

BEETLE GEOMETRY

MODULE 2: INVESTIGATION 2

Drawing Polygons





ACTIVITY 2.2.1

Drawing Polygons

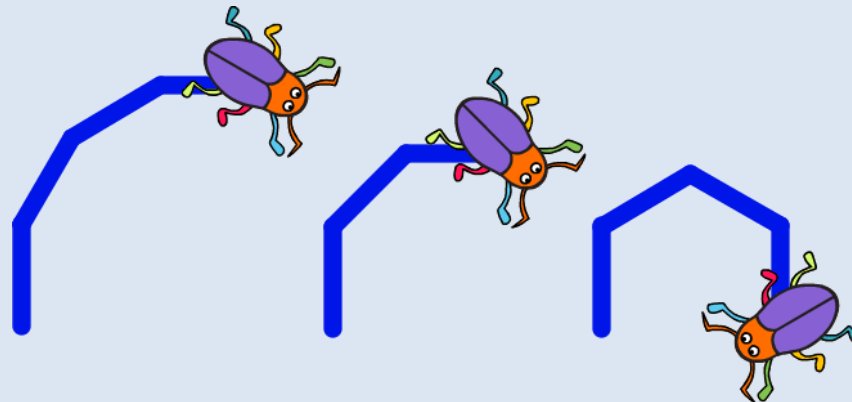
MODULE 2: INVESTIGATION 2

Activity 2.2.1 – Drawing Polygons



Open project **22-Drawing Polygons**.

- Run the *setup script*.
- Snap together one **move** block and one **turn** block, set to any values and click the short script several times (**without** using **repeat**).

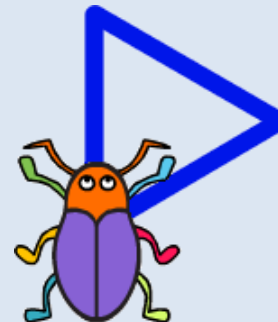
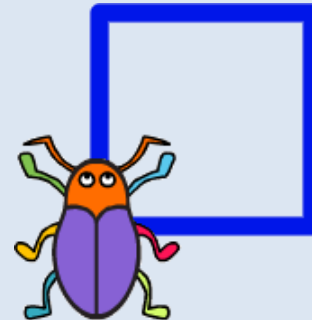


MODULE 2: INVESTIGATION 2

Activity 2.2.1 – Drawing Polygons



- Add the **repeat** block around your script and set it to the **smallest** number to complete your polygon in one click.
- Create a script to draw a **square**.
- Create a script to draw a **triangle**.





Discussion Questions

- How did you work out how to draw your square or triangle?
- How many sides did your other polygons have? What polygons did you draw?
- How many degrees did the Beetle turn in total to make it a closed shape? How many steps did the Beetle move in total?
- What is the link between the **move** and **repeat** blocks in your polygon scripts?
- Did you manage to draw an equilateral triangle? How did you build your script to ensure it was equilateral?



ACTIVITY 2.2.2: UNPLUGGED

Polygon Scripts

MODULE 2: INVESTIGATION 2

Activity 2.2.2 – Unplugged: Polygon Scripts





Match the script with the polygon that it would draw when you click on it.

1

```



set pen size to 5
pen down
set pen color to purple
repeat 4
  move 70 steps
  turn 90 degrees
    
```

2

```



set pen size to 5
pen down
set pen color to purple
repeat 3
  move 70 steps
  turn 120 degrees
    
```

3

```


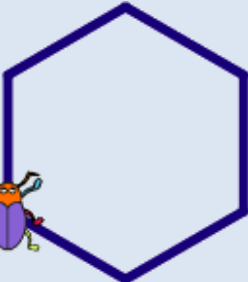
set pen size to 5
pen down
set pen color to purple
repeat 6
  move 70 steps
  turn 60 degrees
    
```

4

```

set pen size to 5
pen down
set pen color to purple
repeat 2
  move 60 steps
  turn 90 degrees
  move 100 steps
  turn 90 degrees
    
```

MODULE 2: INVESTIGATION 2

Activity 2.2.2 – Unplugged: Polygon Scripts





Match the script with the polygon that it would draw when you click on it.

1

```



set pen size to 5
pen down
set pen color to purple
repeat 4
  move 70 steps
  turn 90 degrees
        
```

2

```



set pen size to 5
pen down
set pen color to purple
repeat 3
  move 70 steps
  turn 120 degrees
        
```

3

```


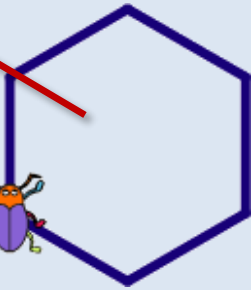
set pen size to 5
pen down
set pen color to purple
repeat 6
  move 70 steps
  turn 60 degrees
        
```

4

```

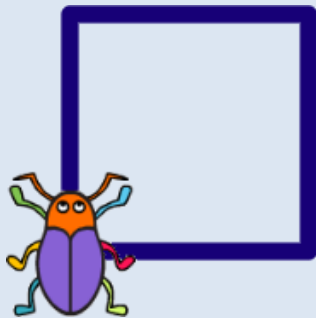
set pen size to 5
pen down
set pen color to purple
repeat 2
  move 60 steps
  turn 90 degrees
  move 100 steps
  turn 90 degrees
        
```

Red lines connect the scripts to the polygons: Script 1 to Square, Script 2 to Triangle, Script 3 to Hexagon, and Script 4 to Octagon.

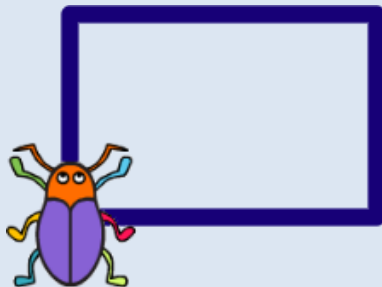


■ Fill in the gaps in the text below to show how you worked out the answer.



This is the correct polygon because:

- it has ____ equal sides and ____ right angles
- the blocks in the **repeat** are run ____ times
- the **move** block is ____ steps
- the Beetle always turns right by ____ degrees

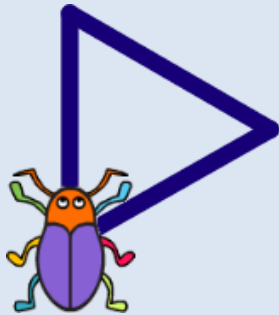


This is the correct polygon because:

- it has ____ pairs of equal sides opposite each other, a shorter pair and a longer pair
- it has ____ right angles
- the blocks in the **repeat** are run ____ times
- there are ____ **move** blocks in the **repeat**
- there are ____ **turn** blocks in the **repeat** and the Beetle always turns right by ____ degrees

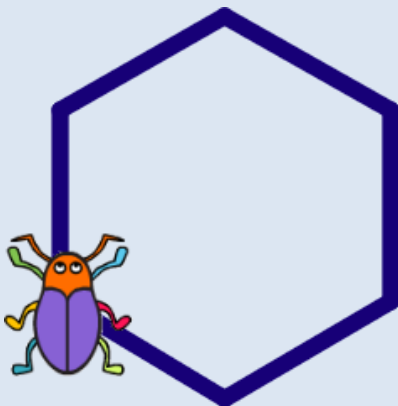


■ Fill in the gaps in the text below to show how you worked out the answer.



This is the correct polygon because:

- it has ____ equal sides and ____ equal angles
- the blocks in the **repeat** are run ____ times
- the **move** block is ____ steps
- the Beetle always turns right by ____ degrees



This is the correct polygon because:

- it has ____ equal sides and ____ equal angles
- the blocks in the **repeat** are run ____ times
- the **move** block is ____ steps
- the Beetle always turns right by ____ degrees



ACTIVITY 2.2.3

Using and Defining More Blocks

MODULE 2: INVESTIGATION 2

Activity 2.2.3 – Using and Defining More Blocks



Continue in **22-Drawing Polygons**.

- Go to the **My Blocks** group and find the new blocks that are there.

set random pen size

set random pen colour

set random pen shade

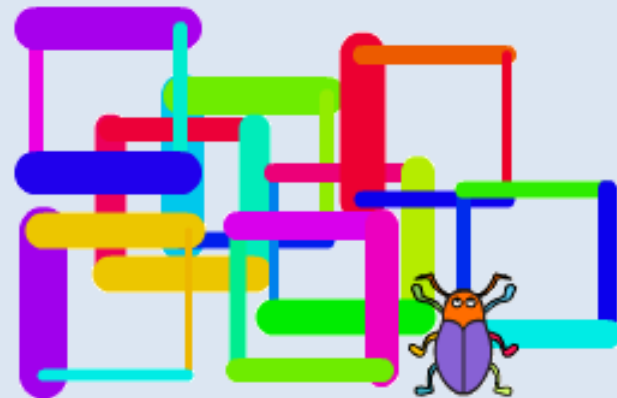
- Experiment with these new blocks by adding them to the top of your *square script* or inside the script.

MODULE 2: INVESTIGATION 2

Activity 2.2.3 – Using and Defining More Blocks



- Drag the Beetle around the stage to draw squares with different coloured and sized lines.

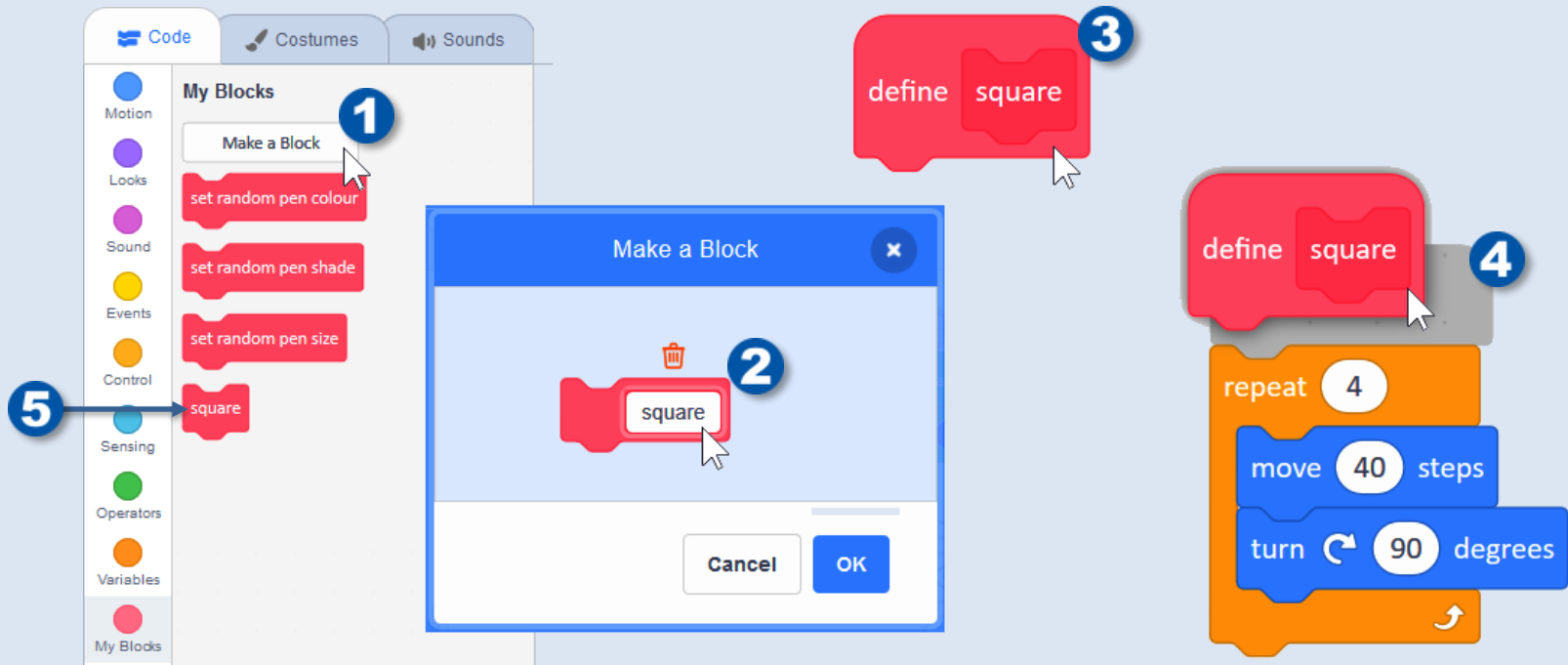


MODULE 2: INVESTIGATION 2

Activity 2.2.3 – Using and Defining More Blocks



- Make a new block, see ①, and give your block a meaningful name e.g. *square*, see ②.
- Drag the hat block ③ and put it as a hat on top of the script for drawing a square ④. From now use the new block ⑤.



The screenshot illustrates the process of creating a custom block in Scratch. On the left, the 'My Blocks' panel shows a 'Make a Block' button (①) and a list of existing blocks including 'square' (⑤). A 'Make a Block' dialog box (②) is open, showing a 'square' block being created. In the center, a 'define square' block (③) is shown. On the right, a script is shown with a 'define square' block (④) as a hat block, followed by a 'repeat' loop containing 'move 40 steps' and 'turn 90 degrees' blocks.



Discussion Questions

- What is the difference between *pen colour* and *pen shade*?
- Where did you try placing the **set random pen** blocks in your script – how did this change your drawing?
- Why would it be a good idea to define a new block for a script you use many times in your project (e.g. drawing a square)?
- Why is it important to give a new block a meaningful name?



ACTIVITY 2.2.4

Combining New Blocks

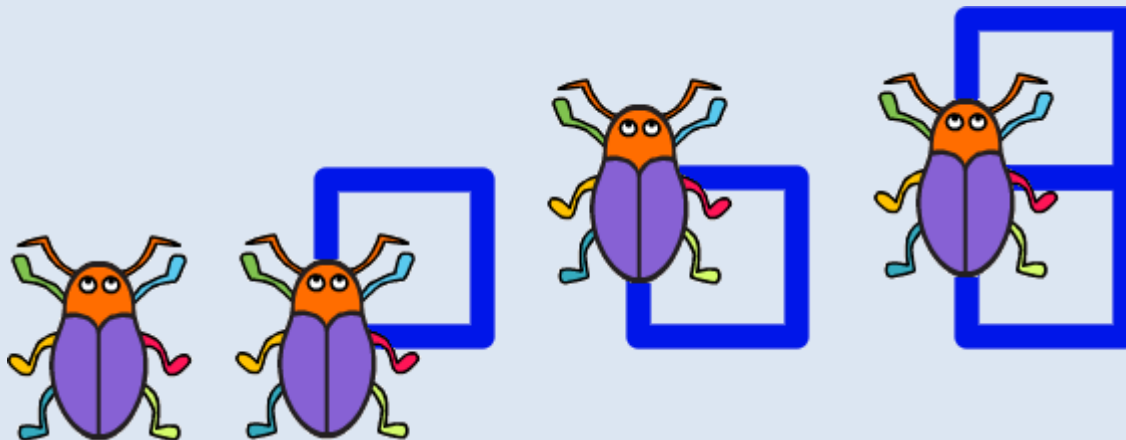
MODULE 2: INVESTIGATION 2

Activity 2.2.4 – Combining New Blocks



Continue in **22-Drawing Polygons**.

- Build a script, using your **square** block, to **draw a tower of two or three squares**.

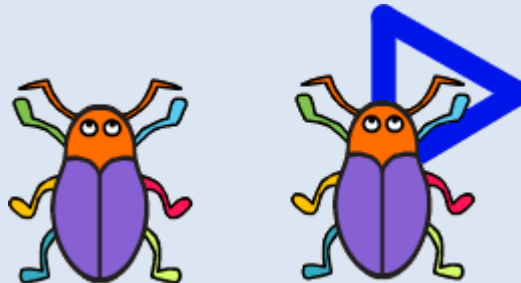


MODULE 2: INVESTIGATION 2

Activity 2.2.4 – Combining New Blocks



- Make another new block **triangle** with sides that are the same length as your square.

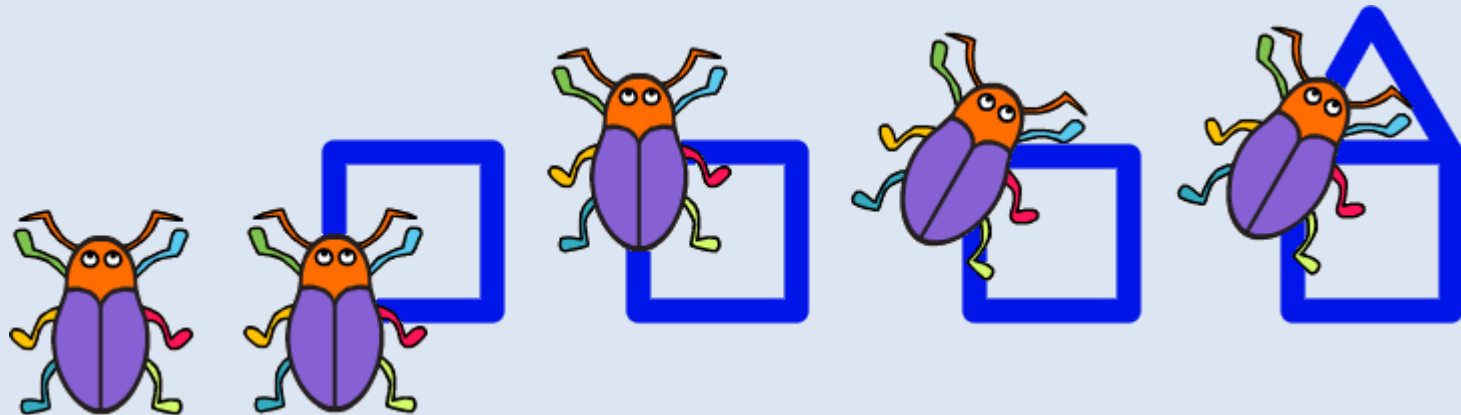


MODULE 2: INVESTIGATION 2

Activity 2.2.4 – Combining New Blocks



- Combine your **square** and **triangle** blocks in one script to **draw a house**.

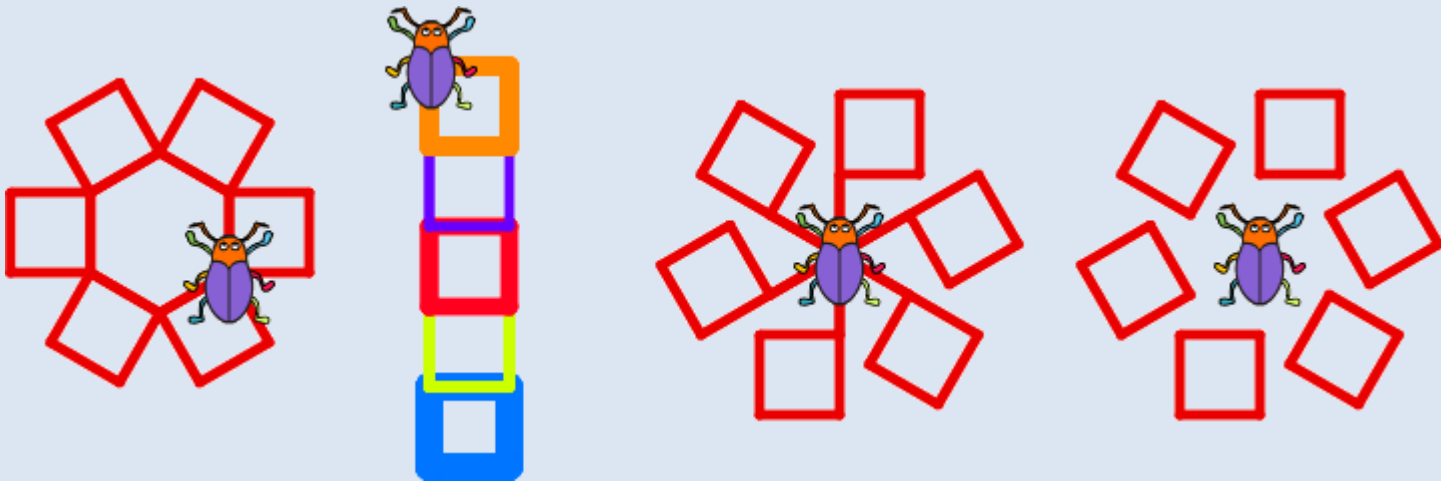


MODULE 2: INVESTIGATION 2

Activity 2.2.4 – [Extension] Combining New Blocks



- **[Extension]** Try building scripts to draw some of the example pictures below using just the **square** block.





Discussion Questions

- What problems did you encounter when building a script for drawing a tower of two squares and how did you solve these?
- How did you use your new blocks to create a house?
- Did defining a new block for **square** and **triangle** make it easier to draw the house? How?
- What problems did you encounter when drawing your house?
- How did you discover the angle that you need to turn by in order to draw the roof on your house correctly?

MODULE 2: INVESTIGATION 2



My Investigation 2 check list:

- ☐ I built a script to draw a square.
- ☐ I built a script to draw an equilateral triangle.
- ☐ I envisaged what polygons different scripts would draw.
- ☐ I used pre-defined blocks within my square script to draw squares with sides of random widths and colours.
- ☐ I defined my own **square** and **triangle** blocks.
- ☐ I used my **square** block to draw a tower.
- ☐ I used my **square** and **triangle** blocks to draw a house.