

# Uninstall existing anaconda

You might prefer miniconda (a small size version of anaconda) over anaconda

In this case, you need to uninstall anaconda first.

Please refer to : <https://docs.anaconda.com/anaconda/install/uninstall/>

```
$rm -rf ~/anaconda3
```

```
$rm -rf ~/.condarc ~/.conda ~/.continuum
```

## Install miniconda (on RHEL 8)

### Download miniconda

<https://docs.conda.io/en/latest/miniconda.html>

### Install for multi-user

<https://docs.anaconda.com/anaconda/install/multi-user>

```
$chmod +x Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh
```

Install with sudo

```
$sudo bash Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh
```

During installation, choose “/opt/miniconda3”

```
[/root/miniconda3] >>> /opt/miniconda3
```

```
installation finished.
Do you wish the installer to initialize Miniconda3
by running conda init? [yes|no]
[no] >>> yes
no change      /opt/miniconda3/condabin/conda
no change      /opt/miniconda3/bin/conda
no change      /opt/miniconda3/bin/conda-env
no change      /opt/miniconda3/bin/activate
no change      /opt/miniconda3/bin/deactivate
no change      /opt/miniconda3/etc/profile.d/conda.sh
no change      /opt/miniconda3/etc/fish/conf.d/conda.fish
no change      /opt/miniconda3/shell/condabin/Conda.ps1
no change      /opt/miniconda3/shell/condabin/conda-hook.ps1
no change      /opt/miniconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/xontrib/conda.xsh
no change      /opt/miniconda3/etc/profile.d/conda.csh
modified       /root/.bashrc

==> For changes to take effect, close and re-open your current shell. <==

If you'd prefer that conda's base environment not be activated on startup,
set the auto_activate_base parameter to false:

conda config --set auto_activate_base false
```

check available groups

```
$cat /etc/group
```

add conda group where you can add user to use miniconda

```
$sudo groupadd conda
```

```
$cat /etc/group | grep conda
```

Change the group ownership to “conda” on the entire directory where Anaconda is installed <sup>[1]</sup>

```
$sudo chgrp -R conda /opt/miniconda3
```

Set read and write permission for the owner, root, and the “conda” only:

```
$sudo chmod 770 -R /opt/miniconda3/
```

Add **TargetUser** to a group. Users added to the “conda” group now have the ability to access Anaconda, install packages, and create environments.

```
$sudo usermod -a -G conda <TargetUser>
```

Log out and log back.

Edit ~/.bashrc, add the path for miniconda

```
export PATH=$PATH:/opt/miniconda3/bin
```

```
$source ~/.bashrc
```

```
$ conda --version
```

```
conda 4.10.3
```

## Set up deeplearning env

**Create an env for deep learning work**

with python 3.9

```
$conda create -n deeplearning python=3.9
```

```
#
# To activate this environment, use
#
#     $ conda activate deeplearning
#
# To deactivate an active environment, use
#
#     $ conda deactivate
```

To check the env list,

```
$conda env list
```

To remove

```
$conda remove --name deeplearning --all
```

To list the packages for the deeplearning env,

```
$conda list -n deeplearning
```

Edit ~/.bashrc, type in the following code

```
if [ -f "/opt/miniconda3/etc/profile.d/conda.sh" ]; then
    . "/opt/miniconda3/etc/profile.d/conda.sh"
fi
export PATH=$PATH:/opt/miniconda3/bin
```

### Install tensorflow gpu

In the deeplearning env, run

```
$conda install pip
```

```
$pip install
```

[https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/linux/gpu/tensorflow\\_gpu-2.7.0-cp39-cp39-manylinux2010\\_x86\\_64.whl](https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/linux/gpu/tensorflow_gpu-2.7.0-cp39-cp39-manylinux2010_x86_64.whl)

For different whl file, check the following link

<https://www.tensorflow.org/install/pip#conda>

(TBD)

Tensorflow-gpu-2.4.1 : cudnn=7.6.5, cudatoolkit-10.1

To check the installed version, run the following script

```
/debug/ai_recon/check_version.py
```

You need to have an nvidia developer account and download the cudnn libraries as indicated below.

```
vctuser@ctl1685pxrc:[~]$ conda list -n deeplearning | grep -i cudnn
cudnn              7.6.5              cuda10.1_0
```

Unzip the compressed files, copy files to the /usr/local/cuda-10.1/include and lib64

```
$sudo scp -rp cuda/include/cudnn.h /usr/local/cuda-10.1/include/
```

```
$sudo scp -rp cuda/lib64/libcudnn* /usr/local/cuda-10.1/lib64/
```

Make sure you have soft link /usr/local/cuda pointing to /usr/local/cuda-10.1/

Also, in your ~/.bashrc file, export cuda libraries as shown below.

```
export PATH=$PATH:/usr/local/cuda/bin  
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:/usr/local/cuda/lib64
```

### **Install other packages**

In the deeplearning env, install other packages for ai recon work.

```
$conda install -c conda-forge pydicom
```

```
$conda install matplotlib scikit-image scikit-learn
```

### References:

[1] <https://docs.anaconda.com/anaconda/install/multi-user/>

[2]