

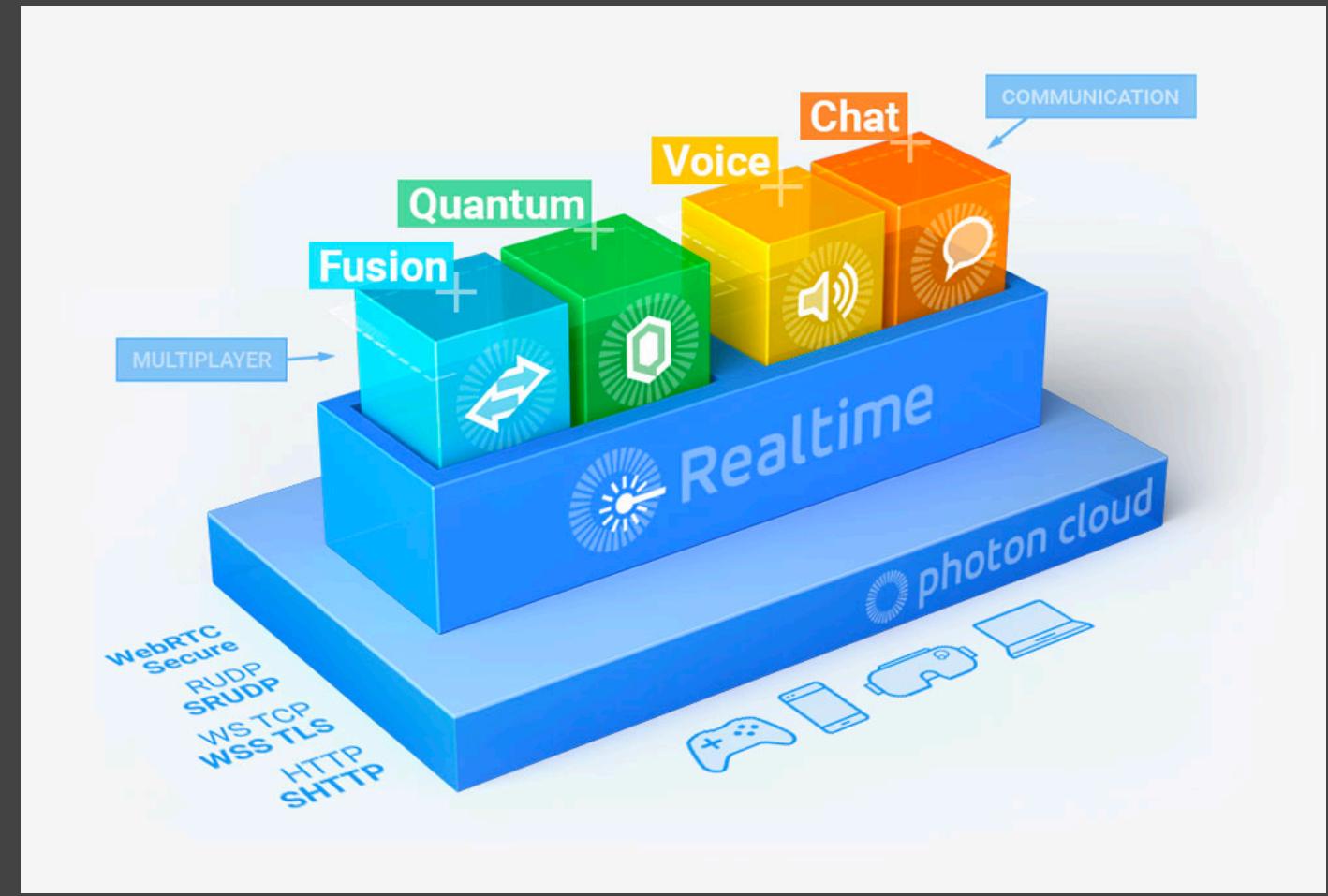
Commercial Server Solutions

Photon Unity Network

Arthur Pai

Photon

- Photon Cloud (SaaS)
 - Photon Cloud是 Exit Games 公司開發的雲端遊戲伺服器，提供了便宜、快速、容易使用、支援市面上常見多種平台的線上遊戲伺服器服務
 - 效能高
 - 支援平台多
 - 不敷使用時可以無痛轉移至Photon Server
- Photon Server (On Premise)
 - 可以跑在 Windows 上的服務或程式
 - 是個 Socket Server, 提供了 Reliable UDP, TCP, HTTP 及 WebSockets 的網路傳輸協定, 能夠讓我們任意的跨平台開發網路相關即時連線的程式, 尤其是多人連線遊戲.
 - 可以架在 Google Cloud, Azure VMs, Amazon EC2 或是自己家裡公司的 Local Server 上

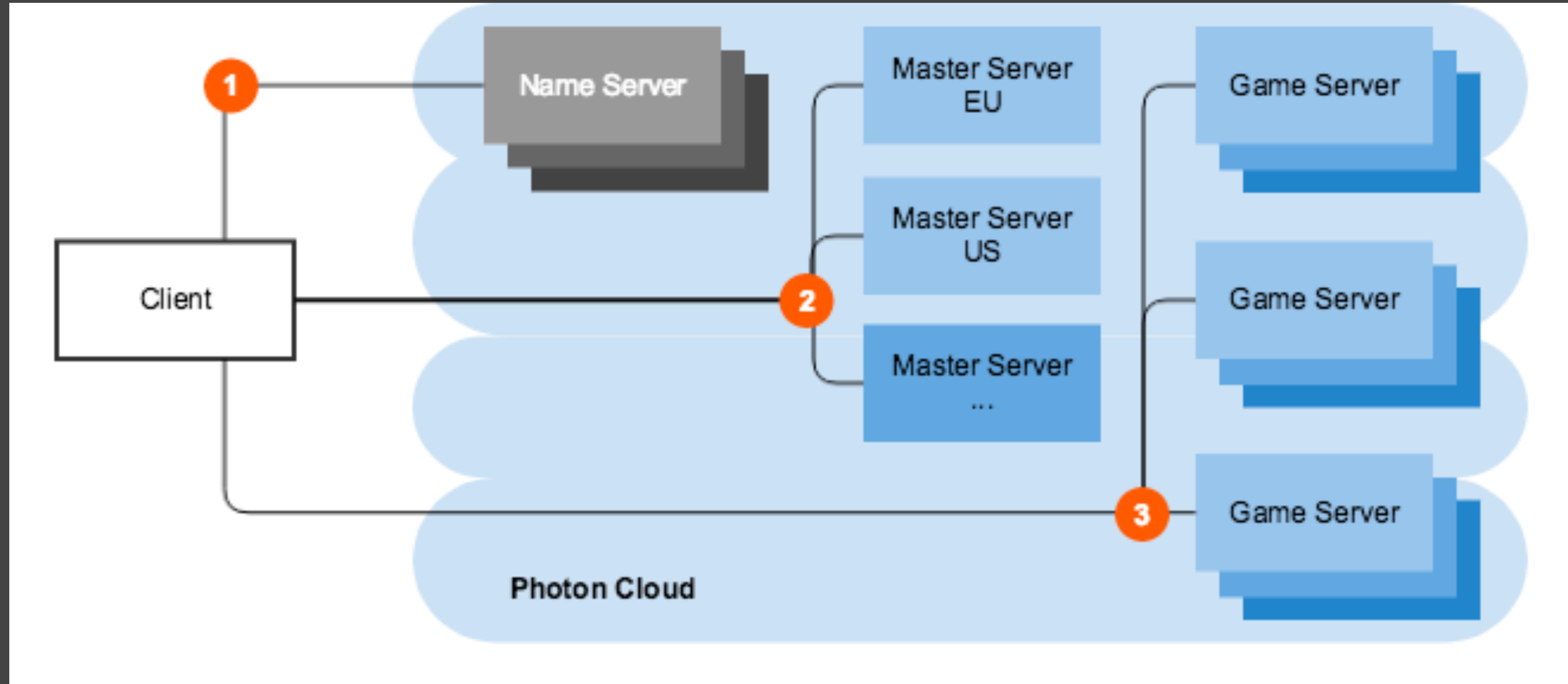


Photon

	Photon Cloud	Photon Server
伺服器管理	不須管理伺服器	須自行管理伺服器
Scalability 可擴充性	Photon Cloud會自動根據玩家數量調整，並做負載平衡	要自行處理
Game Logic	提供現成的多人遊戲邏輯 像是 Photon Realtime , Photon Chat	可以使用C#撰寫需要的遊戲邏輯
Setup	註冊後直接使用	下載後，在自家主機上執行 start your Photon Server in less than 5 minutes
Licensing	Photon Realtime has a free plan for up to 20 CCU.	Photon Server is available with a free license for up to 100 CCU.

<https://doc.photonengine.com/en-us/realtime/current/getting-started/onpremises-or-saas>

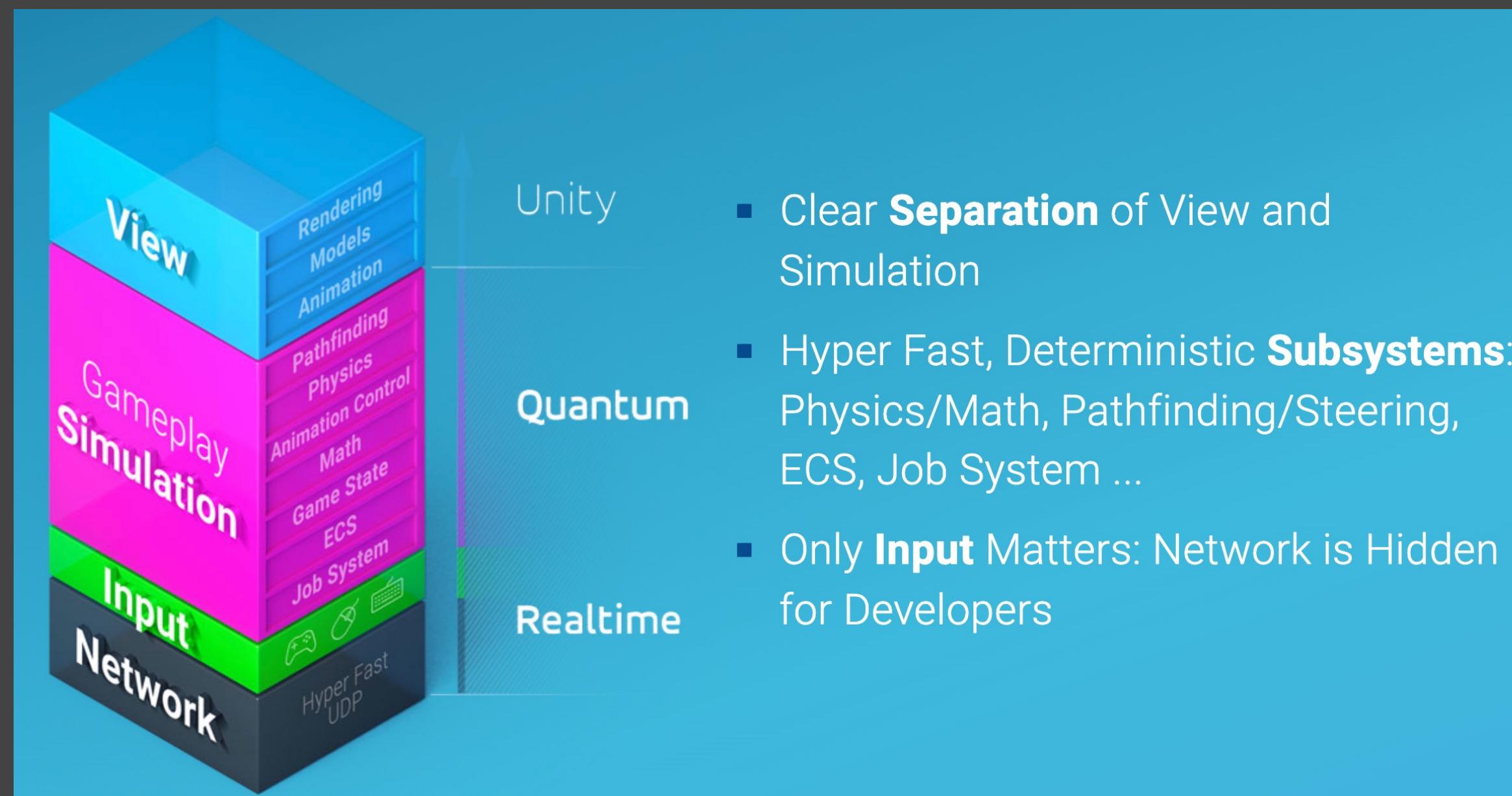
Photon Realtime



<https://doc.photonengine.com/zh-tw/pun/current/connection-and-authentication/regions>

Photon Quantum

適合快節奏多人即時連線動作遊戲

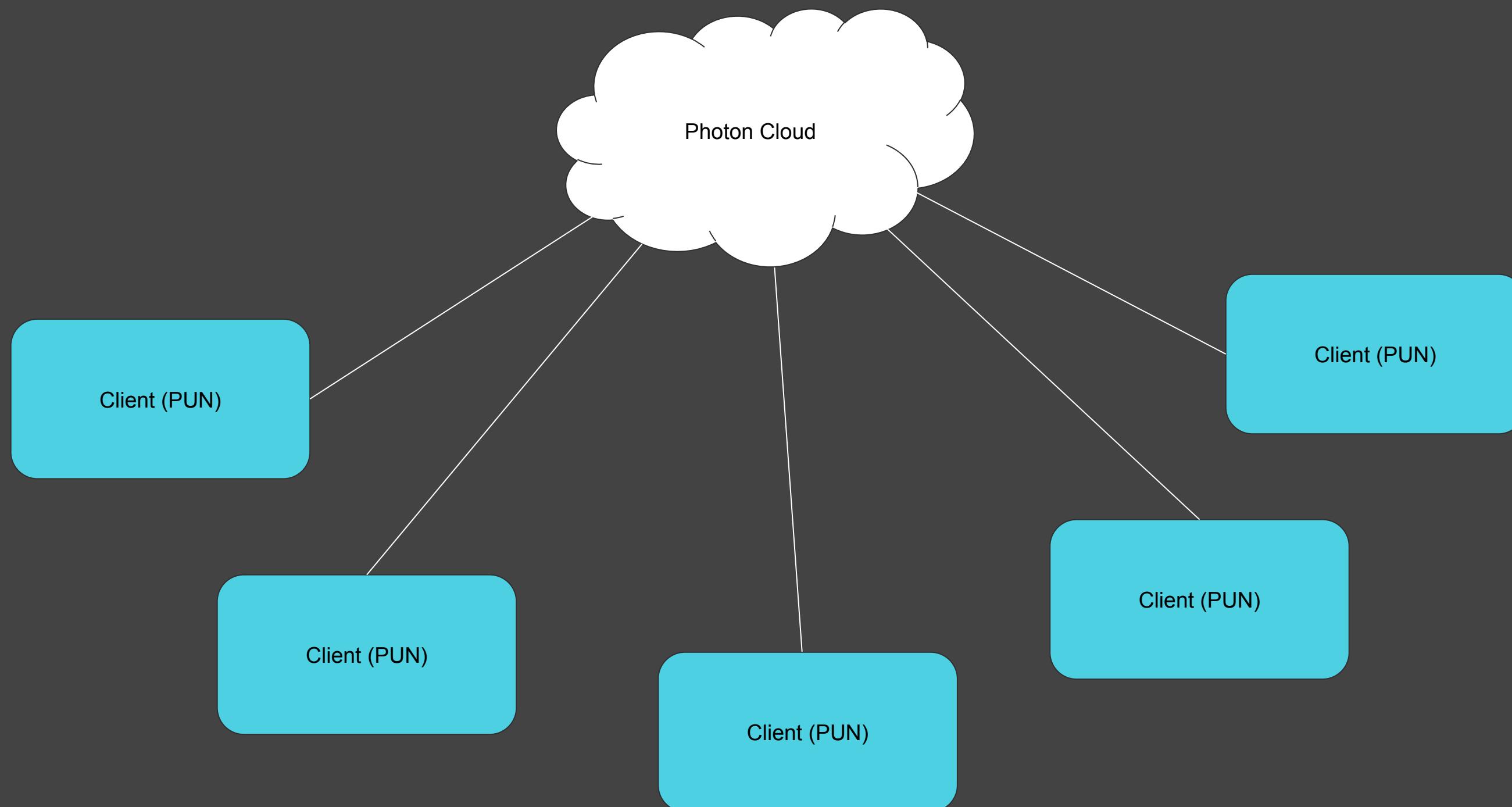


<https://www.photonengine.com/zh-TW/Quantum>

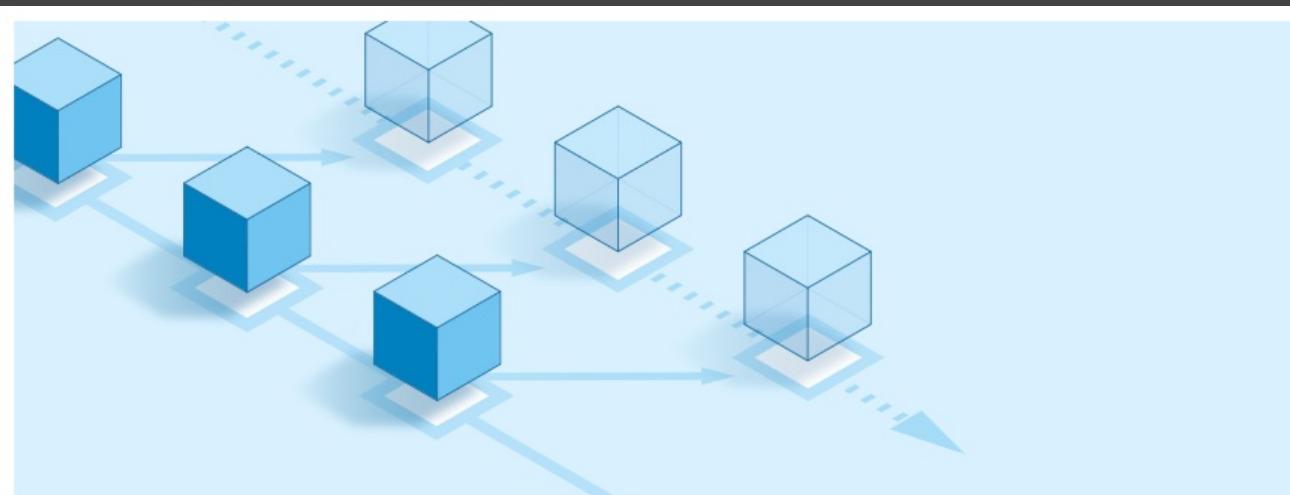


Photon Unity Network

一般連線, 非立即物理碰撞型, 像是任務 / 訊息 / 回合 / 解迷, 也就是 RPG, Puzzle, Turn-base 類型的遊戲.

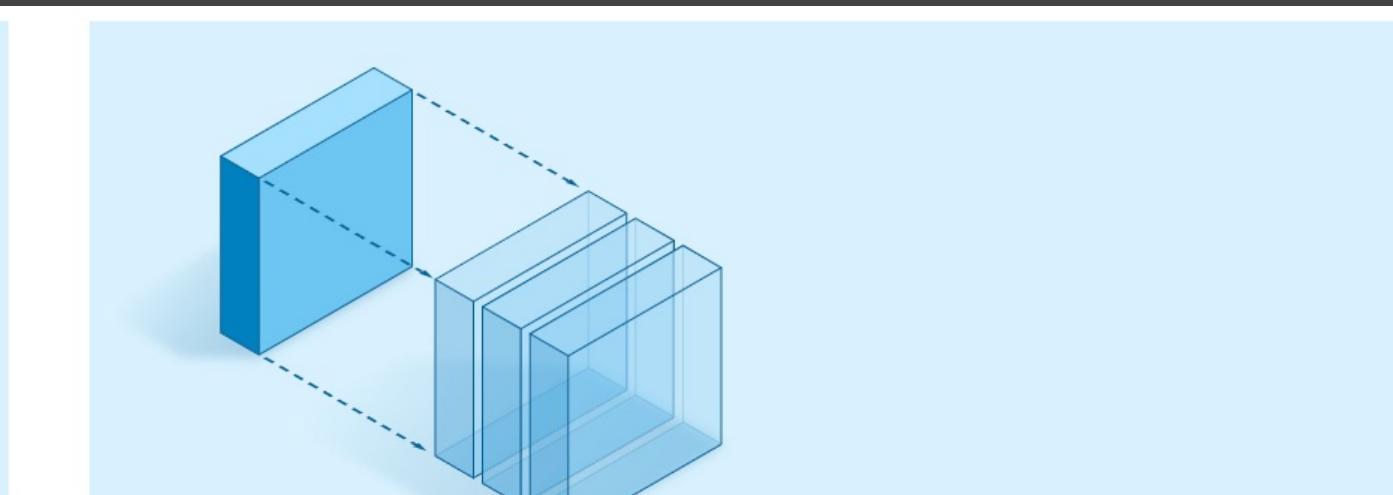


Photon Fusion



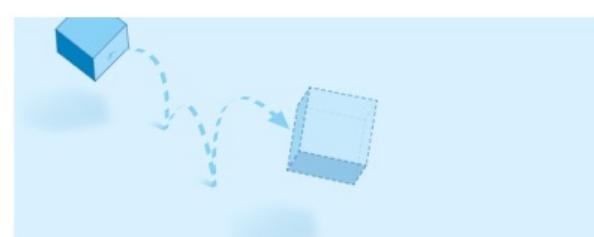
Tick-based Simulation

Core feature of stable and accurate networking.
Foundation for client side prediction and snapshot interpolation.



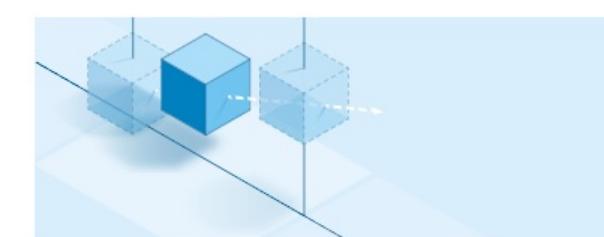
Client-side Prediction

Give players an instant response to their own inputs without giving up server authority, even under high latency and network loss.



Full Physics Prediction

Get the best experience out of complex physics interactions between players and objects by using Full Physics Prediction.



Snapshot Interpolation

Use automated or custom interpolation for smooth visual rendering even with bad internet conditions.



Lag Compensation

Built in Lag Compensated Hitboxes with easy to use API for Esport grade game mechanics.



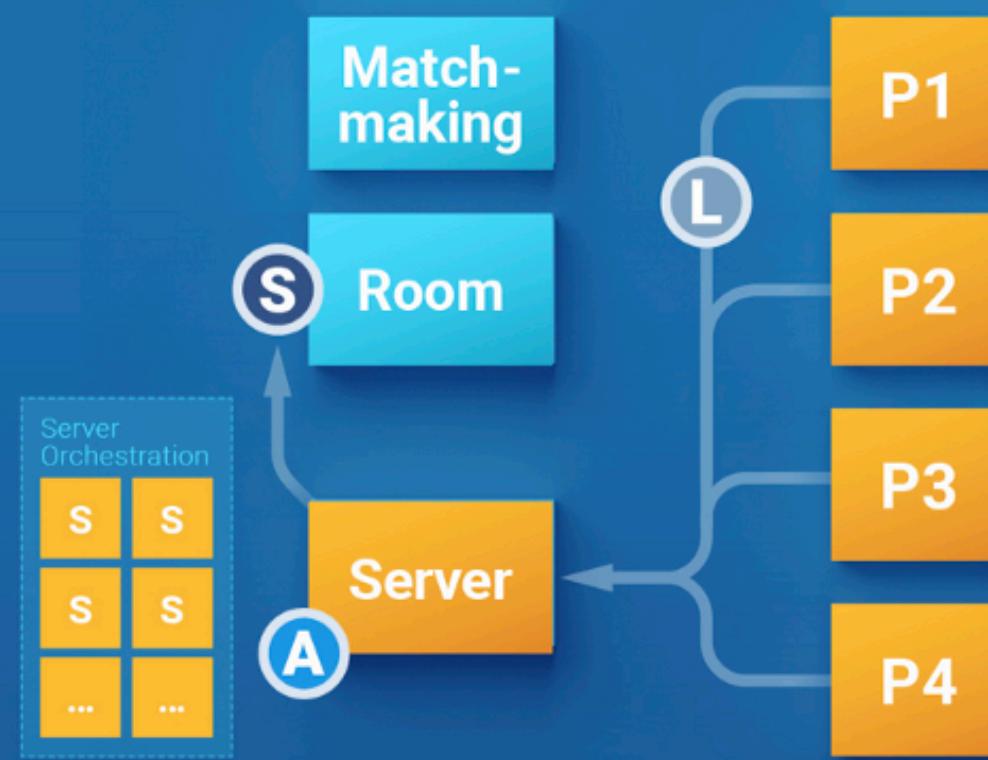
Replication Systems

Best in class implementations of replication algorithms for Delta Snapshots and Eventual Consistency with Interest Management.

<https://www.photonengine.com/en-US/Fusion>

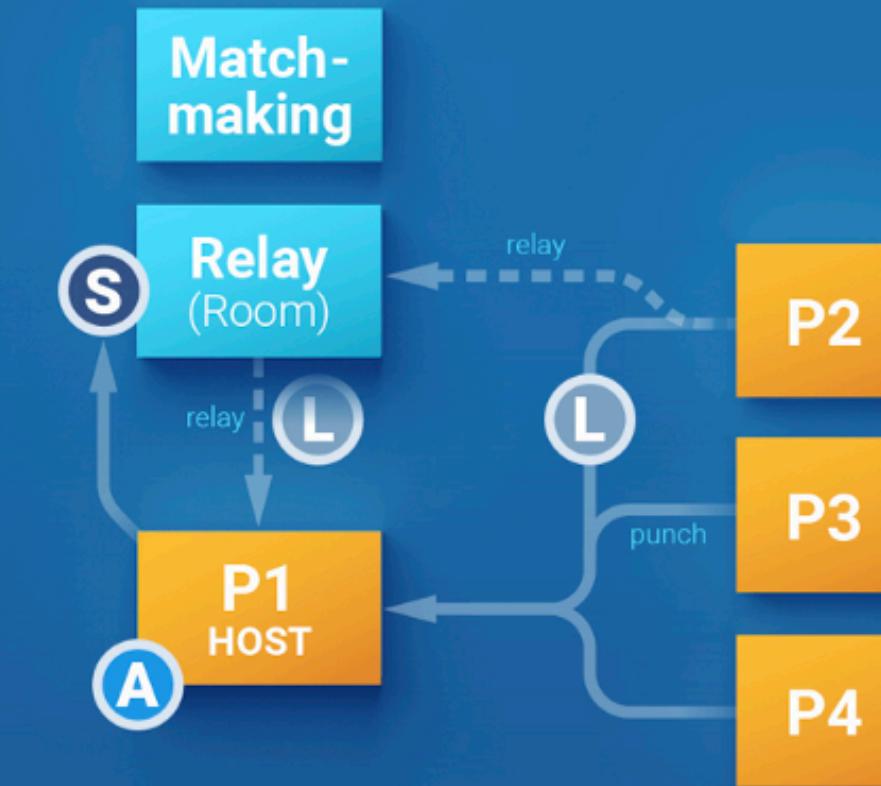
Photon Fusion

Server Dedicated server with public IP (headless Unity instance).



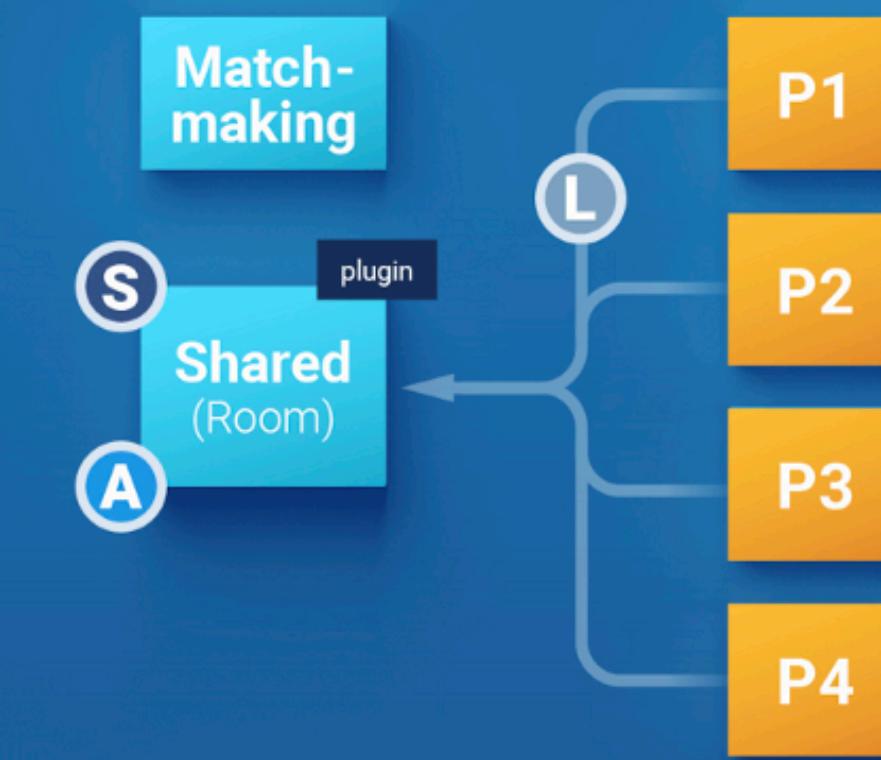
- Authority** ++ Server has full authority.
- State** ++ Server migration possible.
- Latency** ++ Low latency: Direct connection from client to server.
- QoS** ++ Stability of the game engine.
- Cost** -- Dedicated server orchestration.

Host One Player is the „host“. All other Players connect to him.



- Authority** -- Host has full authority. Hacking/cheating possible.
- State** ++ Turnkey host migration.
- Latency** / Latency good (punch) or relative bad (relay). Quality depends on host.
- QoS** - Depends on Players/Hosts.
- Cost** ++ Hosted by players + Photon Cloud.

Shared Room has state authority and optional plugin (custom code).



- Authority** / Room has state authority, but clients control state on objects assigned to them.
- State** ++ Room is keeping the full game state.
- Latency** ++ Direct connection to room in region (edge).
- QoS** + High stability + uptime.
- Cost** ++ Cost efficient.

Photon Unity Network

Home > Tools > Network > PUN 2 - FREE

The screenshot shows the Unity Asset Store page for the "PUN 2 - FREE" asset. The main visual is a large banner for "Photon Unity Networking" version 2, featuring a large blue "2" and the text "#1 Platform for UNITY - Multiplayer". Below the banner are five smaller screenshots showing various game interfaces. To the right of the banner is a summary card for "PUN 2 - FREE". The card includes the title, a "FREE" badge, a "NEW VERSION" badge, a "FREE 20 CCU" badge, and a "FREE" badge. It also shows a 5-star rating with 253 reviews and 5,180 likes. Below the card are details such as "Add to My Assets", "License agreement", "License type", "File size", "Latest version", "Latest release date", "Supported Unity versions", and "Support". At the bottom are sections for "Related keywords" with tags like Multiplayer, PUN, Networking, Photon, Photon Realtime, UN, UFPS, Realtime, pun 2, PUN+, network engine, LAN, and Coop.

PUN 2 - FREE

FREE

FREE 20 CCU

NEW VERSION

#1 Platform for UNITY - Multiplayer

FAST. RELIABLE. SCALABLE.

1/5

Overview Package Content Releases Reviews Publisher Info

Add to My Assets

License agreement Standard Unity Asset Store EULA

License type Extension Asset

File size 21.8 MB

Latest version 2.40

Latest release date Nov 25, 2021

Supported Unity versions 2018.4.22 or higher

Support Visit site

Related keywords

Multiplayer PUN Networking Photon

Photon Realtime UN UFPS Realtime

pun 2 PUN+ network engine LAN Coop

<https://assetstore.unity.com/packages/tools/network/pun-2-free-119922>

Create PUN App

The screenshot shows the Photon Cloud Apps dashboard. At the top right, there is a prominent red-bordered button labeled '+ CREATE A NEW APP'. Below this, the main heading is 'Your Photon Cloud Apps'. On the left, there are filtering options: 'Show' (All Apps), 'in Status' (Active), 'Sort by' (Peak CCU), 'Order' (Descending), and 'Display' (As List). A large blue header bar indicates the app type is 'PUN' and it has '20 CCU'. Below this, a card for the app 'Tanks' is shown, featuring its App ID (c9f02694-b...), Peak CCU (0), Traffic used (0%), and three buttons: ANALYZE, MANAGE, and -/+ CCU.

Create a New Application

The application defaults to the **Free Plan**. You can change the plan at any time.

Photon Type *
Photon PUN

Name *
Tank

Description
Tank Game

Url
http://enter.your-url.here/

CREATE or [go back to the application list](#).

<https://www.photonengine.com/zh-TW/PUN>

<https://doc.photonengine.com/en-us/pun/current/getting-started/pun-intro>

Create PUN App

Your Photon Cloud Apps [+ CREATE A NEW APP](#)

Show [All Apps](#) in Status [Active](#) Sort by [Peak CCU](#)

Order [Descending](#) Display [As List](#)

[PUN](#) **20 CCU**

Tanks

App ID: [REDACTED]

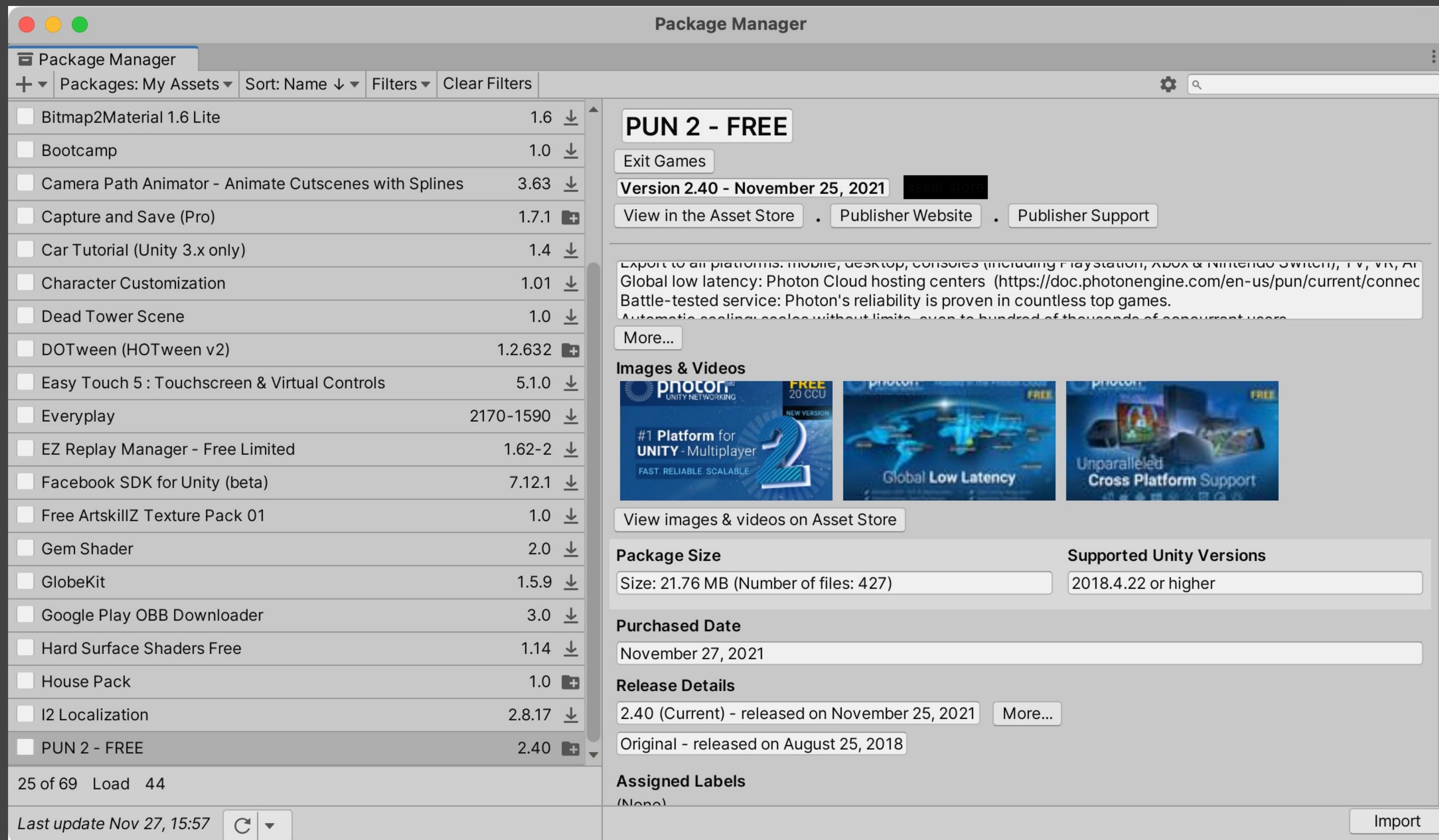
Peak CCU
0

Traffic used
0%

[ANALYZE](#) [MANAGE](#) [-/+ CCU](#)

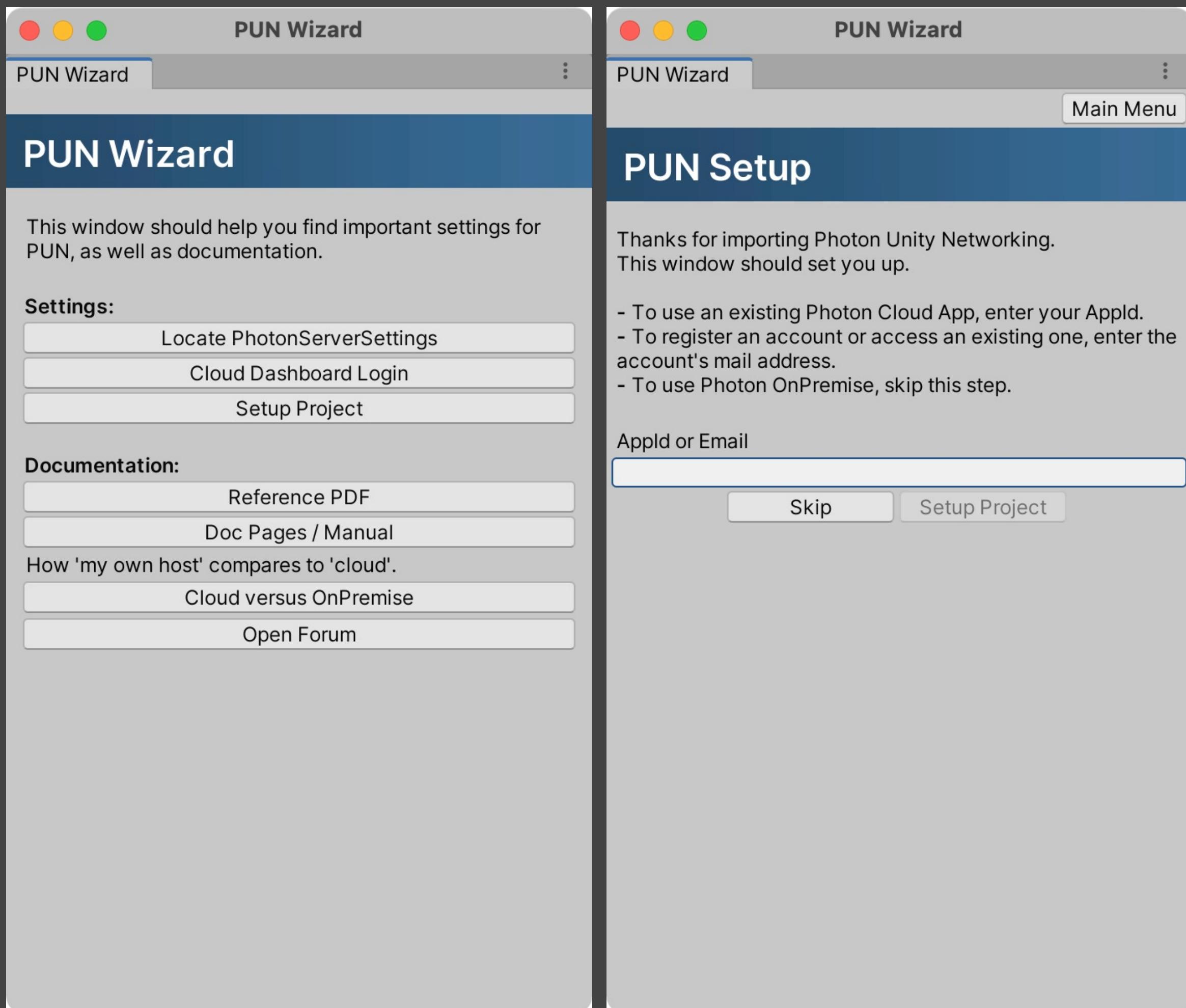
A screenshot of the Photon Cloud Apps web interface. At the top, it says "Your Photon Cloud Apps" and has a "CREATE A NEW APP" button. Below that are filters for "Show All Apps", "in Status Active", "Sort by Peak CCU", "Order Descending", and "Display As List". A prominent card for the "PUN" app is shown, featuring its name, a "20 CCU" badge, and a "Tanks" section. Within the tanks section, the "App ID" field is highlighted with a red border. Below it are two performance metrics: "Peak CCU" at 0 and "Traffic used" at 0%. At the bottom of the card are three buttons: "ANALYZE", "MANAGE", and "-/+ CCU".

Import PUN in Unity



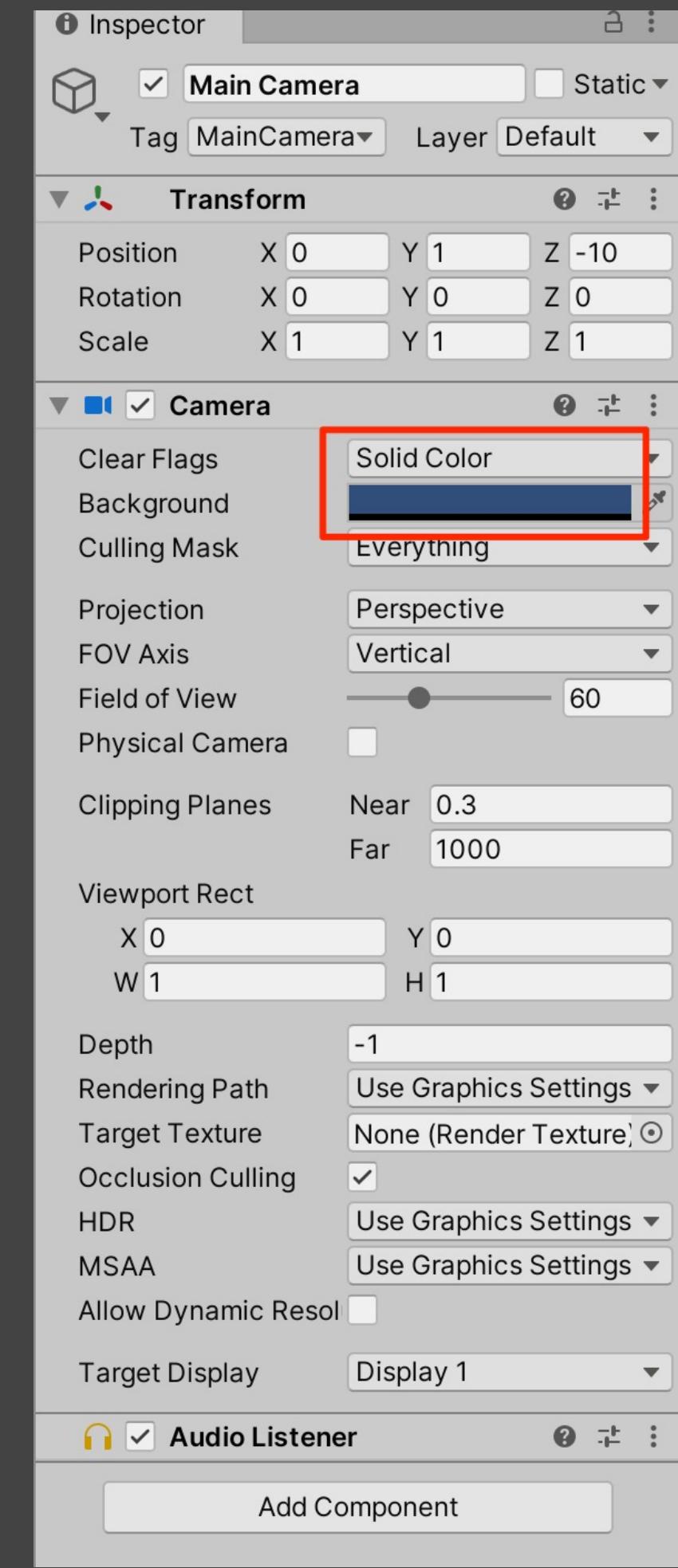
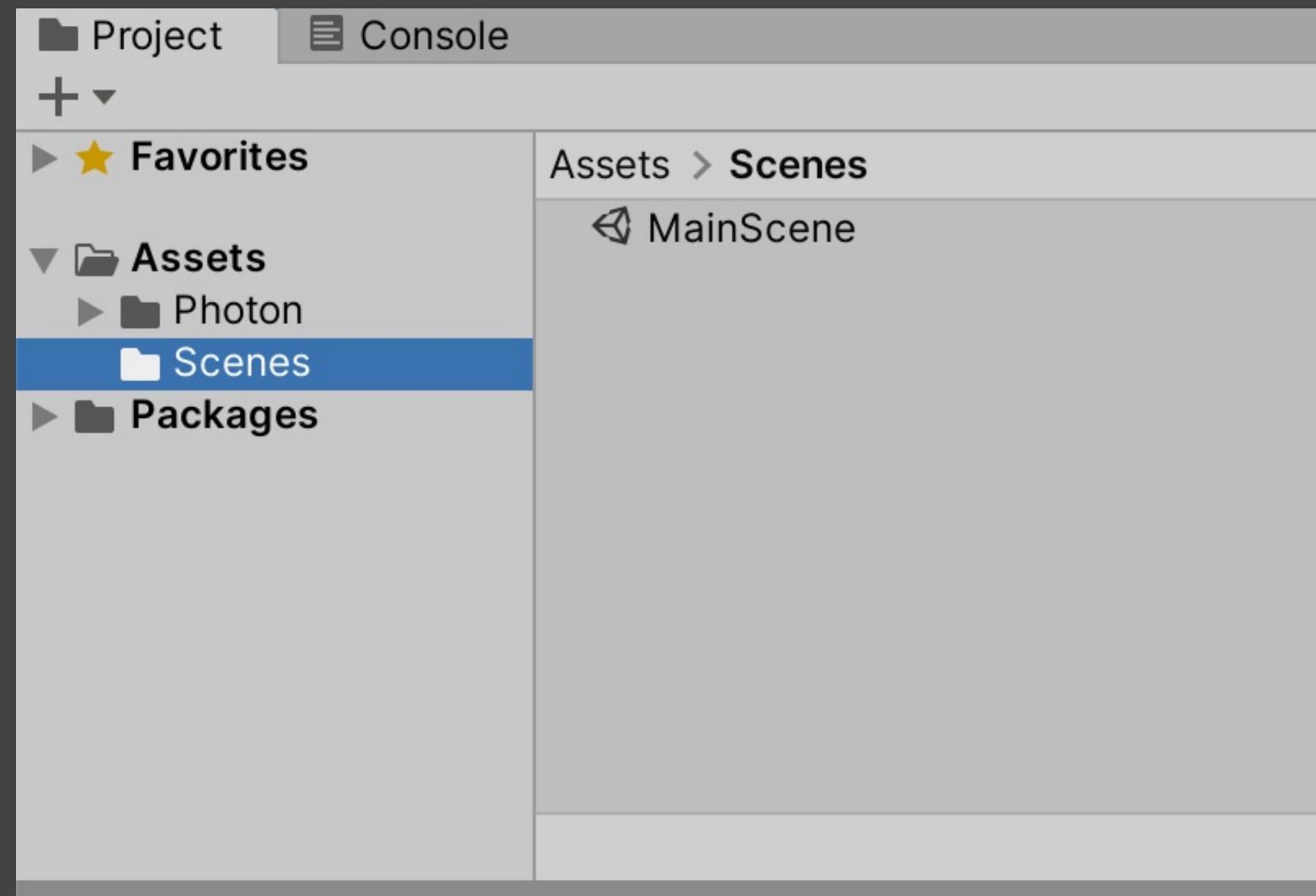
PUN Setting

- 開啟 *Window > Photon Unity Networking > PUN Wizard* 視窗
- Select Setup Project
- Fill your AppId from your photon Dashboard



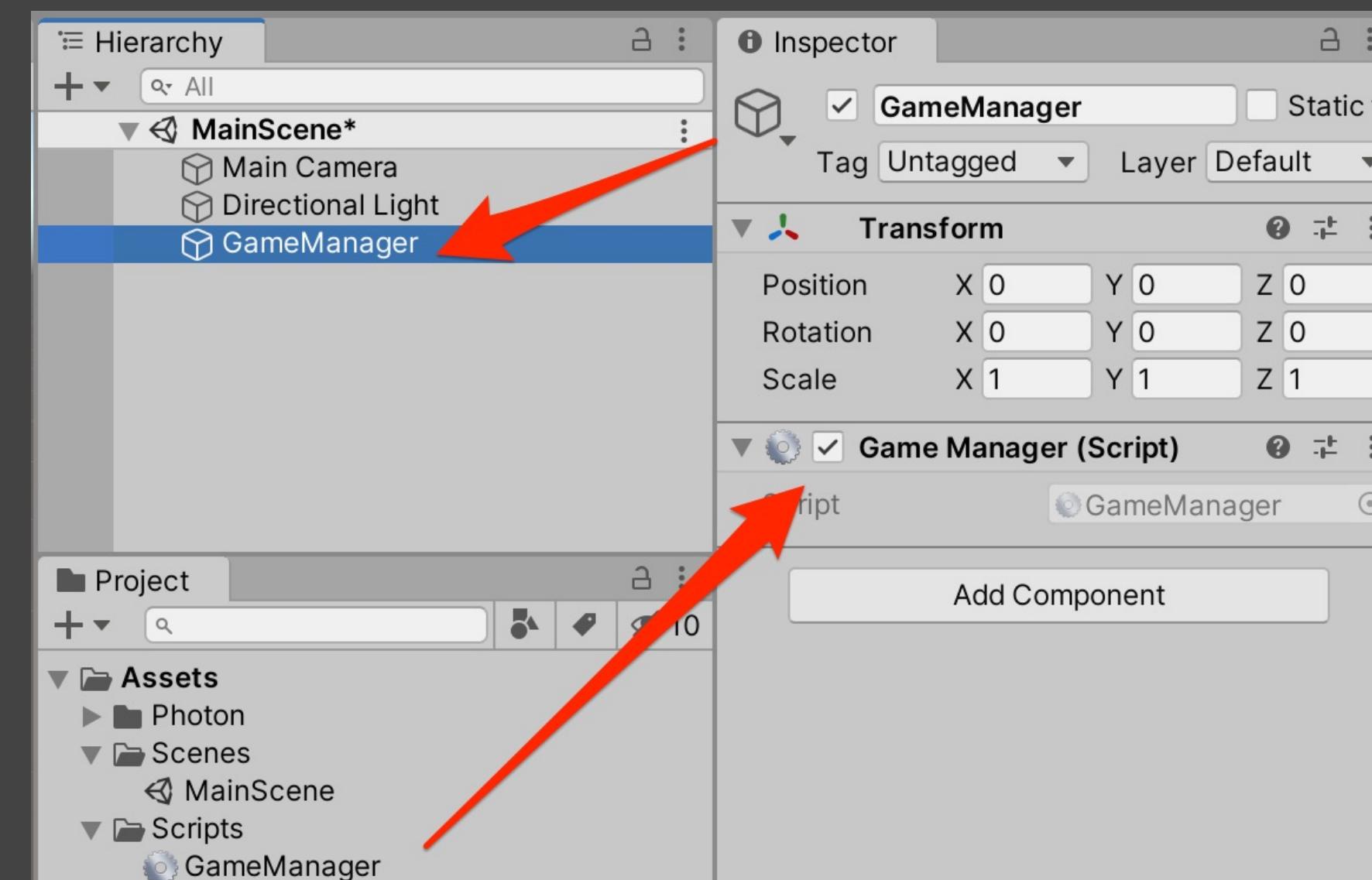
Setup Main Scene

- 儲存目前的 Scene，並取名 MainScene，並放在 Scenes 目錄下
- Camera Clear Flags 選 Solid Color



Game Manager

- 建立一個 Empty GameObject，命名為“GameManager”
- 並建立一個 “GameManager” C# Script，放在Scripts目錄下
- 將“GameManager” script 附加到GameManager GameObject behavior上
- GameManager會用來”管理整個場景“跟”負責與Photon Cloud Server間的連線“
- 為了讓它在整個遊戲過程中都可以被其他Scripts存取，並且只會有一個，因此我們將會把它設定成 Singleton Object 的型式，並且讓它不會再轉換場景時被刪除



Game Manager

```
using Photon.Pun;
using UnityEngine;

public class GameManager : MonoBehaviourPunCallbacks

{
    public static GameManager instance;
    string gameVersion = "1";

    void Awake()
    {
        if (instance != null)
        {
            Debug.LogErrorFormat(gameObject,
                "Multiple instances of {0} is not allow", GetType().Name);
            DestroyImmediate(gameObject);
            return;
        }

        PhotonNetwork.AutomaticallySyncScene = true;
        DontDestroyOnLoad(gameObject);
        instance = this;
    }
}
```

PhotonNetwork

- PhotonNetwork.AutomaticallySyncScene
 - Defines if all clients in a room should automatically load the same level as the Master Client.
 - When this is true, the MasterClient can call PhotonNetwork.LoadLevel() and all connected players will automatically load that same level.

MonoBehaviourPunCallbacks

- OnConnected / OnDisconnected
- OnConnectedToMaster
- OnJoinedLobby / OnLeftLobby
- OnCreatedRoom / OnCreateRoomFailed
- OnJoinedRoom / OnJoinRoomFailed / OnLeftRoom
- OnPlayerEnteredRoom / OnPlayerLeftRoom

https://doc-api.photonengine.com/en/pun/v2/class_photon_1_1_pun_1_1_mono_behaviour_pun_callbacks.html

Connect to Photon Cloud

```
void Start()
{
    PhotonNetwork.ConnectUsingSettings();
    PhotonNetwork.GameVersion = gameVersion;
}

public override void OnConnected()
{
    Debug.Log("PUN Connected");
}

public override void OnConnectedToMaster()
{
    Debug.Log("PUN Connected to Master");
}

public override void OnDisconnected(DisconnectCause cause)
{
    Debug.LogWarningFormat("PUN Disconnected was called by PUN with reason {0}", cause);
}
```

PhotonNetwork

- ConnectUsingSettings
 - 會自動使用之前已設定好的 Photon Services Setting 的值 (AppID, Hosting, Protocol...) 作為資訊傳到 Photon Cloud
- PhotonNetwork.GameVersion
 - 主要是用來讓 Photon Server 知道我們雖然連上的是同款遊戲 (AppID 是一樣的), 但可能是不同版本, 這樣我們以後就可以處理新舊程式版本的相容性問題, 對不同版本可以有不同的連線或是資料處理方式

練習

Create & Join Room

- 新增一個2D UI按鈕，命名為 JoinGameButton
- 按鈕上文字設為 Join Game
- 並且將新的 Canvas 命名為 MainMenu
- 接下來要實作建立新房間或加入現有房間的 Script
- 建立 Game Room 需要做一些設定
 - 最大人數
 - 是不是隱藏
 - 是不是開啟 / 關閉

Create & Join Room

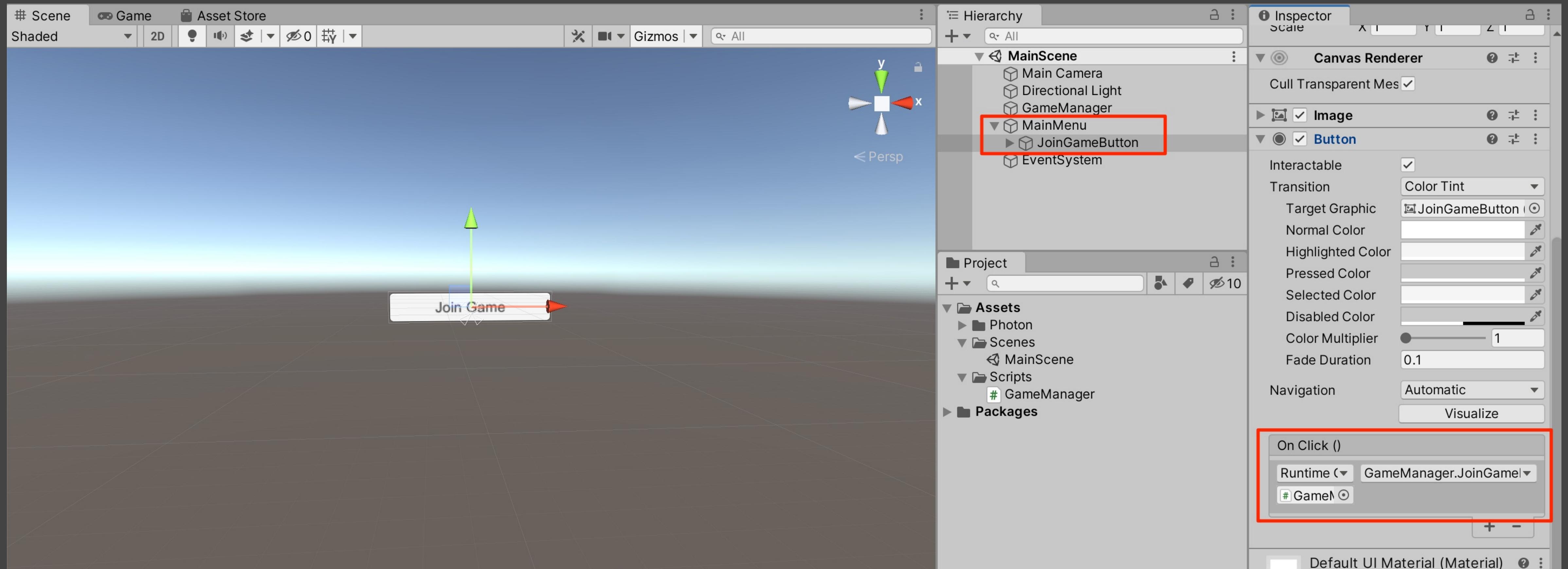
- 建立 或是 加入 Room
 - 在 PUN 中，是使用 ***JoinOrCreateRoom*** 函式來加入 Room，
 - 如果房間還沒建立，PUN會幫我們建立，其他人只要用同樣的函式，並以相同房間名稱就可以加入同一個房間

```
public void JoinGameRoom()
{
    var options = new RoomOptions
    {
        MaxPlayers = 6
    };

    PhotonNetwork.JoinOrCreateRoom("Kingdom", options, null);
}
```

- 然後將 JoinGameButton 的 OnClick 設定為按下時，執行此 Script

Create & Join Room



Create & Join Room

- 最後複寫 OnJoinedRoom 來獲取加入成功的通知

```
public override void OnJoinedRoom()
{
    Debug.Log("Joined room!!");
}
```

- 現在我們只印出Debug訊息，之後我們會在這邊載入遊戲場景
以及玩家的角色

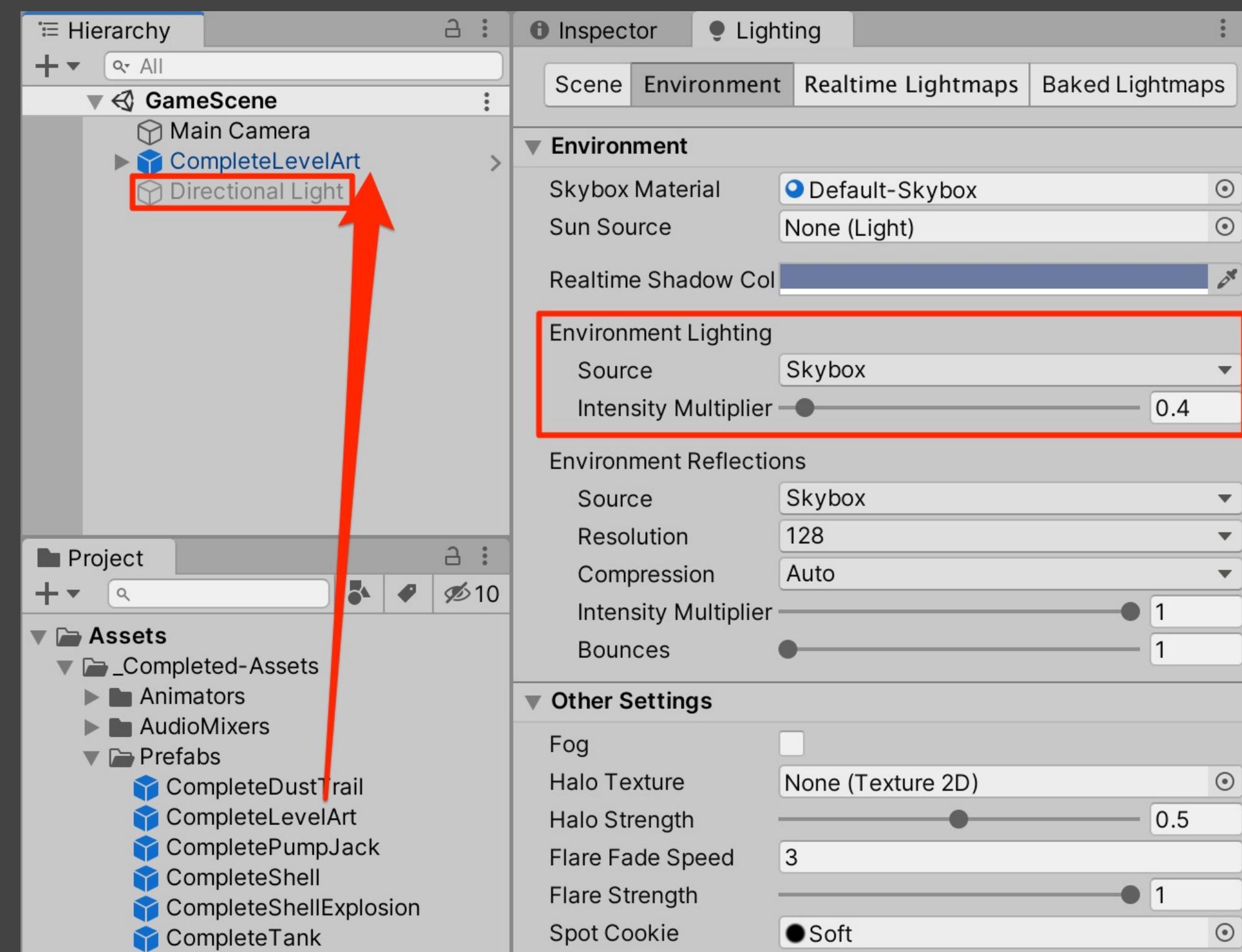
練習

Create Game Scene

- Unity 官方教學的Tanks!
 - <https://unity3d.com/learn/tutorials/projects/tanks-tutorial>
- 下載 & Import Tanks Assets
 - <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1bim-9nM9YRor4UDiiB5YYE3TkuVarJ4q/view?usp=sharing>

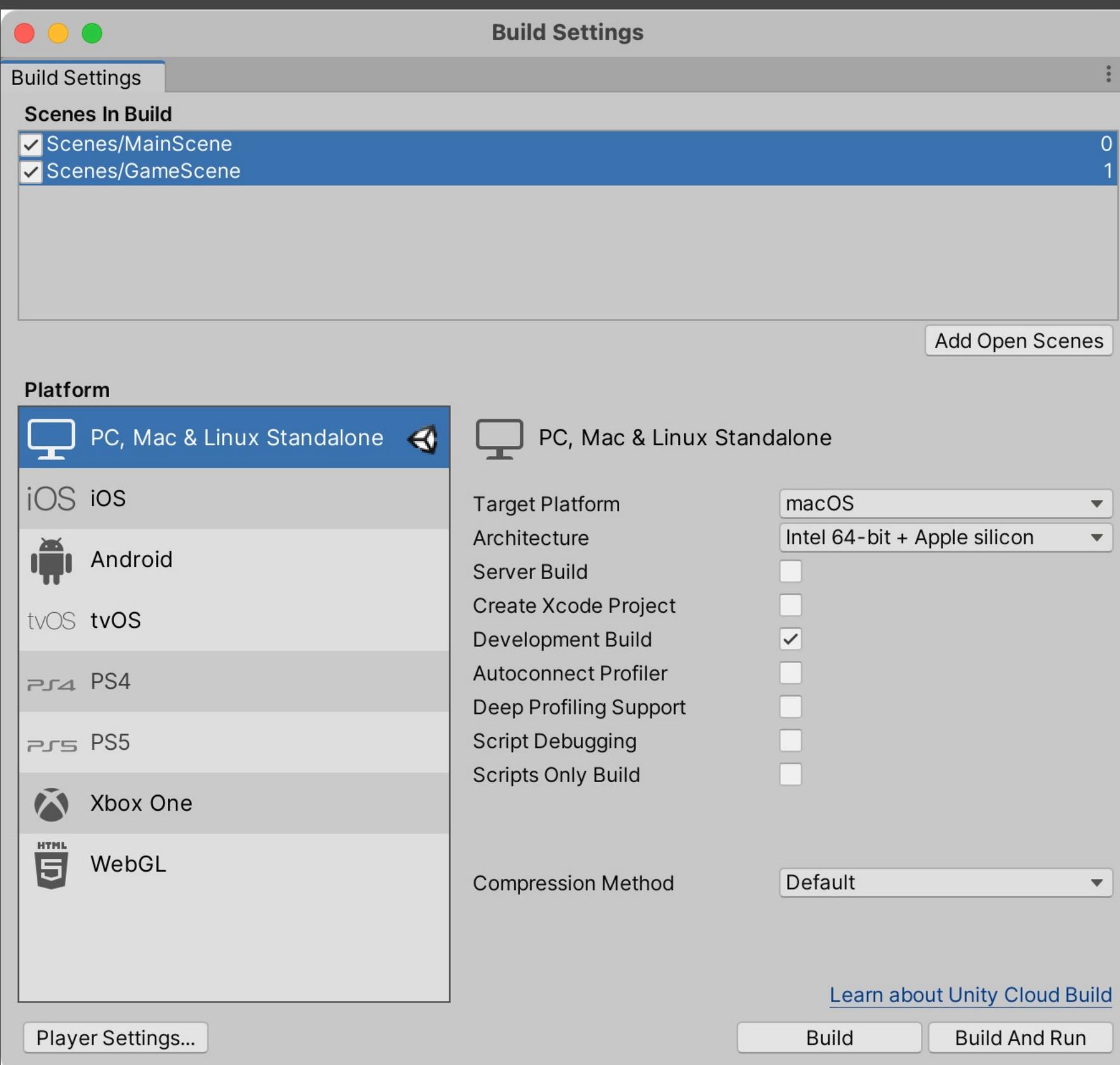
Create Game Scene

- 建立一個新的 Scene **GameScene**
- 並將 **_Completed-Assets\Prefabs\CompleteLevelArt.prefab** 拖到 GameScene 場景中
- 將 **Directional Light** 關掉
- 設定環境光(選單 Window > Rendering > Lighting)



Create Game Scene

- 開啟 File > Build Settings 視窗，將兩個Scene加到Build中



載入 Game Scene

- 自動同步場景機制

```
PhotonNetwork.AutomaticallySyncScene = true;
```

- 載入 Game Scene

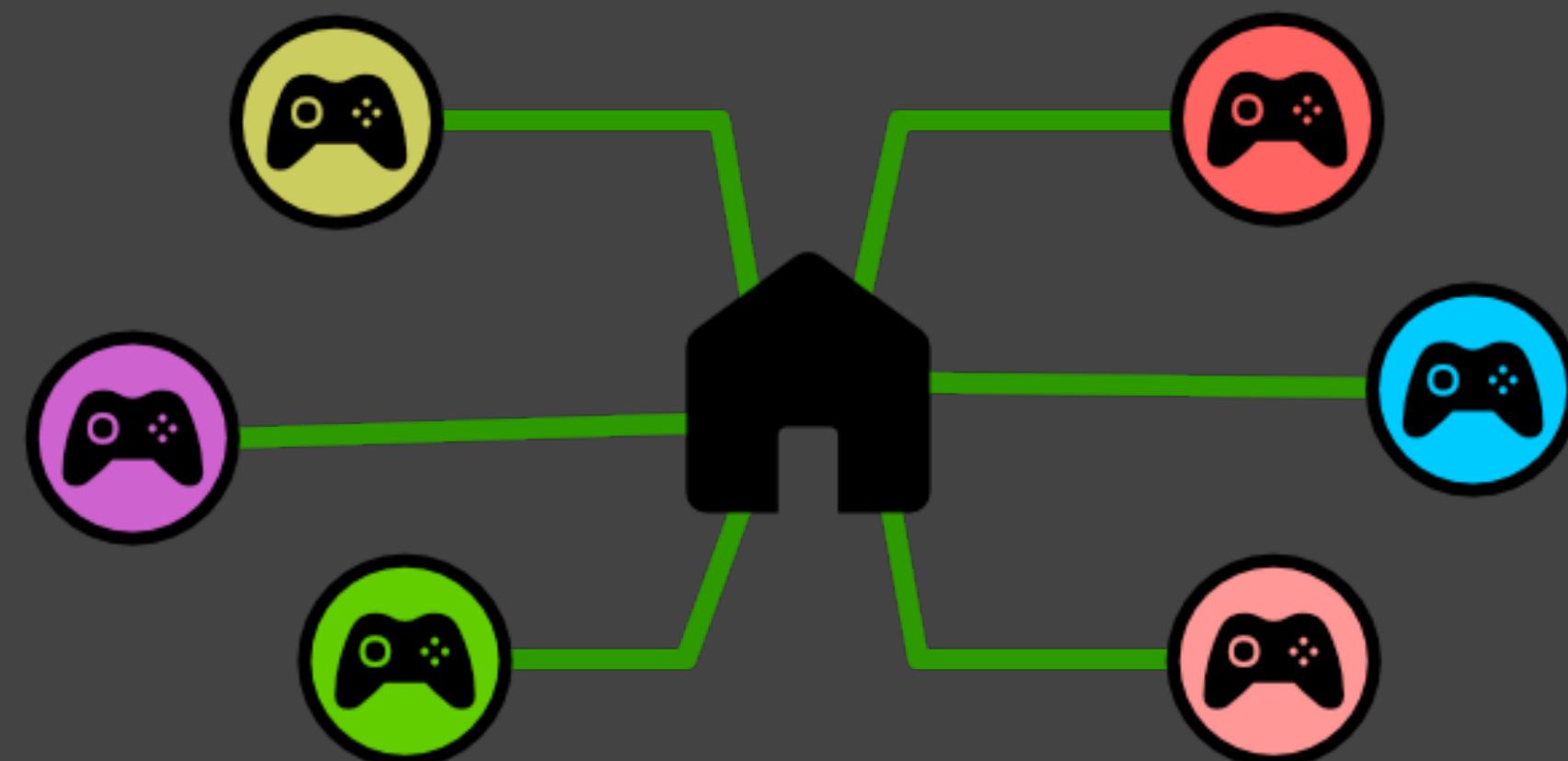
```
public override void OnJoinedRoom()
{
    if (PhotonNetwork.IsMasterClient)
    {
        Debug.Log("Created room!!");
        PhotonNetwork.LoadLevel("GameScene");
    }
    else
    {
        Debug.Log("Joined room!!");
    }
}
```

Master Client

- 在 P2P 遊戲中，通常其中一個客戶端(Client)會作為 Game Logic Server
- 通常最早進去或是建立這個房間的客戶端
- 在 Photon 裡，負責 Game Logic Server 的客戶端稱為 Master Client

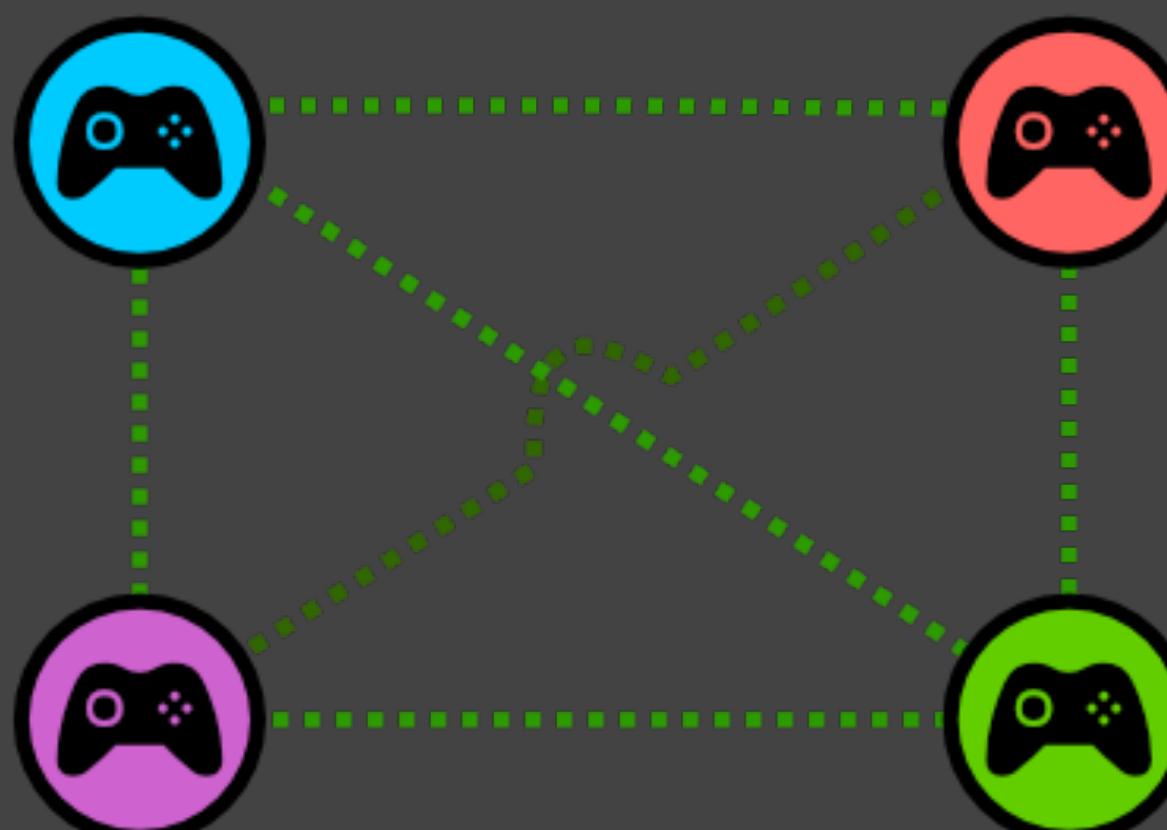
Client-Server 架構

- 主從式架構
- 所有的 Client 都連上同一台 Server 主機
- Server 負責傳送玩家之間的狀態，記錄所有玩家狀態
- Server 管理整個遊戲的資源及狀態，遊戲邏輯由 Server 控管



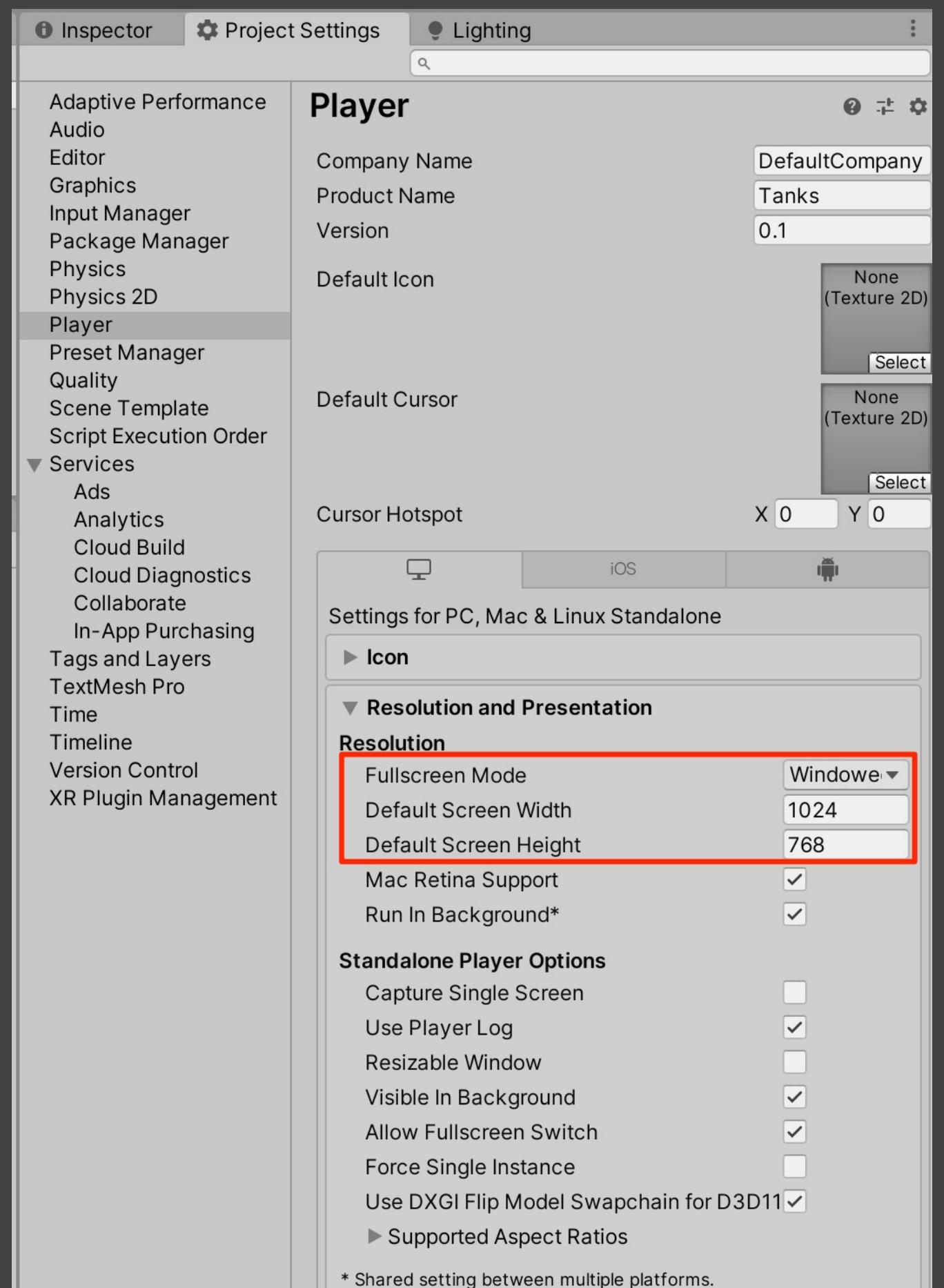
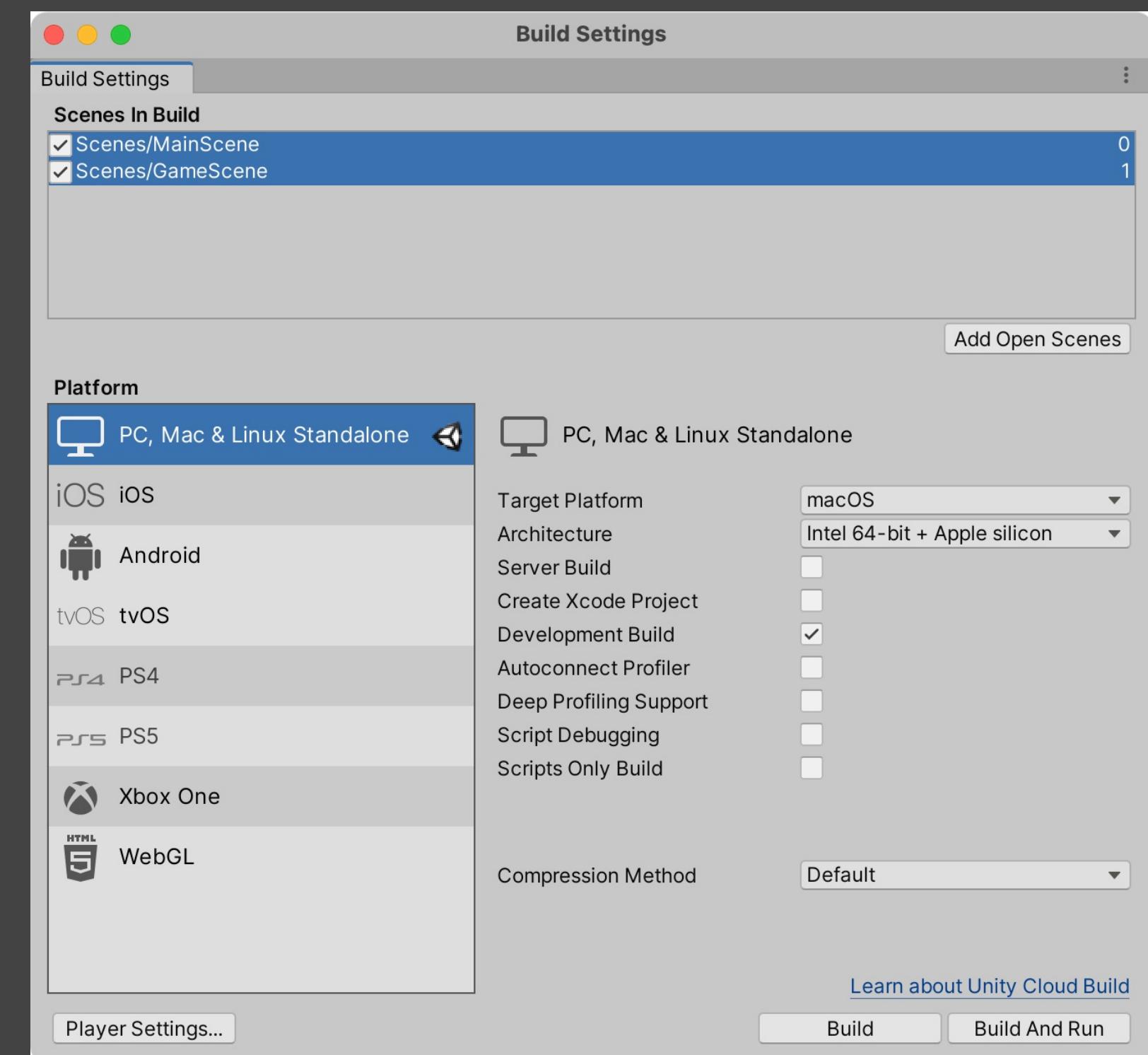
Peer-To-Peer (P2P)

- 點對點模式
- 不需要獨立主機做訊息的派送
- 每個Client (Peer, Player) 會負責傳送自己資料給所有 Client
- 比較常見是區域網路遊戲(LAN Game, Local Network Game) ，
大概 4~8 人的遊戲



Play!

- 開啟 Edit > Project Settings，設定為視窗模式
- 執行2個遊戲，觀察 Created/Joined Room 訊息
 - Build And Run
 - Unity Play



練習

Create Player

- 進入遊戲 Room 後，我們需要隨時可以更新玩家的資訊，因此我們必須建立一個玩家的參考物件

```
public class GameManager : MonoBehaviourPunCallbacks
{
    public static GameManager instance;
    public static GameObject localPlayer;

    ...
}
```

Create Player

- 因為 sceneLoaded 在 MainScene 被載入時也會被呼叫，所以這邊使用 PhotonNetwork.InRoom 來檢查現在是否已進入遊戲，然後使用 TankPlayer prefab 來產生玩家的坦克

```
using UnityEngine.SceneManagement;

public class GameManager : MonoBehaviourPunCallbacks
{
    ...

    void Start()
    {
        SceneManager.sceneLoaded += OnSceneLoaded;
        ...
    }

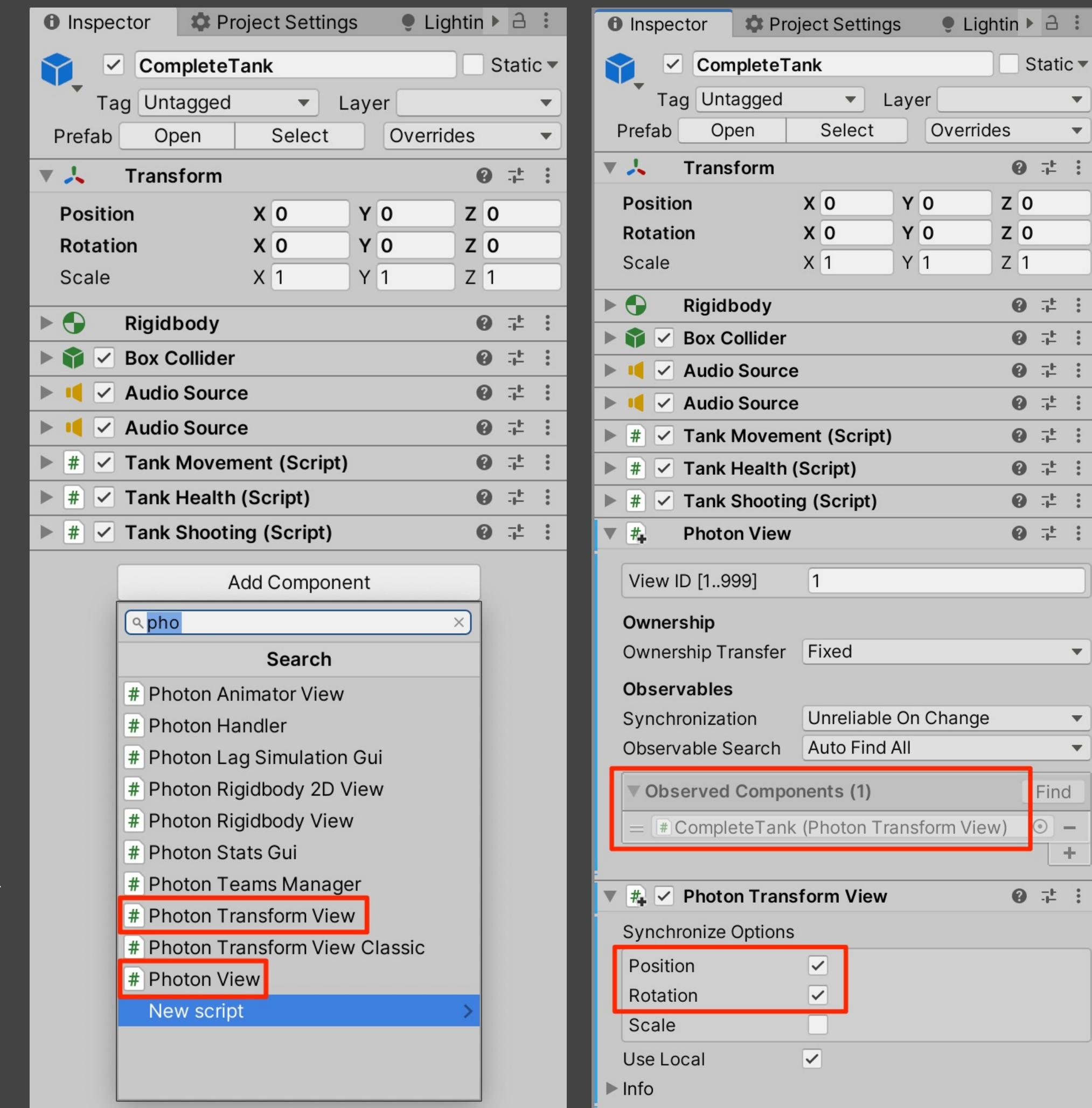
    ...

    private void OnSceneLoaded(Scene scene, LoadSceneMode mode)
    {
        if (!PhotonNetwork.InRoom)
        {
            return;
        }

        localPlayer = PhotonNetwork.Instantiate("TankPlayer", new Vector3(0, 0, 0), Quaternion.identity, 0);
        Debug.Log("Player Instance ID: " + localPlayer.GetInstanceID());
    }
}
```

Create Player

- 設定 Player prefab
 - 拖移 _Completed-Assets\Prefabs\CompleteTank.prefab 到場景
 - 加入 PhotonView 來同步及自動建立其他玩家的坦克
 - 加入 PhotonTransformView 行為來自動坦克的位置及方向

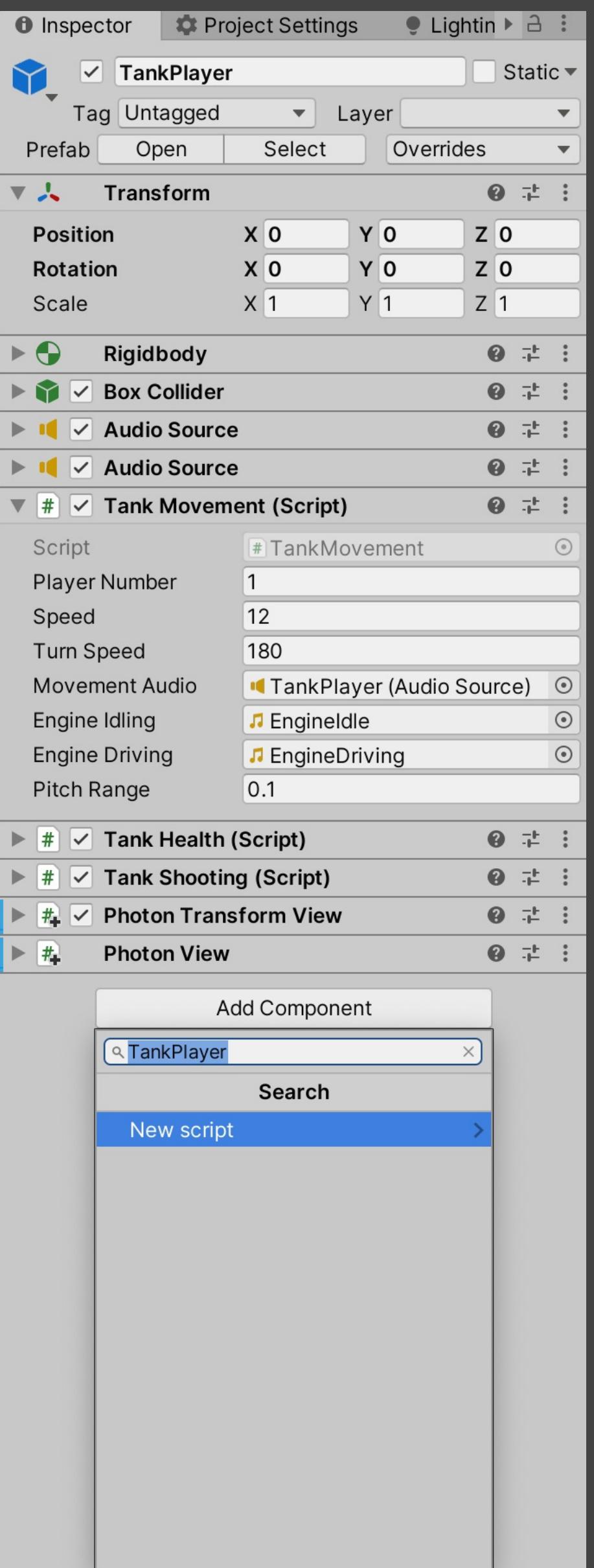


Create Player

- Observables / Synchronization：設定更新如何發送以及何時被發送，也會影響到OnPhotonSerializeView被調用的頻率。
 - Off：不使用。
 - Unreliable：
 - 不可靠，更新有可能會丟失。通常用在更新頻率很快，適合每次更新都是最後的值，像是位置。但是像切換武器這樣觸發器就不適合。
 - 缺點是，如果同步的遊戲物體的位置沒有更改，也會發送更新，會浪費頻寬。
 - Unreliable on Change：
 - 會檢查每一次更新的變化。如果數值與上一次一樣，就會以可靠的方式傳送這次更新，然後就會停止傳送後續的更新，直到數值再次發生變化。
 - 對於可能會停止運動以及暫時不會更新的遊戲物體來說非常有用。例如玩家推的箱子，不會常常移動，只有被推時才會改變位置
 - Reliable Delta Compressed：
 - 將更新的每個值與它之前的值進行比較，未更改的值將跳過不傳送，降低傳送頻率，以保持低流量。
 - 只有傳送與上次數值的差值。

Create Player

- 將 CompleteTank 改名為 TankPlayer
- 建立 Resources 目錄，再將 TankPlayer 移動到此目錄產生 TankPlayer 的 prefab
- 建立 TankPlayer script 用來管理玩家狀態
- 最後把 TankPlayer game object 從 GameScene 刪除，因為進入 Room 時，GameManager 會自動透過 prefab 建立玩家的坦克



Create Player

```
using Photon.Pun;

namespace Tanks
{
    public class TankPlayer : MonoBehaviourPunCallbacks
    {
        // Reference to tank's movement script, used to disable and enable control.
        private Complete.TankMovement m_Movement;
        // Reference to tank's shooting script, used to disable and enable control.
        private Complete.TankShooting m_Shooting;

        private void Awake()
        {
            m_Movement = GetComponent<Complete.TankMovement>();
            m_Shooting = GetComponent<Complete.TankShooting>();

            if (!photonView.IsMine)
            {
                m_Movement.enabled = false;
                m_Shooting.enabled = false;

                enabled = false;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

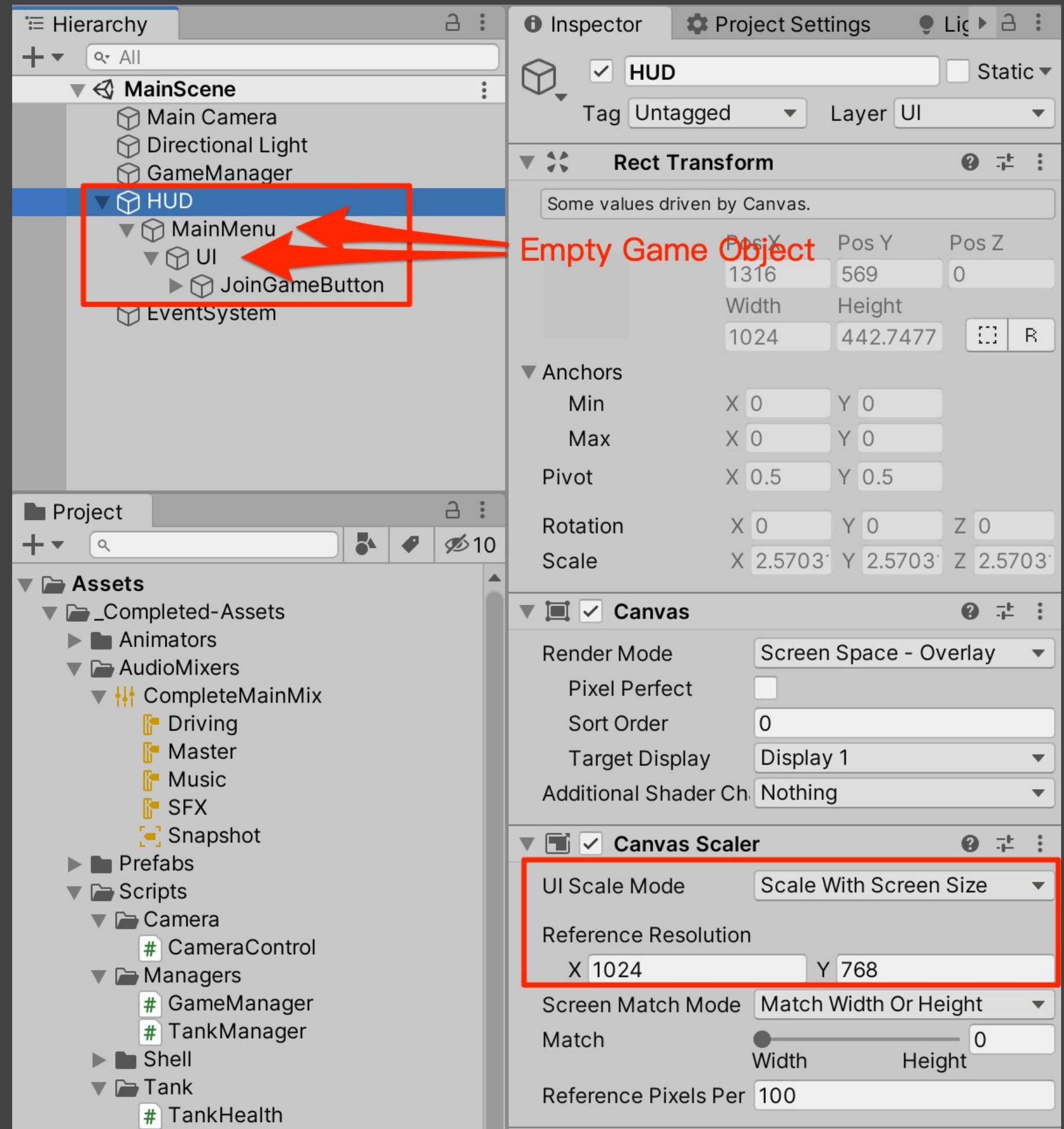
Control Player

```
namespace Complete
{
    public class TankMovement : MonoBehaviour
    {
        ...
        private void Start ()
        {
            // The axes names.
            m_MovementAxisName = "Vertical";
            m_TurnAxisName = "Horizontal";

            // Store the original pitch of the audio source.
            m_OriginalPitch = m_MovementAudio.pitch;
        }
    }
}
```

練習

Main Menu



Main Menu

- 接下來在 Scripts 目錄下新增一個 ExtensionMethods Script，用來擴展 Transform 類別，讓它可以根據名稱及類型來找尋子物件

```
using UnityEngine;

namespace Tanks
{
    public static class ExtensionMethods
    {
        public static T FindAnyChild<T>(this Transform trans, string name) where T : Component
        {
            for (var n = 0; n < trans.childCount; n++)
            {
                if (trans.GetChild(n).childCount > 0)
                {
                    var child = trans.GetChild(n).FindAnyChild<Transform>(name);
                    if (child != null)
                        return child.GetComponent<T>();
                }

                if (trans.GetChild(n).name == name)
                {
                    return trans.GetChild(n).GetComponent<T>();
                }
            }

            return default;
        }
    }
}
```

Main Menu

- 在 Scripts 目錄下新增 **HUD** Script，並且設定為 Singleton 型式，然後讓主介面不會因為切換場景而消失，然後將此 Script 放到 **HUD** 物件上
`using UnityEngine;`

```
namespace Tanks
{
    public class HUD : MonoBehaviour
    {
        static HUD instance;

        void Awake()
        {
            if (instance != null)
            {
                DestroyImmediate(gameObject);
                return;
            }

            instance = this;
            DontDestroyOnLoad(gameObject);
        }
    }
}
```

Main Menu

- 在 Scripts 目錄下新增 `MainMenu` Script，並且設定為 Singleton 型式，以及繼承 `MonoBehaviourPunCallbacks`，然後將此 Script 放到 `MainMenu` 物件上

```
using Photon.Pun;

namespace Tanks
{
    public class MainMenu : MonoBehaviourPunCallbacks
    {
        static MainMenu instance;

        void Awake()
        {
            if (instance != null)
            {
                DestroyImmediate(gameObject);
                return;
            }

            instance = this;
            DontDestroyOnLoad(gameObject);
        }
    }
}
```

Main Menu

- 修改 MainMenu Script，並且將 UI 物件 deactivate

```
using Photon.Pun;
using UnityEngine;
using UnityEngine.UI;

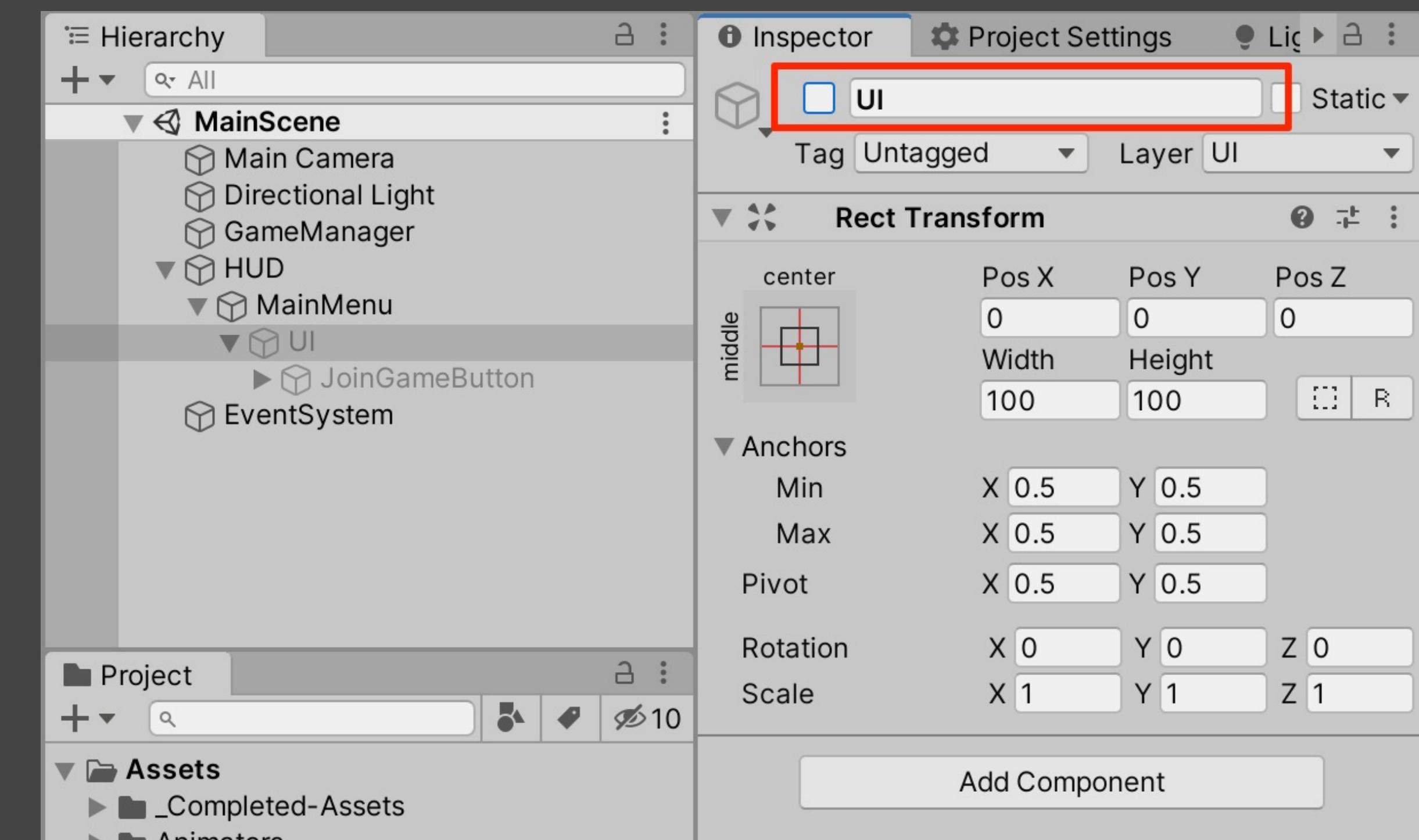
namespace Tanks
{
    public class MainMenu : MonoBehaviourPunCallbacks

    {
        static MainMenu instance;
        private GameObject m_ui;
        private Button m_joinGameButton;

        void Awake()
        {
            if (instance != null) {
                DestroyImmediate(gameObject);
                return;
            }
            instance = this;

            m_ui = transform.FindAnyChild<Transform>("UI").gameObject;
            m_joinGameButton = transform.FindAnyChild<Button>("JoinGameButton");

            m_ui.SetActive(true);
            m_joinGameButton.interactable = false;
        }
    }
}
```



Main Menu

- 替 `MainMenu` Script 加上下面函式，讓 `Join Game` 的按鈕在連接上 Photon Master Server 後才顯示

```
public override void OnConnectedToMaster()
{
    m_joinGameButton.interactable = true;
}
```

Main Menu

- 替 MainMenu Script 加上下面函式，讓主選單一進入遊戲後就自動關閉

```
public override void OnEnable()
{
    // Always call the base to add callbacks
    base.OnEnable();

    SceneManager.sceneLoaded += OnSceneLoaded;
}

public override void OnDisable()
{
    // Always call the base to remove callbacks
    base.OnDisable();

    SceneManager.sceneLoaded -= OnSceneLoaded;
}

private void OnSceneLoaded(Scene scene, LoadSceneMode mode)
{
    m_ui.SetActive(!PhotonNetwork.InRoom);
}
```

練習

Spawn Points

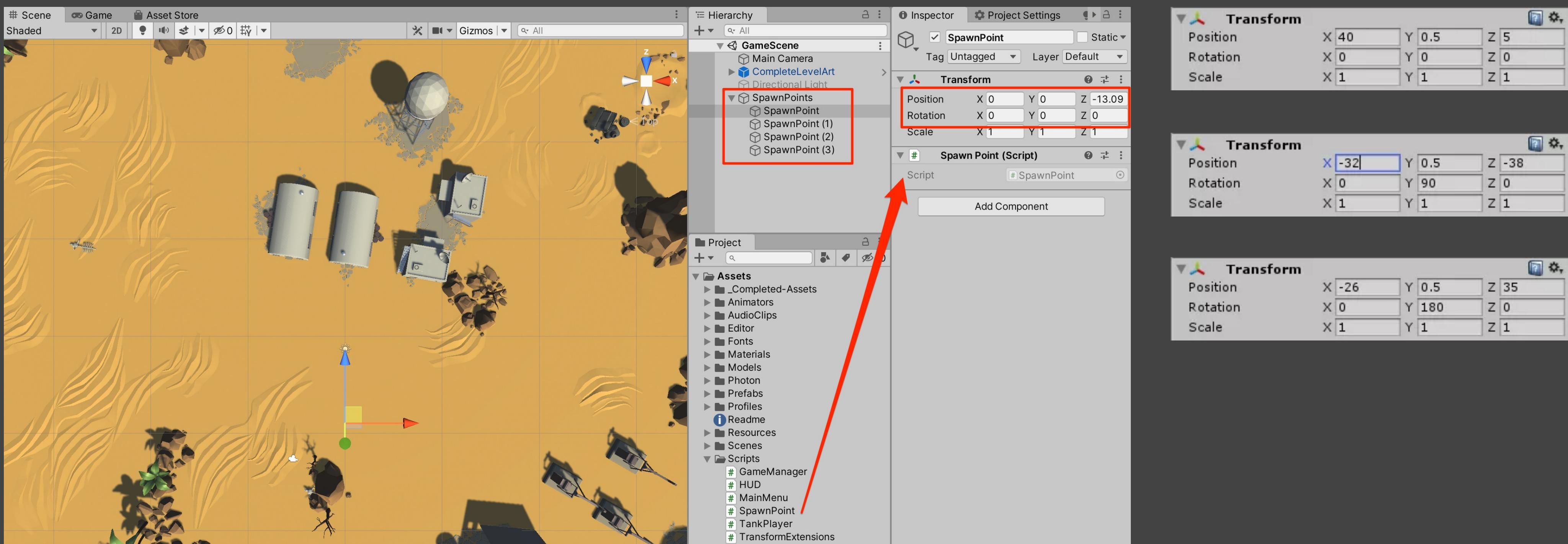
- 在 Scripts 目錄下新增 SpawnPoint Script

```
using UnityEngine;
```

```
namespace Tanks
{
    public class SpawnPoint : MonoBehaviour
    {
        void Awake()
        {
            gameObject.SetActive(false);
        }
    }
}
```

Spawn Points

- 在 Game Scene 中建立一個 empty Game Object，並命名為 **SpawnPoint**，並把 **SpawnPoint Script** 附加上去，然後複製出多個，並設定其位置



Spawn Points

- 在 **GameManager** 中加上下面函式，用來抓取所有重生點

```
public static List<GameObject> GetAllObjectsOfTypeInScene<T>()
{
    var objectsInScene = new List<GameObject>();

    foreach (var go in (GameObject[])Resources.FindObjectsOfTypeAll(typeof(GameObject))) {
        if (go.hideFlags == HideFlags.NotEditable ||
            go.hideFlags == HideFlags.HideAndDontSave)
            continue;

        if (go.GetComponent<T>() != null)
            objectsInScene.Add(go);
    }

    return objectsInScene;
}
```

Spawn Points

```
public class GameManager : MonoBehaviourPunCallbacks
{
    ...
    private GameObject defaultSpawnPoint;
    ...
    void Awake()
    {
        ...
        defaultSpawnPoint = new GameObject("Default SpawnPoint");
        defaultSpawnPoint.transform.position = new Vector3(0, 0, 0);
        defaultSpawnPoint.transform.SetParent(transform, false);
    }
    ...
    private Transform GetRandomSpawnPoint()
    {
        var spawnPoints = GetAllObjectsOfTypeInScene<SpawnPoint>();
        return spawnPoints.Count == 0
            ? defaultSpawnPoint.transform
            : spawnPoints[Random.Range(0, spawnPoints.Count)].transform;
    }
}
```

Spawn Points

- 修改 `OnSceneLoaded` 函式，讓坦克可以在隨機位置出現

```
private void OnSceneLoaded(Scene scene, LoadSceneMode mode)
{
    if (!PhotonNetwork.InRoom)
    {
        return;
    }

    var spawnPoint = GetRandomSpawnPoint();

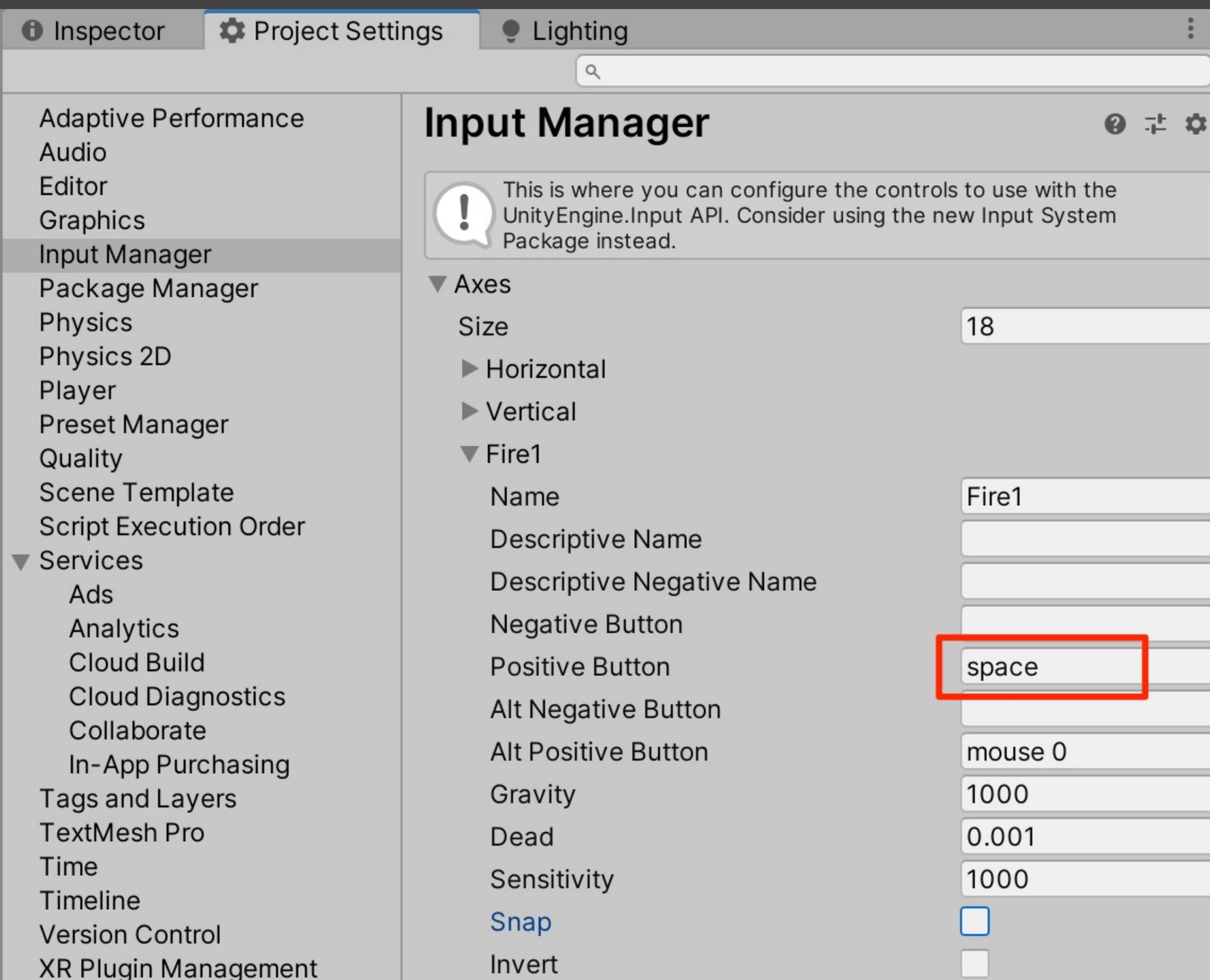
    localPlayer = PhotonNetwork.Instantiate(
        "TankPlayer",
        spawnPoint.position,
        spawnPoint.rotation,
        0);

    Debug.Log("Player Instance ID: " + localPlayer.GetInstanceID());
}
```

練習

Shoot

- 修改Project Settings > Input Manager 設定，使用空白鍵發射砲彈



Shoot Method 1

PhotonNetowrk.Instantiate

- 將 CompleteShell prefab 移至 Resources 目錄下
- 新增 PhotonView 及 PhotonTransformView 到 CompleteShell prefab 上
- 修改 TankShooting script 如下，並且繼承 MonoBehaviourPunCallbacks

```
public class TankShooting : MonoBehaviourPunCallbacks
{
    ...
    public override void OnEnable()
    {
        base.OnEnable();
        ...
    }
    ...
}
```

Shoot Method 1

PhotonNetowrk.Instantiate

```
public class TankShooting : MonoBehaviourPunCallbacks
{
    ...
    private void Fire ()
    {
        // Set the fired flag so only Fire is only called once.
        m_Fired = true;

        // Create an instance of the shell and store a reference to it's rigidbody.
        GameObject shellInstance = PhotonNetwork.Instantiate(
            "CompleteShell",
            m_FireTransform.position,
            m_FireTransform.rotation,
            0);

        Rigidbody body = shellInstance.GetComponent<Rigidbody>();

        // Set the shell's velocity to the launch force in the fire position's forward direction.
        body.velocity = m_CurrentLaunchForce * m_FireTransform.forward;

        // Change the clip to the firing clip and play it.
        m_ShootingAudio.clip = m_FireClip;
        m_ShootingAudio.Play ();

        // Reset the launch force. This is a precaution in case of missing button events.
        m_CurrentLaunchForce = m_MinLaunchForce;
    }
}
```

練習

Shoot Method 2

PUN Remote Procedure Call

- 修改 TankShooting script 如下，並且繼承 MonoBehaviourPunCallbacks

```
public class TankShooting : MonoBehaviourPunCallbacks
{
    ...
    public override void OnEnable()
    {
        base.OnEnable();
        ...
    }
    ...
}
```

Shoot Method 2

PUN Remote Procedure Call

```
public class TankShooting : MonoBehaviourPunCallbacks
{
    ...
    private void Fire ()
    {
        m_Fired = true;

        Rigidbody shellInstance = Instantiate (m_Shell, m_FireTransform.position, m_FireTransform.rotation) as Rigidbody;
        photonView.RPC("FireOther", RpcTarget.Others, m_FireTransform.position);

        shellInstance.velocity = m_CurrentLaunchForce * m_FireTransform.forward;

        m_ShootingAudio.clip = m_FireClip;
        m_ShootingAudio.Play ();

        m_CurrentLaunchForce = m_MinLaunchForce;
    }

    [PunRPC]
    private void FireOther(Vector3 pos)
    {
        m_Fired = true;

        Rigidbody shellInstance = Instantiate (m_Shell, pos, m_FireTransform.rotation) as Rigidbody;
        shellInstance.velocity = m_CurrentLaunchForce * m_FireTransform.forward;
        m_CurrentLaunchForce = m_MinLaunchForce;
    }
}
```

練習

References

- Photon Fusion 架構及技術介紹
- Photon 技術講座- 三大連線產品比較(PUN2, Photon Bolt 與 Quantum)