③ Device Drivers: Acts as interface b/w software & hardware.

④ File System Management: Manages how data is stored & retrieved.

⑤ Network Management: Handles communication b/w systems.

c. Shell (Command Line Interface - CLI)
   - A command interpreter that allows users to interact with the kernel. Examples bash, fish etc.

   - Converts user commands into system calls for the kernel.

d. User Applications - End-user programs like web browsers, text editors, Devops tools etc.

   - Applications interact with OS using system calls via the shell or GUI (Graphical User Interface)