

FIT 3181/5215 Deep Learning

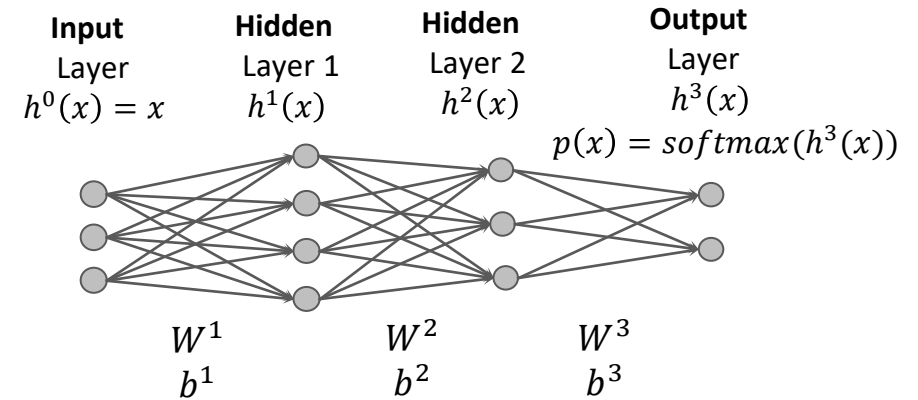
**Quiz for:**  
**Feed-forward Neural Nets with TensorFlow**

**Teaching Team**

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# Question 1

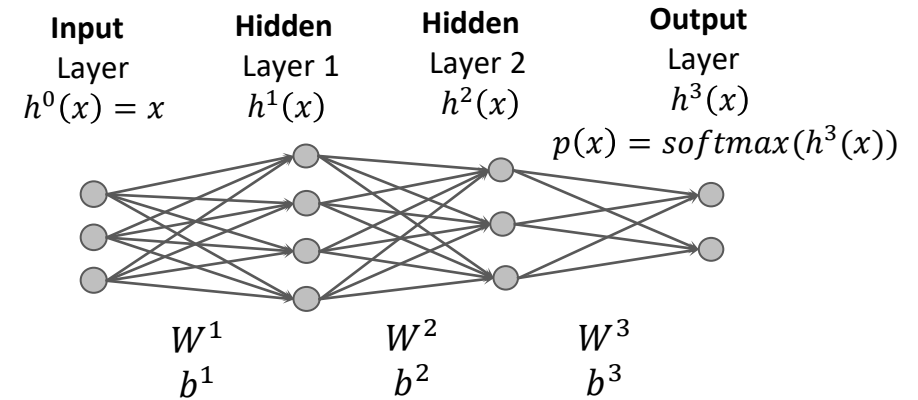
□ Given the following feed-forward neural network. What are the shapes of weight matrices if we follow the convention in the lecture (not TF implementation)?



- A.  $W^1 \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}, W^2 \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 4}, W^3 \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}$
- B.  $W^1 \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 3}, W^2 \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 4}, W^3 \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 3}$
- C.  $W^1 \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 4}, W^2 \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 3}, W^3 \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 2}$
- D.  $W^1 \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 4}, W^2 \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}, W^3 \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2}$

# Question 1

□ Given the following feed-forward neural network. What are the shapes of weight matrices if we follow the convention in the lecture (not TF implementation)?

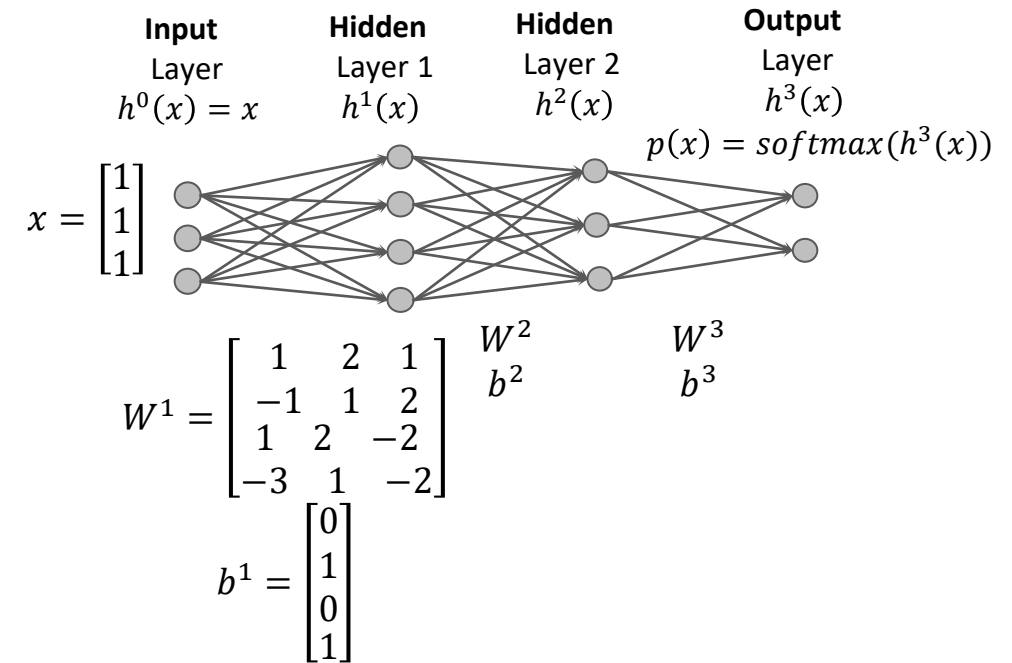


- A.  $W^1 \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}$ ,  $W^2 \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 4}$ ,  $W^3 \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}$
- B.  $W^1 \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 3}$ ,  $W^2 \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 4}$ ,  $W^3 \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 3}$  [x]
- C.  $W^1 \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 4}$ ,  $W^2 \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 3}$ ,  $W^3 \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 2}$
- D.  $W^1 \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 4}$ ,  $W^2 \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}$ ,  $W^3 \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2}$

## Question 2

□ Given the following feed-forward neural network. Assume that we input to the network feature vector  $x = [1 \ 1 \ 1]^T$ . What is the values of pre-activations  $\bar{h}^1$ ?

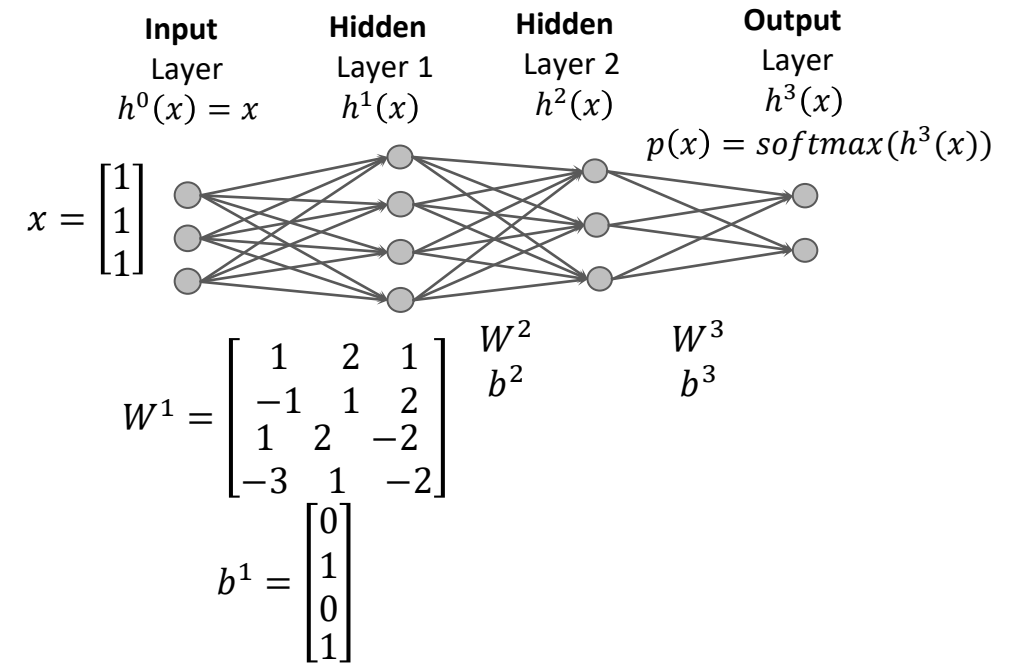
- A.  $\bar{h}^1 = [4 \ 2 \ 1 \ -4]$
- B.  $\bar{h}^1 = [4 \ 3 \ 1 \ -3]$
- C.  $\bar{h}^1 = [4 \ 3 \ 1 \ -3]^T$
- D.  $\bar{h}^1 = [4 \ 2 \ 1 \ -4]^T$



## Question 2

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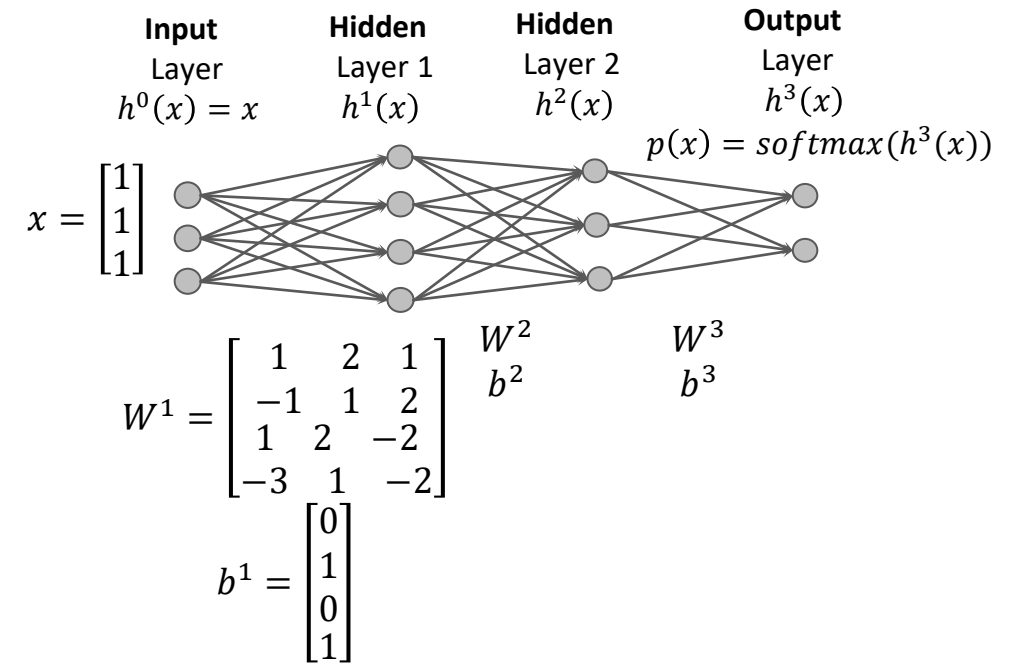
- A.  $\bar{h}^1 = [4 \ 2 \ 1 \ -4]$
- B.  $\bar{h}^1 = [4 \ 3 \ 1 \ -3]$
- C.  $\bar{h}^1 = [4 \ 3 \ 1 \ -3]^T \ [\mathbf{x}]$
- D.  $\bar{h}^1 = [4 \ 2 \ 1 \ -4]^T$



# Question 3

□ Given the following feed-forward neural network. Assume that we input to the network feature vector  $x = [1 \ 1 \ 1]^T$ . What is the hidden values  $h^1$  if we use ReLU activation function?

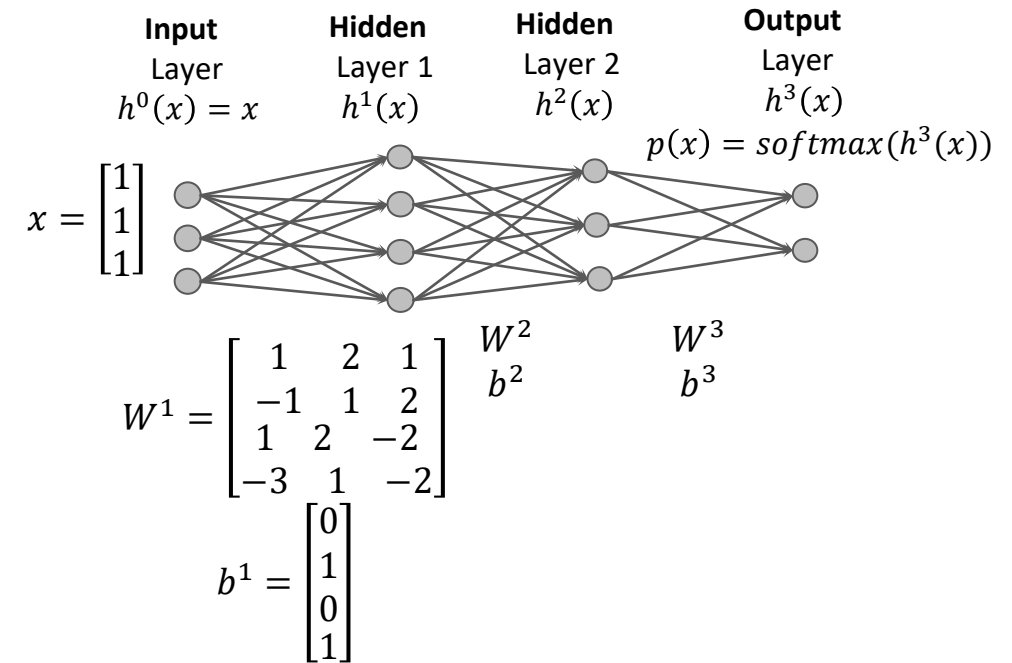
- A.  $h^1 = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ -4]^T$
- B.  $h^1 = [4 \ 3 \ 1 \ 0]^T$
- C.  $h^1 = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ -3]^T$
- D.  $h^1 = [4 \ 2 \ 1 \ -4]^T$



# Question 3

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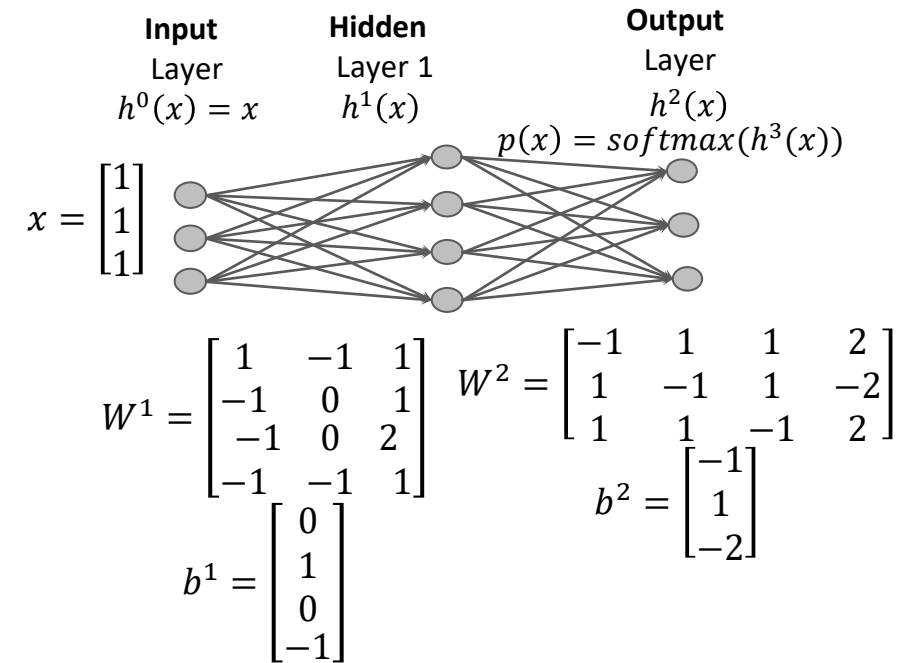
- A.  $h^1 = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ -4]^T$
- B.  $h^1 = [4 \ 3 \ 1 \ 0]^T$  [x]
- C.  $h^1 = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ -3]^T$
- D.  $h^1 = [4 \ 2 \ 1 \ -4]^T$



# Question 4

Given the following feed-forward neural network. Assume that we input to the network feature vector  $x = [1 \ 1 \ 1]^T$ . What are the correct statements if we use ReLU activation function? (MC)

- ☐ A.  $h^1 = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0]^T$
- ☐ B.  $h^1 = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]^T$
- ☐ C. Logit  $h^2 = [0 \ 2 \ -1]^T$
- ☐ D. Logit  $h^2 = [0 \ 2 \ 0]^T$

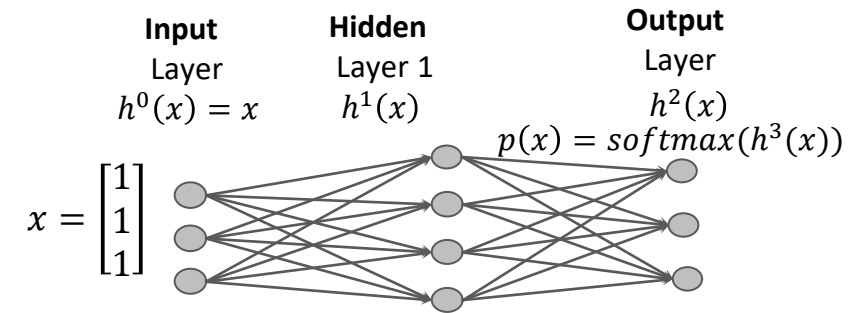




# Question 4

Given the following feed-forward neural network. Assume that we input to the network feature vector  $x = [1 \ 1 \ 1]^T$ . What are the correct statements if we use ReLU activation function? (MC)

- ☐ A.  $h^1 = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0]^T \ [\mathbf{x}]$
- ☐ B.  $h^1 = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]^T$
- ☐ C. Logit  $h^2 = [0 \ 2 \ -1]^T \ [\mathbf{x}]$
- ☐ D. Logit  $h^2 = [0 \ 2 \ 0]^T$



$$W^1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + b^1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W^2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + b^2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

## Question 5

*Given an implementation as below. Which of following architecture is correct (SC).*

```
: dnn_model = Sequential()  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=32, input_shape=(784,), activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=64, activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=64, activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=32, activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=10, activation='softmax'))
```

- ☐ A. 784 → 32(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 32(ReLU) → 10(ReLU)
- ☐ B. 784 → 32(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 32(ReLU) → 10(Softmax)
- ☐ C. 32(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 32(ReLU) → 10(ReLU)
- ☐ D. 784(ReLU) → 32(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 32(ReLU) → 10(Softmax)

## Question 5

*Given an implementation as below. Which of following architecture is correct (SC).*

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  dnn_model.add(Dense(units=32, activation='relu'))  
  dnn_model.add(Dense(units=10, activation='softmax'))
```

- ☐ A. 784 → 32(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 32(ReLU) → 10(ReLU)
- ☐ B. 784 → 32(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 32(ReLU) → 10(Softmax) [x]
- ☐ C. 32(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 32(ReLU) → 10(ReLU)
- ☐ D. 784(ReLU) → 32(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 64(ReLU) → 32(ReLU) → 10(Softmax)

## Question 6

*Given an implementation as below. Which of following statements are correct (MC).*

```
: dnn_model = Sequential()  
  dnn_model.add(Dense(units=32, input_shape=(784,), activation='relu'))  
  dnn_model.add(Dense(units=64, activation='relu'))  
  dnn_model.add(Dense(units=64, activation='relu'))  
  dnn_model.add(Dense(units=32, activation='relu'))  
  dnn_model.add(Dense(units=10, activation='softmax'))
```

- ☐ A. The model has 5 Fully Connected layers
- ☐ B. The batch size is 784
- ☐ C. The model can work with an arbitrary batch size
- ☐ D. The model's output is a logit value and in range  $[-\infty, +\infty]$

## Question 6

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  dnn_model.add(Dense(units=64, activation='relu'))  
  dnn_model.add(Dense(units=32, activation='relu'))  
  dnn_model.add(Dense(units=10, activation='softmax'))
```

- ☐ A. The model has 5 Fully Connected layers **[x]**
- ☐ B. The batch size is 784
- ☐ C. The model can work with an arbitrary batch size **[x]**
- ☐ D. The model's output is a logit value and in range  $[-\infty, +\infty]$

# Question 7

*Given an implementation as below. What are outputs of the two print functions (SC).*

```
[5]: dnn_model = Sequential()  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=32, input_shape=(784,), activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=64, activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=64, activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=32, activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=10, activation='softmax'))
```

```
[8]: hidden1 = dnn_model.layers[0]  
weights, biases = hidden1.get_weights()  
print('shape W=', weights.shape)  
print('shape b=', biases.shape)
```

- ☐ A. (32, 32), (32,)
- ☐ B. (32, 784), (784,)
- ☐ C. (784, 32), (32,)
- ☐ D. (784, 32), (784,)

# Question 7

*Given an implementation as below. What are outputs of the two print functions (SC).*

```
[5]: dnn_model = Sequential()  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=32, input_shape=(784,), activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=64, activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=64, activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=32, activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=10, activation='softmax'))
```

```
[8]: hidden1 = dnn_model.layers[0]  
weights, biases = hidden1.get_weights()  
print('shape W=', weights.shape)  
print('shape b=', biases.shape)
```

- ☐ A. (32, 32), (32,)
- ☐ B. (32, 784), (784,)
- ☒ C. (784, 32), (32,) [x]
- ☐ D. (784, 32), (784,)

## Question 8

*Given an implementation as below. What is the total parameters of the model (SC).*

```
dnn_model = Sequential()  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=20, input_shape=(10,), activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=20, activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=10, activation='softmax'))
```

- ☐ A. 800
- ☐ B. 830
- ☐ C. 840
- ☐ D. 850



## Question 8

*Given an implementation as below. What is the total parameters of the model (SC).*

```
dnn_model = Sequential()  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=20, input_shape=(10,), activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=20, activation='relu'))  
dnn_model.add(Dense(units=10, activation='softmax'))
```

- ☐ A. 800
- ☐ B. 830
- ☐ C. 840
- ☒ D. 850 [x]

Architecture **10 → 20 (ReLU) → 20 (ReLU) → 10 (softmax)**  
 $(20 \times 10 + 20) + (20 \times 20 + 20) + (10 \times 20 + 10) = 850$