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Introduction to Expression in C

An expression in C is defined as 2 or more operands are connected by one operator and can also be said to a formula to perform any operation. An operand is a function reference, an array element, a variable, or any constant. An operator is symbols like "+", "-", "/", "*" etc.



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A*B

In the above expression multiplication symbol (*) is said to be an operator and A and B are said to be 2 operands.

Types of Expression in C

There are 4 types of expressions:

- 1. Arithmetic expressions
- 2. Relational expressions
- 3. Logical expressions
- 4. Conditional expressions

Every expression of these 4 types takes certain types of operands and used a specific type of operators. The result of this expression operation produces a specific value.

Example:

addition=(12/5)+(A-B);

From this line after equal operator(=) is an expression((12/5)+(A-B)) and total line is said to be a statement(addition=(12/5)+(A-B);).

How does Expressions works in C?

Expressions in C are built from combinations of operators, let's see them as described below.







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Syntax:



A+B;

A-B;

A*B;



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```
//used to include basic C libraries
#include <stdio.h>
//main method for run c application
int main()
{
//declaring variables
int a,b,result;
//Asking the user to enter 2 numbers
printf("Enter 2 numbers for Arithmetic operation \n");
//Storing 2 numbers in varaibles a and b
scanf("%d\n%d",&a,&b);
//Arithmetic operations and its result displaying
result = a+b;
printf("Addition of %d and %d is = %d \n",a,b,result);
result = a-b;
printf("Subtraction of %d and %d is = %d \n",a,b,result);
result = a*b;
printf("Multiplication of %d and %d is = %d \n",a,b,result);
result = a/b;
printf("Division of %d and %d is = %d \n",a,b,result);
result = a%b;
printf("Modulus(Remainder) when %d divided by %d = %d
\n",a,b,result);
```

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2. Relational Expressions

== (equal to), != (not equal to), != (not equal to), > (greater than), < (less than), >= (great or equal to), <= (less than or equal to) operators are said to "Relational expressions". This operators works in between operands. Used for comparing purpose. Like A==B, A!=B, A>B,



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```
A!=B;
A<B;
A>B;
```

Example:

```
//used to include basic C libraries
#include <stdio.h>
//include boolean library in c
#include <stdbool.h>
//main method for run c application
int main()
{
//declaring variables
int a,b;
bool result;
//Realational Expressions and its result displaying
//equal expression
a=10, b=10;
result=(a==b);
if(result)
{
```



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. Cauce-(u:-b),
if(result)
{
printf("%d and %d are not equal\n",a,b);
}
//greater expression
a=10, b=20;
result=(a<b);
if(result)
{
printf("%d is greater than %d\n",a,b);
}
//lesser expression
b=10, a=20;
result=(a>b);
if(result)
{
printf("%d is less than %d\n",b,a);
}
printf("======="");
return 0;
}
```

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&&(Logical and), ||(Logical or) and !(Logical not) operators are said to "Logical expressions". Used to perform a logical operation. This operator works in between operands. Like A&&B, A||B,A!B etc.

Syntax:

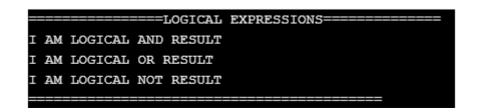
```
A&&B;
A||B;
A!B;
```

Example:



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```

```
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development/)
printf("I AM LOGICAL AND RESULT\n");
}
//logical or(||) expression
a=10, b=5;
result=(a>10||b>4);
if(result)
{
printf("I AM LOGICAL OR RESULT\n");
}
//logical not(!) expression
a=10, b=5;
result=(!(a==20));
if(result)
{
printf("I AM LOGICAL NOT RESULT\n");
}
printf("======="");
return 0;
}
```







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expression2 and it it is talse then execute expression3. Like (A>b)? A is big: b is big.

Syntax:

```
(X+2=10)?'true':'false';
```

Example:

```
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```
Enter a number for conditional operation=> 19

-----CONDITIONAL EXPRESSIONS------
YOU ARE ELIGIBLE FOR VOTER ID
```

Conclusion

Expression in C is said to be a formula which is formed 2 or more operands and one operands are some of the expressions in C.



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otner suggested articles to learn more -

- 1. Prime Numbers in C (https://www.educba.com/prime-numbers-in-c/)
- 2. Reverse Number in C (https://www.educba.com/reverse-number-in-c/)
- 3. Regular Expression in C (https://www.educba.com/regular-expression-in-c/)
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