MTP 290 - Problem Set 4

- (1) Write a MATLAB script to solve the linear system Ax = b, where A is an invertible diagonal matrix. Taking A = diag(1, 2, 3) and $b = [1, 1, 1]^T$, solve for x
- (2) Write MATLAB code to implement the forward substitution method to solve the linear system Ax = b, where A is a non-singular lower triangular matrix. Use it to solve for x if A and b are given as follows:

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{rrr} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 0.5 & 1 \end{array}\right)$$

and $b = [1, 2, 1]^T$.

(3) Write a MATLAB script for implementing the backward substitution method to solve the system Ax = b, where A is a non-singular upper triangular matrix. Use this code to solve for x if A and b are as follows:

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & -6.5 \end{array}\right)$$

and $b = [1, 7, 6.5]^T$.

- (4) Implement Gauss elimination method for solving a system of linear equations Ax = b, where A is a non-singular matrix.
- (5) Use Gauss elimination method to solve

$$4x_1 + x_2 - x_3 = -2$$

$$5x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = 4$$

$$6x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 6.$$

(6) Consider

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{rrr} 10 & -7 & 0 \\ -3 & 2.099 & 6 \\ 5 & -1 & 5 \end{array}\right).$$

Find the determinant of A using Gauss elimination method.

(7) Use of Gauss elimination method on the coefficient matrix

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{ccc} 25 & c & 1\\ 64 & a & 1\\ 144 & b & 1 \end{array}\right).$$

reduces it to

$$B = \left(\begin{array}{ccc} 25 & 5 & 1\\ 0 & -4.8 & -1.56\\ 0 & 0 & 0.7 \end{array}\right).$$

What is the determinant of A?

(8) The following data is given for the velocity of the rocket as a function of time. To find the velocity at t=21s, you are asked to use a quadratic polynomial, $v(t)=at^2+bt+c$ to approximate the velocity profile.

1

t(s)	0	14	15	20	30	35
v(t)m/s	0	227.04	362.78	517.35	602.97	901.67

The correct set of equations that will find a, b and c are

$$225a + 15b + c = 362.78$$

 $400a + 20b + c = 517.35$
 $900a + 30b + c = 602.97$.

Find the velocity at t = 21s.

- (9) Implement the Gauss elimination method with partial pivoting to solve a system of linear equations Ax = b, where A is a non-singular matrix.
- (10) Solve the following linear system by Gauss elimination method and Gauss elimination method with partial pivoting.

$$x + y + z = 3$$

 $x + 2y + 2z = 5$
 $3x + 4y + 4z = 12$.

(11) Apply the modified solver implemented in Problem 9 to solve the following system. Further check the difference between the computed solution x and the result of MATLAB built in solver $A \setminus b$.

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_4 = 2$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = 1$$

$$4x_1 - x_2 - 2x_3 + 2x_4 = 0$$

$$3x_1 - x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = -3.$$

- (12) Implement Gauss Jordan method to solve a system of linear equations Ax = b, where A is a non-singular matrix.
- (13) Redo the problem 5 and 10 using Gauss-Jordan method.