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Dutch PHP Conference 2024

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Логика»
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```

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G

Change language: Russian

Garbage Collection

Операторы исполнения

РНР поддерживает один оператор исполнения: обратные машинописные апострофы или обратные кавычки (``). Обратите внимание, что это не одинарные кавычки! РНР попытается выполнить строку, заключённую в обратные апострофы, как консольную команду, и вернёт полученный вывод (то есть он не просто будет сброшен в вывод; его можно присвоить переменной). Использовать оператор обратных апострофов — то же, что вызывать функцию shell exec().

```
<?php

$output = `ls -al`;
echo "<pre>$output";
```

Замечание:

Обратные кавычки недоступны, если отключена функция shell exec().

Замечание:

В отличие от некоторых других языков, обратные кавычки не будут работать внутри строк в двойных кавычках.

Смотрите также

- Функции для выполнения программ
- popen()
- proc open()
- Работа с РНР из командной строки

+ add a note

User Contributed Notes 3 notes

```
up
down
140
robert¶
```

17 years ago

Just a general usage note. I had a very difficult time solving a problem with my script, when I accidentally put one of these backticks at the beginning of a line, like so:

```
[lots of code]
` $URL = "blah...";
[more code]
Since the backtick is right above the tab key, I probably just fat-fingered it while indenting the code.
What made this so hard to find, was that PHP reported a parse error about 50 or so lines *below* the line containing the
```

backtick. (There were no other backticks anywhere in my code.) And the error message was rather cryptic:

```
Just something to file away in case you're pulling your hair out trying to find an error that "isn't there."
```

Parse error: parse error, expecting `T_STRING' or `T_VARIABLE' or `T_NUM_STRING' in /blah.php on line 446

down

99

ohcc at 163 dot com ¶

7 years ago

```
You can use variables within a pair of backticks (``).
```

```
<?php
$host = 'www.wuxiancheng.cn';</pre>
```

```
echo `ping -n 3 {$host}`;
?>
<u>up</u>
<u>down</u>
```

paolo.bertani¶

1 year ago

If you want to avoid situations like the one described by @robert you may want to disable `shell_exec` and -as a consequence- the backtick operator.

To do this just edit the `php.ini` file and add `shell_exec` to the `disable_functions` setting:

```
; This directive allows you to disable certain functions.
; It receives a comma-delimited list of function names.
; https://php.net/disable-functions
disable_functions = "shell_exec"
```

Then you can still use `exec()` to run terminal commands.

+ add a note

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