

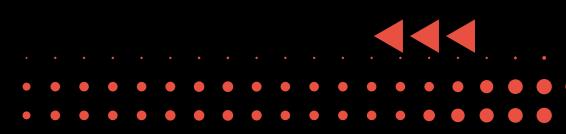


### Problem Statement

Problem 1: Traditional Momentum Strategies Are Easily Fooled by Market Noise

Problem 2: High Volatility Periods Cause Unpredictable Losses

Problem 3: Momentum Signals Are Prone to False Breakouts







Volatility-Aware Momentum (VAM) is a trading strategy that combines momentum signals with a volatility filter. It enters trades only when the price is trending strongly and market volatility is within a safe range this help to reduce false signals and manage risk effectively.



## How the StatFlow Strategy Works

#### **Buy Signal Formula:**

If Momentum<sub>t</sub> >  $M_{threshold}$  AND Volatility<sub>t</sub> <  $V_{threshold}$ , then BUY

#### **Sell Signal Formula:**

 $If Momentum_t < -M_{threshold} AND Volatility_t < V_{threshold}, then SELL$ 



## How the StatFlow Strategy Works

```
threshold = merged_df['combo_signal'].quantile(0.80)
```

Use a dynamic cutoff — only trade the top 20% strongest signals:,it reacts only to high-confidence setups.



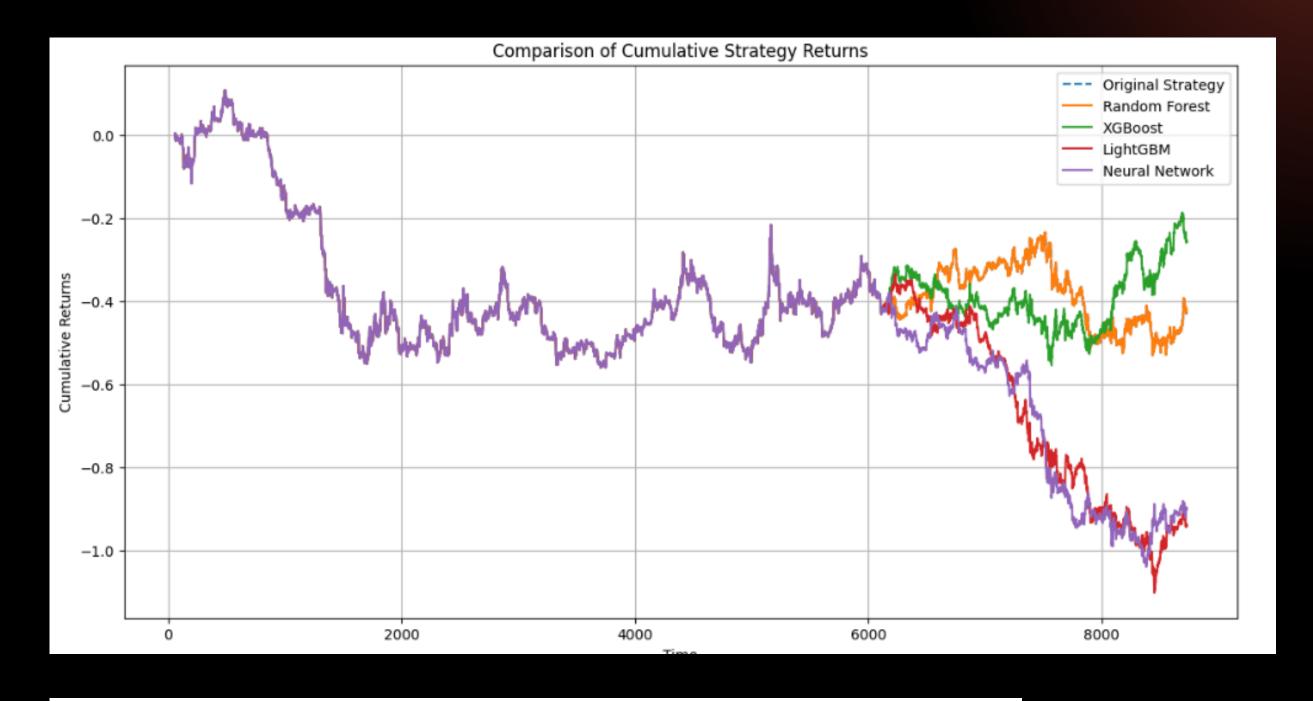


### **Business Value**

- combines momentum and volatility filters to avoid false signals
- Proactively avoids trades during high volatility, reducing drawdowns
- More Predictable Returns: Reduces surprises from sudden market swings.
- Scalable Automation: Easily expanded to multiple assets or strategies.



# Machine Learning

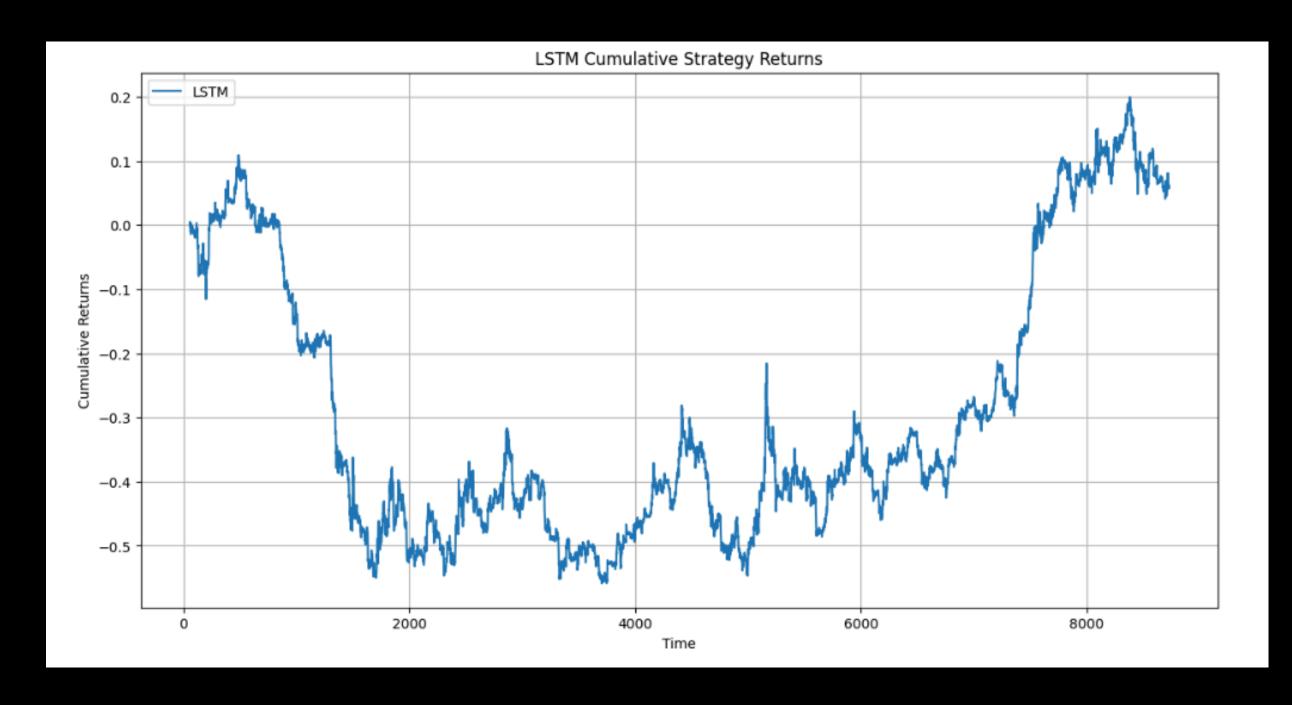


RandomForestClassifier Accuracy: 0.5186753946861764 XGBoost Accuracy: 0.5097963887821744 LightGBM Accuracy: 0.4978870533999232 Neural Network Accuracy: 0.48021513638109875



# Choosen Model







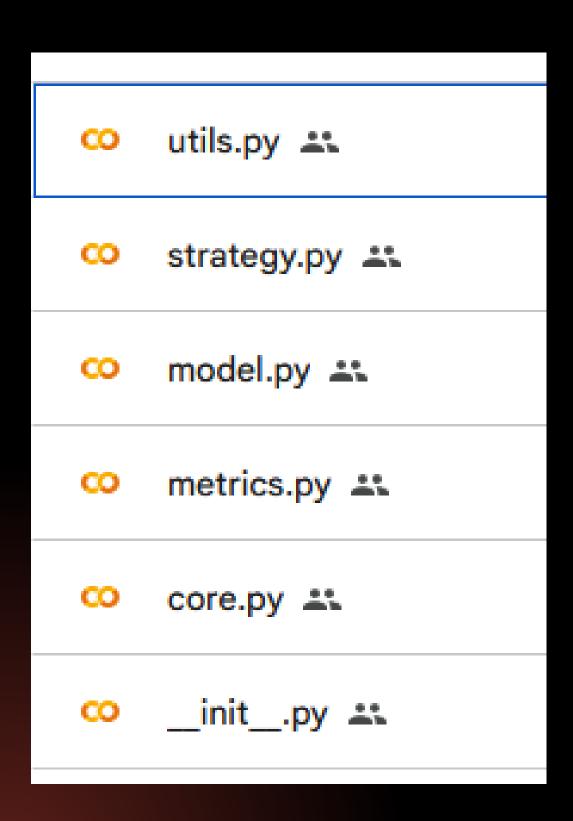


### What Our Model do?

- Learns from past 10 time steps of flow + momentum features.
- Predicts whether BTC price will rise next time step.
- Generates binary trading signals.
- Simulates a basic long-short strategy.
- Plots cumulative P&L to evaluate performance.



## Architectural Design of Backtest Library



- 1. Core.py—This is likely where the main engine lives stuff like data handling, orchestration of strategy logic, or managing the pipeline (e.g., loading prices → calculating metrics → deciding trades).
- 2. metrics.py it's the calculator. It computes things like momentum, volatility, returns, maybe drawdowns. Used to filter stocks or generate signals.
- 3. model.py define a machine learning model, or a rule-based decision system. Could be what actually makes the buy/sell call after seeing metrics.
- 4. strategy.py "If momentum > X and volatility < Y → buy stock"
- 5. utils.py Smoothing data, Converting dates, Normalizing values
- 6. \_\_init\_\_.py This makes your folder a Python package. It's like the "hey, I'm ready to be imported" file. Might also expose key functions or classes from the library.

