SQL Credit Risk Analysis

SAS Code and output:

```
/* Credit risk analysis using SQL
```

The simulated credit bureau dataset will be used to identify potential business opportunities for a client.

Queries will be created to answer the following questions:

- 1. What is the main motivation for credit acquisition?
- 2. What is the default rate for the loan with the highest demand?
- 3. Which loans have the lowest default rate?
- 4. Is there an ideal age group that can be targeted for loans?
- 5. What is the average loan amount for age groups with 30% or below utilisation?

```
*/
/* Data pre-processing */
        proc sql;
        create table credit.newbureau as
                select id,cb_person_cred_hist_length,
                case
                         when cb person default on file = "Y" then 1
                         when cb_person_default_on_file = "N" then 0
                         end as default
                from credit.bureau;
        quit;
/* Perform inner join of credit data and newbureau data using sql */
        proc sql;
        create table credit.mergecb as
                select *
                from credit.credit as c inner join credit.newbureau as b
                on c.id = b.id;
        quit;
/*1. What is the main motivation for credit acquisition? */
        Title 'Main reason for credit acquistion';
        proc sql;
                select loan_intent ,count(loan_intent) as count
                from credit.mergecb
                group by loan intent
                order by count desc;
        quit;
```

/* Educational loans are the main motivation for credit acquisition with 6453 educational loans acquired.

This accounts for 19.8% of all acquired loans. */

Main reason for credit acquisition

loan_intent	count
EDUCATION	6453
MEDICAL	6071
VENTURE	5719
PERSONAL	5521
DEBTCONSOLIDATION	5212
HOMEIMPROVEMENT	3605

/*2. What is the default rate for the loan with highest demand? */

```
Title "Default for loan_intent: Education";

proc sql;

select default as Default,count(loan_intent) as Number_of_Defaults

from credit.mergecb

where loan_intent = "EDUCATION"

group by default;

quit;
```

/* Only 1102 of the educational loans were categorised as default.

This only accounts for 17.07% of the total loans that were categorised as default */

Default for loan_intent: Education

Default	Number_of_Defaults
0	5351
1	1102

/*3. Which loans have the lowest default rate? */

```
Title "Default level as per loan_intent";

proc sql;

select loan_intent,sum(default =1) as Default, sum(default =0) as NotDefault, calculated

Default/(calculated NotDefault+calculated Default) *100 as Percentage_Defaulted

from credit.mergecb

group by loan_intent

order by Percentage_Defaulted asc;

quit;
```

/* Educational loans have the lowest default rate of only 17.07%*/

Default level as per loan_intent

loan_intent	Default	NotDefault	Percentage_Defaulted
EDUCATION	1102	5351	17.07733
VENTURE	992	4727	17.34569
PERSONAL	958	4563	17.35193
MEDICAL	1062	5009	17.493
DEBTCONSOLIDATION	935	4277	17.93937
HOMEIMPROVEMENT	696	2909	19.30652

/* 4. Which age group utilises credit best*/

```
Title "Analysis of age groups credit utilisation";
proc sql;
select
case
       when 0<=person age<=20 then "other"
       when 20<=person age<30 then "20-29"
       when 30<=person_age<40 then "30-39"
        when 40<=person_age<50 then "40-49"
       when 50<=person_age<60 then "50-59"
       when 60<=person age<=65 then "60-65"
       when person_age>=66 then "other"
        end as Age_group, count(loan_percent_income) as Utilisation,
       sum(default = 1) as Defaulted, sum(default = 1)/count(loan_percent_income) *100
as Percentage_Defaulted,
        round(avg(cb person cred hist length)) as Average Credit Years
from credit.mergecb
where loan_percent_income <= 0.3
group by Age_group
quit;
```

/* Age group 50-59 has the best utilisation of credit (credit utilisation of 30% or less).

It has the lowest default rate of 15.56% as compared to the other age groups and it also has an average active credit history of 21 years which is one of the highest.*/

Analysis of age groups credit utilisation

Age_group	Utilisation	Defaulted	Percentage_Defaulted	Average_Credit_Years
20-29	20607	3552	17.23686	4
30-39	6533	1175	17.98561	9
40-49	1253	216	17.23863	14
50-59	258	41	15.89147	21
60-65	46	13	28.26087	23
other	50	9	18	15

```
/* 5. What is the average loan amount for the age groups with 30% or below utilisation */
```

```
Title "Average loan amount per age groups";
       proc sql;
       select
       case
               when 0<=person_age<=20 then "other"
               when 20<=person_age<30 then "20-29"
               when 30<=person_age<40 then "30-39"
               when 40<=person_age<50 then "40-49"
               when 50<=person_age<60 then "50-59"
               when 60<=person_age<=65 then "60-65"
               when person_age>=66 then "other"
               end as Age_group, avg(loan_amnt) as Average_credit
       from credit.mergecb
       where loan_percent_income <= 0.3
       group by Age_group
       quit;
/*
Age_group
              Average_credit
20-29
         8591.833
30-39
         9175.463
40-49
         9376.457
50-59
         8548.547
60-65
         11247.83
other
         8790
*/
```

Average loan amount per age groups

Age_group	Average_credit
20-29	8591.833
30-39	9175.463
40-49	9376.457
50-59	8548.547
60-65	11247.83
other	8790