

Worksheet 001 (1~5)

```
In [1]: from sympy import *
from sympy.plotting import plot, plot3d
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline

plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = 10, 10
init_printing(use_unicode=True)
x, y, a, b = symbols('x y a b')
```

1. If $a(x + 2) + b(x - 1) = 3$ for all x , then $a =$

(A) -1 (B) 0 (C) 1 (D) 2 (E) 3

Solution

My work

$$\begin{aligned} a(x + 2) + b(x - 1) &= 3 \\ ax + 2a + bx - b &= 3 \\ (a + b)x + (2a - b) &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

↙ ↘

$$a + b = 0 \text{ or } 2a - b = 3$$

$$+ \begin{cases} a + b = 0 \\ 2a - b = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$3a = 3$$

$$a = \frac{3}{3} = 1$$

$$b = -a = -1$$

$$\begin{cases} a = 1 \\ b = -1 \end{cases}$$

Using SymPy

Method 1

```
In [2]: eq = Eq((a*(x+2))+b*(x-1), 3)
eq
```

```
Out[2]: a(x + 2) + b(x - 1) = 3
```

```
In [3]: solve(eq, a, b)
```

```
Out[3]: {a : 1,  b : -1}
```

Method 2

```
In [4]: solve(((a*(x+2))+b*(x-1)-3), a, b)
```

```
Out[4]: {a : 1,  b : -1}
```

Answer: (C)

2. If $a + b = 2$ and $ab = -1$, then $a^2 + b^2 =$

(A) 4 (B) 5 (C) 6 (D) 8 (E) 10

Solution

My Work

$$\begin{aligned}
 a^2 + b^2 &= a^2 + b^2 + 2ab - 2ab \\
 &= (a + b)^2 - 2ab \\
 &= 2^2 - 2(-1) \\
 &= 6
 \end{aligned}$$

Using SymPy

```
In [5]: expr = (a+b)*(a+b)-2*a*b
expr.subs([(a+b, 2), (a*b, -1)])
```

```
Out[5]: 6
```

```
In [ ]:
```

