

RDoc - Ruby Documentation System¶ ↑

```
home
    github.com/ruby/rdoc

rdoc
    ruby.github.io/rdoc

bugs
    github.com/ruby/rdoc/issues

code quality
    codeclimate.com/github/ruby/rdoc
```

Description¶ ↑

RDoc produces HTML and command-line documentation for Ruby projects. RDoc includes the rdoc and ri tools for generating and displaying documentation from the command-line.

Generating Documentation¶ ↑

Once installed, you can create documentation using the rdoc command

```
$ rdoc [options] [names...]
```

For an up-to-date option summary, type

```
$ rdoc --help
```

A typical use might be to generate documentation for a package of Ruby source (such as RDoc itself).

\$ rdoc

This command generates documentation for all the Ruby and C source files in and below the current directory. These will be stored in a documentation tree starting in the subdirectory doc.

You can make this slightly more useful for your readers by having the index page contain the documentation for the primary file. In our case, we could type

```
% rdoc --main README.rdoc
```

You'll find information on the various formatting tricks you can use in comment blocks in the documentation this generates.

RDoc uses file extensions to determine how to process each file. File names ending .rb and .rbw are assumed to be Ruby source. Files ending .c are parsed as C files. All other files are assumed to contain just Markup-style markup (with or without leading '#' comment markers). If directory names are passed to RDoc, they are scanned recursively for C and Ruby source files only.

To generate documentation using rake see RDoc::Task.

To generate documentation programmatically:

```
gem 'rdoc'
require 'rdoc/rdoc'

options = RDoc::Options.new
# see RDoc::Options

rdoc = RDoc::RDoc.new
rdoc.document options
# see RDoc::RDoc
```

Writing Documentation¶ ↑

To write documentation for RDoc place a comment above the class, module, method, constant, or attribute you want documented:

```
det initialize polyline
# ...
end
end
```

The default comment markup format is the RDoc::Markup format. TomDoc, Markdown and RD format comments are also supported. You can set the default comment format for your entire project by creating a .rdoc_options file. See RDoc::Options@Saved+Options for instructions on creating one. You can also set the comment format for a single file through the :markup: directive, but this is only recommended if you wish to switch markup formats. See RDoc::Markup@Other+directives.

Comments can contain directives that tell RDoc information that it cannot otherwise discover through parsing. See RDoc::Markup@Directives to control what is or is not documented, to define method arguments or to break up methods in a class by topic. See RDoc::Parser::Ruby for directives used to teach RDoc about metaprogrammed methods.

See RDoc::Parser::C for documenting C extensions with RDoc.

To determine how well your project is documented run rdoc -C lib to get a documentation coverage report. rdoc -C1 lib includes parameter names in the documentation coverage report.

Bugs¶ 1

See CONTRIBUTING@Bugs for information on filing a bug report. It's OK to file a bug report for anything you're having a problem with. If you can't figure out how to make RDoc produce the output you like that is probably a documentation bug.

License¶ ↑

RDoc is Copyright © 2001-2003 Dave Thomas, The Pragmatic Programmers. Portions © 2007-2011 Eric Hodel. Portions copyright others, see individual files and LEGAL.rdoc for details.

RDoc is free software, and may be redistributed under the terms specified in LICENSE.rdoc.

Warranty¶ ↑

This software is provided "as is" and without any express or implied warranties, including, without limitation, the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose.

Releases 84



+ 83 releases

Packages

No packages published

Used by 693k



Contributors 107































+ 93 contributors

Deployments 71

github-pages 2 days ago

+ 70 deployments

Languages

Ruby 96.7% HTML 1.2%
 CSS 1.1%
 JavaScript 1.0%