

COURSECODE Cheatsheet

Hanhee Lee

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1 Week 1

Terminology: Interest Rate

1. P : Principle amount
2. F : Future amount
3. F_N : Future amount in (time unit) N
4. N : Number of periods (e.g. years)
5. i : Interest rate
6. I : Total interest amount
7. r : Nominal interest rate (usually for 1 year)
8. m : Number of times compounded (subperiods) per year

9. i_s : Subperiod interest rate
10. i_e : Effective interest rate, the equivalent rate if compounded only once per year.

Definition: Interest Rate

$$i = \frac{I}{P} \quad (1)$$

Definition: Subperiod Interest Rate

$$i_s = \frac{r}{m} \quad (2)$$

Definition: Effective Interest Rate

$$i_e = (1 + i_s)^m - 1 \quad (3)$$

Definition: Simple Interest

$$F_N = P(1 + Ni) \quad (4)$$

Definition: Compound Interest

$$F_N = P(1 + i)^N \quad (5)$$

Definition: Compound Interest with Subperiods

$$F_N = P(1 + i_s)^{Nm} \quad (6)$$

Definition: Continuous Compound Interest The finite amount of i_e as the compounding period becomes infinitesimally small.

$$i_e = \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^m - 1 = e^r - 1 \quad (7)$$

Note: i_e increases as the compounding period decreases.

2 Week 2

3 Week 3

4 Week 4

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Process:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

Example: Hanhee Lee

Definition:

Theorem: Hanhee Lee

Derivation: Hanhee Lee

Intuition: Hanhee Lee

Warning: Hanhee Lee

Terminology: Hanhee Lee

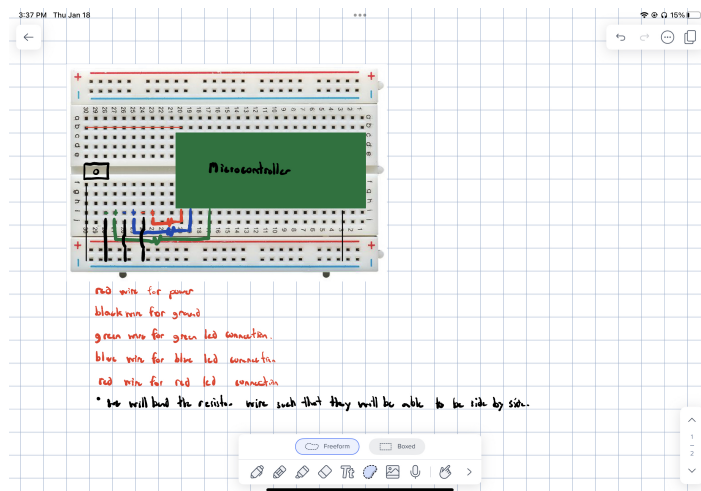


Figure 1: ESC195