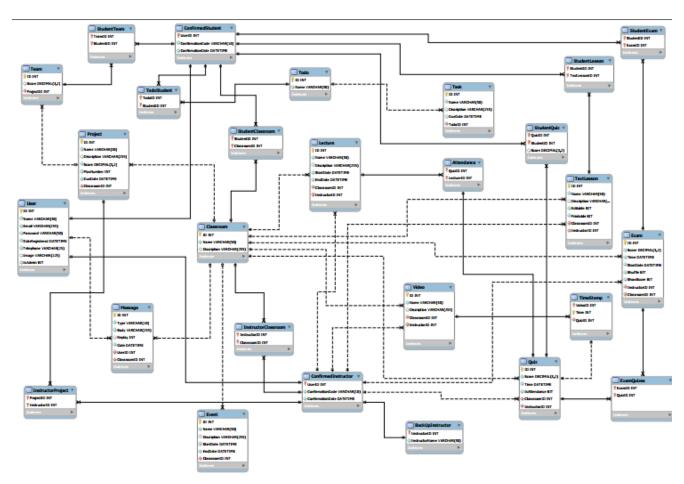


Figure 1: Database Design

# 2.3. Database Implementation:

- 1. We used SQL language to implement our database.
- 2. We used SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS).
- 3. Our database model consists of 28 tables including bridge tables.

# Chapter 3 Construction & Implementation

gn Architecture
nentication and Authorization
User API Architecture
User Service
User Controller
Authorization service
Sign Up
Validate Email
Sign In
Roles
sroom
Chat
Video Chat
Calendar
Text Lesson.
.1. Interactive Video
lo
ntend Implementation:

Use HTML, CSS, Java script, Angular framework, Video JS, and TinyMCE to design and implement website pages like:

- Landing page (Home)
- Log in page
- Sign up page
- Classroom page
- Chat
- Text Lesson
- Etc.....

## Backend Implementation:

Use *Microservice* Architecture and *Web API*. Schema used to implement each service's API is: Each service is a project itself that contain the following:

#### • Controller:

It handles incoming HTTP requests and send response back to the caller.

## • Data Transfer Objects (DTOs):

Is a type that has no behavior, only state. DTOs are frequently used to transfer data over some medium, being serialized and then deserialized in the process. Behavior (methods, logic) doesn't transfer.

#### Models:

A *model* is an object that represents the data in your application. ASP.NET Web API can automatically serialize your model to JSON, XML, or some other format, and then write the serialized data into the body of the HTTP response message.

#### • Repositories:

With the Repository, we create an abstraction layer between the data access and the business logic layer of an application. By using it, we are promoting a more loosely coupled approach to access our data from the database. Also, the code is cleaner and easier to maintain and reuse. Data access logic is in a separate class or sets of classes called a repository.

# 3.1. Design Architecture:

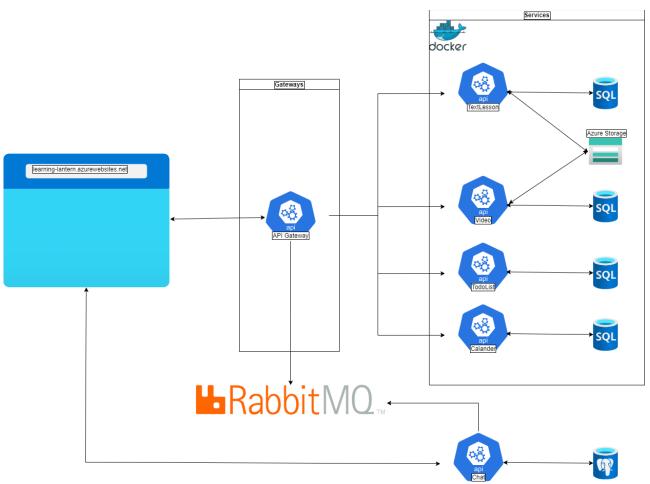


Figure 2: Design Architecture

# 3.2. <u>Authentication and Authorization:</u>

#### 3.1.1. User API Architecture:

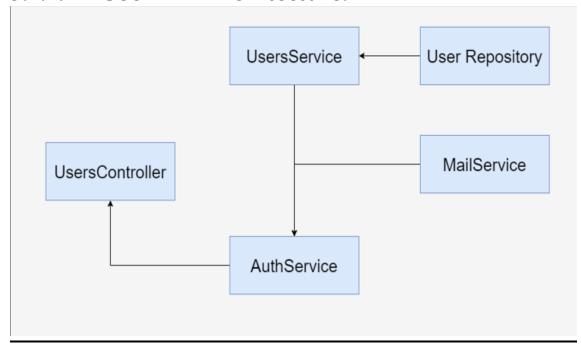


Figure 3: User API Architecture

#### 3.1.2. User Service:

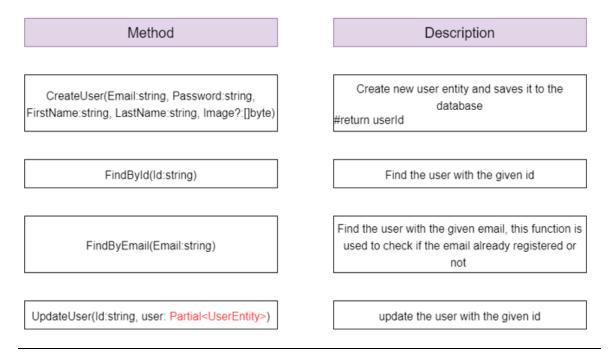


Figure 4: User Service

#### 3.1.3. User Controller:

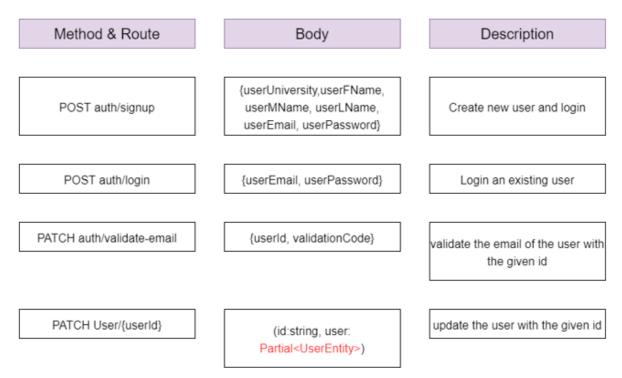


Figure 5: User Controller

#### 3.1.4. Authorization service:

#### Method Description UsersService check if the user email already registered signup(email:string, password:string, Step6: createUser(email:string, password:string, hash the user password fName:string, mName:string, IName:string) fName:string, mName:string, IName:string) save the user to the database send confirmation email return (201, created) MailService Step7: sendUserConfrimation(email:string, confirmationCode:string) UsersService validateFmail(userld:number 1. check if the a user with the given email exist, if validationCode:string) it is get the user record, if not return(404, Step1: findEmail(email:string) NotFound) 2. return (id) UsersService check if the user with the given email exists, if login(userEmail:string, userPassword:string) exist get the user, if not return (404, NotFound) Step1: findEmail(email:string) 2. generate JWT token with id as payload 3. return (id, token)

**AuthService** 

Figure 6: Authorization service

#### 3.1.5. Sign Up or Registration:

In this, the interested users get registered by selecting their desired first name, last name, password and by providing other necessary details.

Each user can register only one time. Details of each person along with their username and password are saved permanently in the database.

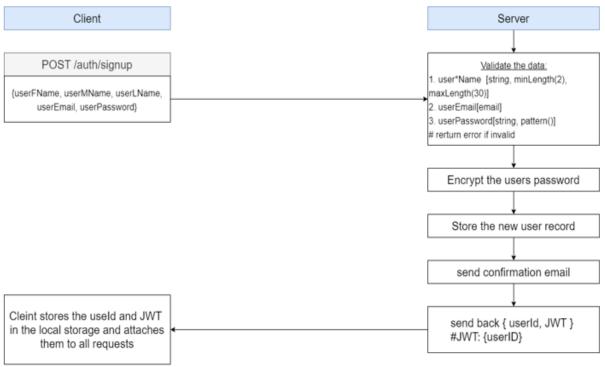


Figure 7: Sign up

#### 3.1.6. Validate Email:

After the registration process, the user receives a confirmation message to the email he registered with.

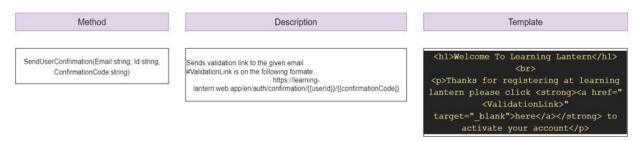


Figure 8: Mail Service

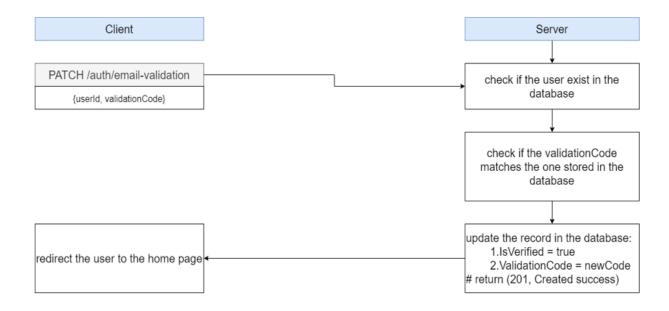


Figure 9: Validate Email

#### 3.1.7. Sign In:

After confirmation process, the user can try to sign in by entering the university name, email, and password.

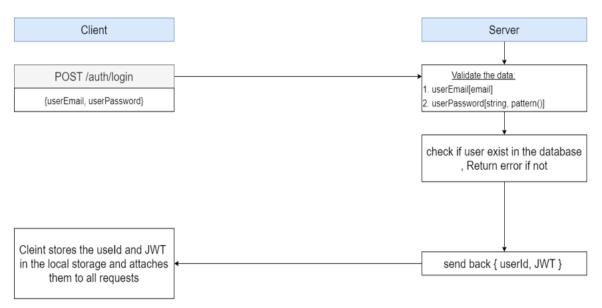


Figure 10: Sign In

#### 3.1.8. Roles:

# • There are 4 types of roles on the website:

- 1. Admin
- 2. University admin
- 3. Instructor
- 4. Student

#### • Admin:

Developers of the website

# • University admin:

University managers and administrators

#### • Instructor:

Doctors and assistants

#### • Student:

University students

#### 3.2. Classroom:

This is the core of the project and the most important service, it contains a major set of services provided by website.

#### 3.2.1. Instant Chat:

Instructors and students stay connected via real time Instant Messages.

- Permissions:
  - 1. Admin:

Has a permission to chat but doesn't need it.

2. University Admin:

Has a permission to chat but doesn't need it.

3. Instructor:

Has a permission to chat.

4. Student:

Has a permission to chat.

#### 3.2.2. Video Chat:

Connect students and instructors together via Interactive Online Meetings which emulate the real learning Environment.

- Permissions:
  - 1. Admin:

Has a permission to schedule meeting but doesn't need it.

2. University Admin:

Has a permission to schedule meeting but doesn't need it.

3. Instructor:

Has a permission to schedule meeting.

4. Student:

Has a permission to schedule meeting.

#### 3.2.3. Calendar:

Students can keep organized with our integrated Calendar.

- Permissions:
  - 1. Admin:

Has a permission to use a calendar but doesn't need it.

2. University Admin:

Has a permission to use a calendar but doesn't need it.

3. Instructor:

Has a permission to use a calendar.

4. Student:

Has a permission to use a calendar.

#### 3.2.4. Text Lesson:

Use our Online Text Editor to create text lessons for the student, including inline quizzes and progress monitor.

- Permissions:
  - 1. Admin:

Has a permission to use a Text Editor but doesn't need it.

2. University Admin:

Has a permission to use a Text Editor but doesn't need it.

3. Instructor:

Has a permission to use a Text Editor.

4. Student:

Can access it but has not a permission to use a Text Editor.

#### 3.2.4.1. Interactive Video:

Learning is available anywhere any time using our Video hosting service with interactivity features like in-video quizzes, caption ...and more.

- Permissions:
  - 1. Admin:

Has a permission to make interactive video but doesn't need it.

2. University Admin:

Has a permission to make interactive video but doesn't need it.

3. Instructor:

Has a permission to make interactive video.

#### 4. Student:

Can access it but has not a permission to make interactive video.

#### 3.3. To-do:

Students can keep organized with our integrated To-do list service.

- Permissions:
  - 1. Admin:

Has a permission to use To-Do list but doesn't need it.

2. University Admin:

Has a permission to use To-Do list but doesn't need it.

3. Instructor:

Has a permission to use To-Do list but doesn't need it.

4. Student:

Has a permission to use To-Do list.

# Chapter-4 System Testing

4.1.	Framework used	•
4.2.	Tests	

We use a test scenario strategy, for each endpoint, we test every possible scenario that can happen by the user.

First, we Mock the database by using a new In-Memory database.

Then for each repository we write a unit testing for each function.

#### 4.1. Framework used:

- 1. xUnit.net: is a free, open source, community-focused unit testing tool for the .NET Framework.
- 2. Moq: is a free mocking library, we use it to mock the dependency need for each repository.
- 3. Facker and AutoFixture: to generate random objects.

#### **4.2.** Tests:

#### 1. To-do List

- a. Add Task
  - i. Add A new Task
- b. Update Task
  - i. Update existing Task
  - ii. Update Task request with Id not exists in database
- c. Remove Task
  - i. Remove existing Task
  - ii. Remove Task request with Id not exists in database

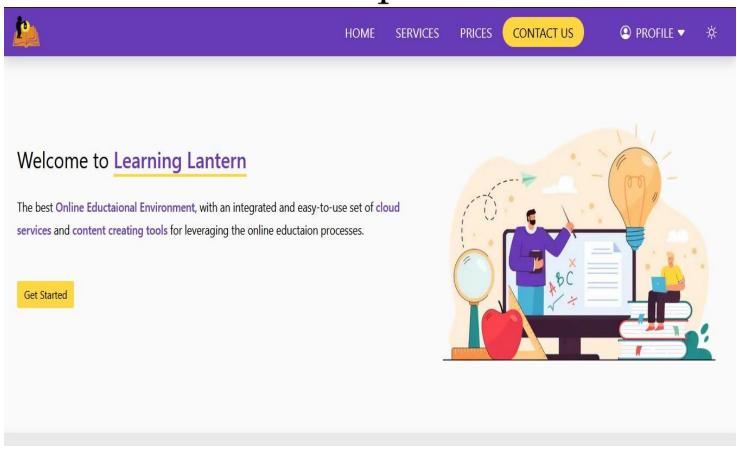
#### 2. Calendar

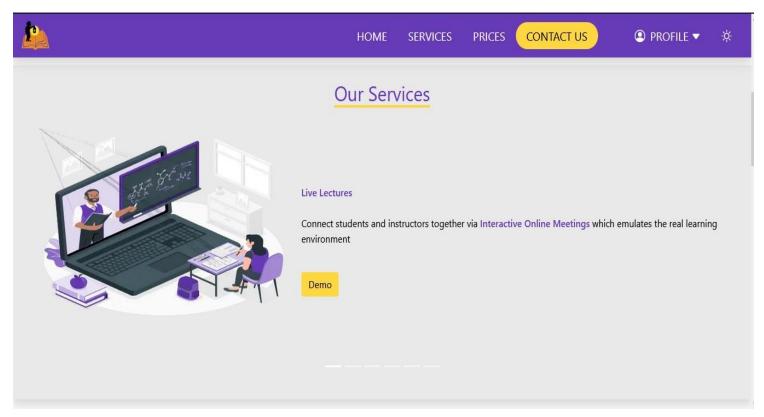
- a. Add Event
  - i. Add A new Events
- b. Update Event
  - i. Update existing Event

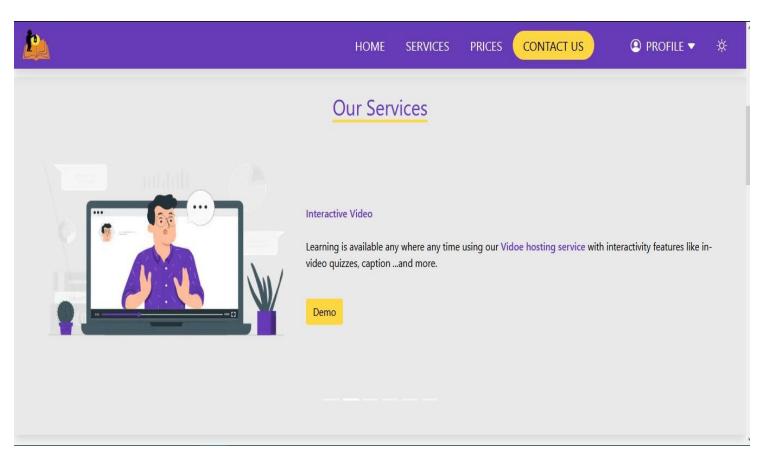
- ii. Update Event request with Id not exists in database
- c. Remove Event
  - i. Remove existing Event
  - ii. Remove Event request with Id not exists in database

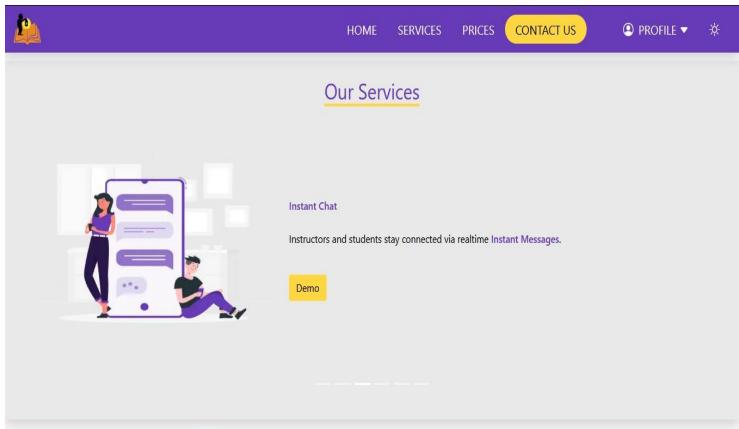
# Chapter-5 Snapshots

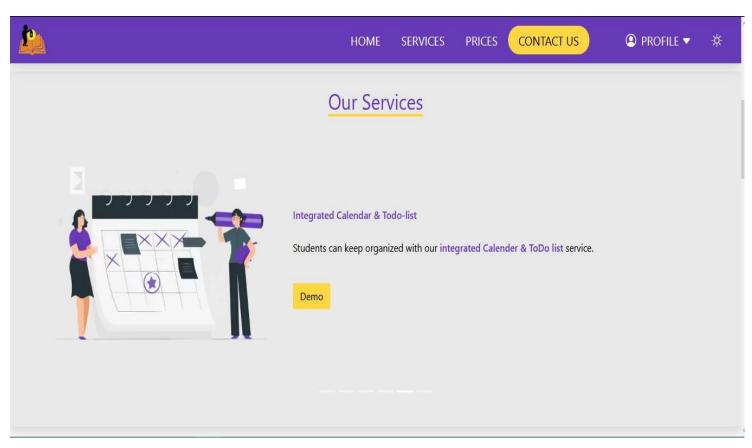
# Desktop View

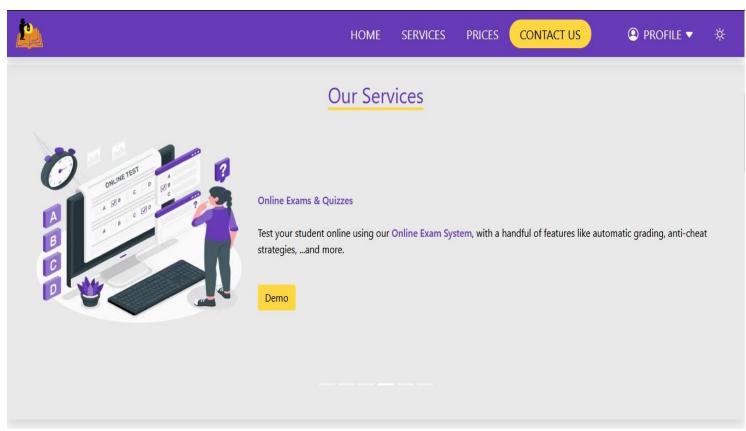


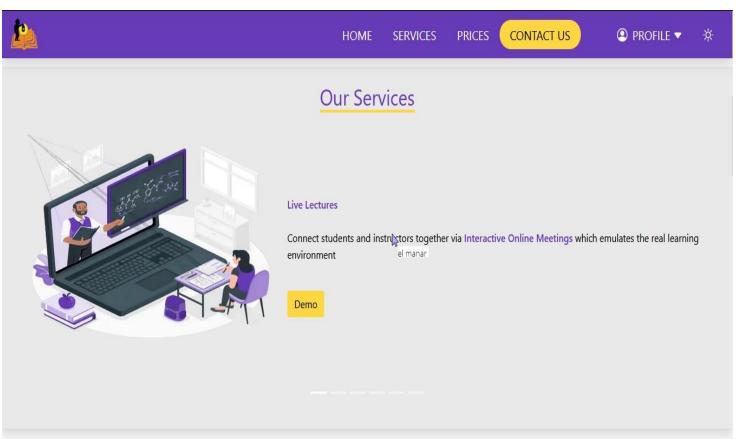


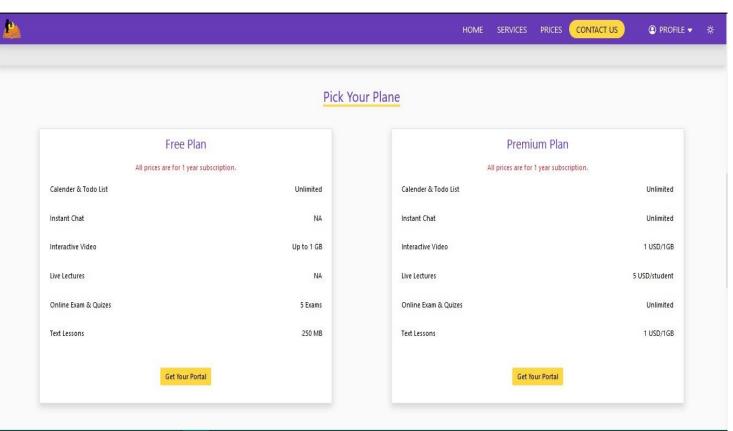


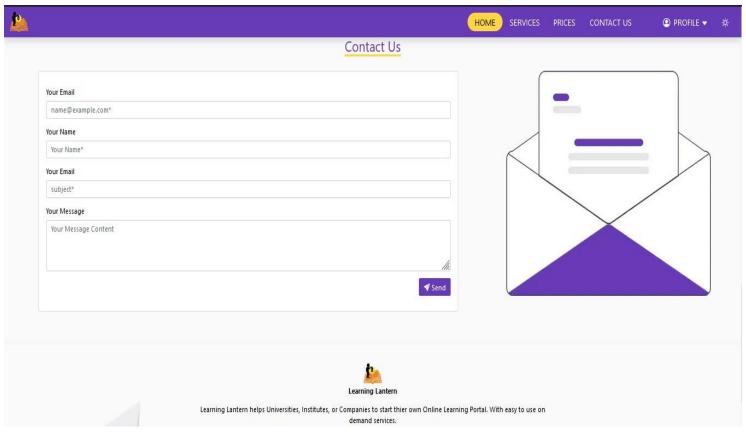


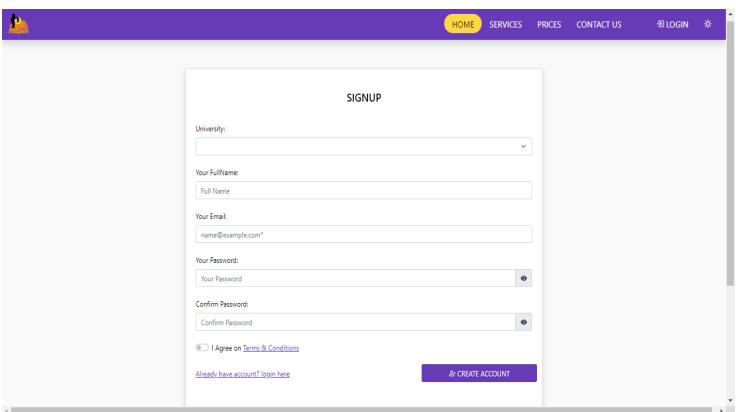


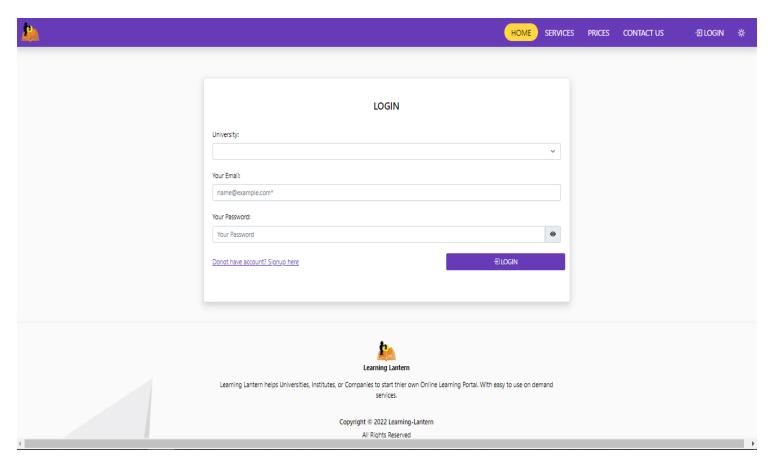


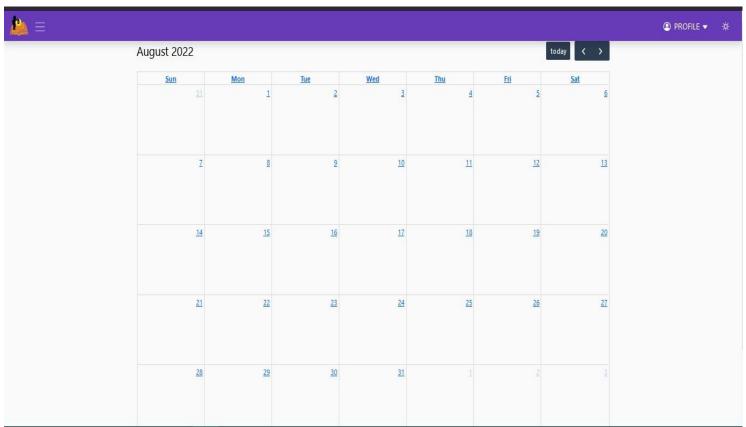


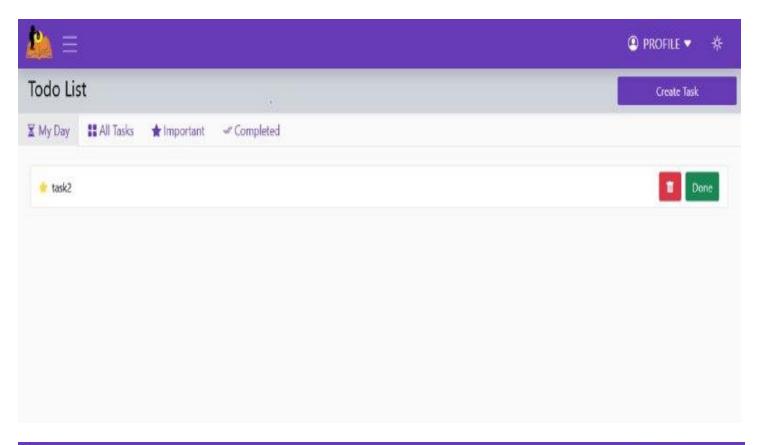


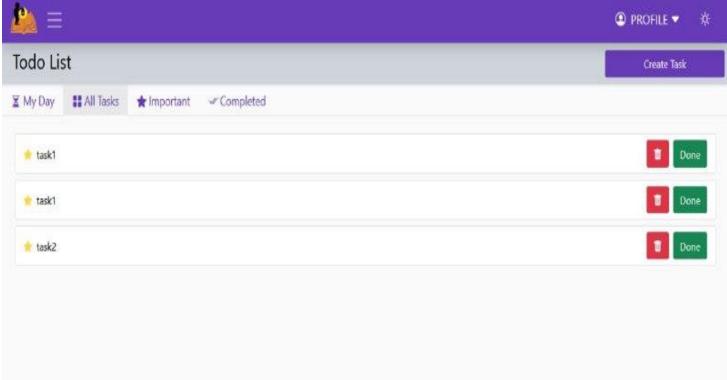


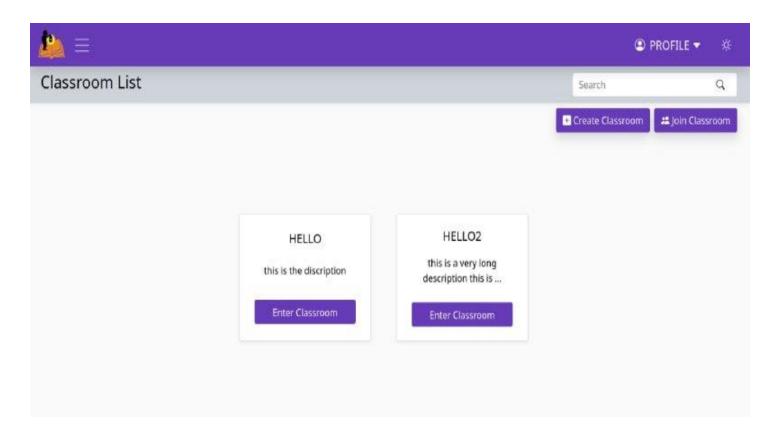




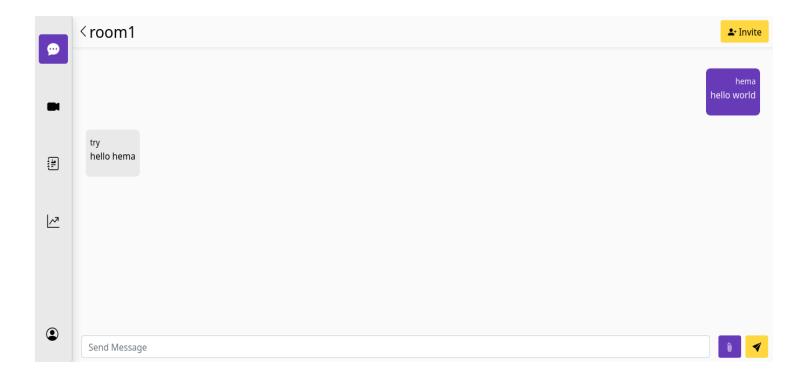




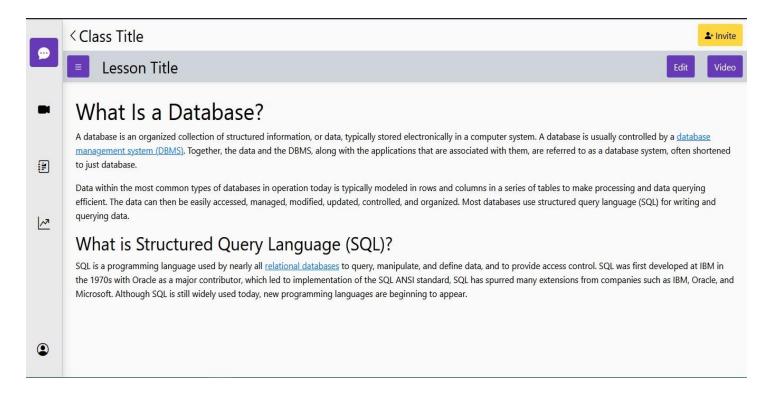




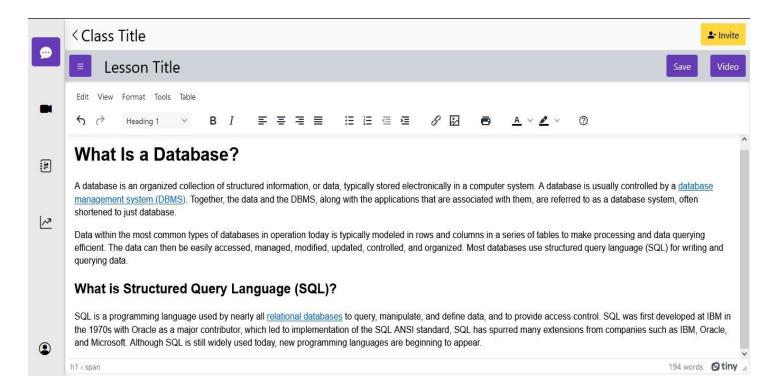
# Chat



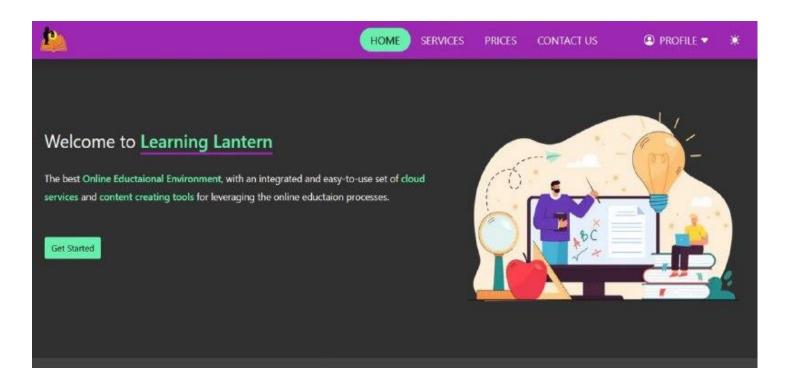
#### **Text Lesson View**



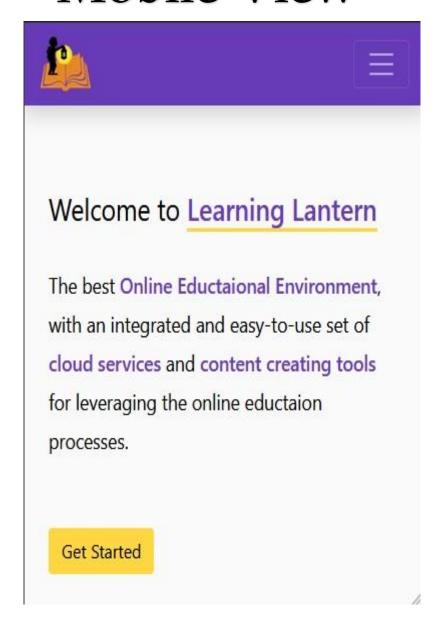
#### **Text Lesson Editor**



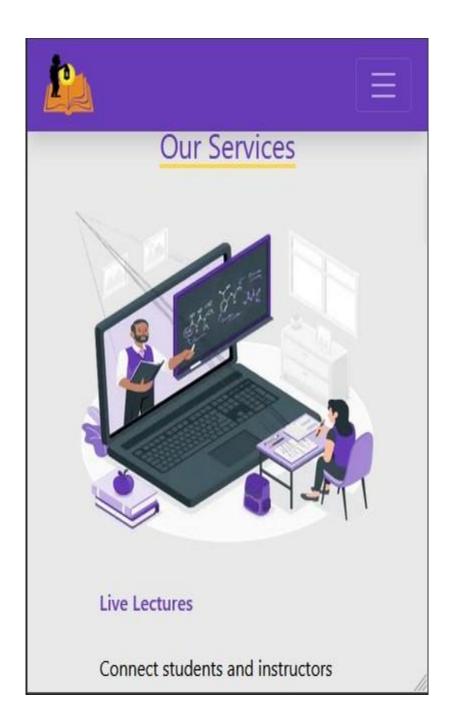
# Dark Mode



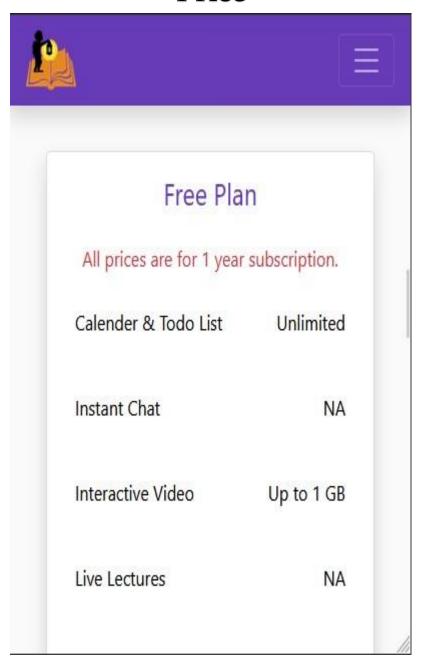
# Mobile View



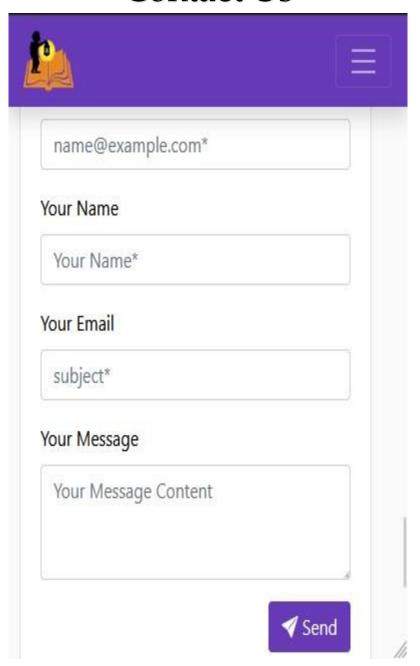




### Price



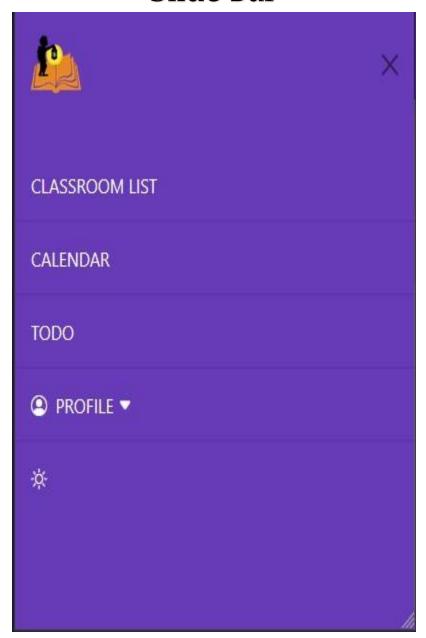
## Contact Us



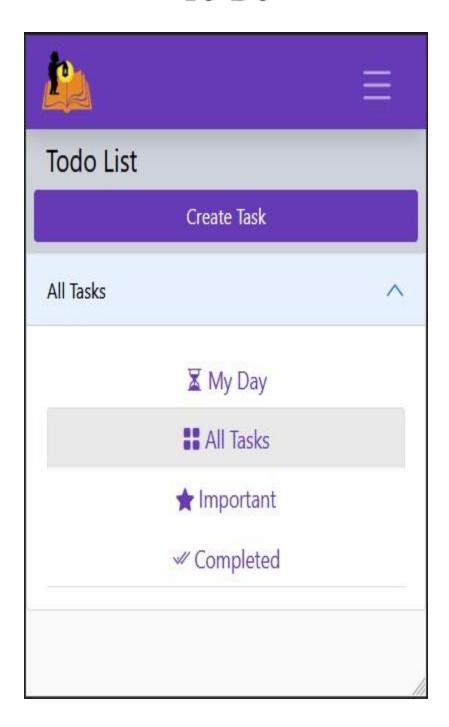
### Footer

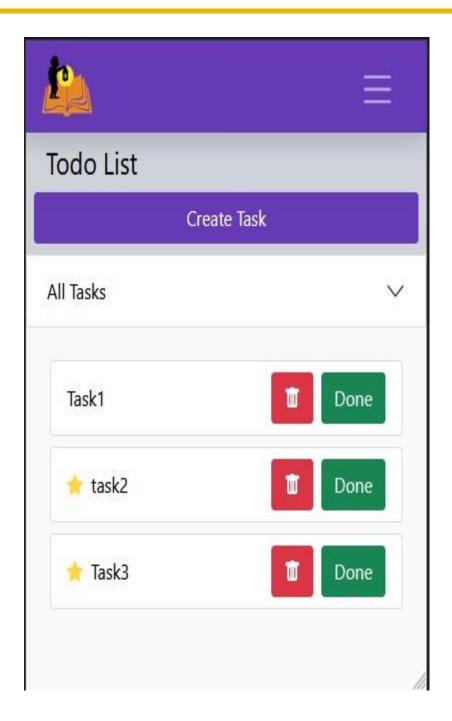


# Slide Bar



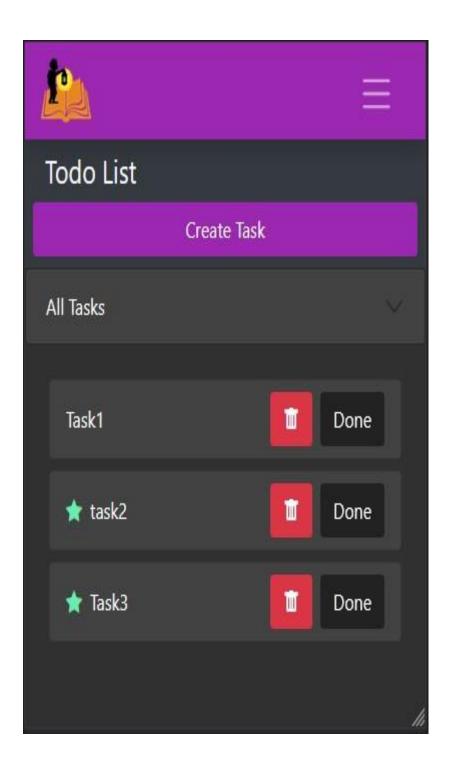
# To-Do



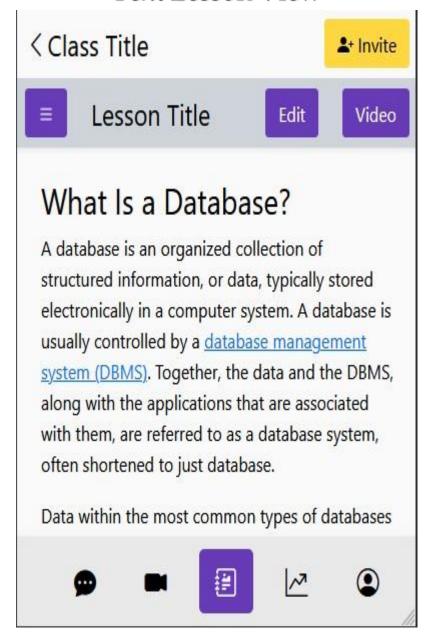


#### Dark Mode





#### Text Lesson View



#### **Text Lesson Editor**

