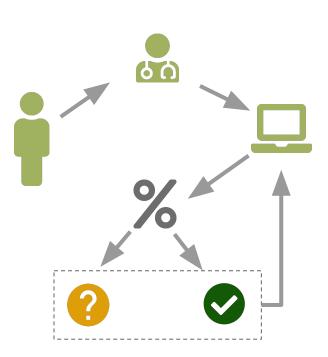
Etapa 4

João Paulo Soubihe RA: 151106 Leandro Ferlin Viana RA: 148729

Problema



A partir de dados coletadas em uma consulta clínica, tais como:

- sintomas
- dados geográficos
- comportamentos de risco

inferir informações que possam auxiliar o profissional da saúde no diagnóstico correto de uma doença



Banco de dados

1) Disease-Symptom Knowledge Database

Disease-Symptom Knowledge Database

This table below is a knowledge database of disease-symptom associations generated by an automated method based on information in textual discharge summaries of patient presbyterian floopinal admitted during 2004. The first column shows the disease, the second the number of discharge summaries or the containing a positive and current mention of and the associated symptom. Associations for the 150 most frequent diseases based on these notes were computed and the symptoms are shown ranked based on the strength. The method used by the Med LEE natural language processing system to obtain UNLS codes for diseases and symptoms from these ties the statistical methods based on the strength. The method used to obtain the associations. A more detailed description of the automated when deep the data of the strength of the strength

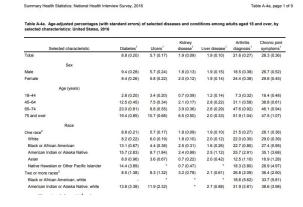
Please contact friedman@dbmi.columbia.edu for any questions regarding the knowledge database.

Disease	Count of Disease Occurrence	Symptom
UMLS:C0020538_hypertensive disease	3363	UMLS:C0008031_pain chest
		UMLS:C0392680_shortness of breath
		UMLS:C0012833_dizziness
		UMLS:C0004093_asthenia
		UMLS:C0085639_fall
		UMLS:C0039070_syncope
		UMLS:C0042571_vertigo
		UMLS:C0038990_sweat^UMLS:C0700590_sweating increased
		UMLS:C0030252_palpitation
		UMLS:C0027497_nausea
		UMLS:C0002962_angina pectoris
		UMLS:C0438716_pressure chest
UMLS:C0011847_diabetes	1421	UMLS:C0032617_polyuria
		UMLS:C0085602_polydypsia
		UMLS:C0392680_shortness of breath
		UMLS:C0008031 pain chest

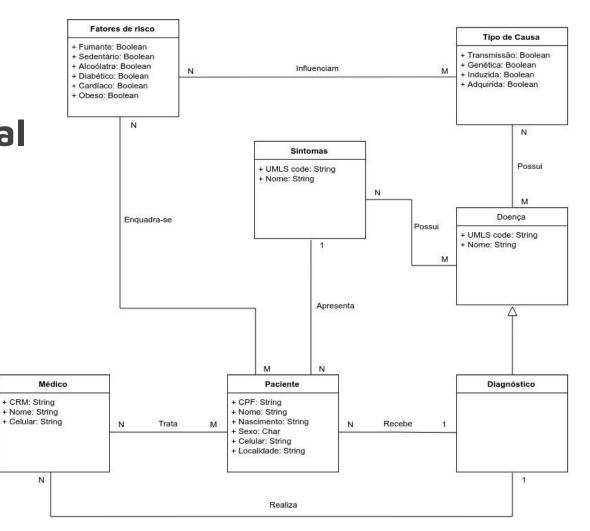
2) Diseases Database



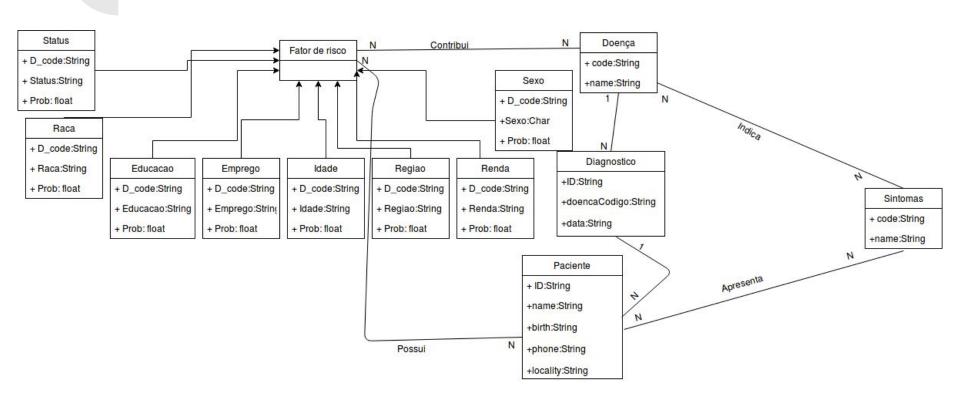
3) National Health Interview Survey



Modelo Conceitual inicial



Modelo Conceitual - versão 2

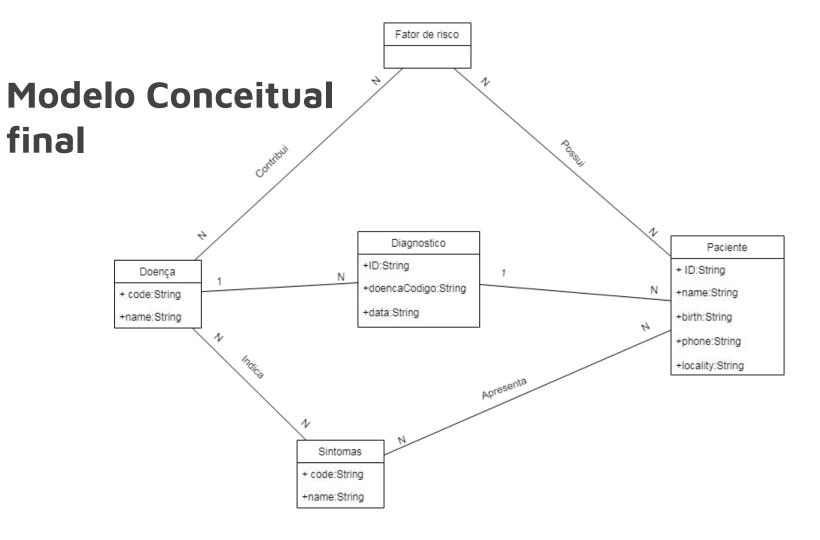


SQL

Sintoma mais relatado por pacientes

Nome dos constatados com a doença X (no caso abaixo: diabetes)

```
In [ ]: SELECT P.nome
FROM PacienteDiagnostico PD, Diagnostico D, Doenca Do, Paciente P
WHERE PD.pacienteID = P.ID AND PD.diagnosticoID = D.ID AND D.doencaCodigo = Do.codigo AND Do.nome = 'diabetes'
```



Modelo lógico final

Doenca (codigo, nome)

Sintomas (codigo, nome)

Paciente(<u>ID</u>, nome,nascimento,celular,localidade)

Fator(<u>Codigo</u>,Fator,Tipo)

Diagnostico (ID, doencaCodigo, data)

CHE: doencaCodigo -> Doenca (codigo)

PacienteSintoma(pacienteID, sintomaCodigo)

CHE: IDpaciente -> Paciente (ID)

CHE: CodSintoma -> Sintomas (codigo)

DoencaSintomas (doencaCodigo, sintomaCodigo)

CHE: doencaCodigo -> Doenca (codigo)

 $CHE: sintomaCodigo -> Sintomas \ (codigo),\\$

PacienteDiagnostico (pacienteID, diagnosticoID)

CHE: pacienteID -> Paciente (ID)

CHE: diagnostico(ID) -> Diagnostico(ID)

FatorDoenca(CodFator,Dcode,Prob)

CHE: CodFator -> Fator(Codigo)

CHE: Dcode -> Doenca(codigo)

FatorPaciente(CodFator,IDpaciente)

CHE: CodFator -> Fator(Codigo)
CHE: IDpaciente -> Paciente(ID)

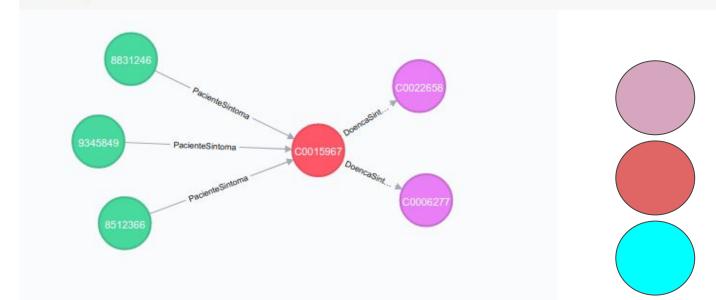
Grafos - Cypher

```
// retorna o caminho para um paciente que apresenta como sintoma 'febre'
MATCH p = (l:Paciente)-[:PacienteSintoma]->(m:Sintomas {nome: 'fever'})-[t:DoencaSintoma]->(d:Doenca)
RETURN p
```

Doença

Sintomas

Paciente

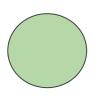


Dados certos sintomas, quais doenças são possíveis? (Dado nosso banco de dados)

```
MATCH p2 = (m:Sintomas)-[t:DoencaSintoma]->(d:Doenca)
```

- 2 WHERE m.nome = 'vertigo' OR m.nome = 'pain chest' OR m.nome = 'asthenia' OR m.nome = 'nausea'
- 3 RETURN p2

Análise

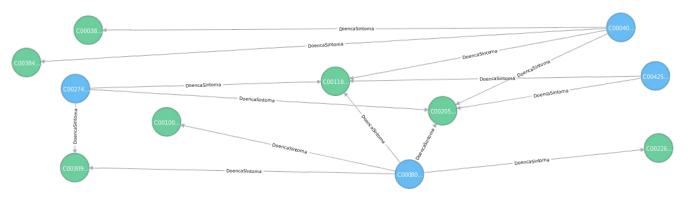


Doença

Sintomas

Análise gráfica das doenças influenciadas pelos determinados

sintomas



Dado os sintomas do paciente, qual a probabilidade dele ter determinada doença?

```
MATCH p = (1:Paciente {ID: 'patV89MMK'})-[:PacienteSintoma]->(m:Sintomas)-[t:DoencaSintoma]->(d:Doenca{nome: 'hypertensive disease'})
WITH COUNT(1) AS prob
MATCH q = (1:Paciente {ID: 'patV89MMK'})-[:PacienteSintoma]->(m:Sintomas)-[t:DoencaSintoma]->(d:Doenca) WITH COUNT(1)/prob AS tot
RETURN toFloat(1)/tot
```

toFloat(1)/tot

0.33333333333333333

Análise

Levando em conta somente os sintomas apresentados pelos pacientes

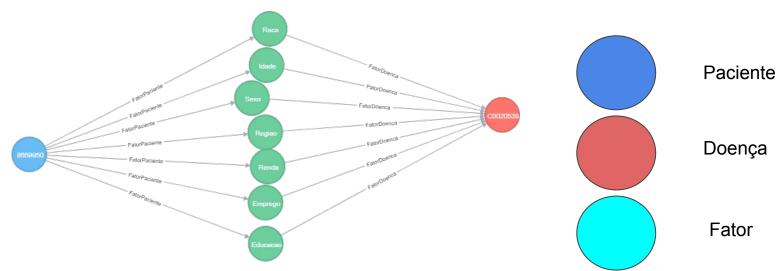
Idpaciente/Doenca	hypertensive disease	diabetes	myocardial infarction	coronary arteriosclerosis
patV89MMK	33,33%	33,33%	0,00%	7,14%
patKMPV11	20,00%	20,00%	0,00%	20,00%
pat1GY4KP	20,00%	20,00%	0,00%	20,00%
patO5BV5Q	25,00%	16,66%	0,00%	33,33%

Quais fatores influenciam a doença?(Conforme dados fornecidos pelo paciente)

```
1 MATCH p = (n:Paciente{ID: 'pat0JATVU'})-[r:FatorPaciente]->(m:Fator)-[t:FatorDoenca]->(d:Doenca{nome: 'hypertensive disease'})
2 RETURN p
```



Análise gráfica dos fatores de risco fornecidos pelo paciente que influenciam determinada doença



0.004892857142857142

Finalmente, qual a chance do paciente ter contraído uma determinada doença?

```
MATCH p = (l:Paciente {ID: 'patV89MMK'})-[:PacienteSintoma]->(m:Sintomas)-[t:DoencaSintoma]->(d:Doenca{nome: 'coronary arteriosclerosis'})

WITH COUNT(l) AS prob

MATCH q = (l:Paciente {ID: 'patV89MMK'})-[:PacienteSintoma]->(m:Sintomas)-[t:DoencaSintoma]->(d:Doenca) WITH COUNT(l)/prob AS tot

MATCH o = (n:Paciente{ID: 'patV89MMK'})-[FatorPaciente]->(Fator)-[t:FatorDoenca]->(d:Doenca{nome: 'coronary arteriosclerosis'})

RETURN (AVG(toFloat(replace(t.Probabilidade, ",", ".")))/100)*toFloat(1)/tot

(AVG(toFloat(replace(t.Probabilidade, ",", ".")))/100)*toFloat(1)/tot
```

Análise

Levando em conta a média das influências dos fatores de risco e os sintomas do paciente

Idpaciente/Doenca	hypertensive disease	diabetes	myocardial infarction	coronary arteriosclerosis
patV89MMK	8,45%	3,45%	0,00%	0,50%
patKMPV11	5,40%	1,90%	0,00%	1,20%
pat1GY4KP	4,80%	1,50%	0,00%	0,85%
patO5BV5Q	5,75%	1,40%	0,00%	1,55%

MeSH e SPARQL

```
PREFIX rdf: <a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#">http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#</a>
PREFIX rdfs: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#">http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
PREFIX xsd: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#">http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#>
PREFIX owl: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">PREFIX owl: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">PREFIX owl: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">PREFIX owl: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">PREFIX owl: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>>> http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>>> http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>>> http://w
PREFIX meshv: <a href="mailto:richar: 1.5">http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/vocab#></a>
PREFIX mesh: <a href="http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/">http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/>
PREFIX mesh2015: <a href="http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/2015/">http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/2015/>
PREFIX mesh2016: <a href="http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/2016/">http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/2016/>
PREFIX mesh2017: <a href="http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/2017/">http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/2017/>
    SELECT DISTINCT ?descriptor ?label
    FROM <http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh>
    WHERE {
            mesh:D009369 meshv:treeNumber ?treeNum .
            ?childTreeNum meshv:parentTreeNumber+ ?treeNum .
            ?descriptor meshv:treeNumber ?childTreeNum .
            ?descriptor rdfs:label ?label .
    ORDER BY ?label
# Descendants of Heart Diseases (D006331)
```

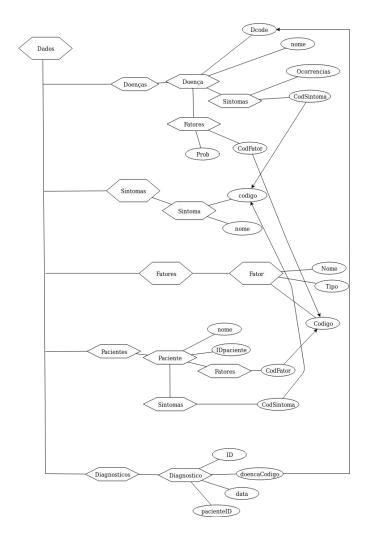
descriptor	label	
mesh:D000182	ACTH Syndrome, Ectopic	
mesh:D049913	ACTH-Secreting Pituitary Adenoma	
mesh:D000008	Abdominal Neoplasms	
mesh:D058739	Aberrant Crypt Foci	
mesh:D049309	Acanthoma	
mesh:D018250	Acrospiroma	
mesh:D050398	Adamantinoma	
mesh:D000230	Adenocarcinoma	

```
PREFIX rdf: <a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#">http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#</a>
PREFIX rdfs: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema">http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema">http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema</a>
PREFIX xsd: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#">http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#</a>>
PREFIX owl: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">PREFIX owl: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">PREFIX owl: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>">PREFIX owl: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#">http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#</a></a>
PREFIX meshv: <a href="mailto:rid.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/vocab#">http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/vocab#>
PREFIX mesh: <a href="http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/">http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/>
PREFIX mesh2015: <a href="http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/2015/">http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/2015/>
PREFIX mesh2016: <a href="http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/2016/">http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/2016/>
PREFIX mesh2017: <http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/2017/>
   SELECT ?d ?dName ?c ?cName
   FROM <http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh>
   WHERE {
   ?d a meshv:Descriptor .
   ?d meshv:active 1 .
   ?d meshv:concept ?c .
   ?d rdfs:label ?dName .
   ?c rdfs:label ?cName
   FILTER(REGEX(?dName, "Dermatoses", "i") || REGEX(?cName, "Dermatoses", "i"))
   ORDER BY ?d
# Find a set of descriptors and terms that contain "Dermatoses."
```

d	dName
mesh:D005148	Facial Dermatoses
mesh:D005148	Facial Dermatoses
mesh:D005148	Facial Dermatoses
mesh:D005533	Foot Dermatoses
mesh:D006229	Hand Dermatoses
mesh:D007868	Leg Dermatoses
mesh:D012536	Scalp Dermatoses

XML





Foram analisadas 9 doenças a partir de nosso banco de dados:

Hipertensão Úlcera péptica

Diabetes Doença renal

Arteriosclerose coronariana Enfisema pulmonar

acidente cerebrovascular Artrite

Bronquite

```
let $documento := doc('mydoc.xml')
   for $i in ($documento//Doenca/Sintomas)
   let $med := sum($documento//Doenca/Sintomas[CodSintoma = $i/CodSintoma]/Ocorrencias)
   let $ord := ($documento//Doenca/Sintomas[CodSintoma = $i/CodSintoma])
   order by $i/CodSintoma
   return data($ord/CodSintoma)
let $documento := doc('mydoc.xml')
   for $i in ($documento//Sintoma)
   let $ord := sum($documento//Doenca/Sintomas[CodSintoma = $i/codigo]/Ocorrencias)
   let $qr := $documento//Sintomas/codigo
   group by $gr
   order by $gr
   return (Sord)
let $documento := doc('mydoc.xml')
  for $i in ($documento//Doenca/Sintomas)
  let $med := sum($documento//Doenca/Sintomas[CodSintoma = $i/CodSintoma]/Ocorrencias)
  let Sord := $documento//Doenca/Sintomas/Ocorrencias
  let $gr := $documento//Sintomas/codigo
  group by sar
  order by sar
  for $k in ($documento//Sintoma)
  where $k/codigo = $i/CodSintoma
   return data(sk/nome)
```

Análise

Sintoma menos seletivo

Sintoma mais seletivo

Nome sintoma	Codigo Sintoma	N° Ocorrencias
pain chest	C0008031	6307
asthenia	C0004093	5848
vertigo	C0042571	3363
nausea	C0027497	4927
sweat	C0038990	6068
shortness of breath	C0392680	6515
fever	C0015967	268
hypokinesia	C0086439	1284
orthopnea	C0085619	2705
pressure chest	C0438716	4647
hemodynamically stable	C0578150	179
palpitation	C0030252	3363
nervousness	C0027769	143
decreased body weight	C0043096	172
dizziness	C0012833	3363
distended abdomen	C0000731	179
rale	C0034642	1501
fall	C0085639	3363
pain abdominal	C0000737	143
dyspnea	C0013404	252
cough	C0010200	172
productive cough	C0239134	172

Sintomas em comum entre duas doenças

```
let $documento := doc('mydoc.xml')
for $i in ($documento//Doenca[nome = "diabetes"]/Sintomas)
for $j in ($documento//Doenca[nome = "hypertensive disease"]/Sintomas)
where $i/CodSintoma = $j/CodSintoma
for $k in ($documento//Sintoma)
where $k/codigo = $j/CodSintoma
return data($k/nome)
```

Análise

Sintomas em comum entre diabetes e hipertensão:

Dor no peito

Náusea

Suor

Falta de ar

Astenia

```
Avalia qual doenca tem mais propensao a ocorrer em mulheres ou homens

let $documento := doc('mydoc.xml')

for $i in ($documento//Doenca)
return if ($i/Fatores[CodFator="24"]/Prob < $i/Fatores[CodFator="25"]/Prob)
then <Masculino>{distinct-values($i/nome)}</Masculino>
else <Feminino>{distinct-values($i/nome)}</Feminino>
```

Resultado

Homens: Mulheres:

bronchitis hypertensive disease

ulcer peptic diabetes

kidney disease coronary arteriosclerosis

arthritis accident cerebrovascular

emphysema pulmonary

Fatores que mais influenciam em determinada Doenca (levando em conta a media de probabilidades)

Análise