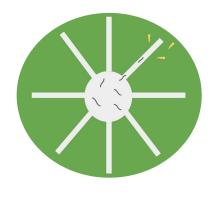


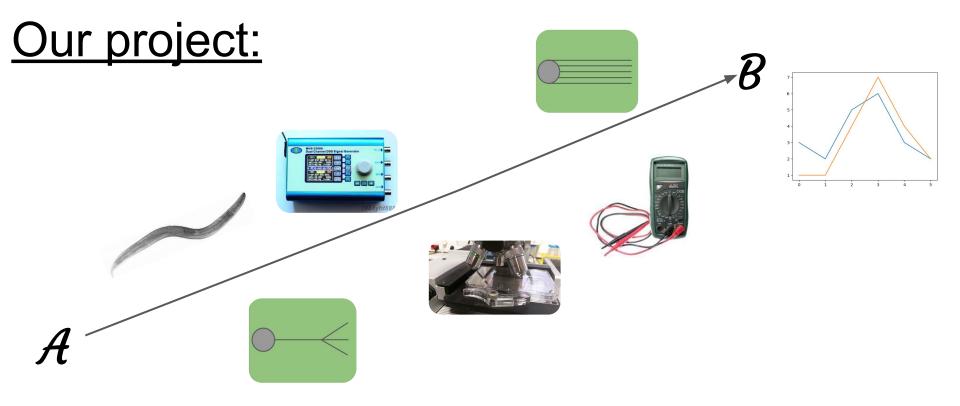


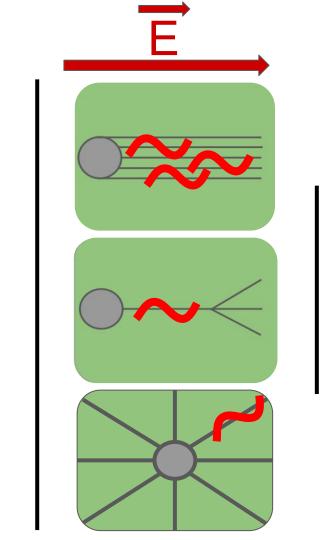
Electric field and C. elegans











Parameters:

U : voltage (V)

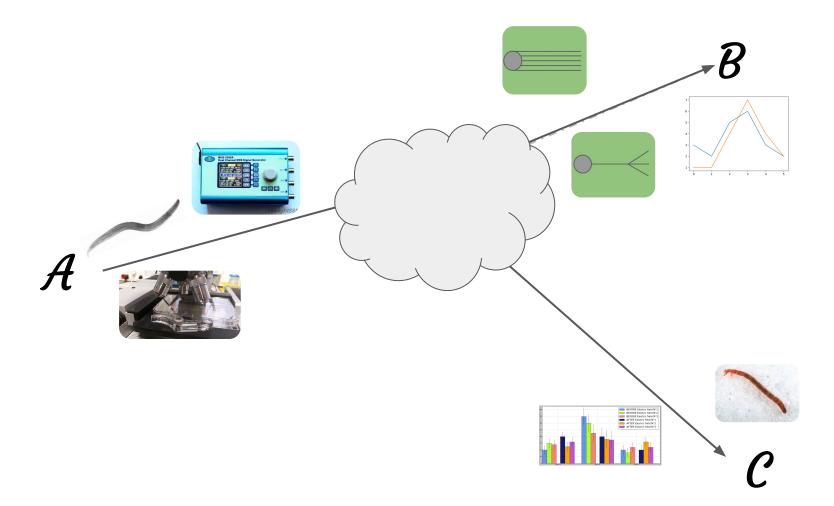
f: frequency (Hz)

I: intensity (A)

direction

Variables:

speed (µm/S) directional sensitivity

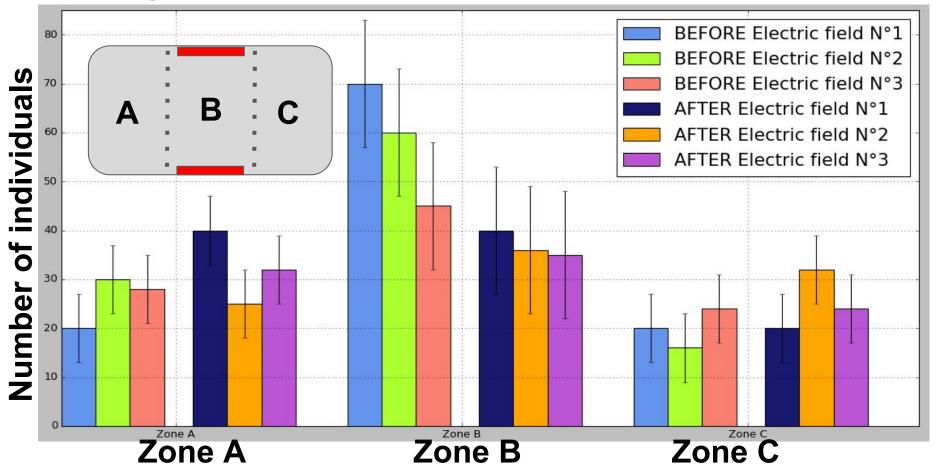




Last Protocol:



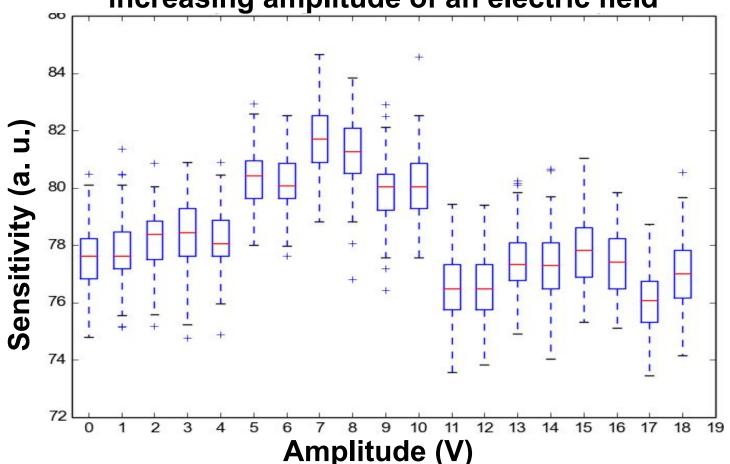
Distribution of the larvae population *Chironomus* plumosus with and without an electric field



About the electrical sensor:



Sensitivity of a magnetometer exposed to increasing amplitude of an electric field



Conclusion & Perspective

About Data and results

 Knowledge: how to use materials, simpler protocol, handle electric field

• Re-try the experiment with *C.elegans* with better materials (power supply, materials to catch the worms...)

Acknowledgement and sources

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Thanks for your attention

"Running Worms: C. elegans Self-Sorting by Electrotaxis" Xavier Manière, Félix Lebois, Ivan Matic, Benoit Ladoux, Jean-Marc Di Meglio, Pascal Hersen View the 24 /01/17

"Effect of Temperature on Caenorhabditis elegans Locomotion" Kathleen MacMillan, Dorri Mahdaviani, Dana Matuszewski view 25/01/17

"Electrotaxis for C.elegans" Pouya Rezai, Asad Siddiqui, Ponnambalam Ravi Selvaganapathy and Bhagwati P. Gupta, $\underline{\text{view}}$ $\underline{24/01/17}$

"Influence of Potential Difference and Current on the Electrotaxis of Caenorhaditis elegans" NC Sukul,Na Croll view 25/01/17

"Effects of Electromagnetic Fields on the Bioluminescence of Dinoflagellates" Ethan H. Y. Chun, Cornell S. L. Chun <u>view</u> 31/01/17

Pictures: Wikipedia.org or by ourself.

Questions: arduino

