

Book Store management System using Spring Boot, Thymeleaf and MySQL DB

OBJECTIVE

To demonstrate the basic concepts of Spring Boot, Thymeleaf along with **E-commerce Website** using MySQL DB

ABSTRACT

Backend

- Spring Boot Application
 - o Model
 - Repository
 - o Controller
 - Configuration

Frontend

• Thymeleaf

Database

• MySQL

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Contents

BB Blue BEBSITE USING SPRING BOOT, THYMELEAF AND MYS	•
Introduction	2
Project Summary	6
Problem Statements	6
Requirements	6
Proposed Architecture	6
Methodology	6
Setting Up New Spring Boot Project, Dependency, Development and Deployment	7
Working with Model	7
Working with Repository	9
Working with Service	9
Working with Controller	11
Working with Configuration	13
Configuring Backend DBs, Hihernate and Thymeleaf	14
Working with Templates using Thymeleaf	15
Result and Discussion	24

E-COMMERCE WEBSITE USING SPRING BOOT, THYMELEAF AND MYSQL DB

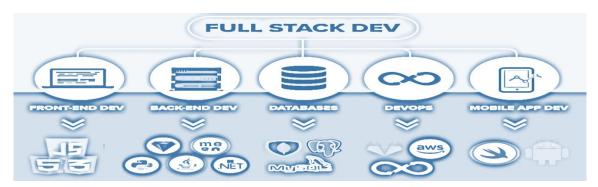
Introduction

Web Application Development

 Web application development is the creation of application programs that reside on remote/local servers and are delivered to the user's device over the Internet / Intranet.

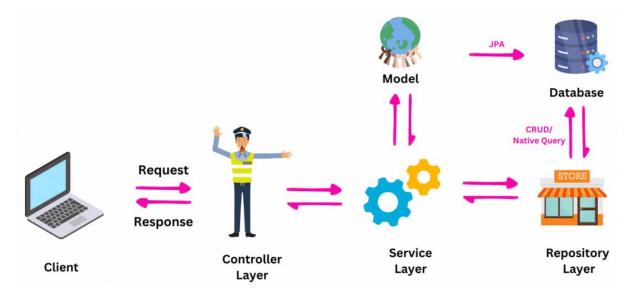


- Web technologies like HTML (Hypertext Markup Language), CSS (Cascading Style Sheets), and JavaScript, which are executed by the browser, are used to create web applications.
- A full-stack developer needs to be proficient in both front-end and back-end of a website



Spring Boot

- Java Spring Framework (Spring Framework) is a popular, open source, enterprise-level framework for creating standalone, production-grade applications that run on the Java Virtual Machine (JVM).
- Java Spring Boot (Spring Boot) is a tool that makes developing web application and microservices with Spring Framework faster and easier through three core capabilities:
 - 1. Autoconfiguration
 - 2. An opinionated approach to configuration
 - 3. The ability to create standalone applications
- These features work together to provide you with a tool that allows you to set up a Spring-based application with minimal configuration and setup. Spring Boot applications can also be optimized and run with the Open Liberty runtime."

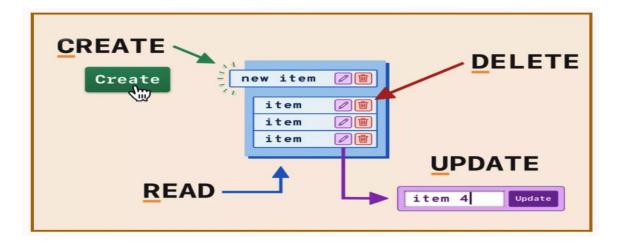


Thymeleaf

- The Thymeleaf is an open-source Java library that is licensed under the Apache License 2.0. It is a HTML5/XHTML/XML template engine. It is a server-side Java template engine for both web (servlet-based) and non-web (offline) environments. It is perfect for modern-day HTML5 JVM web development. It provides full integration with Spring Framework.
- It applies a set of transformations to template files in order to display data or text produced by the application. It is appropriate for serving XHTML/HTML5 in web applications.
- The goal of Thymeleaf is to provide a stylish and well-formed way of creating templates. It is based on XML tags and attributes. These XML tags define the execution of predefined logic on the DOM (Document Object Model) instead of explicitly writing that logic as code inside the template. It is a substitute for JSP.
- The architecture of Thymeleaf allows the fast processing of templates that depends on the caching of parsed files. It uses the least possible amount of I/O operations during execution.

CRUD

- CRUD is an acronym for Create, Read, Update, and Delete. CRUD operations are basic data manipulation for the database
 - Create (C): The create operation involves adding new data to the storage system. i.e., Inserting a new record or document into a table or collection.
 - Read (R): The read operation retrieves existing data from the storage system. It allows you to fetch and view the data.
 - Update (U): The update operation modifies existing data in the storage system. It allows you to make changes to specific records or documents
 - Delete (D): The delete operation removes data from the storage system. It involves the permanent deletion of records or documents.



Project Summary

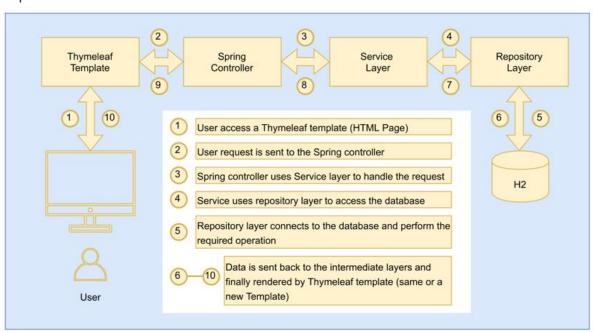
Problem Statements

The traditional methods of managing a E-commerce Website
involve manual processes that are time-consuming, error-prone,
and lack efficiency. In order to overcome these challenges and
enhance the overall management of the shopping store, there is a
need for a comprehensive E-commerce Website that integrates
modern technology to streamline operations, improve accuracy,
and provide a better customer experience.

Requirements

- Software Requirements
 - o Eclipse IDE
 - Spring Boot Framework
 - Hibernate Framework
 - Thymeleaf

Proposed Architecture



Methodology

- Requirement Gathering
- System Design
- Development
- Testing
- Deployment

Setting Up New Spring Boot Project, Dependency, Development and Deployment

- Create new Spring Boot project in Eclipse IDE
 - New→others →Spring Web Project
 - Add Dependency
 - JPA
 - H2
 - Thymeleaf
 - Spring Boot
 - In Project Folder, Right click → RunAs → Spring → Spring Boot App (i.e EcomcartApplication.java)

Working with Model

- Create the package as "model" and store Product.java
- In Product.java, create new book model with the following fields: id (auto increment), productName, price

#Product.java

```
package com.demo.model;
import jakarta.persistence.Column;
import jakarta.persistence.Entity;
import jakarta.persistence.GeneratedValue;
import jakarta.persistence.GenerationType;
import jakarta.persistence.Id;
```

```
@Entity
public class Product {
       @Id
  @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
  private Long id;
       @Column(name = "product_name")
  private String productName;
       @Column(name = "price")
  private double price;
 // Constructors, getters, and setters
  // Constructors
  public Product() {
  public Product(Long id, String productName, double price) {
    this.id = id;
    this.productName = productName;
    this.price = price;
  }
  // Getters and Setters
  public Long getId() {
    return id;
  }
  public void setId(Long id) {
    this.id = id;
  }
  public String getProductName() {
```

```
return productName;
}

public void setProductName(String productName) {
    this.productName = productName;
}

public double getPrice() {
    return price;
}

public void setPrice(double price) {
    this.price = price;
}
```

Working with Repository

- Create the package as "repository" and store ProductRepository.java
- In ProductRepository.java, create the interface that extends from JpaRepository **<Shop, Long>** (i.e) Template that receives Shop Object and Id from Product.java

```
package com.demo.repository;
import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;
import com.demo.model.Product;
public interface ProductRepository extends JpaRepository<Product, Long> {
}
```

Working with Service

- Create the package as "service" and store ShopService.java
- In ShopService.java, create the modules for CRUD operations using ProductRepository Interface

package com.demo.service;

```
import java.util.List;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import com.demo.model.Product;
import com.demo.repository.ProductRepository; // Adjusted import
@Service
public class ShopService {
  @Autowired
  private ProductRepository productRepository;
  // Retrieve all products
  public List<Product> getAllProducts() {
    return productRepository.findAll();
  }
  // Retrieve a product by its ID
  public Product getProductById(Long id) {
    return productRepository.findById(id).orElse(null);
  }
  // Save a new or existing product
  public void saveProduct(Product product) {
    productRepository.save(product);
  }
  // Delete a product by its ID
  public void deleteProduct(Long id) {
    productRepository.deleteById(id);
  }
```

}

Working with Controller

- Create the package as "controller" and store Shopcontroller.java
- In Shopcontroller.java, create the REST API end points for getting the ShopService

```
package com.demo.controller;
import java.util.List;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
import org.springframework.ui.Model;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.ModelAttribute;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PathVariable;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
import com.demo.model.Product; // Adjusted import
import com.demo.service.ShopService;
@Controller
public class ShopController {
       @Autowired
       private ShopService shopService;
       @GetMapping("/")
       public String showIndex() {
               return "index";
       }
       @GetMapping("/shop")
       public String getAllProducts(Model model) {
               List<Product> products = shopService.getAllProducts(); // Changed variable name
               model.addAttribute("products", products); // Changed attribute name
```

```
return "product-list"; // Changed view name
       }
       @GetMapping("/shop/{id}")
       public String getProductById(@PathVariable Long id, Model model) { // Changed method
name
               Product product = shopService.getProductById(id); // Changed variable name
               model.addAttribute("product", product); // Changed attribute name
               return "product-detail"; // Changed view name
       }
       @GetMapping("/shop/new")
       public String showNewProductForm(Model model) { // Changed method name
               model.addAttribute("product", new Product()); // Changed attribute name and class
               return "new-product"; // Changed view name
       }
       @PostMapping("/shop/new")
       public String saveProduct(@ModelAttribute("product") Product product) { // Changed
method name and parameter
               shopService.saveProduct(product); // Changed method call
               return "redirect:/shop"; // Changed redirect URL
       }
       @GetMapping("/shop/delete/{id}")
       public String deleteProduct(@PathVariable Long id) { // Changed method name
               shopService.deleteProduct(id); // Changed method call
               return "redirect:/shop"; // Changed redirect URL
       }
       @GetMapping("/shop/edit/{id}")
```

```
public String showEditForm(@PathVariable Long id, Model model) { // Changed method
name
               Product product = shopService.getProductById(id); // Changed variable name and
method call
               model.addAttribute("product", product); // Changed attribute name
               return "edit-product"; // Changed view name
       }
       @PostMapping("/shop/edit/{id}")
       public String editProduct(@PathVariable Long id,
                       @ModelAttribute("product") Product updatedProduct) { // Changed method
name and parameter
               Product existingProduct = shopService.getProductById(id); // Changed variable name
and method call
               if (existingProduct != null) {
                       existingProduct.setProductName(updatedProduct.getProductName()); //
Changed method call
                       existingProduct.setPrice(updatedProduct.getPrice()); // Changed method call
                       shopService.saveProduct(existingProduct); // Changed method call
               return "redirect:/shop"; // Changed redirect URL
       }
```

Working with Configuration

- Create the package as "Config" and store ThymeleafConfig.java
- In ThymeleafConfig.java, setting up the thymeleaf resolver for templates (html files) and static (CSS, JS and media files) folder

```
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import
org.springframework.web.servlet.config.annotation.ResourceHandlerRegistry;
import org.springframework.web.servlet.config.annotation.WebMvcConfigurer;
import
org.thymeleaf.spring6.templateresolver.SpringResourceTemplateResolver;
```

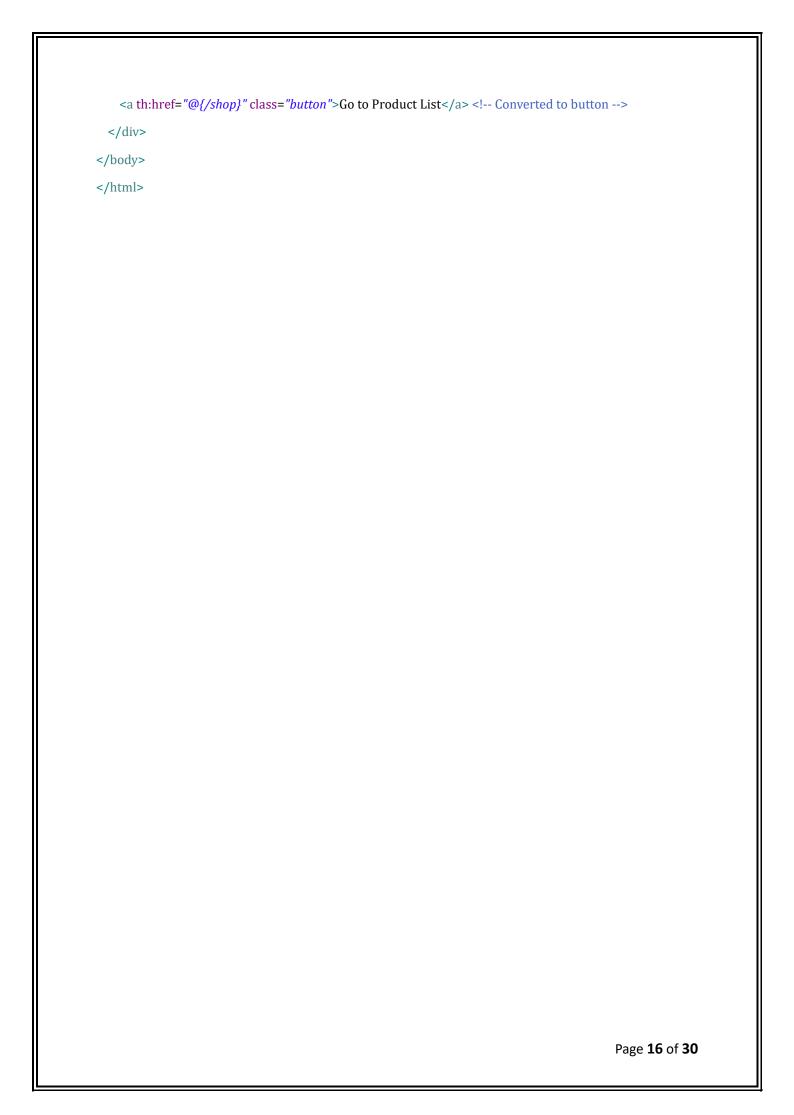
```
@Configuration
public class ThymeleafConfig implements WebMvcConfigurer {
    @Bean
    public SpringResourceTemplateResolver templateResolver() {
         SpringResourceTemplateResolver templateResolver = new
SpringResourceTemplateResolver();
         templateResolver.setPrefix("classpath:/templates/");
         templateResolver.setSuffix(".html");
         templateResolver.setTemplateMode("HTML");
         templateResolver.setCharacterEncoding("UTF-8");
         templateResolver.setCacheable(false);
         return templateResolver;
    }
         @Override
    public void addResourceHandlers(ResourceHandlerRegistry registry) {
registry.addResourceHandler("/static/**").addResourceLocations("classpath:
/static/");
    }
}
Configuring Backend DBs, Hihernate and Thymeleaf
               application.properties, configure DB, hibernate,
          thymeleaf,
# Database Configuration
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/shopdb
spring.datasource.username=lee
spring.datasource.password=Leena@123
spring.datasource.driver-class-name=com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver
# Hibernate Configuration
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=update
spring.jpa.show-sql=true
spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.MySQLDialect
# Thymeleaf Configuration
spring.thymeleaf.cache=false
spring.thymeleaf.enabled=true
spring.thymeleaf.check-template-location=false
spring.thymeleaf.prefix=classpath:/templates/
spring.thymeleaf.suffix=.html
```

Working with Templates using Thymeleaf

• In templates folder, include the html files for requesting and rendering the results.

#index.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html xmlns:th="http://www.thymeleaf.org">
<head>
 <title>Spring Boot CRUD App</title>
  k rel="stylesheet" th:href="@{css/style.css}" />
  <style>
   body, html {
      height: 100%;
      margin: 0;
      display: flex;
      justify-content: center;
      align-items: center;
      text-align: center;
      font-family: "Monotype Corsiva", cursive, sans-serif; /* Added fallback font */
   }
   .button {
      display: inline-block;
      background-color: #007bff;
      color: white;
      padding: 10px 20px;
      border-radius: 5px;
      text-decoration: none;
      margin-top: 20px;
   }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <div>
    <img src="/static/images.png" alt="Logo">
    <h1>Welcome to the SHOPPING CART CRUD Application</h1>
```



#product-list.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html xmlns:th="http://www.thymeleaf.org">
<head>
  <title>Product List with Shopping Cart</title>
  k rel="stylesheet"
href="https://stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.5.2/css/bootstrap.min.css">
  k rel="stylesheet" th:href="@{/css/style.css}" />
  <script th:src="@{/static/js/jquery.min.js}"></script> <!-- Assuming the correct path to jQuery -->
  <style>
    /* CSS styles for shopping cart */
    #shopping-cart {
      margin-top: 20px;
      border: 1px solid #ccc;
      padding: 20px;
    #cart-items th, #cart-items td {
      text-align: center;
      vertical-align: middle;
    }
    #cart-items th:first-child, #cart-items td:first-child {
      text-align: left;
    }
    #cart-items td:last-child {
      white-space: nowrap;
    }
    #cart-items .quantity-input {
      width: 50px;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="container">
    <h2 class="text-center">Product List</h2>
```

```
<!-- Search Input -->
   <div class="row justify-content-center">
    <div class="col-md-6">
     <input type="search" id="myInput" class="form-control mb-3" placeholder="Search products...">
    </div>
   </div>
   <!-- Product List Table -->
   <thead>
     <th>ID
       Product Name
       Price
       Action
       Add to Cart <!-- New column for Add to Cart button -->
     </thead>
    <!-- Loop through products -->
     <a th:href="@{'/shop/edit/" + ${product.id}}" class="btn btn-primary btn-sm">Edit</a>
        <a th:href="@{'/shop/delete/' + ${product.id}}" class="btn btn-danger btn-sm">Delete</a>
       <button class="btn btn-success btn-add-to-cart" th:attr="data-id=${product.id}, data-</pre>
name=${product.productName}, data-price=${product.price}">
          Add to Cart
        </button>
```

```
<!-- Add New Product Button -->
 <div class="text-center">
  <a href="/shop/new" class="btn btn-success">Add New Product</a>
 </div>
</div>
<!-- Shopping Cart Component -->
<div id="shopping-cart" class="container">
 <h2 class="text-center">Shopping Cart</h2>
 <thead>
    Product Name
     Unit Price
     Quantity
     Overall Price
    </thead>
  <!-- Cart items will be dynamically added here -->
  <tfoot>
    Total Price:
     $0.00
    </tfoot>
 </div>
<script>
 // JavaScript code for shopping cart functionality
```

```
$(document).ready(function() {
     // Function to add product to cart
     function addToCart(productId, productName, price) {
       // Check if the product already exists in the cart
       var existingRow = $('#cart-items tbody tr[data-id="' + productId + '"]');
       if (existingRow.length > 0) {
         // If the product already exists, increment its quantity
         var quantityInput = existingRow.find('.quantity-input');
         var newQuantity = parseInt(quantityInput.val()) + 1;
         quantityInput.val(newQuantity);
         updateRow(existingRow);
       } else {
         // If the product doesn't exist, add a new row to the cart
         var newRow = $('' +
                 '' + productName + '' +
                 '$' + price + '' +
                 '<input type="number" class="quantity-input" value="1" min="1"
style="width:50px;">'+
                 '$' + price + '' +
                '');
         $('#cart-items tbody').append(newRow);
       updateTotal();
     }
     // Function to update a row in the cart
     function updateRow(row) {
       var quantity = parseInt(row.find('.quantity-input').val());
       var unitPrice = parseFloat(row.find('.unit-price').text().substring(1)); // Remove '$' and parse as
float
       var overallPrice = quantity * unitPrice;
       row.find('.overall-price').text('$' + overallPrice.toFixed(2));
     // Function to update the total price of the cart
```

```
function updateTotal() {
        var totalPrice = 0;
        $('#cart-items tbody tr').each(function() {
          var overallPriceText = $(this).find('.overall-price').text().substring(1); // Remove '$'
          var overallPrice = parseFloat(overallPriceText);
          totalPrice += overallPrice;
        });
        $('#total-price').text('$' + totalPrice.toFixed(2));
      }
      // Add to Cart button click event listener
      $('.btn-add-to-cart').click(function() {
        var productId = $(this).data('id');
        var productName = $(this).data('name');
        var price = $(this).data('price');
        addToCart(productId, productName, price);
      });
      // Quantity input change event listener
      $('#cart-items').on('change', '.quantity-input', function() {
        updateRow($(this).closest('tr'));
        updateTotal();
      });
      // Function to filter product list based on search input
      $('#myInput').on('keyup', function() {
        var searchText = $(this).val().toLowerCase();
        $('table.table-bordered tbody tr').each(function() { // Corrected selector
          var productName = $(this).find('td:nth-child(2)').text().toLowerCase(); // Second column
contains product name
          if (productName.includes(searchText)) {
            $(this).show();
          } else {
            $(this).hide();
```

```
}
       });
     });
   });
  </script>
</body>
</html>
#new-product.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html xmlns:th="http://www.thymeleaf.org">
<head>
  <title>Add New Product</title>
  k rel="stylesheet"
href="https://stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.5.2/css/bootstrap.min.css">-
  k rel="stylesheet" th:href="@{/css/style.css}" />
  <style>
    /* Custom CSS for additional styling */
    body {
      display: flex;
      justify-content: center;
      align-items: center;
      height: 100vh;
    }
   .container {
      width: 50%; /* Adjust the width of the container */
      padding: 20px; /* Add padding for spacing */
    }
   .heading {
      text-align: center; /* Center align the heading */
      margin-bottom: 20px; /* Add margin bottom for spacing */
    }
    .form-group {
      margin-bottom: 20px; /* Add space between form elements */
```

```
}
 </style>
</head>
<body>
 <div class="container">
   <h2 class="heading">Add New Product</h2> <!-- Move the heading to the top -->
    <form th:action="@{/shop/new}" th:object="${product}" method="post">
     <div class="form-group">
       <label for="productName">Product Name:</label>
        <input type="text" id="productName" name="productName" th:field="*{productName}"</pre>
class="form-control" required />
     </div>
     <div class="form-group">
       <label for="price">Price:</label>
        <input type="text" id="price" name="price" th:field="*{price}" class="form-control" required />
     </div>
     <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Save</button>
     <a href="/shop" class="btn btn-secondary">Cancel</a>
    </form>
  </div>
</body>
</html>
```

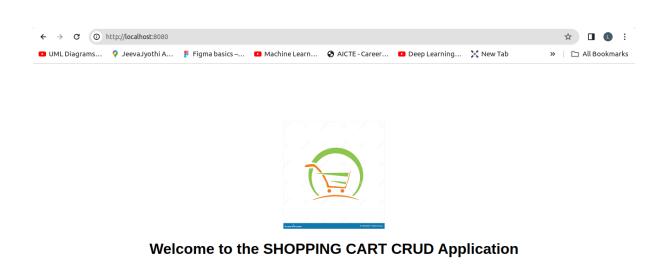
#edit-product.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html xmlns:th="http://www.thymeleaf.org">
<head>
<title>Edit Product</title>
link rel="stylesheet" th:href="@{css/style.css}" />
</head>
<body>
<h2>Edit Product</h2>
<form th:action="@{'/shop/edit/' + ${product.id}}" th:object="${product}" method="post"> <!-- Changed title to Product -->
```

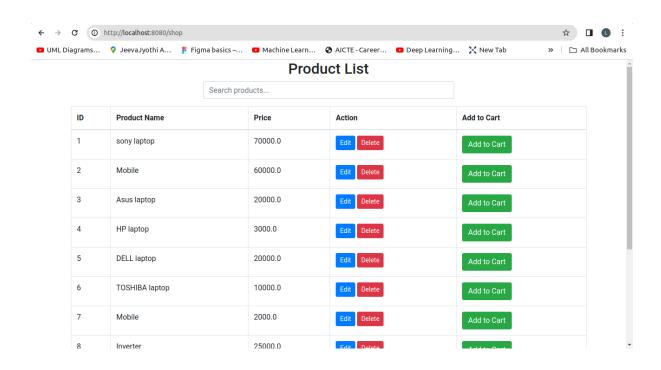
```
<input type="hidden" th:field="*{id}" />
<label for="title">ProductName:</label>
<input type="text" id="productName" name="productname" th:field="*{productName}" required /> <!--
Changed th:field to *{productName} -->
<br/>
<br/>
<label for="price">Price:</label>
<input type="text" id="price" name="price" th:field="*{price}" required /> <!-- Changed id to price -->
<br/>
<br/>
<button type="submit">Save Changes</button>
</form>
<a href="/shop">Cancel</a>
</body>
</html>
```

Result and Discussion

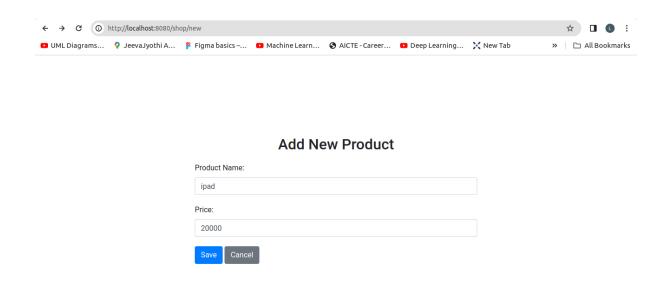
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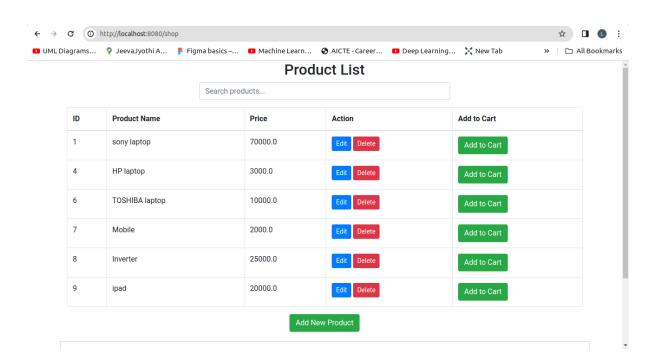
- By clicking the Go to Product List button displays all the book details
- List all the Product details like id, ProductName and price along with action (Edit & Delete)



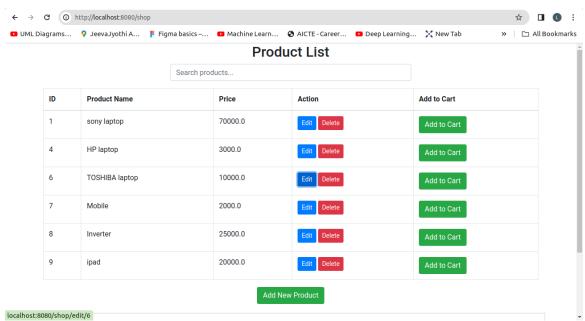
 To add a new product detail by clicking Add New Product button



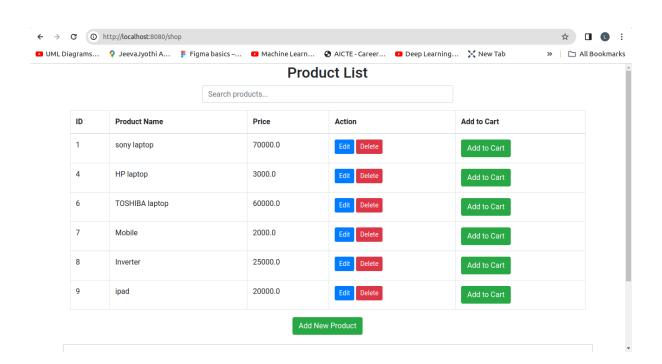
- Then new product details are inserted successfully and it redirects to product-list for displaying result .
- On clicking delete hyperlink, to delete the record from MySQL DB
- Then the particular record is deleted successfully



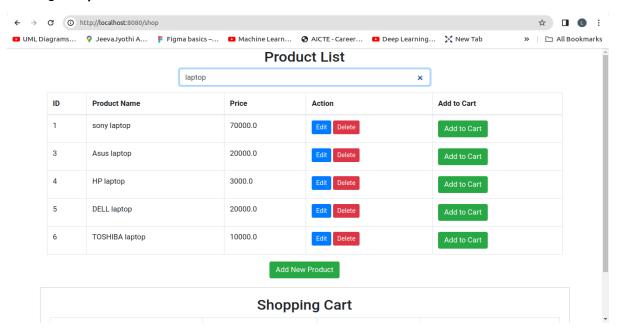
 On clicking edit hyperlink, The content of current record is loaded on edit.html and updating the current record by clicking save button.



• Then particular record is updated successfully.



 Search Here option to filter the records and display using JQuery



Shopping cart entry is updated

