

## Windfarm maintenance



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# 1 Windfarm problem setting

Several maintenance jobs specific to windfarm are to be carried out while minimizing costs. Costs are broken down to material and staff related components. Each maintenance job requires staff with different expertise and each job can be normal or severe maintenance that requires deeper knowledge from the staff to resolve. The staff also has an attribute called experience points or job expertise that can be junior/middle/senior the higher the level of experience the more XP is related but also higher staff costs are associated.



(a) Windfarm



(b) More windfarm.

Figure 1: Windfarms near Mosonmagyaróvár, HU.

## 1.1 Maintenance jobs

Maintenance jobs are divided into 5 types based on which expertise is required from the staff. Each of the 5 maintenance types are further grouped based on severity. Level of severity determines the XPs required from the staff to accomplish such task. Currently only 2 severity levels have been set for each task types, "normal" stands for regular task and "severe" stands for more difficult operations with higher required XP.

## 1.2 Staff

Staff is divided into 4 types: electrician is taking care of wiring and electrical repairs, mechanic is tasked with assembling/disassembling stuffs, storage workers are keeping the warehouse tidy and in order while software engineers are responsible for programming controlling software and calibrating the elements. Staff is also described by level of expertise, there are 3 categories with different experience points: junior, middle, senior.

## 1.3 Sets

- set MaintenanceTypes {blades, gearbox, generator, sensors, wiring}
- set MaintenanceSeverity {normal, severe}
- set StaffTypes {electric, mechanic, storage, software}
- set StaffLevels {junior, middle, senior}

## 1.4 Parameters

- param main\_req {MaintenanceTypes, MaintenanceSeverity}: cnt of maintenance required
- param main\_req\_st {MaintenanceTypes, StaffTypes}: cnt of staff required per maintenance type and staff category
- param main\_req\_xp {MaintenanceTypes, MaintenanceSeverity}: required XP for maintenance task based on severity

- param main\_material\_cost{MaintenanceTypes}: material cost of maintenance tasks
- param staff\_level\_xp{StaffLevels}: staff level XPs
- param staff\_cost{StaffTypes,StaffLevels}: staff cost per type and level
- param main\_burnout: weight based on severity of maintenance task
- param burnout\_coef: total (severity weighted) tasks / staff cutoff

## 1.5 Variables

### 1.5.1 Variables used by solver

- var staff\_to\_hire{StaffTypes, StaffLevels}: cnt of staff needed as per type and level
- var quantity{MaintenanceTypes}: cnt maintenance tasks to be carried out

### 1.5.2 Redundant variables - improve readability

- var total\_main\_req\_xp{MaintenanceTypes}: required XP points to carry out maintenance task
- var total\_staff\_xp{StaffTypes}: total available XP per staff types of hired personnel
- var total\_staff{StaffTypes}: total cnt of hired personnel
- var total\_staff\_xp\_task{MaintenanceTypes}: XP of hired personnel per category required for maintenance task
- var weighted\_maintenance\_tasks{MaintenanceTypes}: nr of maintenance tasks weighted by burnout factor
- var total\_req\_wgt\_staff{StaffTypes}: total cnt of required staff for maintenance tasks weighted by severity

## 1.6 Conditions

- *XP condition*: sufficient XP points to carry out upcoming maintenance tasks based on severity. It is only required to have enough XPs to carry out at least one of all types of maintenance task (based on severity), e.g. maintenance task "blades" normally requires 10 XPs whereas severe requires 80 XPs but when no severe maintenance task is scheduled for "blades" (main\_req parameter is set to 0) then the condition prescribes 10 XPs for this maintenance task (normal severity level). It does not matter how many maintenance jobs are expected, the hired staff has to have enough XPs to do all types of jobs. E.g. if normal maintenance task "blades" is expected 12 times and no severe "blades" task required, then XPs of hired personnel has to have at least 10 XPs (normal "blade" maintenance XP) and not 12 times 10 XPs. It will just take them more time to do all 12 normal "blades" job.
- *Staff condition*: number of staff for a given type (no matter if junior/middle/senior) covers the required number of staff for each maintenance task. E.g. in order to be able carry out maintenance task "blades", main\_req\_st{MaintenanceType,StaffType} prescribes 3 mechanics and 4 storage personnel so at least 3 mechanics and 4 storage workers have to be hired.
- *Minimum maintenance*: maintenance jobs defined in main\_req are carried out.
- *Burnout indicator*: staff is not overloaded meaning that the severity weighted number of maintenance tasks per staff member has to be lower than the parameter burnout\_coef.

## 1.7 Objectives

Minimize total costs given by the aggregated sum of main\_material\_cost and staff\_cost given the above conditions.

## 2 Windfarm problem implementation

### 2.1 Summary

This implementation of the windfarm maintenance problem is done using GLPK/GMPL (GNU Linear Programming Kit and Modelling language GNU MathProg). The program is broken down to 3 input and 2 output files:

- Input files
  - *windfarm.mod*: model file containing the core of the modelling problem. Declares sets, parameters, conditions and the objective of the modelling exercise. Also, the file includes *printf* statements that generates more readable output than the standard built-in one in *GLPK*. This customized output is available in the *report.txt* file.
  - *wfmaintenance.dat*: data file with initialization of sets and parameters related to maintenance jobs. Additionally, the parameter matrix *main\_req\_st* that links maintenance tasks and staff related parameters is also initialized here. Following parameters are initialized here:
    - \* set MaintenanceTypes
    - \* set MaintenanceSeverity
    - \* param main\_req
    - \* param main\_req\_xp
    - \* param main\_req\_st
    - \* param main\_burnout
    - \* param burnout\_coef
    - \* param main\_material\_cost
  - *wfstaff.dat*: data file initializing staff related sets and parameters.
    - \* set StaffTypes
    - \* set StaffLevels
    - \* param staff\_level\_xp
    - \* param staff\_cost
- Output files
  - *output.txt*: standard output file generated by the *glpsol* command with the *-o* parameter. The file shows the values of all variables and the values used for resolving the conditions specified in the .mod file.
  - *report.txt*: customized output generated by the *printf* statements at the end of the *windfarm.mod* file. Contentwise same as *output.txt*.

### 2.2 Model setup

#### 2.2.1 Conditions and variables

The condition section of the modelling file is broken down to 4 main sections, XP conditions, Staff conditions, Minimum maintenance and Burnout indicators respectively. The XP condition takes care of that the hired staff have at least as much XP points that is necessary to be able to carry out the required maintenance tasks. The following variables are calculated within this section:

### XP conditions

Firstly, redundant variables:

$$\text{total\_main\_req\_xp}_{mt \times 1} = \begin{cases} \text{main\_req\_xp}_{mt \times ms}[\text{mt}, \text{"severe"}], & \text{if } \text{main\_req\_xp}_{mt \times ms}[\text{mt}, \text{"severe"}] > 0 \\ \text{main\_req\_xp}_{mt \times ms}[\text{mt}, \text{"normal"}], & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

$$\text{total\_staff\_xp}_{st \times 1} = \text{staff\_to\_hire}_{st \times sl} \times \text{staff\_level\_xp}_{sl \times 1} \quad (2)$$

$$\text{total\_staff\_xp\_task}_{mt \times 1} = \begin{cases} \text{total\_staff\_xp}_{st \times 1}[\text{st}], & \text{if } \text{main\_req\_st}_{mt \times st}[\text{mt}, \text{st}] > 0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

Finally, the required condition is

$$\text{total\_staff\_xp\_task}_{mt \times 1} \geq \text{total\_main\_req\_xp}_{mt \times 1} \quad (4)$$

### Staff conditions

Again, introduce (this time only one) redundant variable:

$$\text{total\_staff}_{st \times 1} = \sum_{sl} \text{staff\_to\_hire}_{st \times sl}[\text{st}, \text{sl}] \quad (5)$$

The staff condition is

$$\text{total\_staff}_{st \times 1} \geq \text{main\_req\_st}_{mt \times st}^T[\text{mt}, \text{st}] \quad (6)$$

### Minimum maintenance

No redundant variables this time:

$$\text{quantity}_{mt \times 1} \geq \sum_{ms} \text{main\_req}_{mt \times ms}[\text{mt}, \text{ms}] \quad (7)$$

### Burnout condition

Redundant variables:

$$\text{weighted\_maintenance\_tasks}_{mt \times 1} = \text{main\_req}_{mt \times ms}[\text{mt}, \text{ms}] \times \text{main\_burnout}_{ms \times 1}[\text{ms}] \quad (8)$$

$$\text{total\_req\_wgt\_staff}_{1 \times st} = \text{weighted\_maintenance\_tasks}_{mt \times 1}^T[\text{mt}] \times \text{main\_req\_st}_{mt \times st}[\text{mt}, \text{st}] \quad (9)$$

The required burnout condition is:

$$\text{total\_req\_wgt\_staff}_{st \times 1}[\text{st}] \leq \text{total\_staff}_{st \times 1}[\text{st}] * \text{burnout\_coef} \quad (10)$$

where

$mt$  is in MaintenanceTypes

$ms$  is in MaintenanceSeverity

$st$  is in StaffTypes

$sl$  is in StaffLevels

sets.

### 2.2.2 Objective

The objective function of the modelling exercise is minimizing total costs obtained as the sum of material and staff related costs while fulfilling required maintenance tasks given the conditions. Total staff cost is obtained by multiplying matrices *staff\_to\_hire* and *staff\_cost* and then taking the trace of the resulting matrix:

$$\text{TotalStaffCost} = \text{tr} \left( \underset{(st \times sl)}{\text{staff\_to\_hire}} \times \underset{(st \times sl)}{\text{staff\_cost}}^T \right)$$

Total material cost can be obtained by simply taking the sumproduct of vectors *main\_material\_cost* and *quantity*:

$$\text{TotalMaterialCost} = \sum_{mt} \text{main\_maintenance\_cost}[mt] * \text{quantity}[mt]$$

Objective to be minimized:

$$\text{minimize TotalCosts} = \text{TotalStaffCost} + \text{TotalMaterialCost} \quad (11)$$

## 2.3 Sample input/output

### 2.3.1 Parameter main\_req

The parameter contains the required number of maintenance jobs (rows) based on severity (columns). The required number of maintenance jobs per types is given by the row sums (summed over severity level). The row sums are used in the condition Minimum maintenance.

Maintenance Type	Maintenance Severity	
	normal	severe
blades	12	5
gearbox	13	3
generator	6	10
sensors	8	1
wiring	9	0

Table 1: main\_req

### 2.3.2 Parameter main\_req\_xp

The parameter contains the required experience points for the maintenance jobs (rows) based on severity (columns). In case the value for the "severe" task in *main\_req* is greater than zero, the experience points defined in this parameter matrix is taken from the "severe" column and from the "normal" otherwise (see XP conditions).

Maintenance Type	Maintenance Severity	
	normal	severe
blades	50	125
gearbox	125	150
generator	113	230
sensors	110	150
wiring	30	50

Table 2: main\_req\_xp

### 2.3.3 Parameter main\_req\_st

The parameter holds the number of personnel required to do the specific maintenance job. E.g. the "blades" task requires 3 mechanics and 4 storage personnel to move the blades from the storage to the windfarm site and fix them.

Maintenance Type	Staff Type			
	electric	mechanic	storage	software
blades	0	3	4	0
gearbox	3	4	0	1
generator	4	3	0	1
sensors	5	3	1	3
wiring	3	0	3	2

Table 3: main\_req-st

#### 2.3.4 Parameter main\_burnout and burnout\_coef

The parameter tells how exhausting the task is for the staff based on severity. The higher the value, the more the task weighs when calculating the number of tasks per staff member. The latter is represented by the parameter *burnout\_coef* and is set to **15** meaning that no more than 15 tasks can be assigned to 1 staff member.

Maintenance Severity	Value
normal	.75
severe	1.3

Table 4: main\_burnout

#### 2.3.5 Parameter main\_material\_cost

The parameter contains the cost of material associated with the maintenance tasks.

Maintenance Type	Material Cost
blades	100
gearbox	150
generator	120
sensors	50
wiring	70

Table 5: main\_material\_cost

#### 2.3.6 Parameter staff\_level\_xp

The parameter contains the experience points associated to level of the staff. The higher the level, the more experience point the person has (and also more expensive).

Staff Level	XP
junior	2
middle	15
senior	40

Table 6: staff\_level\_xp

#### 2.3.7 Parameter staff\_cost

The parameter holds the cost of hiring staff of given type and experience level.



Staff Type	Staff Level		
	junior	middle	senior
electric	10	15	40
mechanic	8	18	30
storage	12	15	20
software	10	40	50

Table 7: staff\_cost

### 2.3.8 Generated output

The section shows the generated output based on the above input and model setup. The output can be found in the **output.txt** and also in the **report.txt** files. The latter is scripted in the *windfarm.mod* and provides a more readable format of the output. The first printed section in the *report.txt* file is the *total\_main\_req\_xp* which is just the required experience points per maintenance tasks depending on whether only normal or also severe occurrences of the given tasks are expected in the problem setting (more precisely in the *main\_req* parameter).

```
-----
total_main_req_xp
blades 125
gearbox 150
generator 230
sensors 150
wiring 30
```

Secondly, the experience points of the staff per maintenance tasks are printed. The previous vector and the one below are to be compared in (4) so that *total\_staff\_xp\_task* is expected to be greater or equal than *total\_main\_req\_xp* for all maintenance types.

```
-----
total_staff_xp_task
blades 125
gearbox 238
generator 238
sensors 263
wiring 163
```

Next, take a look at *total\_staff* to make sure we have greater or equal number of staff per staff types as required in the *main\_req\_st* parameter (6).

```
-----
total_staff
electric 12
mechanic 12
storage 6
software 5
```

## 2.4 Effect of parameters