

Reducing depressive symptoms through AI-guided narrative self-films: Results from a randomized controlled trial

Elvin Yao, Harry Yang

Hong Kong University of Science and Technology

The Challenge: A Global Rise in Youth Depression

- Depression is a leading cause of disability worldwide, with the greatest burden on young adults.
- Prevalence among 18-25 year-olds is high and rising, straining traditional mental health services.
- Young people are increasingly turning to digital self-help tools, including generative AI.
- However, there is a critical need for theory-guided, evidence-based AI interventions for mental health.

Theoretical Framework: Narrative Identity & Cultural Context

Narrative Identity Theory

- People form a coherent sense of self by integrating past, present, and future experiences into a life story.
- Coherent and redemptive narratives are associated with higher hope and lower depressive symptoms.

Key Psychological Mechanisms

- **Hope:** Agency and pathways to goals.
- **Narrative Coherence:** Thematically integrated and causally linked life stories.
- **Future Self-Continuity:** Felt connection between present and future selves.

Cultural Adaptation

- Most narrative interventions are developed in Western, individualistic contexts.
- In collectivist cultures like China, life stories often emphasize communal harmony and family roles, requiring culturally responsive adaptations.

The Intervention: A 5-Day AI-Assisted "Self-Film" Program

01 Days 1-3: Creating the Chapters

Participants create one short AI-generated video per day to represent their past, present, and imagined future selves.

02 Days 4-5: Compiling the Story

Participants refine their videos and compile them into a final, personalized "self-film".

03 Final Reflection

Participants write a guided reflection on how their personal story evolved through the process.

Study Design: A 3x2 Factorial Randomized Controlled Trial

- **Participants:** 181 Chinese undergraduates with mild-to-moderate depressive symptoms.
- **Design:** Participants were randomly assigned to one of six conditions.
- **Factor 1: Value Framing-** Independent (personal autonomy)
 - Interdependent (social connection)
 - Neutral Control
- **Factor 2: Narrative Arc-** Ideal-Only (focus on positive aspirations)
 - Conflict-Resolution (narrate overcoming a challenge)
- **Hypothesis:** The Interdependent / Conflict-Resolution condition would yield the greatest improvements.

Results: Descriptive Statistics

- This table shows the mean (M) and standard deviation (SD) for key outcomes before and after the intervention across all six experimental conditions.

Condition	n	PHQ-9 (Pre)	PHQ-9 (Post)	Hope (Pre)	Hope (Post)	Continuity (Pre)	Continuity (Post)	Narrative Coherence (Post)
Independent / Ideal-only	29	11.1 (2.5)	10.5 (2.7)	27.8 (4.4)	27.6 (3.9)	4.2 (1.3)	4.5 (1.3)	5.1 (1.5)
Independent / Conflict resolution	33	9.2 (2.3)	8.2 (2.5)	26.4 (4.3)	27.3 (4.0)	4.1 (1.4)	5.0 (1.2)	6.0 (1.5)
Interdependent / Ideal-only	28	10.5 (2.4)	9.9 (2.6)	26.2 (4.1)	26.4 (4.4)	4.0 (1.2)	4.3 (1.3)	5.3 (1.5)
Interdependent / Conflict resolution	30	11.3 (2.7)	10.0 (2.6)	27.0 (3.6)	28.0 (4.4)	4.0 (1.5)	5.0 (1.3)	6.4 (1.4)
Control / Ideal only	29	8.7 (2.2)	8.5 (2.3)	27.0 (3.8)	26.8 (4.5)	4.2 (1.3)	4.4 (1.6)	5.0 (1.0)
Control / Conflict resolution	31	10.3 (2.5)	9.5 (2.4)	26.5 (3.8)	27.0 (4.1)	3.9 (1.2)	4.6 (1.5)	5.7 (1.6)

Results: Statistical Analysis (ANOVA)

- The conflict-resolution narrative structure significantly reduced depressive symptoms and increased hope and narrative coherence.
- A significant three-way interaction for depression (Time × Framing × Structure) highlights the superior effect of the interdependent/conflict-resolution condition.

Outcome Variable	Effect	F(df)	p	Partial η ²
Depression (PHQ-9)	Time	15.72 (1, 180)	< .001	.08
	Value Framing	2.03 (2, 178)	.134	.02
	Narrative Structure	5.31 (1, 180)	.023	.03
Hope	Time × Framing × Structure	3.92 (2, 178)	.021	.04
	Narrative Structure	4.85 (1, 180)	.029	.03
	Value Framing	9.84 (1, 180)	.001	.05
Narrative Coherence	Value Framing	3.92 (2, 178)	.021	.04
	Framing × Structure	4.11 (2, 178)	.018	.04
	Time	9.84 (1, 180)	.002	.05
Self-Continuity	Time × Framing × Structure	3.55 (2, 180)	.029	.03

Qualitative Themes from Participant Reflections

Temporal Integration (61%)

- Participants reported a deepened ability to connect past experiences with their present identity and future goals, making their life story feel more 'connected' and 'directional'.

Emotional Processing (54%)

- Many described the intervention as emotionally cathartic, facilitating meaning-making and perspective-taking on difficult life events.

Relational Identity (43%)

- Especially in the interdependent condition, participants framed goals in relation to family and community, reflecting collectivist cultural values.

Key Findings and Implications

- **Conflict is Key:** Narrating the resolution of personal challenges was more effective at reducing depressive symptoms than focusing only on ideal futures.
- **Culture Matters:** Framing stories around interdependent values (family, community) amplified the benefits, particularly for narrative coherence.
- **Combined Effect:** The interdependent/conflict-resolution condition produced the strongest improvements across psychological well-being metrics.
- **Implication:** This study provides preliminary evidence for brief, culturally-attuned, AI-supported storytelling as a scalable digital mental health intervention.

Thank You

- Generative AI, when guided by psychological theory and cultural sensitivity, holds promise for supporting youth mental health.
- Future research should continue to explore mechanisms of change and address the ethical considerations of deploying AI in emotionally sensitive contexts.