Break-Ground:

Patterns in derivatives

Two young mathematicians think about "short cuts" for differentiation.

Check out this dialogue between two calculus students (based on a true story):

Devyn: I hate the limit definition of derivative. I wish there were a shorter way.

Riley: I think I might have found a pattern for taking derivatives.

Devyn: Really? I love patterns!

Riley: I know! Check this out, I've made a chart

$$\begin{array}{c|c} f(x) & f'(x) \\ \hline x^2 & 2 \cdot x^1 \\ x^3 & 3 \cdot x^2 \\ x^4 & 4 \cdot x^3 \end{array}$$

So maybe if we have a function

$$f(x) = x^n$$
 then $f'(x) = n \cdot x^{n-1}$.

Devyn: Hmmm does it work with square roots?

Riley: Oh that's right, a square root is a power, just write

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x} = x^{1/2}$$
.

So a square root is of the form x^n .

Learning outcomes: Use "shortcut" rules to find derivatives $\operatorname{Author}(s)$:

Devyn: Let's check it. If $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$,

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+h} - \sqrt{x}}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x+h} - \sqrt{x}}{h} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x+h} + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x+h} + \sqrt{x}} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{x+h-x}{h(\sqrt{x+h} + \sqrt{x})}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{h}{h(\sqrt{x+h} + \sqrt{x})}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+h} + \sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot x^{-1/2}.$$

Riley: Holy Cat Fur! It works! In this case $f'(x) = n \cdot x^{n-1}$.

Devyn: I wonder if it *always* works? If so I want to know *why* it works! I wonder what other patterns we can find?

The pattern

if
$$f(x) = x^n$$
 then $f'(x) = n \cdot x^{n-1}$

holds whenever n is a constant. Explaining why it works in generality will take some time. For now, let's see if we can use the problem to squash some derivatives with ease.

Problem 1 Using the pattern found above, compute:

$$\frac{d}{dx}x^{101} = \boxed{101x^{100}}$$

Problem 2 Using the pattern found above, compute:

$$\frac{d}{dx}\frac{1}{x^{77}} = \boxed{-77x^{-78}}$$

Patterns in derivatives

Problem 3 Using the pattern found above, compute:

$$\frac{d}{dx}\sqrt[5]{x} = \boxed{x^{-4/5}/5}$$

Problem 4 Using the pattern found above, compute:

$$\frac{d}{dx}x^e = \boxed{ex^{e-1}}$$