

$$P(\omega | X, y) \propto P(y | X, \omega) P(\omega) \quad (\because \text{Bayes Thm}).$$

$$\propto -\frac{1}{2\beta} (y - X\omega)^T (y - X\omega) - \frac{1}{2} (\omega - \mu_0)^T \Sigma_0^{-1} (\omega - \mu_0)$$

*Inverse of covariance matrix.
But, If it goes like this, we cannot derive correct result.*

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left\{ \underbrace{\omega^T \Sigma_0^{-1} \omega + \frac{1}{\beta} \omega^T X^T X \omega}_{\Sigma_N^{-1} \omega} - \underbrace{\left(\omega^T \Sigma_0^{-1} \mu_0 + \frac{1}{\beta} \omega^T X^T y \right)}_{\Sigma_N^{-1} \mu_N} + \frac{1}{\beta} y^T y + \mu_0^T \Sigma_0^{-1} \mu_0 \right\}$$

$$\Sigma_N^{-1} = \Sigma_0^{-1} + \frac{1}{\beta} X^T X$$

$$\Sigma_N^{-1} \mu_N = \Sigma_0^{-1} \mu_0 + \frac{1}{\beta} X^T y$$

$$\therefore \mu_N = \Sigma_N \left(\Sigma_0^{-1} \mu_0 + \frac{1}{\beta} X^T y \right)$$

$$\Sigma_N = \left(\Sigma_0^{-1} + \frac{1}{\beta} X^T X \right)^{-1}$$

$$= \Sigma_0 - \Sigma_0 X^T (X \Sigma_0 X^T + \beta I)^{-1} X \Sigma_0 \quad (\because \text{Matrix Inversion Lemma.})$$