

# NUNNA LEEKHITH SRI KRISHNA

## Climate-Aware Adaptation Strategy Prediction Using Machine Learning

### Objective:

Develop a machine learning model that predicts the most suitable agricultural adaptation strategy based on climate, environmental, and regional factors.

This can help farmers or policy-makers automatically choose the best strategy to improve crop resilience and yield under changing climate conditions.

### Size and Features of Dataset

```
% Load dataset
data = readtable("C:\Users\leekh\OneDrive - Amrita vishwa
vidyapeetham\Git\5_climate_change_impact_on_agriculture_2024\climate_change_impact_o
n_agriculture_2024.csv")
```

data = 10000x15 table

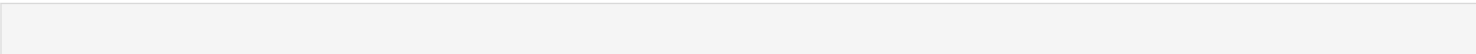
...

|    | Year | Country     | Region            | Crop_Type    | Average_Temperature_C |
|----|------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| 1  | 2001 | 'India'     | 'West Bengal'     | 'Corn'       | 1.5500                |
| 2  | 2024 | 'China'     | 'North'           | 'Corn'       | 3.2300                |
| 3  | 2001 | 'France'    | 'Ile-de-France'   | 'Wheat'      | 21.1100               |
| 4  | 2001 | 'Canada'    | 'Prairies'        | 'Coffee'     | 27.8500               |
| 5  | 1998 | 'India'     | 'Tamil Nadu'      | 'Sugarcane'  | 2.1900                |
| 6  | 2019 | 'USA'       | 'Midwest'         | 'Coffee'     | 17.1900               |
| 7  | 1997 | 'Argentina' | 'Northeast'       | 'Fruits'     | 23.4600               |
| 8  | 2021 | 'Australia' | 'New South Wales' | 'Rice'       | 25.6300               |
| 9  | 2012 | 'India'     | 'Punjab'          | 'Wheat'      | 32.0800               |
| 10 | 2018 | 'Nigeria'   | 'North West'      | 'Barley'     | 21.2300               |
| 11 | 2006 | 'Nigeria'   | 'South East'      | 'Sugarcane'  | -3.5700               |
| 12 | 1997 | 'France'    | 'Grand Est'       | 'Coffee'     | 34.3600               |
| 13 | 1993 | 'Russia'    | 'Northwestern'    | 'Vegetables' | 19.0900               |
| 14 | 2003 | 'USA'       | 'Northeast'       | 'Barley'     | 14.7000               |

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```
% Size of dataset
[m, n] = size(data);
fprintf('Rows: %d, Columns: %d\n', m, n);
```

Rows: 10000, Columns: 15



```
% List all feature names
disp('Feature Names:');
```

Feature Names:

```
disp(data.Properties.VariableNames');
```

```
{'Year'
{'Country'
{'Region'
{'Crop_Type'
{'Average_Temperature_C'
{'Total_Precipitation_mm'
{'CO2_Emissions_MT'
{'Crop_Yield_MT_per_HA'
{'Extreme_Weather_Events'
{'Irrigation_Access_'
{'Pesticide_Use_KG_per_HA'
{'Fertilizer_Use_KG_per_HA'
{'Soil_Health_Index'
{'Adaptation_Strategies'
{'Economic_Impact_Million_USD'}}
```

## Class Distribution

### *Read the Dataset*

```
% Load the CSV dataset
data = readtable('C:\Users\leekh\OneDrive - Amrita vishwa
vidyapeetham\Git\5_climate_change_impact_on_agriculture_2024\climate_change_impact_o
n_agriculture_2024.csv');
```

### *Convert Target Column to Categorical*

```
% Convert the target column to categorical if it isn't already
data.Adaptation_Strategies = categorical(data.Adaptation_Strategies);
```

### *Get Class Counts*

```
% Count number of samples per strategy
strategyCounts = countcats(data.Adaptation_Strategies);

% Get the strategy names
strategyNames = categories(data.Adaptation_Strategies);
```

### *Display Class Distribution*

```
% Print the results
fprintf('Adaptation Strategy Distribution:\n');
```

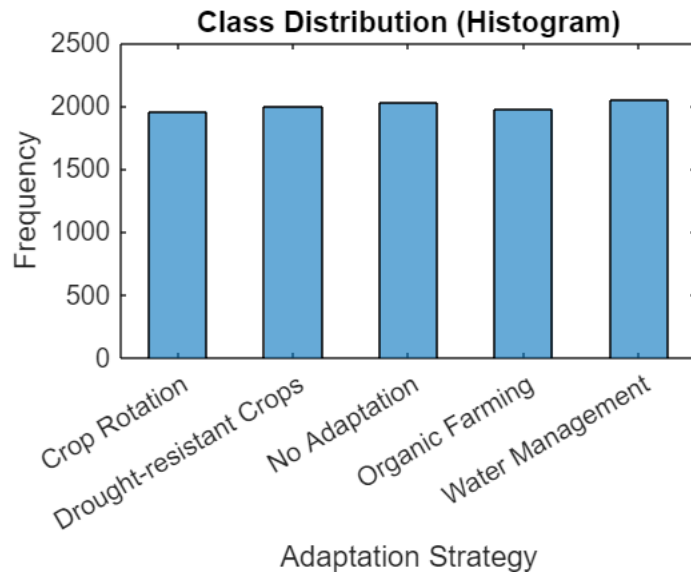
Adaptation Strategy Distribution:

```
for i = 1:length(strategyNames)
    fprintf('%s: %d samples\n', strategyNames{i}, strategyCounts(i));
end
```

Crop Rotation: 1957 samples  
 Drought-resistant Crops: 1995 samples  
 No Adaptation: 2024 samples  
 Organic Farming: 1975 samples  
 Water Management: 2049 samples

### Stacked Histogram

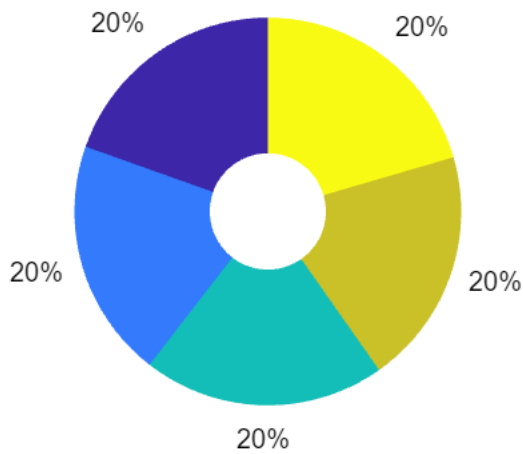
```
figure;
histogram(data.Adaptation_Strategies, 'DisplayStyle','bar', 'BarWidth',0.5);
xlabel('Adaptation Strategy');
ylabel('Frequency');
title('Class Distribution (Histogram)');
```



### Donut Chart

```
figure;
p = pie(strategyCounts);
title('Class Distribution (Donut Style)');
% Create hole
for i = 1:2:length(p)
    p(i).EdgeColor = 'none';
end
% Place white circle in center
hold on;
r = rectangle('Position',[-0.3,-0.3,0.6,0.6], 'Curvature',[1,1],
'FaceColor','white', 'EdgeColor','none');
hold off;
```

**Class Distribution (Donut Style)**



## Preprocessing for Classification

### Load the Dataset

```
% Read the dataset from CSV
data = readtable("C:\Users\leekh\OneDrive - Amrita vishwa
vidyapeetham\Git\5_climate_change_impact_on_agriculture_2024\climate_change_impact_o
n_agriculture_2024.csv")
```

data = 10000x15 table

...

|    | Year | Country     | Region            | Crop_Type    | Average_Temperature_C |
|----|------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
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| 3  | 2001 | 'France'    | 'Ile-de-France'   | 'Wheat'      | 21.1100               |
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### *Convert Relevant Columns to Categorical*

```
% Convert string-based columns to categorical
data.Country = categorical(data.Country);
data.Region = categorical(data.Region);
data.Crop_Type = categorical(data.Crop_Type);
data.Adaptation_Strategies = categorical(data.Adaptation_Strategies); % This is our
target
```

### *Handle Missing Data*

```
% Show summary of missing values
disp('Missing value count per column:');
```

Missing value count per column:

```
disp(sum(ismissing(data)));
```

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

```
% Option 1: Drop rows with missing values
```

```
data = rmmissing(data);
```

```
% (Option 2: Fill missing values – e.g., fill numeric with mean)
```

```
% data.Average_Temperature_C = fillmissing(data.Average_Temperature_C, 'movmean',
5);
```

### *Encode Categorical Features*

```
% Label encode categorical variables
```

```
data.Region = grp2idx(data.Region);
```

```
data.Country = grp2idx(data.Country);
```

```
data.Crop_Type = grp2idx(data.Crop_Type);
```

### *Extract Features (X) and Labels (Y)*

```
% Select features and label
```

```
X = data(:, {'Average_Temperature_C', 'Total_Precipitation_mm', ...
            'CO2_Emissions_MT', 'Extreme_Weather_Events', ...
            'Irrigation_Access_', 'Soil_Health_Index', ...
            'Crop_Type', 'Region'}); % Feel free to include Country too
```

```
Y = data.Adaptation_Strategies;
```

### *Convert Table to Matrix & Normalize Features*

```
% Convert table to matrix and normalize features
```

```
X = normalize(table2array(X)); % Z-score normalization
```

## Encode the Target Labels

```
% Convert the categorical target into numeric class labels
Y = grp2idx(Y);
```

## Split into Train & Test Sets

```
% Create a partition (70% train, 30% test)
cv = cvpartition(size(X,1), 'HoldOut', 0.3);

XTrain = X(training(cv), :);
YTrain = Y(training(cv));
XTest = X(test(cv), :);
YTest = Y(test(cv));
```

## Convert Training and Test Data into Tables

```
% Combine XTrain and YTrain into one table
trainTable = array2table([XTrain YTrain], ...
    'VariableNames', {'AvgTemp', 'Precip', 'CO2', 'ExtremeEvents', ...
        'Irrigation', 'SoilHealth', 'CropType', 'Region',
        'Strategy'});

% Combine XTest and YTest into one table
testTable = array2table([XTest YTest], ...
    'VariableNames', {'AvgTemp', 'Precip', 'CO2', 'ExtremeEvents', ...
        'Irrigation', 'SoilHealth', 'CropType', 'Region',
        'Strategy'});
```

## Write the tables to CSV files

```
writetable(trainTable, 'train_data.csv');
writetable(testTable, 'test_data.csv');

disp("📄 Train and test sets saved as 'train_data.csv' and 'test_data.csv'");
```

📄 Train and test sets saved as 'train\_data.csv' and 'test\_data.csv'

## Quality Check Before Training ML Model

### Check for Missing Values

```
disp("Missing values per column:");
```

Missing values per column:

```
disp(sum(ismissing(data)));
```

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

### Check Class Distribution (Again)

```
tabulate(Y) % shows class count, percentage
```

| Value | Count | Percent |
|-------|-------|---------|
| 1     | 1957  | 19.57%  |
| 2     | 1995  | 19.95%  |
| 3     | 2024  | 20.24%  |
| 4     | 1975  | 19.75%  |
| 5     | 2049  | 20.49%  |

### Check Feature Statistics

```
disp("Mean of features (should be ~0 after normalization):");
```

Mean of features (should be ~0 after normalization):

```
disp(mean(X));
```

1.0e-14 \*

-0.0442    0.1432    -0.0217    0.0122    0.0638    -0.0956    -0.0069    0.0399

```
disp("Std deviation of features (should be ~1):");
```

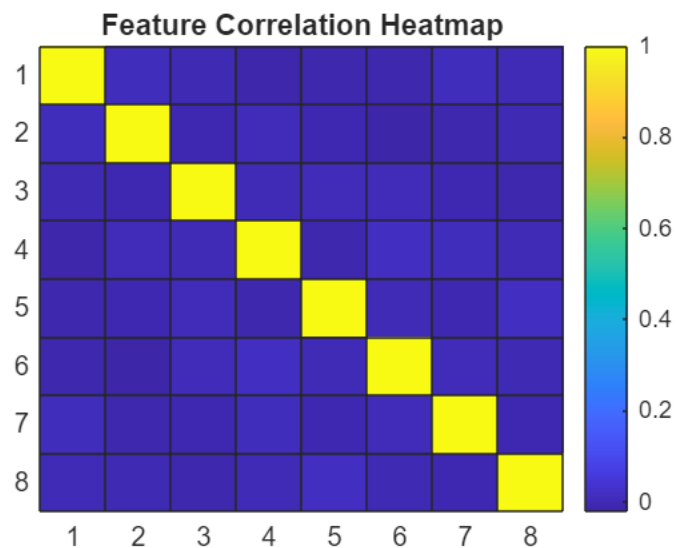
Std deviation of features (should be ~1):

```
disp(std(X));
```

1.0000    1.0000    1.0000    1.0000    1.0000    1.0000    1.0000    1.0000

### Correlation Heatmap

```
figure;  
corrMatrix = corr(X);  
heatmap(corrMatrix, 'Colormap', parula, 'Title', 'Feature Correlation Heatmap');
```



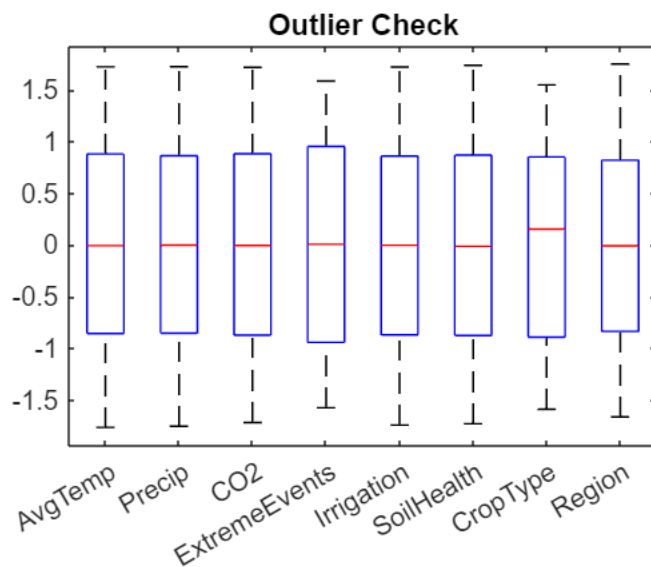
### Outlier Visualization (Optional)

```
figure;
```

```

boxplot(X, 'Labels', {'AvgTemp', 'Precip', 'CO2', 'ExtremeEvents', ...
                    'Irrigation', 'SoilHealth', 'CropType', 'Region'});
title('Outlier Check');

```



## Compare 5 Classifiers + Accuracy Leaderboard

```

% ===== Setup =====
models = {
    fitcecoc(XTrain, YTrain),      'SVM (ECOC)';
    fitcknn(XTrain, YTrain),      'KNN';
    fitctree(XTrain, YTrain),     'Decision Tree';
    fitcensemble(XTrain, YTrain), 'Random Forest';
    fitcnb(XTrain, YTrain),       'Naive Bayes';
};

% Initialize results storage
accuracies = zeros(size(models, 1), 1);

% ===== Train & Evaluate =====
for i = 1:size(models, 1)
    model = models{i,1};
    name = models{i,2};

    % Predict on test set
    predictions = predict(model, XTest);

    % Calculate accuracy
    acc = sum(predictions == YTest) / numel(YTest);
    accuracies(i) = acc;

    % Display individual result
    fprintf('📊 %s Accuracy: %.2f%%\n', name, acc * 100);
end

```



```
end
```

```
❏ SVM (ECOC) Accuracy: 19.67%
❏ KNN Accuracy: 18.93%
❏ Decision Tree Accuracy: 18.90%
❏ Random Forest Accuracy: 18.73%
❏ Naive Bayes Accuracy: 19.03%
```

```
% ===== Leaderboard =====
% Display as sorted leaderboard
[sortedAcc, idx] = sort(accuracies, 'descend');
sortedNames = models(idx, 2);

fprintf('\n💎 Accuracy Leaderboard:\n');
```

```
💎 Accuracy Leaderboard:
```

```
for i = 1:length(sortedAcc)
    fprintf('%d. %s - %.2f%%\n', i, sortedNames{i}, sortedAcc(i) * 100);
end
```

```
1. SVM (ECOC) - 19.67%
2. Naive Bayes - 19.03%
3. KNN - 18.93%
4. Decision Tree - 18.90%
5. Random Forest - 18.73%
```

## Repair the data

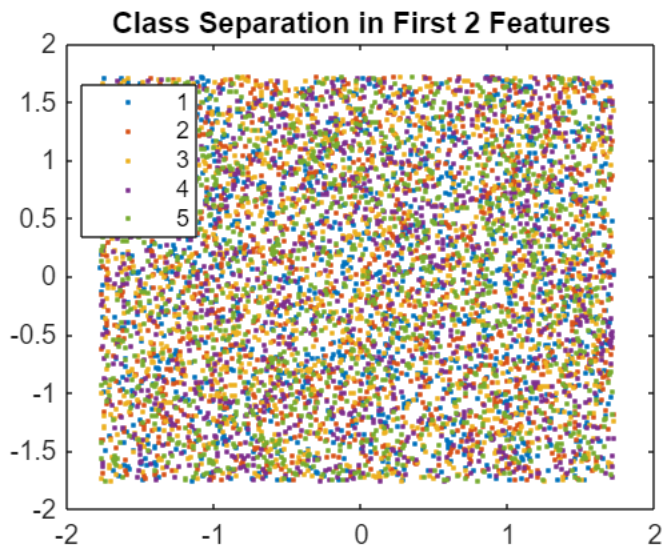
*Labels Might Not Be Properly Encoded*

```
unique(YTrain)
```

```
ans = 5x1
     1
     2
     3
     4
     5
```

*Features Might Be Useless for Classification*

```
gscatter(XTrain(:,1), XTrain(:,2), YTrain);
title("Class Separation in First 2 Features");
```



### Model Complexity Needs Tuning

```
% Tune Random Forest
rf = fitensemble(XTrain, YTrain, 'NumLearningCycles', 100);

% Tune KNN
knn = fitcknn(XTrain, YTrain, 'NumNeighbors', 7);

% Tune SVM (ECOC + linear kernel)
svm = fitcecoc(XTrain, YTrain, 'Learners', templateSVM('KernelFunction','linear'));
```

### Convert Labels to Numeric (If Not Already)

```
YTrain = grp2idx(YTrain);
YTest = grp2idx(YTest);
```

### Upgrade Random Forest

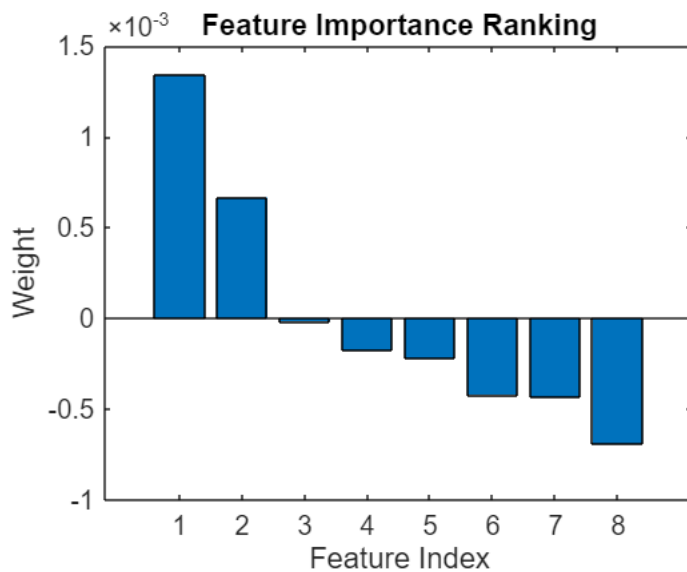
```
rfModel = fitensemble(XTrain, YTrain, ...
    'NumLearningCycles', 200, ...
    'Method', 'Bag');
YPred = predict(rfModel, XTest);
acc = sum(YPred == YTest) / numel(YTest);
fprintf("💎 Upgraded RF Accuracy: %.2f%%\n", acc*100);
```

💎 Upgraded RF Accuracy: 20.17%

### Feature Selection

```
% Rank features using reliefF
[idx, weights] = relieff(XTrain, YTrain, 10);
bar(weights(idx));
title('Feature Importance Ranking');
xlabel('Feature Index');
```

```
ylabel('Weight');
```



```
% Use top N features (e.g., 5)
XTrainTop = XTrain(:, idx(1:5));
XTestTop = XTest(:, idx(1:5));
```

❖ **Classification is not a good fit for this dataset in its current form.**

| ❖ Test                 | ❖ What Happened                        | ❖ What It Means                                  |
|------------------------|--|--|
| <b>Model Accuracy</b>  | ~20% even after tuning                 | Basically guessing                               |
| <b>Scatter Plot</b>    | Total visual noise                     | Features don't separate classes                  |
| <b>Feature Impact</b>  | Likely all classes have similar values | Models can't "learn" the labels                  |
| <b>Class Balance</b>   | Perfectly balanced                     | Not the problem                                  |
| <b>Upgraded Models</b> | Still flop                             | Not about the model, it's the data-task mismatch |

That's It