

VENTURA, JOHN CHRISTIAN BSIT 2-A

DATE

$$\text{No. of samples (n)} = 20$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x}{n} = \frac{3+2+1+1+1+3+4+1+2+2+8+4+8+1+5+6+1+1+2+2}{20} \\ = \frac{58}{20} = 2.9$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{\sum y}{n} = \frac{1.93+2.55+1.72+2.48+2.87+1.87+1.34+3.03+2.84+2.34+1.4+1.45+1.72+3.8+2.13+1.81+2.33+2.53+2.04+3.2}{20} \\ = \frac{45.08}{20} = 2.254$$

$$\text{COV}_{x,y} = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{N}$$

x_i	$x_i - \bar{x}$	y_i	$y_i - \bar{y}$	$(x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})$	
3	0.1	1.93	-0.324	-0.037	
2	-0.9	2.55	0.296	-0.225	
1	-1.9	1.72	-0.534	1.102	
1	-1.9	2.48	0.226	-0.342	
1	-1.9	2.87	0.616	-1.083	
3	0.1	1.87	-0.384	-0.043	
4	1.1	1.34	-0.914	-1.056	
1	-1.9	3.03	0.776	-1.387	
2	-0.9	2.54	0.286	-0.216	
2	-0.9	2.34	0.086	-0.036	
8	5.1	1.4	-0.854	-4.59	
4	1.1	1.45	-0.804	-0.935	
8	5.1	1.72	-0.534	-2.958	
1	-1.9	3.8	1.546	-2.85	
5	2.1	2.13	-0.124	-0.357	
6	3.1	1.81	-0.444	-1.579	
1	-1.9	2.33	0.076	-0.057	
1	-1.9	2.53	0.276	-0.437	
2	-0.9	2.04	-0.214	-0.234	
2	-0.9	3.2	0.946	-0.81	
$\sum x_i = 58$		$\sum y_i = 45.08$		-17.602	

$\text{Var}(x)$

$$s^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}$$

$$s^2 = \frac{SS}{n-1} = s^2 = \frac{97.8}{10-1}$$

$$s^2 = \frac{97.8}{19}$$

$$s^2 = 5.1473684$$

Slope (b) $b = \frac{\text{Cov}(x,y)}{\text{Var}(x)}$

Intercept (a) $a = \bar{y} - b\bar{x}$

$$b = \frac{-0.88}{5.1474} = 0.17096 \approx 0.1710$$

$$a = 2.254 - (0.1710 \times 2.9) \\ = 2.254 - 0.4959 = 1.7581$$

EQUATION OF THE REGRESSION LINE IS $y = 0.1710x + 1.7581$

third decile ($x=3$) $y = 0.1710 \times 3 + 1.7581 = 2.2711$

Therefore, I conclude that the equation of the regression line is

$y = 0.1710x + 1.7581$; and the predicted GPA for a freshman
in the third decile is 2.2711