Machine Learning in Diabetes

Lekhana.M

- 1) Test Plan Identifier
- To check the percentage of Diabetes, blood pressure glucose level in blood is required
- 2) References
- SRS (software requirement specification) document
- 3) Introduction
- A machine learning model is created to check if a person has Diabetes using a data where glucose and bp are features and diabetes as label. Using this data, a model is created for further uses.

4) Test Items

- Download data in CSV format
- Using pandas extract features and label from CSV file
- Build ML Model using ML Algorithm
- Predict and analyze
- 5) Software Risk Issues
- -N/A

- 6) Features to be Tested
- Download data in CSV format
- Using pandas extract features and label from CSV file
- Build ML Model using ML Algorithm
- Predict and analyze
- 7) Features not to be Tested
- 8) Approach

-N/A

- To check the functionality/requirements by eantering the bloop pressure and
- glucose level to get the required output

- 9) Item Pass/Fail CriteriaTo input and check if all the functionality/requirements is working and the desired output is given
- 10) Suspension Criteria and Resumption Requirements
- to suspend if any functionality/requirements method is not working up to the requirements
- 11) Test DeliverablesSystem test plan, cases, scripts, automation, execution, summary report
- 12) Remaining Test Tasks
- 13) Environmental Needs

-N/A

- -N/A
- 14) Staffing and Training Needs
- 1 people required to test the product

- 15) Responsibilities
- Report to be given about the process of the product 16) Schedule
- Start date of testing is 07-06-2023 to 12-06-2023
- 17) Planning Risks and Contingencies- The machine used for testing is not working or not yet
- arrived
 18) Approvals
- -given by product manager if the product functionality is working without any error
- 19) Glossary-SRS (software requirement specification)

```
Test cases
T diabetes 1 = Take 45 as glucose and 63 as blood pressure as input and
calculated output
required is 1 else it is fail
T diabetes 2 = Take 40 as glucose and 92 as blood pressure as input and
calculated output
required is 0 else it is fail
T diabetes 3 = Take 40 as glucose and 50 as blood pressure as input and
calculated output
required is 0 else it is fail (Negative test case)
T diabetes 4 = Take 40 as glucose and 200 as blood pressure as input and
calculated output
required is 0 else it is fail (Negative test case)
T diabetes 5 = Take 20 as glucose and -10 as blood pressure as input and
calculated output
required is 0 else it is fail (Negative test case)
```