**Pi2Go Programming: WS9, WS10 and Ex10 Sample Answers and Troubleshooting**

**WS9**

**Question 1:** The program prints “Waiting” until the switch is pressed. Then it flashes its LEDs.

**Exercise 1:** Notice that three while loops are needed - wait for the switch to be switched on, wait for the switch to be switched off and then wait for the switch to be switched on again. Students may need some help thinking through this.

import pi2go, time

pi2go.init()

while not (pi2go.getSwitch()):

print("Waiting")

pi2go.setAllLEDs(4095, 4095, 4095)

while (pi2go.getSwitch()):

print(“Waiting for Switch Off”)

while not (pi2go.getSwitch()):

print(“Still Waiting”)

pi2go.setAllLEDs(0, 0, 0)

**Exercise 2:** pi2go.getSwitch() or pi2go.irCentre()

**Program:**

import pi2go, time

pi2go.init()

if (pi2go.getSwitch() or pi2go.irCentre()):

pi2go.reverse(10)

while (pi2go.getSwitch()):

print(“Waiting for Switch Off”)

while not (pi2go.getSwitch()):

print(“Still Waiting”)

pi2go.stop()

**Exercise 3:** pi2go.getSwitch() and not (pi2go.irCentre())

**Program:**

import pi2go, time

pi2go.init()

if (pi2go.getSwitch() and not (pi2go.irCentre())):

pi2go.forward(10)

while (pi2go.getSwitch()):

print(“Waiting for Switch Off”)

while not (pi2go.getSwitch()):

print(“Still Waiting”)

pi2go.stop()

**WS10**

**Sample Answer 1:** While neither infra-red sensor detects an obstacle, it moves forward and then sleeps for 10 seconds. If either sensor detects an obstacle, then it stops.

**Sample Answer 2:** It does nothing until the left infra-red sensor detects something. Then it moves forward until the right infra-red sensor detects something. Then it stops.

**Sample Answer Exercise 1:**

import pi2go

pi2go.init()

pi2go.forward(10)

while True:

if (pi2go.irLeft()):

break

pi2go.stop()

**Sample Answer Exercise 2:**

import pi2go

import time

pi2go.init()

while True:

if (pi2go.irLeft() and pi2go.irRight()):

break

if (pi2go.irLeft()):

pi2go.spinRight(10)

elif (pi2go.irRight()):

pi2go.spinLeft(10)

else:

pi2go.forward(10)

continue

print("Spinning to find a clear route")

pi2go.stop()

**Ex10**

**Sample Answer Exercise 1:**

**Program:**

import pi2go

pi2go.init()

if (pi2go.irCentre()):

pi2go.setLED(0, 1000, 1000, 1000)

if (pi2go.irLeft()):

pi2go.setLED(3, 1000, 1000, 1000)

if (pi2go.irRight()):

pi2go.setLED(1, 1000, 1000, 1000)

**Sample Answer Exercise 2:**

import pi2go

import time

pi2go.init()

while not (pi2go.getSwitch()):

continue

time.sleep(2)

while not (pi2go.getSwitch()):

print(pi2go.getDistance())

**Sample Answer Exercise 3:**

import pi2go

pi2go.init()

while not (pi2go.getSwitch()):

if (pi2go.irCentre()):

pi2go.setLED(0, 1000, 1000, 1000)

else:

pi2go.setLED(0, 0, 0, 0)

if (pi2go.irLeft()):

pi2go.setLED(3, 1000, 1000, 1000)

else:

pi2go.setLED(3, 0, 0, 0)

if (pi2go.irRight()):

pi2go.setLED(1, 1000, 1000, 1000)

else:

pi2go.setLED(1, 0, 0, 0)

**Sample Answer Exercise 4:**

import pi2go

pi2go.init()

if (pi2go.getSwitch()):

while (pi2go.irCentre()):

pi2go.reverse(10)

pi2go.stop()

**Sample Answer Exercise 5:**

import pi2go

pi2go.init()

if (pi2go.getSwitch()):

while not (pi2go.irCentre()):

pi2go.forward(10)

pi2go.stop()

**Sample Answer Exercise 6:**

import pi2go

pi2go.init()

while (pi2go.getSwitch()):

if not (pi2go.irCentre()):

pi2go.forward(10)

else:

pi2go.reverse(10)

pi2go.stop()



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