

实验报告

2021 年 5 月 28 日

成绩: _____

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|------|-----------|------|--------------------|-------------|----------|
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| 专业 | 计算机科学与技术 | | 课程名称 | 计算机组成原理课程设计 | |
| 任课老师 | 曾虹 | 指导老师 | 曾虹 | 机位号 | 31 |
| 实验序号 | 8 | 实验名称 | 实现 R 型指令的 CPU 设计实验 | | |
| 实验时间 | 2021.5.28 | 实验地点 | 一教 225 | 实验设备号 | 31 |

一、实验程序源代码

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps

module R_CPU(
    input clk,
    input rst,
    output [31:0]Inst_code,
    output reg [31:0]PC,
    output [5:0]opcode,
    output [4:0]rs,
    output [4:0]rt,
    output [4:0]rd,
    output [5:0]func,
    output [31:0] ALU_F,
    output ZF,
    output OF,
    output reg [2:0] ALU_OP
);

    initial PC = 32'h0000_0000;

    ROM_B Inst (
        .clka(clk), // input clka
        .addra(PC[7:2]), // input [5 : 0] addra
        .douta(Inst_code) // output [31 : 0] douta
    );

    reg Write_Reg;
    wire [31:0]PC_new;
    wire [31:0]R_Data_A;
```

```

wire [31:0]R_Data_B;

assign PC_new = PC + 4;

assign opcode = Inst_code[31:26];
assign rs = Inst_code[25:21];
assign rt = Inst_code[20:16];
assign rd= Inst_code[15:11];
assign func = Inst_code[5:0];

always@(negedge clk or posedge rst)
begin
    if(rst)
        PC = 32'h0000_0000;
    else
        PC = PC_new;
end

always @(*)
begin
    ALU_OP = 3'b000;
    Write_Reg = 1'b0;

    if (opcode==6'b000000)    //R 指令
    begin
        Write_Reg = 1'b1;    //结果送寄存器

        case (func)
            6'b100000:begin ALU_OP=3'b100; end
            6'b100010:begin ALU_OP=3'b101; end
            6'b100100:begin ALU_OP=3'b000; end
            6'b100101:begin ALU_OP=3'b001; end
            6'b100110:begin ALU_OP=3'b010; end
            6'b100111:begin ALU_OP=3'b011; end
            6'b101011:begin ALU_OP=3'b110; end
            6'b000100:begin ALU_OP=3'b111; end
        endcase
    end
end

ALU ALU_1(ALU_OP,R_Data_A,R_Data_B,ALU_F,ZF,OF);
REGS REGS_1(~clk,rst,Write_Reg,rs,rt,rd,ALU_F,R_Data_A,R_Data_B);
Endmodule

```

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
```

```
module ALU(
```

```
    input [2:0] OP,
```

```
    input [31:0] A,
```

```
    input [31:0] B,
```

```
    output reg [31:0] F,
```

```
    output reg ZF, //零值
```

```
    output reg OF //溢出
```

```
);
```

```
reg CF;
```

```
always@(*)
```

```
begin
```

```
    CF = 0;
```

```
    case(OP)
```

```
        3'b000: begin F = A & B; end
```

```
        3'b001: begin F = A | B; end
```

```
        3'b010: begin F = A ^ B; end
```

```
        3'b011: begin F = ~(A | B); end
```

```
        3'b100: begin {CF, F} = A + B; end
```

```
        3'b101: begin {CF, F} = A - B; end
```

```
        3'b110: begin F = A < B; end
```

```
        3'b111: begin F = B << A; end
```

```
    endcase
```

```
    ZF = F == 0;
```

```
    OF = A[31] ^ B[31] ^ F[31] ^ CF;
```

```
end
```

```
endmodule
```

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
```

```
module REGS(
```

```
    input CLK,
```

```
    input Reset,
```

```
    input Write_Reg,
```

```
    input [4:0] R_Addr_A,
```

```
    input [4:0] R_Addr_B,
```

```
    input [4:0] W_Addr,
```

```
    input [31:0] W_Data,
```

```
    output [31:0] R_Data_A,
```

```
    output [31:0] R_Data_B
```

```
);
```

```

integer i;
reg [31:0]REG_Files[0:31];
initial REG_Files[0]=32'h00114514;
initial REG_Files[1]=32'h01919810;
initial REG_Files[2]=32'h23333333;

assign R_Data_A = REG_Files[R_Addr_A];
assign R_Data_B = REG_Files[R_Addr_B];

always@(posedge CLK or posedge Reset)
begin
    if(Reset)
        for(i = 0; i < 32; i = i + 1)
            REG_Files[i] = 0;
    else
        if (Write_Reg)
            REG_Files[W_Addr] = W_Data;
end
endmodule

```

二、仿真测试代码

```

`timescale 1ns / 1ps

module TestR_CPU;

    // Inputs
    reg clk;
    reg rst;

    // Outputs
    wire [31:0] Inst_code;
    wire [31:0] PC;
    wire [5:0] opcode;
    wire [4:0] rs;
    wire [4:0] rt;
    wire [4:0] rd;
    wire [5:0] func;
    wire [31:0] ALU_F;
    wire ZF;
    wire OF;
    wire [2:0] ALU_OP;

    // Instantiate the Unit Under Test (UUT)
    R_CPU uut (

```

```

.clk(clk),
.rst(rst),
.Inst_code(Inst_code),
.PC(PC),
.opcode(opcode),
.rs(rs),
.rt(rt),
.rd(rd),
.func(func),
.ALU_F(ALU_F),
.ZF(ZF),
.OF(OF),
.ALU_OP(ALU_OP)
);

```

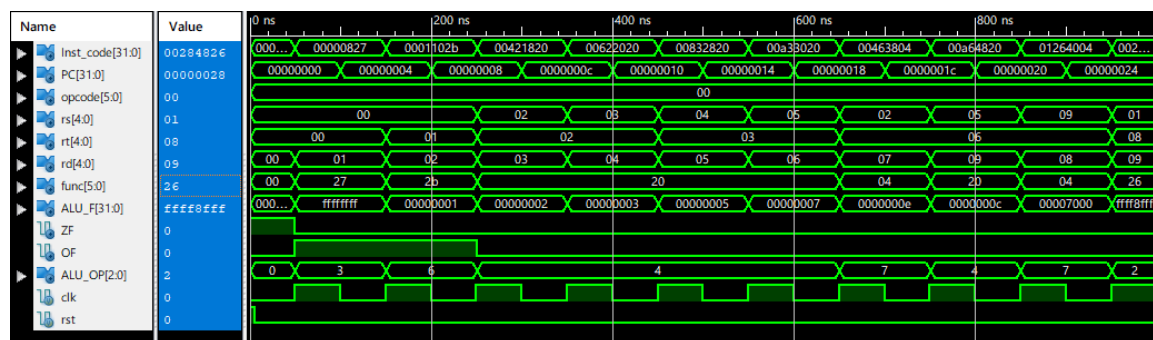
```

initial begin
    // Initialize Inputs
    clk = 0;
    rst = 1;
    #5;
    rst=0;
end
always #50 clk=~clk;

```

```
endmodule
```

三、仿真波形



四、思考与探索

有了 IP 核之后干什么都很方便，但是这次做 R 型的时候偷懒了，少写了很多控制信号，下次做 R-I 型的时候再补上去吧。这次主要是只实现了 R 型指令，主要是对 ALU 的操作。对于拓展，位移运算的移位位数需要依靠 shamt 那一项，我在这次实验中没有实现，在 RI 型设计实验中我再尝试实现它吧。