

# ELE 470 - First Application

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## 1 Introduction

The purpose of this first homework is to familiarize with the XCode environment. The version of XCode used is the 4.3.1., the application was launched on the iOS Simulator (iPhone 5.1).

The application is a simple *"Hello World"* App. Its aim is to enable the user to enter his name, and to change the value of a label according to the value he entered in the text-field.

## 2 Methods

Using the documentation found on the website of Apple Developer and the textbook *Beginning iOS 5 Development*, I developed a simple-view application with some graphics elements.

The application is composed of 5 main elements :

- A label
- A text-field
- A button
- An empty label at the launch of the application
- An UIImageView with the logo of the URI

In order to see how does Objective C look like, event handlers were also developed. When the user click on the button, the empty text-field is set with a text *"Name typed I know you clicked!"*

There is also an other event on the keyboard : when the user press the Done button, the keyboard closes. It is not an event that is surcharged by default. All the events are surcharged in the view controller. The methods are first

declared in the head file (.h files) and the implementations are in the source code file (.m files). We can see that an instruction is written in this way :

```
[object methodToCall:(parameters)]
```

It is a very particular semantic. In object-oriented languages such as Java or C++, we are more used to see this syntax : `object.methodToCall(parameters)`.

### 3 Results

At the end, we have a really simple application that have graphics elements and handlers to events. Here are two screenshots of the application. The first one is the interface before typing a name in the textfield.

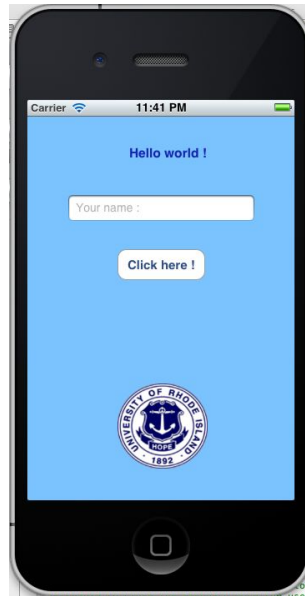


FIGURE 1 – Hello World Application

The second one is the interface after typing a name in the textfield.

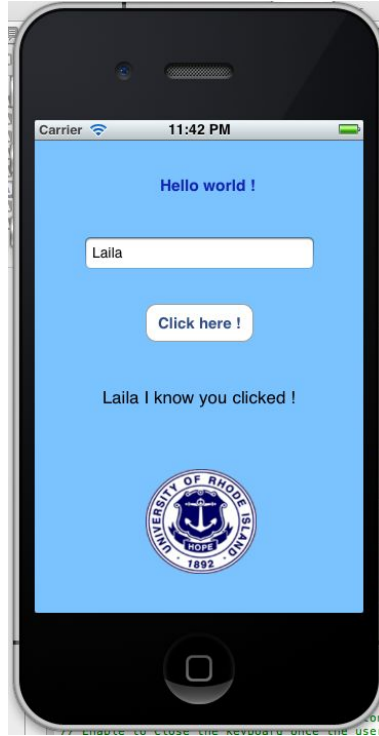


FIGURE 2 – Hello world Application

## 4 Conclusion

The storyboard is very useful to construct the interface of our application. It is really intuitive to use. Objective-C looks similar to C++ concerning the gestion of memory but its semantic looks more complex.