# **■** NetApp

# Convert a directory to a qtree

ONTAP 9

NetApp February 10, 2022

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/ontap/volumes/convert-directory-qtree-task.html on February 10, 2022. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

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## Convert a directory to a qtree

### Convert a directory to a qtree overview

If you have a directory at the root of a FlexVol volume that you want to convert to a qtree, you must migrate the data contained in the directory to a new qtree with the same name, using your client application.

#### About this task

The steps you take to convert a directory to a qtree depend on what client you use. The following process outlines the general tasks you need to complete:

#### **Steps**

- 1. Rename the directory to be made into a qtree.
- 2. Create a new qtree with the original directory name.
- 3. Use the client application to move the contents of the directory into the new qtree.
- 4. Delete the now-empty directory.



You cannot delete a directory if it is associated with an existing CIFS share.

### Convert a directory to a qtree using a Windows client

To convert a directory to a qtree using a Windows client, you rename the directory, create a qtree on the storage system, and move the directory's contents to the qtree.

#### About this task

You must use Windows Explorer for this procedure. You cannot use the Windows command-line interface or the DOS prompt environment.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Open Windows Explorer.
- 2. Click the folder representation of the directory you want to change.



The directory must reside at the root of its containing volume.

- 3. From the **File** menu, select **Rename** to give this directory a different name.
- 4. On the storage system, use the volume qtree create command to create a new qtree with the original name of the directory.
- In Windows Explorer, open the renamed directory folder and select the files inside it.
- 6. Drag these files into the folder representation of the new qtree.



The more subfolders contained in the folder that you are moving, the longer the move operation takes.

7. From the File menu, select Delete to delete the renamed, now-empty directory folder.

### Convert a directory to a qtree using a UNIX client

To convert a directory to a qtree in UNIX, you rename the directory, create a qtree on the storage system, and move the directory's contents to the qtree.

#### Steps

- 1. Open a UNIX client window.
- 2. Use the my command to rename the directory.

```
client: mv /n/user1/vol1/dir1 /n/user1/vol1/olddir
```

3. From the storage system, use the volume <code>qtree</code> <code>create</code> command to create a <code>qtree</code> with the original name.

```
system1: volume qtree create /n/user1/vol1/dir1
```

4. From the client, use the mv command to move the contents of the old directory into the qtree.



The more subdirectories contained in a directory that you are moving, the longer the move operation will take.

```
client: mv /n/user1/vol1/olddir/* /n/user1/vol1/dir1
```

5. Use the rmdir command to delete the old, now-empty directory.

```
client: rmdir /n/user1/vol1/olddir
```

#### After you finish

Depending on how your UNIX client implements the mv command, file ownership and permissions might not be preserved. If this occurs, update file owners and permissions to their previous values.

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