

## 8-2 Hypothesis Test –steps for testing

Claim		
1. Write down the original claim (in symbols)		
2. Label the claim ( $H_0$ or $H_1$ )		
3. Write another hypothesis		
4. Draw curve to show two-tailed, left-tailed, or right-tailed test		
5. Find Test Statistics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Assume <math>H_0</math> is true</li> <li>Write down correct formula</li> <li>Plug in the number to find the score</li> </ul>	Plug in sample statistics into formula to find test statistics. $\rho$ , $\mu$ , and $\sigma$ will be the values specified in $H_0$	
6 Choose which method to use.	CV Method:	P-value Method:
7. Find CV or P-value	Use $\alpha$ and table to find CV Mark CV and test statistic in the graph	Use test statistic and table to find $p$ -value
8. Make initial Conclusion about null hypothesis	If test statistic falls in critical region, → reject $H_0$ If test statistic does not falls in Critical region, → fail to reject $H_0$	If P-value $\leq \alpha$ , → reject $H_0$ If P-value $> \alpha$ , → Fail to reject $H_0$
8. Make final conclusion	If $H_0$ is original claim and reject $H_0$ , “There is sufficient evidence to reject the claim that.. .” If $H_0$ is original claim and fail to reject $H_0$ , “There is not sufficient evidence to reject the claim that...” If $H_1$ is original claim and reject $H_0$ , “There is sufficient evidence to support the claim that...” If $H_1$ is original claim and fail to reject $H_0$ , “There is not sufficient evidence to support the claim that...”	

