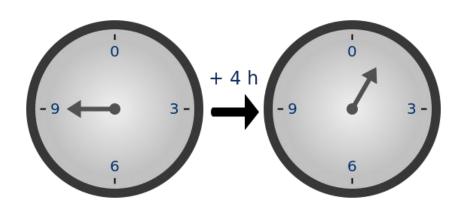
# C++ Programming Modulus Operator

Mostafa S. Ibrahim
Teaching, Training and Coaching since more than a decade!

Artificial Intelligence & Computer Vision Researcher PhD from Simon Fraser University - Canada Bachelor / Msc from Cairo University - Egypt Ex-(Software Engineer / ICPC World Finalist)





- Let's use 12-hour Clock Cycle
- If it is 9 now, what time:
- after 12 h? Still 9
- after 4 h? 1
- after 16 (4 + 12) h? 1
- after 17 (5 + 12) h? 2
- after 29 (5 + 2\*12) h? 2
- before 24 (2\*12) h? 9
- before 25 (1+2\*12) h? 8
- Every multiple of 12 is useless

- a modulus n = a % n = finds the remainder after division by n:
- let a = 27, n = 12, then r = a % n?
- 27 / 12 = (2\*12 + 3)/12 = 2 + 3/12 = 2.25
  - 2 = Integer division part = called the quotient
    - $\blacksquare$  Means we have maximum 2 multiples of 12 (2\*12 = 24 <= 27)
  - 0.25 = fractional part
  - 3 (remainder) of division = 27 24
- 27 % 12 = 3  $\Rightarrow$  Remainder of division (must be < 12)

- $\bullet$  25 / 5 = 25/5 + 0/5 = 5
- $26 / 5 = 25/5 + \frac{1}{5} = 5.2$
- $\bullet$  27 / 5 = 25/5 +  $\frac{1}{2}$  = 5.4
- $\bullet$  28 / 5 = 25/5 +  $\frac{1}{5}$  = 5.6
- $\bullet$  29 / 5 = 25/5 +  $\frac{4}{5}$  = 5.8
- $\bullet$  30 / 5 = 30/5 + 0/5 = 6

- 25 % 5 = 0
- 26 % 5 = 1
- 27 % 5 = 2
- 28 % 5 = 3
- 29 % 5 = 4
- 30 % 5 = 0
- Answer must be < 5

- let a = 27, n = 7, then r = 27 % 7?
- 27/7 = (3\*7 + 6)/7 = 3 + 6/7 = 3.85714285714
  - 3 = Integer division part
    - Means we have maximum 3 multiples of 7 (3\*7 = 21)
  - 0.85714285714 = fractional part
  - 6 (remainder) of division = 27 21

### Modulus %2 and %10

- $100 \% 2 = (50*2 + 0) \Rightarrow 0$
- $101 \% 2 = (50*2 + 1) \Rightarrow 1$
- $108 \% 2 = (54*2 + 0) \Rightarrow 0$

- $1000 \% 10 = (100*10 + 0) \Rightarrow 0$
- $1001 \% 10 = (100*10 + 1) \Rightarrow 1$
- $1008 \% 10 = (100*10 + 8) \Rightarrow 8$
- $1000 \% 100 = (10*100 + 0) \Rightarrow 0$
- $1234 \% 100 = (100*12 + 34) \Rightarrow 34$
- $1234 \% 1000 = (1000*1 + 234) \Rightarrow 234$
- $1234 \% 10000 = (10000*0 + 1234) \Rightarrow 1234$

### Observations

- Number % 2
  - 0 if number is even
    - Even number is divisible by 2
  - 1 for odd
- Number % 10 = last 1 digit
- Number % 100 = last 2 digits
- Number % 1000 = last 3 digits
- Number % 10000 = last 4 digits

## Summary

- Num % 2 ⇒ can tell us if number is even or odd
- Num % 10 ⇒ gives us the last digit of num
- Num / 10 ⇒ removes the last digit of num (integer division)
- r = n%k [r must be < k]</li>

"Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people."

"Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave."