


# Web API Design with Spring Boot Week 2 Coding Assignment

Points possible: 70

Category	Criteria	% of Grade
Functionality	Does the code work?	25
Organization	Is the code clean and organized? Proper use of white space, syntax, and consistency are utilized. Names and comments are concise and clear.	25
Creativity	Student solved the problems presented in the assignment using creativity and out of the box thinking.	25
Completeness	All requirements of the assignment are complete.	25

**Instructions:** In Eclipse, or an IDE of your choice, write the code that accomplishes the objectives listed below. Ensure that the code compiles and runs as directed. Take screenshots of the code and of the running program (make sure to get screenshots of all required functionality) and paste them in this document where instructed below. Create a new repository on GitHub for this week's assignments and push this document, with your Java project code, to the repository. Add the URL for this week's repository to this document where instructed and submit this document to your instructor when complete.

**Here's a friendly tip:** as you watch the videos, code along with the videos. This will help you with the homework. When a screenshot is required, look for the icon:  You will keep adding to this project throughout this part of the course. When it comes time for the final project, use this project as a starter.

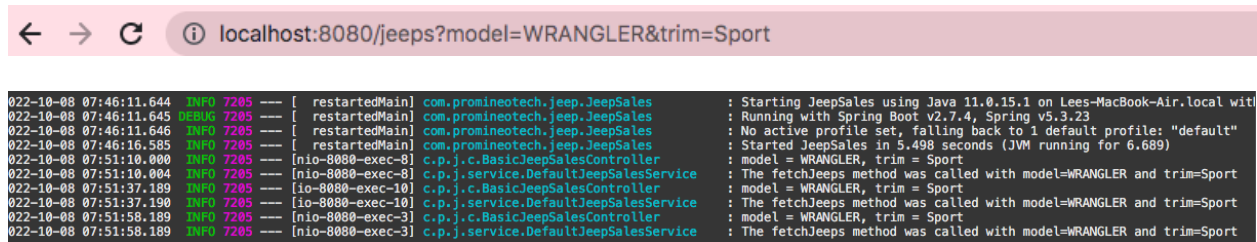
## Project Resources:

<https://github.com/promineotech/Spring-Boot-Course-Student-Resources>

## Coding Steps:

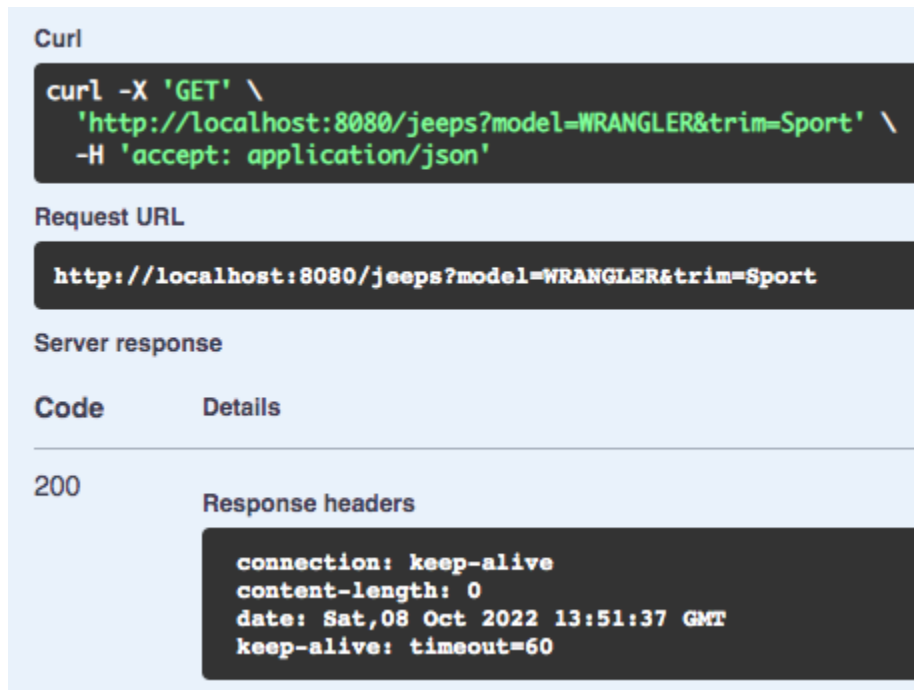
- 1) In the project you started last week, use Lombok to add an info-level logging statement in the controller implementation method that logs the parameters that were input to the method. Remember to add the `@Slf4j` annotation to the class.
- 2) Start the application (not an integration test). Use a browser to navigate to the application passing the parameters required for your selected operation. (A browser, used in this manner, sends an HTTP GET request to the server.) Produce a screenshot showing the browser

navigation bar and the log statement that is in the IDE console showing that the controller method was reached (as in the video). 📺



```
022-10-08 07:46:11.644 INFO 7205 --- [ restartedMain] com.promineotech.jeepp.JeeppSales : Starting JeeppSales using Java 11.0.15.1 on Lees-MacBook-Air.local with
022-10-08 07:46:11.645 DEBUG 7205 --- [ restartedMain] com.promineotech.jeepp.JeeppSales : Running with Spring Boot v2.7.4, Spring v5.3.23
022-10-08 07:46:11.646 INFO 7205 --- [ restartedMain] com.promineotech.jeepp.JeeppSales : No active profile set, falling back to 1 default profile: "default"
022-10-08 07:46:16.585 INFO 7205 --- [ restartedMain] com.promineotech.jeepp.JeeppSales : Started JeeppSales in 5.498 seconds (JVM running for 6.689)
022-10-08 07:51:10.000 INFO 7205 --- [nio-8080-exec-8] c.p.j.c.BasicJeeppSalesController : model = WRANGLER, trim = Sport
022-10-08 07:51:10.004 INFO 7205 --- [nio-8080-exec-8] c.p.j.service.DefaultJeeppSalesService : The fetchJeepps method was called with model=WRANGLER and trim=Sport
022-10-08 07:51:37.189 INFO 7205 --- [io-8080-exec-10] c.p.j.c.BasicJeeppSalesController : model = WRANGLER, trim = Sport
022-10-08 07:51:37.190 INFO 7205 --- [io-8080-exec-10] c.p.j.service.DefaultJeeppSalesService : The fetchJeepps method was called with model=WRANGLER and trim=Sport
022-10-08 07:51:58.189 INFO 7205 --- [nio-8080-exec-3] c.p.j.c.BasicJeeppSalesController : model = WRANGLER, trim = Sport
022-10-08 07:51:58.189 INFO 7205 --- [nio-8080-exec-3] c.p.j.service.DefaultJeeppSalesService : The fetchJeepps method was called with model=WRANGLER and trim=Sport
```

- 3) With the application still running, use the browser to navigate to the OpenAPI documentation. Use the OpenAPI documentation to send a GET request to the server with a valid model and trim level. (You can get the model and trim from the provided data.sql file.) Produce a screenshot showing the curl command, the request URL, and the response headers. 📺



```
Curl
curl -X 'GET' \
'http://localhost:8080/jeeps?model=WRANGLER&trim=Sport' \
-H 'accept: application/json'

Request URL
http://localhost:8080/jeeps?model=WRANGLER&trim=Sport

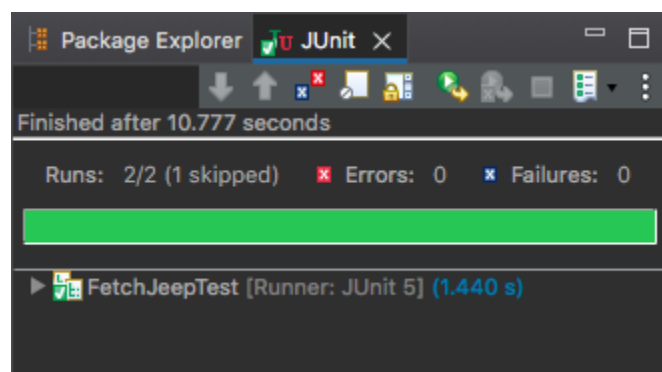
Server response
Code    Details
200     Response headers
        connection: keep-alive
        content-length: 0
        date: Sat,08 Oct 2022 13:51:37 GMT
        keep-alive: timeout=60
```

- 4) Run the integration test and show that the test status is green. Produce a screenshot of the test class and the status bar. 📺

```

1 package com.promineotech.jeeptest.controller;
2
3 import static org.assertj.core.api.Assertions.assertThat;
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18 @SpringBootTest(webEnvironment = WebEnvironment.RANDOM_PORT)
19 @ActiveProfiles("test")
20 @Sql(scripts = {
21     "classpath:flyway/migrations/V1.0__Jeep_Schema.sql",
22     "classpath:flyway/migrations/V1.1__Jeep_Data.sql"},
23     config = @SqlConfig(encoding = "utf-8"))
24
25 class FetchJeepTest extends FetchJeepTestSupport {
26
27     @Autowired
28     private JdbcTemplate jdbcTemplate;
29
30
31     @Test
32     void testDb() {
33         int numRows = JdbcTestUtils.countRowsInTable(jdbcTemplate, "customers");
34         System.out.println("num = " + numRows);
35     }
36
37     @LocalServerPort
38     private int serverPort;
39
40     @Disabled
41     @Test
42     void testThatJeepsAreReturnedWhenAValidJeepModelAndTrimAreSupplied() {
43
44         // Given: a valid model, trim, and URI
45         JeepModel model = JeepModel.WRANGLER;
46         String trim = "Sport";
47         String uri = String.format("http://localhost:%d/jeeps?model=%s&trim=%s", serverPort, model, trim);
48
49         System.out.println(getBaseUri());
50
51         // When: a connection is made to the URI
52         ResponseEntity<List<Jeep>> response = restTemplate.exchange(
53             uri, HttpMethod.GET, null, new ParameterizedTypeReference<>() {});
54
55         // Then: a success (200) status code is returned
56         assertThat(response.getStatusCode()).isEqualTo(HttpStatus.OK);
57
58         // And: the actual list returned is the same as the expect list
59         List<Jeep> expected = buildExpected();
60         assertThat(response.getBody()).isEqualTo(expected);
61     }
62 }
63
64
65
66
67
68
69
70
71


```

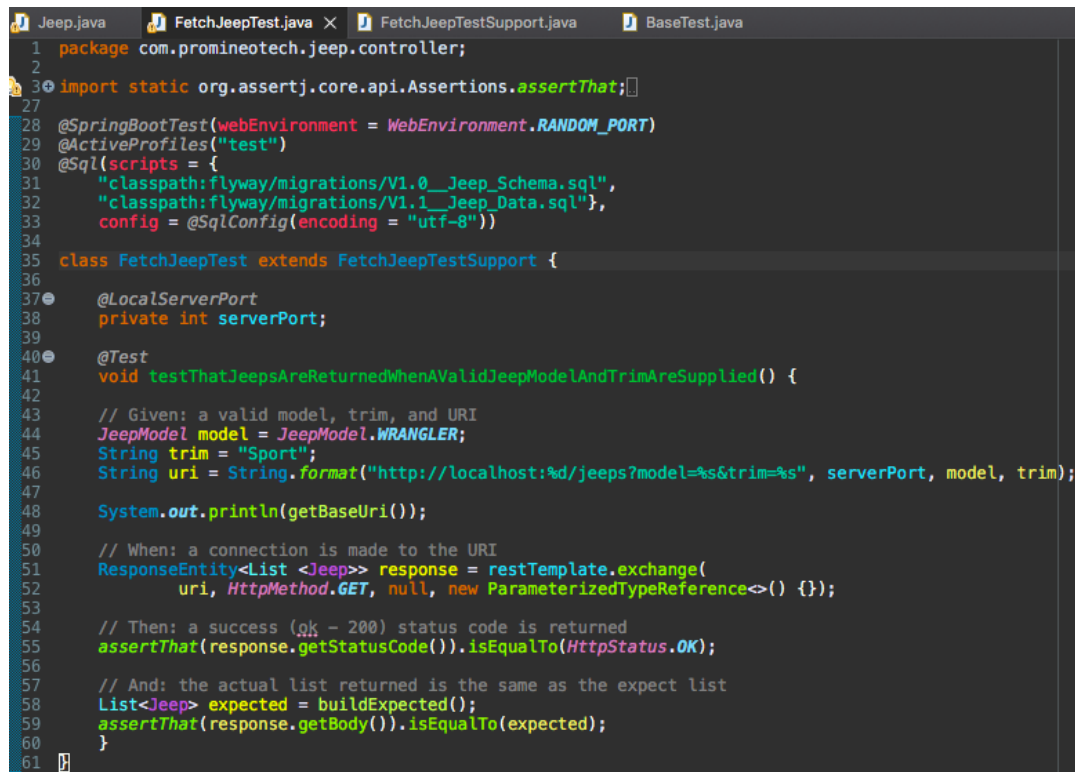


- 5) Add a method to the test to return a list of expected Jeep (model) objects based on the model and trim level you selected. You can get the expected list of Jeeps from the file `src/test/resources/flyway/migrations/V1.1__Jeep_Data.sql`. So, for example, using the model Wrangler and trim level "Sport", the query should return two rows:

	Row 1	Row 2
<b>Model ID</b>	WRANGLER	WRANGLER
<b>Trim Level</b>	Sport	Sport
<b>Num Doors</b>	2	4
<b>Wheel Size</b>	17	17
<b>Base Price</b>	\$28,475.00	\$31,975.00

The method should be named `buildExpected()`, and it should return a `List` of `Jeep`. The video put this method into a support superclass but you can include it in the main test class if you want.

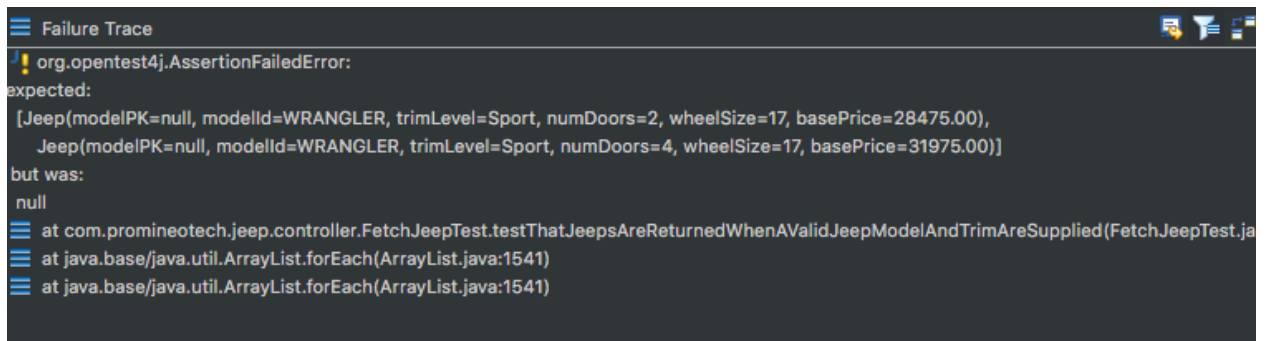
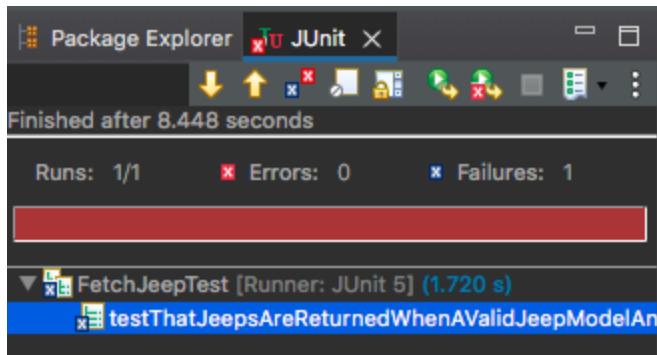
- 6) Write an AssertJ assertion in the test to assert that the actual list of jeeps returned by the server is the same as the expected list. Run the test. Produce a screenshot showing...
  - a) The test with the assertion.
  - b) The JUnit status bar (should be red).
  - c) The method returning the expected list of Jeeps. 



```

1 package com.promineotech.jeep.controller;
2
3 import static org.assertj.core.api.Assertions.assertThat;
4
5 @SpringBootTest(webEnvironment = WebEnvironment.RANDOM_PORT)
6 @ActiveProfiles("test")
7 @Sql(scripts = {
8     "classpath:flyway/migrations/V1.0__Jeep_Schema.sql",
9     "classpath:flyway/migrations/V1.1__Jeep_Data.sql"},
10     config = @SqlConfig(encoding = "utf-8"))
11
12 class FetchJeepTest extends FetchJeepTestSupport {
13
14     @LocalServerPort
15     private int serverPort;
16
17     @Test
18     void testThatJeepsAreReturnedWhenAValidJeepModelAndTrimAreSupplied() {
19
20         // Given: a valid model, trim, and URI
21         JeepModel model = JeepModel.WRANGLER;
22         String trim = "Sport";
23         String uri = String.format("http://localhost:%d/jeeps?model=%s&trim=%s", serverPort, model, trim);
24
25         System.out.println(getBaseUri());
26
27         // When: a connection is made to the URI
28         ResponseEntity<List<Jeep>> response = restTemplate.exchange(
29             uri, HttpMethod.GET, null, new ParameterizedTypeReference<>() {});
30
31         // Then: a success (200) status code is returned
32         assertThat(response.getStatusCode()).isEqualTo(HttpStatus.OK);
33
34         // And: the actual list returned is the same as the expect list
35         List<Jeep> expected = buildExpected();
36         assertThat(response.getBody()).isEqualTo(expected);
37     }
38 }

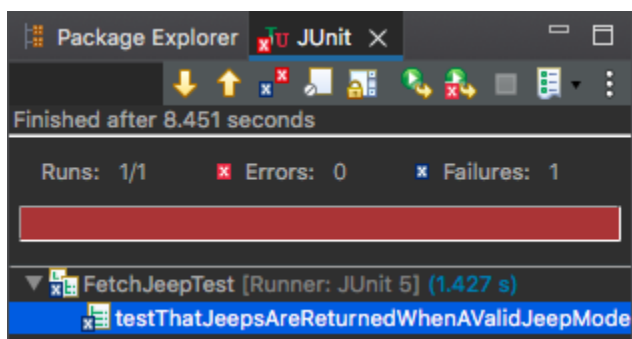
```



- 7) Add a service layer in your application as shown in the videos:
  - a) Add a package named `com.promineotech.jeep.service`.
  - b) In the new package, create an interface named `JeepSalesService`.
  - c) In the same package (service), create a class named `DefaultJeepSalesService` that implements the `JeepSalesService` interface. Add the class-level annotation, `@Service`.
  - d) Inject the service interface into `DefaultJeepSalesController` using the `@Autowired` annotation. The instance variable should be private, and the variable should be named `jeepSalesService`.
  - e) Define the `fetchJeeps` method in the interface. Implement the method in the service class. Call the method from the controller (make sure the controller returns the list of Jeeps returned by the service method). The method signature looks like this:
 

```
List<Jeep> fetchJeeps(JeepModel model, String trim);
```
  - f) Add a Lombok info-level log statement in the service implementation showing that the service was called. Print the parameters passed to the method. Let the method return `null` for now.
  - g) Run the test again. Produce a screenshot showing the service class implementation, the log line in the console, and the red status bar. 🖥️

```
FetchJeepTes... FetchJeepTes... DefaultJeepS... X JeepSalesSe... JeepSalesCon... BasicJ
1 //...
4 package com.promineotech.jeepproject.service;
5
6 import java.util.List;
7
14
15 @Service
16 @Slf4j
17
18 public class DefaultJeepSalesService implements JeepSalesService {
19
20     @Override
21     public List<Jeep> fetchJeeps(JeepModel model, String trim) {
22         log.info("The fetchJeeps method was called with model={} and trim={}", model, trim);
23         return null;
24     }
25 }
```



```
: The fetchJeeps method was called with model=WRANGLER and trim=Sport
```

- 8) Add the database dependencies described in the video to the POM file (MySQL driver and Spring Boot Starter JDBC). To find them, navigate to <https://mvnrepository.com/>. Search for mysql-connector-j and spring-boot-starter-jdbc. In the POM file you don't need version numbers for either dependency because the version is included in the Spring Boot Starter Parent.
- 9) Create application.yaml in src/main/resources. Add the spring.datasource.url, spring.datasource.username, and spring.datasource.password properties to application.yaml. The url should be the same as shown in the video (jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/jeep). The password and username should match your setup. If you created the database under your root user, the username is "root", and the password is the root user password. If you created a "jeep" user or other user, use the correct username and password.

Be careful with the indentation! YAML allows hierarchical configuration but it reads the hierarchy based on the indentation level. The keyword "spring" MUST start in the first column. It should look similar to this when done:

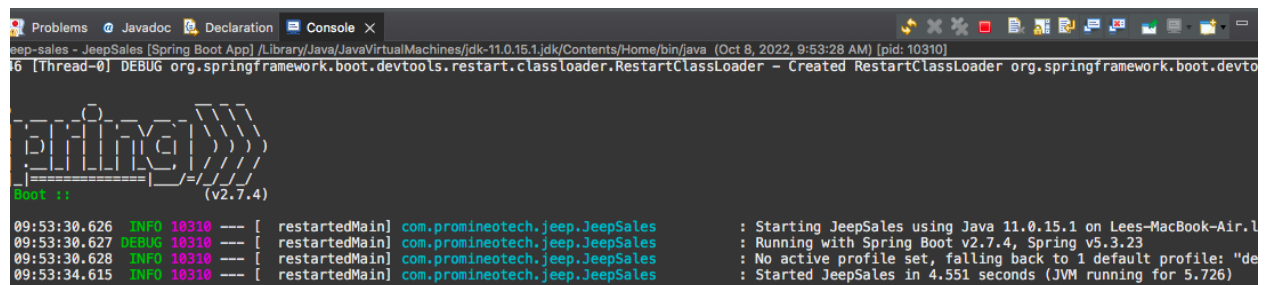
```
spring:
  datasource:
    username: username
    password: password
```

url: jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/jeep

- 10) Start the application (the real application, not the test). Produce a screenshot that shows application.yaml and the console showing that the application has started with no errors.




```
1 spring:
2   datasource:
3     password: jeep
4     username: jeep
5     url: jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/jeep
6     # url: jdbc:h2:mem:jeep;mode=MYSQL
7
8   logging:
9     level:
10      root: warn
11      '[com.promineotech]': debug
12
```



- 11) Add the H2 database as dependency. Search for the dependency in the Maven repository like you did above. Search for "h2" and pick the latest version. Again, you don't need the version number, but the scope should be set to "test".
- 12) Create application-test.yaml in src/test/resources. Add the setting spring.datasource.url that points to the H2 database. It should look like this:

```
spring:
  datasource:
    url: jdbc:h2:mem:jeep
```

You do not need to set the username and password because the in-memory H2 database does not require them.

Produce a screenshot showing application-test.yaml. 

```
1 spring:
2   datasource:
3     # url: jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/jeep
4     url: jdbc:h2:mem:jeep;mode=MYSQL
5
6   logging:
7     level:
8      root: warn
9      '[com.promineotech]': debug
10
```

**Screenshots of Code:**

**Screenshots of Running Application:**

**URL to GitHub Repository:**

[https://github.com/leeshawver/Week\\_14\\_Assignment](https://github.com/leeshawver/Week_14_Assignment)