

Họ, tên thí sinh:
Số báo danh:

Mã đề thi 404

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 1: She ran out of money. It would take her a long time to _____ her financial difficulty.

- A. get up B. go out C. get over D. go off

Question 2: It's difficult _____ us to go out because of the bad weather.

- A. on B. towards C. to D. for

Question 3: Vietnam has become an attractive tourist destination in _____ Asia.

- A. an B. Ø (no article) C. the D. a

Question 4: Many people _____ in the park when it started to rain.

- A. walk B. were walking C. have walked D. are walking

Question 5: The monitor of our class is talking about having a new _____ published in the next issue of the school bulletin.

- A. editor B. movie C. podcast D. article

Question 6: Before you decide to buy that house, it is important that you should inspect it carefully. It's unwise to buy a pig _____.

- A. in a pack B. in a poke C. in a nudge D. in a wheel

Question 7: They are raising funds for homeless children, _____?

- A. are they B. do they C. aren't they D. don't they

Question 8: My sister wants _____ a second foreign language while she is studying at school.

- A. learn B. to learn C. learned D. to learning

Question 9: _____ a big fine for speeding, the driver felt very sorry thinking if only he had followed the traffic rules.

- A. To give B. Having given C. Given D. Giving

Question 10: It is unusual for the general director to _____ power to his middle managers to make financial decisions for the company.

- A. authorise B. terminate C. navigate D. delegate

Question 11: Giang is 1.51 meters tall, and Hien is 1.60 meters tall. Giang is _____ Hien.

- A. older than B. taller than C. younger than D. shorter than

Question 12: The Browns apologised to their neighbours for _____ much noise at the party last night.

- A. doing B. making C. mixing D. taking

Question 13: Although my little daughter has been learning English for three months, she can _____ confidently with foreigners.

- A. communicate B. communication C. communicative D. communicatively

Question 14: We will deliver the goods to our customers _____.

- A. as soon as we had come back home B. as soon as we were coming back home
C. as soon as we come back home D. as soon as we came back home

Question 15: I _____ to join the singing contest last month, but I was unable to.

- A. encouraged B. encourages C. was encouraged D. was encouraging

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.

Question 16: My younger sister dreams of studying overseas, so she intends to learn English intensively for a scholarship.

- A. quits B. leaves C. plans D. moves

Question 17: Having worked on his short story for half a year, the writer was finally able to portray the full beauty of his homeland.

- A. collect B. describe C. gather D. enter

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 18: The singer was given a lot of flowers for her incredible performance.

- A. delightful B. horrible C. wonderful D. exciting

Question 19: I think you owe Henry an apology. What you said to him yesterday was really below the belt.
A. unfair and kind B. fair and kind C. fair and unkind D. fair and cruel

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 20: A. chemist B. chicken C. chairman D. children
Question 21: A. south B. count C. group D. ground

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions.

Question 22: A. direction B. charity C. company D. manager
Question 23: A. avoid B. agree C. remain D. hurry

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: David is in a restaurant.

- David: "____?" - The waitress: "Here you are."
A. Can I wait for my friend here B. Can I pay in cash here
C. Can I have the menu, please D. Can I speak Korean here

Question 25: Lan and Giang are discussing lifelong learning.

- Lan: "I think students should develop lifelong learning."
- Giang: "____. It helps them update their knowledge and skills by themselves."
A. That's not a good idea B. I don't think it's a good idea
C. I quite agree with you D. I quite disagree with you

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

People have been recording information in the form of writing since ancient times. Latin - the language of religion, and French - the language of the rich and powerful, were the preferred languages in the Middle Ages in Europe. Subjects were usually connected to religion, trade and government although historians have also come across love letters which (26) _____ people wrote to stay in touch. After the invention of the printing press, books and documents became readily (27) _____. This, together with improvements in education and the spread of postal services, permitted families and friends to (28) _____ messages to each other by letters. Maintaining contact was much easier than it had ever been.

In recent years, though, everything has changed. Mobile phones, emails and text messages (29) _____ have been increasingly popular are replacing letters. Why bother writing a letter when you can make a small talk on the phone for very little cost? (30) _____, most people would agree that there is something very special about receiving a handwritten letter.

(Adapted from *High Note*)

Question 26: A. another B. every C. many D. each
Question 27: A. available B. constant C. vacant D. occupied
Question 28: A. transform B. lengthen C. expand D. convey
Question 29: A. when B. which C. who D. where
Question 30: A. Moreover B. Although C. However D. Because

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 31 to 35.

The Japanese love inventing and they are very good at it. But there is one inventor who has invented more things than anyone else in Japan - Dr. Nakamats. He has designed over 4,000 new inventions over the last fifty years. He is most well-known for his unusual inventions.

He designed many strange things such as glasses which look like eyes so you can't notice them, shoes which have steel springs so that you can jump in them, and a pillow which stops you from falling asleep when you are driving.

How does he come up with these ideas? He finds listening to Beethoven helpful. But the thing that makes him most creative is holding his breath underwater. He dives into his swimming pool every day and stays underwater as long as he can. He believes that less oxygen in the brain is good for new ideas. He also dives with a pencil and a notebook which he invented. He needs to write down his ideas immediately in the water because they disappear quickly.

Dr. Nakamats believes that eating the right food is important for creativity, and he has invented some snacks that he says are good for your brain. He has also invented an armchair which helps to **enhance** your brainpower. He sits in the chair every day to give him more good ideas. Dr. Nakamats is now in his eighties, but he plans to live until he is 144 years old, so he still has plenty of time to develop even more new ideas.

(Adapted from *Get Ahead*)

Question 31: The passage is mainly about _____.

- A. famous Japanese scientists and their more inventions
- B. a famous Japanese scientist and his strange inventions
- C. Japanese famous inventions by a scientist
- D. inventions by famous Japanese inventors

Question 32: The word **it** in paragraph 1 refers to _____.

- A. inventing
- B. invention
- C. notebook
- D. Japan

Question 33: According to paragraph 2, Dr. Nakamats invented all of the following EXCEPT _____.

- A. shoes
- B. a book
- C. glasses
- D. a pillow

Question 34: Dr. Nakamats dives with a pencil and a notebook because _____.

- A. he wants to get oxygen quickly
- B. he can drive more carefully
- C. he can dive more quickly
- D. he wants to write down his ideas immediately

Question 35: The word **enhance** in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. decrease
- B. reduce
- C. divide
- D. improve

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

Action movies are exciting and a lot of fun to watch, but they also involve scenes of great risk and danger. In the language of filmmaking, dangerous actions are called *stunts*. Who performs these stunts? This work is too dangerous for regular actors. Movie companies usually hire special stunt people to stand in for the actors in scenes that are unsafe.

Movie producers don't like to let actors do their own stunt work. If the actors injure themselves, it can delay the production schedule. Using stunt people also saves time. Most stunt people have years of experience, which enables **them** to perform their stunts with a minimum of risk. It would take too long to train the actors to perform dangerous scenes safely.

Some people who love the **thrill** of dangerous sports such as skydiving or rock climbing think it would be easy to work as a stunt person. But it isn't enough to be a risk-taker. Stunt performers also have to know what to do if anything goes wrong.

In addition to risk-taking and **meticulous** attention to detail and planning, stunt work requires being in top physical condition. Although there are a few training programmes for stunt performers, most provide only an overview of the profession. Normally, the people who attend these programmes already have experience in dangerous sports, rescue work, or the military. So the best way to prepare for a career in stunt work is to train in an area that involves strong physical conditioning and has an element of physical danger.

Modern filmmaking techniques have changed the way some dangerous scenes are filmed. For example, computer-generated images make it possible to show stunts that would be too dangerous or expensive for real stunt people to perform. Computer-generated images are often used today to create big fight scenes, car crashes, and explosions. However, they are not always the best choice. Many audiences want to see real people perform actual stunts. Also, the rising popularity of made-for-TV movies around the world ensures that there is still plenty for stunt people in the film industry.

(Adapted from *Strategic Reading*)

Question 36: Which of the following statements best expresses the main idea of the passage?

- A. Stunt work is dangerous and needs to be performed by skilled and strong people.
- B. Movie companies use technology for stunts instead of stunt performers.
- C. Action movies sometimes comprise non-dangerous work undertaken by the supporting cast.
- D. Stunt people have to be physically fit to perform dangerous actions.

Question 37: In the language of filmmaking, stunts are _____.

- A. exciting scenes
- B. regular actors
- C. action movies
- D. dangerous actions

Question 38: The word **them** in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. stunt people
- B. movie actors
- C. movie producers
- D. movie scenes

Question 39: The word **thrill** in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. consequence
- B. convenience
- C. excitement
- D. arrangement

Question 40: The word **meticulous** in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. useful
- B. harmful
- C. careful
- D. helpful

Question 41: Which of the following is NOT TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Movie stunts are often performed by the main actors.
- B. Stunt people are hired mostly to undertake dangerous scenes.
- C. Stunt performers normally have certain experience in related fields.
- D. Stunts need to be performed with great care.

Question 42: Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- A. Audiences prefer computer-generated images to stunts performed by real people.
- B. Film directors can take advantage of TV scenes in their movies.
- C. Stunts play an indispensable role in the success of made-for-TV movies.
- D. Modern technology may assist in reducing the cost of film production.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 43: "I helped the little boy cross the road," said the man.

- A. The man said he would help the little boy cross the road.
- B. The man said he helped the little boy cross the road.
- C. The man said I helped the little boy cross the road.
- D. The man said he had helped the little boy cross the road.

Question 44: Students are not allowed to communicate either by look or by voice in the exam room.

- A. Students wouldn't communicate either by look or by voice in the exam room.
- B. Students needn't communicate either by look or by voice in the exam room.
- C. Students won't communicate either by look or by voice in the exam room.
- D. Students mustn't communicate either by look or by voice in the exam room.

Question 45: Ted started learning Japanese five years ago.

- A. Ted has learned Japanese for five years.
- B. Ted has started learning Japanese since five years.
- C. Ted started learning Japanese when he was five years old.
- D. Ted has learned Japanese since he was five years old.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 46: Their pioneering [A] research showed that the learning motivation of the two groups of learners was quite distinctive [B] from each other, and the comparative [C] group whose learning motivation was stronger performed better than the control [D] group.

Question 47: To show others where [A] they are from [B], students should wear her [C] uniforms when going [D] to and from school.

Question 48: Our grandfather usually told [A] us interesting stories [B] whenever we [C] come to [D] visit him.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49: The Vietnamese female athlete had just finished the race. All the spectators at the stadium gave her a big round of applause.

- A. No matter when the Vietnamese female athlete finished the race did all the spectators at the stadium give her a big round of applause.
- B. Had it not been for the big round of applause all the spectators at the stadium gave her, the Vietnamese female athlete couldn't have finished the race.
- C. Not until all the spectators at the stadium gave her a big round of applause did the Vietnamese female athlete finish the race.
- D. Barely had the Vietnamese female athlete finished the race when all the spectators at the stadium gave her a big round of applause.

Question 50: The AI apps were expensive. He couldn't afford to buy them.

- A. If the AI apps had been more expensive, he could have afforded to buy them.
- B. If the AI apps had been cheaper, he can't have afforded to buy them.
- C. If the AI apps had been cheaper, he couldn't have afforded to buy them.
- D. If the AI apps had been less expensive, he could have afforded to buy them.

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