

EXERCISE 1

1. Behavioral Design Patterns

Use Case 1: Strategy Pattern - Payment Gateway

The Strategy pattern is demonstrated through a payment gateway system that allows users to pay using different payment methods (e.g., credit card, PayPal, bank transfer).

```
// PaymentGateway.java
public interface PaymentGateway {
    void pay(double amount);
}

// CreditCardStrategy.java
public class CreditCardStrategy implements PaymentGateway {
    @Override
    public void pay(double amount) {
        System.out.println("Paid " + amount + " using credit card");
    }
}

// PayPalStrategy.java
public class PayPalStrategy implements PaymentGateway {
    @Override
    public void pay(double amount) {
        System.out.println("Paid " + amount + " using PayPal");
    }
}

// BankTransferStrategy.java
public class BankTransferStrategy implements PaymentGateway {
    @Override
    public void pay(double amount) {
        System.out.println("Paid " + amount + " using bank transfer");
    }
}

// PaymentGateway.java
public class PaymentGateway {
    private PaymentGateway strategy;

    public PaymentGateway(PaymentGateway strategy) {
        this.strategy = strategy;
    }

    public void pay(double amount) {
        strategy.pay(amount);
    }
}
```

Use Case 2: Observer Pattern - Weather Station

The Observer pattern is demonstrated through a weather station system that notifies users of weather updates.

```
// WeatherStation.java
public interface WeatherStation {
    void registerObserver(WeatherObserver observer);
    void removeObserver(WeatherObserver observer);
    void notifyObservers();
}

// WeatherObserver.java
public interface WeatherObserver {
    void update(double temperature, double humidity);
}

// ForecastDisplay.java
public class ForecastDisplay implements WeatherObserver {
    @Override
    public void update(double temperature, double humidity) {
        System.out.println("Forecast: Temperature=" + temperature + ", Humidity=" + humidity);
    }
}

// WeatherStation.java
public class WeatherStation implements WeatherStation {
    private List<WeatherObserver> observers;
    private double temperature;
    private double humidity;

    public WeatherStation() {
        observers = new ArrayList<>();
    }

    @Override
    public void registerObserver(WeatherObserver observer) {
        observers.add(observer);
    }

    @Override
    public void removeObserver(WeatherObserver observer) {
        observers.remove(observer);
    }

    public void setMeasurements(double temperature, double humidity) {
        this.temperature = temperature;
        this.humidity = humidity;
        notifyObservers();
    }
}
```

2. Creational Design Patterns

Use Case 1: Singleton Pattern - Logger

The Singleton pattern is demonstrated through a logger system that ensures only one instance of the logger is created.

```
1 // Logger.java
2 public class Logger {
3     private static Logger instance;
4
5     private Logger() {}
6
7     public static Logger getInstance() {
8         if (instance == null) {
9             instance = new Logger();
10        }
11        return instance;
12    }
13
14    public void log(String message) {
15        System.out.println("Logged: " + message);
16    }
17 }
```

Use Case 2: Factory Pattern - Vehicle Factory

The Factory pattern is demonstrated through a vehicle factory system that creates different types of vehicles (e.g., car, truck, motorcycle).

```
1 // VehicleFactory.java
2 public interface VehicleFactory {
3     Vehicle createVehicle();
4 }
5
6 // Car.java
7 public class Car implements Vehicle {
8     @Override
9     public void drive() {
10        System.out.println("Driving a car");
11    }
12 }
13
14 // Truck.java
15 public class Truck implements Vehicle {
16     @Override
17     public void drive() {
18        System.out.println("Driving a truck");
19    }
20 }
```

3. Structural Design Patterns

Use Case 1: Adapter Pattern - File Converter

The Adapter pattern is demonstrated through a file converter system that converts files from one format to another.

```
1 // FileConverter.java
2 public interface FileConverter {
3     void convert(String file);
4 }
5
6 // PDFAdapter.java
7 public class PDFAdapter implements FileConverter {
8     @Override
9     public void convert(String file) {
10         System.out.println("Converting " + file + " to PDF");
11     }
12 }
13
14 // WordAdapter.java
15 public class WordAdapter implements FileConverter {
16     @Override
17     public void convert(String file) {
18         System.out.println("Converting " + file + " to Word");
19     }
20 }
21
22 // FileConverter.java
23 public class FileConverter {
24     private FileConverter adapter;
25
26     public FileConverter(FileConverter adapter) {
27         this.adapter = adapter;
28     }
29
30     public void convert(String file) {
31         adapter.convert(file);
32     }
33 }
```


Use Case 2: Composite Pattern - File System

The Composite pattern is demonstrated through a file system system that represents files and directories as a composite structure.

```
1 // FileSystem.java
2 public interface FileSystem {
3     void print();
4 }
5
6 // File.java
7 public class File implements FileSystem {
8     private String name;
9
10    public File(String name) {
11        this.name = name;
12    }
13
14    @Override
15    public void print() {
16        System.out.println("File: " + name);
17    }
18 }
19
20 // Directory.java
21 public class Directory implements FileSystem {
22     private List<FileSystem> files;
23     private String name;
24
25    public Directory(String name) {
26        this.name = name;
27        files = new ArrayList<>();
28    }
29
30    public void add(FileSystem file) {
31        files.add(file);
32    }
33
34    @Override
35    public void print() {
36        System.out.println("Directory: " + name);
37        for (FileSystem file : files) {
38            file.print();
39        }
40    }
41 }
```