

Forest Fire Detection Review Report-3

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Automatic Faults Detection of Photovoltaic Farms: solAIr, a Deep Learning-Based System for Thermal Images — Overview

In this paper, the authors develop a new DNN-based solar panel failure detection system.

Highlights:

- The database is obtained by UAVs equipped with a thermal infrared camera.
- Use the Mask RCNN as the main algorithm for the object detection and instance segmentation.
- The performance of proposed network and other mature network are compared.

Notes:

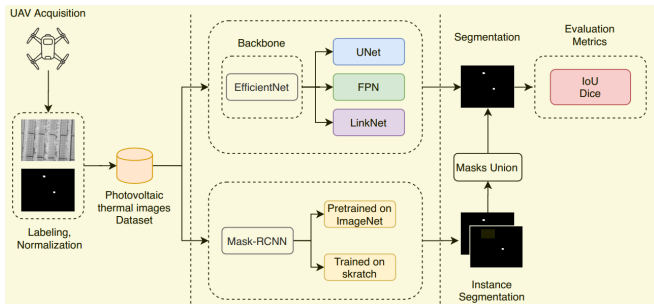
The thermal images has many advantages than RGB images. However, a normalization and a transformation into a black and white image are required, for obtaining a single information channel.

Automatic Faults Detection of Photovoltaic Farms: solAIr, a Deep Learning-Based System for Thermal Images — Mask RCNN

Main task

The Mask RCNN can accomplish 3 tasks at the same time:

- Location: It can give the boundary box of the object.
- Classification: The object classes are labeled.
- Segmentation: it segment the object at the instance level.



Real-Time On-Board Deep Learning Fault Detection for Autonomous UAV Inspections — Overview

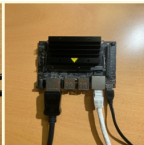
The main task:

A UAV detection system based on the rotating wing drones and nvidia onboard computer is developed and implemented in this paper.

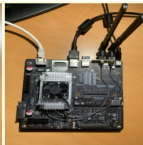
- several object detection algorithms like SSD, YOLO, and RCNN are introduced in the beginning of this paper.
- the hardware platform are compared.



(a) Raspberry Pi 4



(b) Nvidia Jetson Nano



(c) Nvidia Jetson TX2



(d) Nvidia Jetson AGX
Xavier board



(e) UAV Embedded with
AGX Xavier board

Real-Time On-Board Deep Learning Fault Detection for Autonomous UAV Inspections — Result

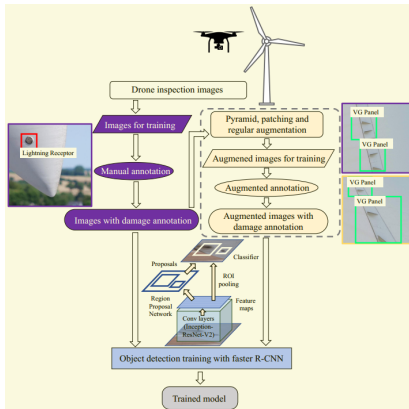
- YOLO-v3, YOLO-v3-tiny, YOLO-v4, and YOLO-v4-tiny are developed and tested on the dataset.
- The YOLO-v4-tiny has the best performance.



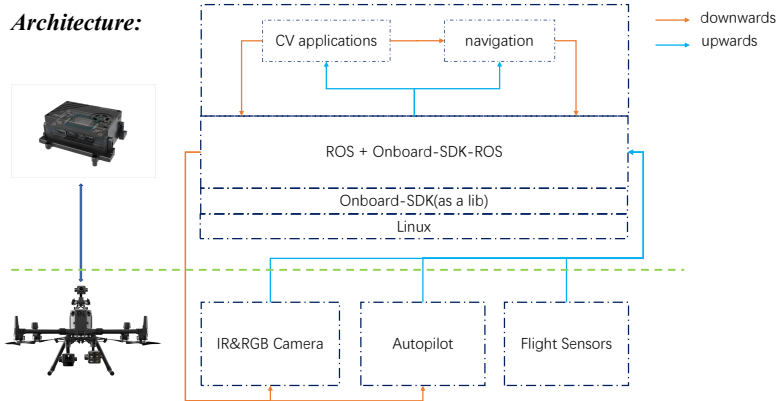
Wind Turbine Surface Damage Detection by Deep Learning Aided Drone Inspection Analysis

Main Idea:

The faster RCNN algorithm are implemented to detected the injuries of the wind turbine blades. Then the authors compare several preprocessing methods on several faster RCNN based models.



Architecture:



Tasks:

- Computer Vision module for the fire and smoke detection.
- Navigation module for guidance.

Conclusions:

- Some of the detection algorithms are ready to implemented on the drones.
- YOLO trends to have the lower accuracy to detect the small and overlap of the object comparing with RCNN, while the RCNN runs much slower than YOLO.
- The software environment and the communication of the M300 and YunGuan2 are tested in the past 1 week.

Ideas:

- The next step to implement the aforementioned methods, and use the metrics to reproduce the basic algorithm as well as their derivatives:
 - Implement the YOLO and some simple navigation algorithm on the M300.
 - Change the detection with Linhan's algorithm.
 - Prepare for the flight test.

Thank you!